

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number **001-33034**

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

| | |
|---|--|
| Nevada (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) | 30-0233726 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) |
| “Esentai Tower” BC, Floor 7 77/7 Al Farabi Ave Almaty, Kazakhstan (Address of principal executive offices) | 050040 (Zip Code) |

+7 727 311 10 64
(Registrant’s telephone number, including area code)
Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Act:

| Title of each class | Trading Symbol(s) | Name of each exchange on which registered |
|---|-------------------|---|
| Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share | FRHC | The Nasdaq Capital Market |

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Act: **None**

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files.)

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer,” “smaller reporting company” and “emerging growth company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

| | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Large Accelerated Filer | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Accelerated filer | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Non-accelerated filer | <input type="checkbox"/> | Smaller reporting company | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | | Emerging growth company | <input type="checkbox"/> |

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management’s assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report.

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements.

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant’s executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b).

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.)

Yes No

The aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates computed by reference to the price at which the common equity last sold as of the last business day of the registrant’s most recently completed second fiscal quarter was \$791,519,572.

As of August 1, 2023, the registrant had 59,659,191 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001, outstanding.



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FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

Except where the context otherwise requires or where otherwise indicated, references herein to the "Company," "we," "our," "us," "our company," "our business" and "Freedom" mean Freedom Holding Corp. together with its consolidated subsidiaries as a consolidated entity. References to "fiscal 2023," "fiscal 2022" and "fiscal 2021" (or similar references to a respective "fiscal year") mean the 12-month period ended March 31 of the relevant year.

Special Note About Forward-Looking Information

All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this annual report, including without limitation, statements regarding our future financial performance, financial condition, business strategy, potential acquisitions or divestitures, budgets, projected costs, and plans and objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. In some cases, forward-looking statements can be identified by terminology such as "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "forecast," "foresee," "future," "intend," "likely," "may," "might," "plan," "potential," "predict," "project," "should," "strategy," "will," "would," and other similar expressions and their negatives.

Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, many of which may be beyond our control. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof, and actual results could differ materially as a result of various factors. The following include some but not all of the factors that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from anticipated results or events:

- the direct and indirect effects on our business stemming from Russia's large-scale military action against Ukraine (the "Russia-Ukraine conflict");
- economic sanctions and countersanctions that limit movement of funds, restrict access to capital markets or curtail our ability to service existing or potential new customers;
- economic and political conditions in the regions where we operate or in which we have customers;
- current and future conditions in the global financial markets, including fluctuations in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates;
- the impact of legal and regulatory actions, investigations and disputes;
- the policies and actions of regulatory authorities in the jurisdictions in which we have operations, as well as the degree and pace of regulatory changes and new government initiatives generally;
- our inability to manage our growth effectively;
- our inability to complete planned acquisitions or successfully integrate businesses we acquire;
- the impact of competition, including downward pressures on fees and commissions;
- the unavailability of funds, or funds at reasonable rates, for use in our businesses;
- our inability to meet regulatory capital adequacy or liquidity requirements, or prudential norms;
- our failure to protect or enforce our intellectual property rights in our brands or proprietary technology;
- risks associated with being a "controlled company" within the meaning of the rules of the Nasdaq Capital Market ("Nasdaq");
- the loss of key executives or failure to recruit and retain personnel;
- the impact of rapid technological change;
- information technology, trading platform and other system failures, cyber security threats and other disruptions;
- losses (whether realized or unrealized) on our proprietary investments;
- losses caused by non-performance by third parties with whom we have business relationships;
- the creditworthiness of our trading counterparties, and banking and brokerage customers;
- the impact of tax laws and regulations, and their changes, in any of the jurisdictions in which we operate;
- non-compliance with laws and regulations in each of the jurisdictions in which we operate, particularly those relating to the brokerage, banking and insurance industries;
- the residual impacts of the Covid-19, including viral variants, future outbreaks and the effectiveness of measures implemented to contain its spread;
- unforeseen or catastrophic events, including the emergence of pandemics, terrorist attacks, extreme weather events or other natural disasters, political discord or armed conflict; and
- other factors discussed under "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of Part I of this annual report.

Moreover, we operate in a rapidly changing and competitive environment. New risk factors emerge from time to time and it is not possible for our management to predict all risk factors, nor can we assess the impact of all factors on our

business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements.

You should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements are based on the beliefs and expectations of management, which may prove to be inaccurate, as well as assumptions made by and information currently available and relied upon by management. All forward-looking statements should be read as applying only as of the date of this annual report or the respective dates of the documents from which they incorporate by reference. Neither we nor any other person assumes any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of forward-looking statements. Further, except to the extent required by law, we undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, a change in events, conditions, circumstances or assumptions underlying such statements, or otherwise. Any subsequent forward-looking statements, whether written or oral, made by us or on our behalf, are also expressly qualified by these cautionary statements.

The following discussion should be read carefully together with our audited consolidated financial statements and the related notes contained in Part II Item 8 of our annual report and in our other filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). All references to our "consolidated financial statements" are to "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" contained in Item 8 of Part II of this annual report.

PART I

Item 1. Business

OVERVIEW

Freedom Holding Corp. is organized under the laws of the State of Nevada and acts as a holding company for all of our operating subsidiaries. Our subsidiaries engage in a broad range of activities in the securities industry, including retail securities brokerage, securities dealing, market making, investment research, investment counseling, investment banking and underwriting services. Additionally, we own a bank and two insurance companies operating in Kazakhstan as well as several ancillary businesses which complement our core financial services businesses.

Our business was founded in order to provide access to the international capital markets for retail brokerage clients in our core markets, the most important of which to date have been Kazakhstan and Russia. Our business has grown rapidly in recent years. We are pursuing a strategy to become a leader in the financial services industry, serving individuals and institutions desiring enhanced market access to international capital markets using state of the art technology platforms for their brokerage and banking needs.

Our principal executive office is in Almaty, Kazakhstan. We have a presence in Kazakhstan, Ukraine, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Cyprus, Germany, the United Kingdom, Greece, Spain, France, Poland, the United States, Turkey, Armenia, Azerbaijan, and the United Arab Emirates. We divested our Russian subsidiaries in February 2023. Our subsidiaries in the United States include broker dealer registered with the SEC and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). As of March 31, 2023, we had 3,689 employees, 126 offices (of which 61 offered brokerage services, 45 offered insurance services offices, 13 offered banking services and seven offered other financial and non-financial services) and 370,000 brokerage customer accounts.

Our Corporate History

Reverse Acquisition Transaction

We were originally incorporated in the State of Utah in July 1981. In December 2004 we redomiciled to the State of Nevada. In November 2015, we entered into a reverse acquisition agreement with Timur Turlov whereby we agreed to change our name from BMB Munai, Inc. to Freedom Holding Corp. and to acquire from him 100% ownership interests in FFIN Securities, Inc. (now a dormant company), Freedom EU, and Freedom RU and its wholly owned subsidiary, Freedom KZ. These acquisitions closed in several stages from November 2015 to November 2017 as required audits and regulatory approvals were received. At the completion of the acquisitions, Timur Turlov was our controlling shareholder.

Legacy Operations

Our legacy brokerage operations were acquired and developed by Timur Turlov. He acquired Bely Gorod Ltd. in Moscow, Russia, in 2010 and renamed it LLC Investment Company Freedom Finance ("Freedom RU") in 2011. In 2013 Freedom RU acquired Freedom KZ from unrelated third parties. In 2014, Freedom KZ rolled out a branch office network of 14 offices across Kazakhstan and opened 20,000 customer brokerage accounts. Freedom EU was organized in August 2013 and completed its regulatory licensing in May 2015.

In July 2014, prior to our acquisition from him of FFIN Securities, Inc., Freedom EU, and Freedom RU and Freedom KZ, Timur Turlov established Freedom Securities Trading Inc. (formerly FFIN Brokerage Services, Inc.) ("FST Belize"), a corporation registered in and licensed as a broker dealer in Belize, to provide brokerage services to customers seeking to purchase or trade securities in the international securities markets. FST Belize is 100% owned by Timur Turlov and is not part of our group of companies. For more information regarding our transactions with FST Belize, see "*Related Party Transactions With FST Belize*" in "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*" in Part II Item 7 of this annual report.

Significant Recent Milestones

On September 26, 2019 FRHC's shares were approved for listing on Nasdaq and the shares began trading on Nasdaq on October 15, 2019.

In December 2020 we completed the acquisition of JSC Kassa Nova Bank, a Kazakhstan consumer bank with 10 branch offices across Kazakhstan, which we subsequently renamed Freedom Bank KZ.

In December 2020 we completed the acquisition of PrimeEx, a registered agency-only execution broker-dealer on the floor of the New York Stock Exchange, which represented our initial entry into the U.S. market.

On May 17, 2022 we completed the acquisition of two insurance companies, Freedom Life and Freedom Insurance. These two companies were 100% controlled by the Company's chief executive officer, chairman and majority shareholder, Timur Turlov.

In February 2023 we completed the divestiture of our Russian subsidiaries.

In February 2023, we signed an agreement to acquire Maxim Group LLC and its registered investment advisory affiliate Maxim Financial Advisors LLC. Completion of the transaction is subject to certain conditions and the receipt of required regulatory approvals.

Our Business Strategy

Our aim is to create opportunities for the customers we serve. Our focus has been to establish ourselves as a leader in the financial services industry, serving individuals and institutions by offering them efficient access to domestic and international capital markets and market-leading financial services. Our strategy is based on the following key objectives:

- *Expand through acquisitions on an opportunistic basis.* Historically we have been active in pursuing non-organic growth through mergers and acquisitions. This has allowed us to accelerate our growth through the acquisition of talented and experienced personnel and essential technology assets. We anticipate that we will continue to acquire financial services-related companies, complementary businesses and financial and complementary technologies on an opportunistic basis. Our acquisition strategy includes a focus on expanding our presence in the U.S. market.
- *Create digital fintech ecosystem.* In Kazakhstan, we have introduced innovative, integrated financial technologies that we intend to expand to other markets and, eventually, globally. For example, our digital mortgage is our flagship product in Kazakhstan. It interfaces with government databases to efficiently access relevant information for qualifying customers for state-sponsored mortgage programs and other lending programs we offer. Our technology platform integrates many of our services into a suite of complementary services that are easy to access and qualify for. For example, during fiscal 2023 we acquired two insurance companies in Kazakhstan, a Kazakhstan-based online ticket sales company and a payment system services company, and in April 2023 we acquired one of the largest online travel agencies in Kazakhstan. Offering complementary services increases our brand loyalty and opportunities to cross-sell the variety of services we offer. Because these services are all digitally accessed and performed, we are able to market and scale the services into new regions on a cost-effective basis. As we continue to add complementary services through acquisitions or development, we plan to expand this platform into additional markets as regulatory and market conditions dictate.
- *Continue to grow organically.* We continue to grow organically, benefiting from favorable market and economic conditions in most regions where we operate. Our recent organic growth has been driven by expansion of our network of retail financial advisers and increases in the volume of analysts' reports made available to our customer base, as well as significantly increased trading volume and customer activity stemming from government and bank interventions that have resulted in increased market volatility and economic uncertainty. In addition to expansion of our business in our core markets, we have recently expanded our area of operations to include new countries including Uzbekistan, Azerbaijan, Armenia, the UAE, Germany, the United Kingdom, Greece, Spain, France and Poland. We expect to continue to expand into additional countries.
- *Adhere to conservative risk management principles.* Our investment policies and strategies are focused on preservation of capital and supporting our liquidity requirements. In our proprietary trading, we typically invest in investment grade securities, with the primary objective of minimizing the potential risk of loss of principal. Our investment policies generally require that the securities we acquire are investment grade and limit the amount of our credit exposure to any one issuer or customer.
- *Aspire for excellence in governance, transparency and regulatory compliance.* We believe we have a regional competitive advantage with our clients because we are a U.S. corporation subject to the governance and disclosure requirements imposed upon SEC-registered companies trading on the Nasdaq Capital Market. We strive to be a trusted participant in the regulatory framework in each jurisdiction in which we operate. Our operations are subject to substantial regulatory oversight by various regulatory bodies. We have a group-wide compliance department based in Cyprus that oversees compliance for our group of companies. The department is responsible for establishing compliance controls, policies and procedures to support subsidiary compliance officers and their staff and in-house attorneys in various jurisdictions to discharge compliance obligations under local regulatory

requirements. Our compliance begins with customer onboarding where we employ robust know-your-customer, anti-money-laundering and countering terrorist financing (AML/CTF) and sanctions screening platform using various world-class third-party data providers in a system that is integrated with our trading platform. Customer sanctions screening is done daily and individual financial transactions are reviewed according to multiple risk parameters. Additionally, we have internal policies, procedures and systems in place for possible compliance related matters related to whistleblowing, improper trading patterns, tax reporting obligations, and other internal policies (e.g., trading our own stock or the stock of our customers). We focus on development of our compliance control, operations, and internal audit activities to ensure each compliance activity meets our risk management standards and industry standards.

OUR REGIONAL SEGMENTS

We conduct our business through a number of subsidiaries, organized into four regional segments. Our subsidiaries are as follows:

| Entity Name | Year of Acquisition or Formation | Business Activity | Jurisdiction of Organization |
|---|----------------------------------|--|--|
| <i>Central Asia and Eastern Europe Segment</i> | | | |
| Freedom Finance JSC ("Freedom KZ") | 2017 | Securities Broker-Dealer | Kazakhstan |
| Freedom Finance Global PLC ("Freedom Global") | 2020 | Securities Broker-Dealer | Astana International Financial Centre (Kazakhstan) |
| Bank Freedom Finance Kazakhstan JSC, ("Freedom Bank KZ") | 2020 | Commercial Bank | Kazakhstan |
| Freedom Finance Life JSC ("Freedom Life") | 2022 | Life/Health Insurance | Kazakhstan |
| Insurance Company Freedom Finance Insurance JSC ("Freedom Insurance") | 2022 | Liability Insurance | Kazakhstan |
| Freedom Finance Special Purpose Company LTD ("Freedom SPC") | 2021 | Special Purpose Company | Astana International Financial Centre (Kazakhstan) |
| Freedom Finance Commercial LLP ("Freedom Commercial") | 2021 | Sales Agency | Kazakhstan |
| ITS Tech Limited ("ITS Tech") | 2022 | IT-support company | Kazakhstan |
| Freedom Kazakhstan PC Ltd. ("Freedom Kazakhstan PC Ltd.") | 2022 | Non-financial | Kazakhstan |
| Ticketon Events LLP ("Ticketon") | 2022 | Online Ticket Sales | Kazakhstan |
| Aviata LLP ("Aviata")* | 2023 | Online aggregator for buying air and railway tickets | Kazakhstan |
| Internet-Tourism LLP ("Internet Tourism")* | 2023 | Online aggregator for buying air and railway tickets | Kazakhstan |
| Arbuz Group LLP ("Arbuz")* | 2023 | Online retail trade and e-commerce | Kazakhstan |
| "Freedom Horizons" LLP* | 2023 | Business consulting and services | Kazakhstan |
| ReKassa PCI Reader ("ReKassa")* | 2023 | Mobile and web application | Kazakhstan |

| | | | |
|--|------|--|----------------|
| "Freedom Technologies" LLP ("Paybox") | 2023 | Application hosting and related activities | Kazakhstan |
| Freedom Pay LLP ("Paybox") | 2023 | Payment Platform | Kazakhstan |
| "Paybox money" LLP ("Paybox") | 2023 | Implementation of payment services | Kazakhstan |
| "Freedom Processing " LLP ("Paybox") | 2023 | Information Services | Kazakhstan |
| "Freedom Payments" LLC ("Paybox") | 2023 | Provision of payment services | Uzbekistan |
| "Freedom Pay Kyrgyzstan" LLC ("Paybox") | 2023 | Provision of payment services | Kyrgyzstan |
| Freedom Finance Ukraine LLC ("Freedom UA") | 2018 | Securities Broker-Dealer | Ukraine |
| Foreign Enterprise LLC Freedom Finance ("Freedom UZ") | 2018 | Securities Broker-Dealer | Uzbekistan |
| Europe, excluding Eastern Europe Segment | | | |
| EU") Freedom Finance Europe Limited ("Freedom Technologies") | 2017 | Securities Broker-Dealer | Cyprus |
| Freedom Finance Technologies Ltd ("Freedom Technologies") | 2020 | IT Development Company | Cyprus |
| GE") Freedom Finance Germany GmbH ("Freedom Technologies") | 2019 | Tied Agent of Freedom EU | Germany |
| Freedom UK Prime Limited ("Prime UK") | 2021 | Financial Intermediary Company | United Kingdom |
| United States Segment | | | |
| Freedom U.S. Markets LLC ("FUSM") | 2023 | Administrative Management Company | United States |
| LD Micro, Inc. ("LD Micro") | 2023 | Micro / Small Cap Index & Conference Services | United States |
| FFIN Securities, Inc. ("FFIN") | 2015 | Dormant | United States |
| Prime Executions, Inc. ("PrimeEx") | 2020 | NYSE Agency-Only Institutional Brokerage, Investment Banking and Advisory Services | United States |
| Middle East / Caucusus Segment | | | |
| AZ") Freedom Finance Azerbaijan LLC ("Freedom Technologies") | 2021 | Financial Educational Center | Azerbaijan |
| Freedom Finance Armenia LLC ("Freedom AR") | 2021 | Securities Broker-Dealer | Armenia |
| Freedom Finance Ltd. ("Freedom UAE") | 2022 | Financial Intermediary Company | UAE |
| Freedom Finance Turkey LLC ("Freedom TR") | 2022 | Financial Consulting Company | Turkey |

*Subsidiaries acquired/established after the reporting date

As of March 31, 2023, we owned a 9% interest in Freedom UA. The remaining 91% interest in Freedom UA is owned by Askar Tashtitov, our president. As a result of a series of contractual relationships between FRHC and Freedom UA, we account for Freedom UA as a variable interest entity ("VIE") under the accounting standards of the Financial

Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"). Accordingly, the financial statements of Freedom UA are consolidated into the financial statements of the Company. On October 19, 2022, Freedom UA's brokerage license was suspended for a period of five years and its assets were frozen by the Ukrainian authorities following its inclusion on a sanctions list of the Ukrainian government.

Historically, our chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), who is our chief executive officer, operated the Company as a single operating segment based on a single geographic region we referred to as Eurasia. In conjunction with the decision to divest our Russian subsidiaries (see "*Russia-Ukraine Conflict*" in "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*" in Part II Item 7 of this annual report) and our continued expansion, during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2022 we elected to restructure our operations geographically into five regional segments: Central Asia (now called Central Asia and Eastern Europe), Europe, excluding Eastern Europe, United States, Russia and Middle East/Caucasus. Following the completion of the divestiture of our Russian subsidiaries, we now have the following four segments: Central Asia and Eastern Europe, Europe, excluding Eastern Europe, United States and Middle East/Caucasus.

Central Asia and Eastern Europe Segment

Our Central Asia and Eastern Europe segment consists of our operations in Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Uzbekistan and Ukraine, including our headquarters in Kazakhstan. We operate under various securities licenses in the jurisdictions making up our Central Asia and Eastern Europe region. We also have banking licenses in Kazakhstan that allow us to provide a wider range of financial services to our Kazakhstan customers. We also own two acquired insurance companies offering life insurance and general liability insurance. In Kazakhstan, Freedom KZ and Freedom Bank KZ are members of the Association of Financiers of Kazakhstan. The Central Asia and Eastern Europe region accounted for \$566.1 million, or 71%, of our total revenue, net for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023.

Freedom UA is a member of the Professional Association of Capital Market Participants and Derivatives ("PARD") in Ukraine. On November 9, 2022 the Ukrainian National Commission on Securities and the Stock Market suspended the licenses of this legal entity. Accordingly, all assets of Freedom UA and its clients are blocked by the Ukrainian National Security and Defense Council. As of March 31, 2023 the license continues to be suspended. Despite the suspension of the license for the operations in Ukraine, we continue to support our employees in Ukraine by paying salaries and supporting business infrastructure.

Central Asia and Eastern Europe region securities brokerage services

As of March 31, 2023, in our Central Asia and Eastern Europe region we had 56 offices that provided brokerage and financial services, investment consulting and education, including offices in Kazakhstan, Ukraine, Uzbekistan and Kyrgyzstan. Our brokerage operations in the Central Asia and Eastern Europe region are conducted through our subsidiaries Freedom KZ, Freedom Global, Freedom UA and Freedom UZ. Freedom KZ and Freedom Global are professional participants on the KASE and the Astana International Exchange ("AIX"). Freedom UZ is a professional participant on the Republican Stock Exchange of Tashkent ("UZSE") and the Uzbek Republican Currency Exchange ("UZCE"). For the 2022 and 2021 calendar year we were acknowledged as the largest market maker on the KASE and the leading placement agent of sovereign and quasi-sovereign debt in terms of the number of issuers, offerings and total funds placed. For the 2022 and 2021 calendar year, AIX has summed up the results of trading activities and we were announced as Best Broker in Equity Instruments (with the highest turnover of AIX trades in equities and GDRs).

As of March 31, 2023, we had 1,866 brokerage employees in our Central Asia and Eastern Europe region, including 1,431 full-time employees.

Central Asia and Eastern Europe region banking services

In Kazakhstan we have 13 office locations that provide banking services to our customers. As of March 31, 2023, we had 1,534 banking employees in our Central Asia and Eastern Europe region, all of which were full-time employees.

In Kazakhstan, the Kazakhstan Deposit Insurance Fund ("KDIC") administers the deposit insurance system. The KDIC insures deposits in the case of liquidation of a bank-member of the KDIC fund. Deposits are insured up to 20 million Kazakhstan tenge (approximately \$44.0 million as of March 31, 2023), per customer.

Central Asia and Eastern Europe region consumer life and general insurance

As of March 31, 2023, we had 48 offices and 639 employees, including 622 full-time employees, providing consumer life and general insurance services in Kazakhstan. For additional information regarding our insurance companies, see "Insurance" below in Part I Item 1 of this annual report.

Europe, excluding Eastern Europe Segment

Our Cyprus subsidiary Freedom EU oversees our European region operations (covering Cyprus, the United Kingdom, Germany, Spain, Greece, France and Poland). Our Cyprus operations are based in Limassol, Cyprus. In Cyprus, we are licensed to receive, transmit and execute customer orders, establish custodial accounts, engage in foreign currency exchange services and margin lending, and trade our own investment portfolio. Through Freedom EU we provide transaction processing and intermediary services to our regional customers and to institutional customers such as FST Belize that may seek access to the securities markets in the United States and Europe. FST Belize's customers execute brokerage transactions indirectly through Freedom EU via several omnibus accounts held by FST Belize with Freedom EU. All trading of U.S. and European exchange traded and OTC securities by all Freedom group securities brokerage firms, excluding PrimeEx, are also routed to and executed through Freedom EU. Freedom EU is a member of the Association for Financial Markets in Europe ("AFME").

Our office in Germany is a tied agent of Freedom EU, and we have representative offices of Freedom EU in Greece, France and Spain. Prime UK, formed in 2021, is a financial intermediary company which was incorporated for the purposes of obtaining the necessary licenses to conduct brokerage operations in the United Kingdom.

As of March 31, 2023, our Europe region brokerage business consisted of 9 total offices that provide brokerage and financial services, investment consulting, education or that serve an administrative function, including offices in Cyprus, the United Kingdom, Germany, France, Spain and Greece. As of March 31, 2023, we had 199 employees in our Europe region, including 196 full time employees. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, revenues from the Europe region were \$216.5 million, or 27%, of total revenue, net, 91% of which was revenue received from FST Belize. We intend to reduce the volume of business we conduct involving FST Belize over time and, ultimately eliminate our omnibus brokerage arrangement with FST Belize.

U.S. Segment

Our U.S. segment consists of Freedom Holding Corp. and our subsidiaries PrimeEx, Freedom U.S. Markets LLC and LD Micro. LD Micro and Freedom U.S. Markets LLC were added to this segment during fiscal 2023. We entered the U.S. market in December 2020 with the acquisition of PrimeEx, a New York corporation, that is a registered agency-only execution broker-dealer on the floor of the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"). PrimeEx is a member of the NYSE, Nasdaq, FINRA and the Securities Investor Protection Corp ("SIPC"). In January 2022, PrimeEx received regulatory approval from FINRA to conduct investment banking and equity capital markets business. Such business is conducted under the name Freedom Capital Markets ("FCM"). FCM provides its corporate and institutional customers with a full array of investment banking, corporate finance, and capital markets advisory services. As of March 31, 2023, we had 32 employees (30 of which were full-time) in our U.S. region. During fiscal 2023, PrimeEx served one institutional investor customer. In March 2023, our subsidiary Freedom U.S. Markets LLC, an administrative management company, acquired LD Micro, which was owned by SRAX, Inc. Through LD Micro, we now own the largest conference platform for small-cap companies in the United States. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, the U.S. region generated \$13.1 million, or 2%, of our total revenue, net.

Middle East/Caucasus Segment

In fiscal 2022, we entered the Caucasus market by establishing subsidiaries in Azerbaijan and Armenia, and in fiscal 2023 we established a subsidiary in Turkey. In April 2022 we entered into the Middle East market by establishing a subsidiary in the United Arab Emirates ("UAE"). As of March 31, 2023, our Middle East/Caucasus segment included 5 offices, out of which one office (located in Armenia) provides brokerage services. As of March 31, 2023, we had 58 employees in our Middle East/Caucasus segment, all of which are full time employees. The Middle East/Caucasus segment is in the developmental stage and does not currently generate profit. For fiscal 2023 total revenue of the Middle East/Caucasus segment was not material.

DESCRIPTION OF OUR PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

Our principal product and service areas are securities brokerage services, capital markets/investment banking services, commercial banking, insurance, and supporting financial technology. We generate revenue from these products and services in several ways, including:

- fees and commissions earned from our retail brokerage customers;
- market making and proprietary trading activities;
- securities and margin lending;
- fees and commissions from capital markets and investment banking services;
- bank service fees;
- payment card interchange fees;
- interest income;
- commissions earned from provision of payment services; and
- insurance premiums.

Because we have been offering securities brokerage services for a longer time than our other product and service lines, fee and commission income from securities brokerage has historically been our primary source of revenue, representing approximately 36%, 46% and 59% of total revenue from brokerage services in the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Securities Brokerage Services

We provide a comprehensive range of securities brokerage services to individuals, businesses and financial institutions seeking to diversify their investment portfolios to manage economic risks associated with political, regulatory, currency and banking uncertainties. Depending on the region, our brokerage services may include securities trading, margin lending, investment research, and investor education. Customers are provided online tools and retail locations to establish accounts and conduct securities trading on transaction-based pricing. We market our services through a number of channels, including telemarketing, training seminars and investment conferences, print and online advertising using social media, mobile app and search engine optimization activities.

For both individual and institutional brokerage clients, we may enter into arrangements for securities financing transactions in respect of financial instruments held by us on behalf of the client or may use such financial instruments for our own account or the account of another client. We maintain omnibus brokerage accounts for certain institutional brokerage clients, in which transactions of the underlying clients of such institutional clients are combined in a single account with us. As noted above, we may use the assets within the omnibus accounts to finance, lend, provide credit or provide debt financing or otherwise use and direct the order or manner of assets for financing of other clients of ours.

Our securities brokerages also conduct proprietary investment activities, and facilitate repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements, both to support the funding of our proprietary investments and to act as an intermediary between third party purchasers and sellers.

Retail Brokerage

We offer full-service retail brokerage services covering a broad array of investment alternatives including exchange-traded and over-the-counter corporate equity and debt securities, money market instruments, exchange traded options and futures contracts, government bonds, and mutual funds. A substantial portion of our revenue is derived from commissions from customers through accounts with transaction-based pricing. Brokerage commissions are charged on investment products in accordance with a schedule we have formulated that aligns with local practices. We provide our brokerage customers with access to the U.S. stock markets, and a significant amount of our brokerage business relates to trading in U.S.-exchange listed and OTC securities by our brokerage customers. We use the services of third-party U.S.-registered securities broker dealer and clearing firms to execute substantially all of our trades in the U.S. market.

As of March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, we had approximately 370,000, 250,000 and 170,000 total brokerage customer accounts, of which more than 56%, 58% and 71% had positive cash or asset account balances. As of

March 31, 2023, we had approximately 52,000 active accounts, as compared to 53,000 and 32,000 active accounts as of March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. We define "active accounts" as those from which at least one transaction occurred in the quarter prior to the date of calculation. During the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, the number of our total customer accounts increased by approximately 120,000, 80,000 and 75,000, respectively, as our customer base grew organically and non-organically.

Margin Lending

We extend credit to our brokerage customers, collateralized by securities and cash in the customer's account, for a portion of the purchase price of securities, and we receive income from interest charged on such extensions of credit. The customer is charged for such margin financing at interest rates established by us.

Investment Research

As of March 31, 2023, we employed 29 research and securities analysts that conduct equity and debt research covering a number of individual securities worldwide. We provide regular research reports, notes and earnings updates to our customers. The research department supports our customers and sales department with equity and fixed-income research focused on the Kazakhstan, Ukrainian, Russian, European, and U.S. markets. Our research reports focus primarily on large, liquid public companies along with other linked commodities and currency markets. Our research reports are based on fundamental valuation and are typically issued on a quarterly-basis or when significant events occur. Our analysts also perform analysis of fixed-income securities and portfolios and provide research and analysis of market forecasts and macroeconomic conditions for certain industries.

Investor Education

We provide a variety of investment education and training courses to our retail brokerage customers and the general public. Our customers are provided online access to tools that enable them to manage and monitor their accounts and portfolio performance via our proprietary Tradernet software platform.

Proprietary Trading and Investment Activities

In the normal course of our business, we take securities positions as a market maker and/or principal to facilitate customer transactions and for investment purposes. In market making activities and when trading for our own account, we expose our own capital to the risk of fluctuations in market value. Investment decisions are determined in accordance with internal policies and recommendations of our internal investment committees. The size of our securities positions vary substantially based upon economic and market conditions, allocations of capital, underwriting commitments and trading volume of an individual issuer's securities. Also, the aggregate value of inventories of securities which we may carry is limited by the net capital and capital adequacy rules in effect in the jurisdictions where we conduct business. See "*Regulatory Oversight*" in Part I Item 1 and "*Liquidity and Capital Resources*" in Part II Item 7 of this annual report.

Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase Agreements

We enter into repurchase agreements, reverse repurchase agreements and securities borrowed and securities loaned transactions to, among other things, acquire securities to leverage and grow our proprietary trading portfolio, cover short positions and settle other securities obligations, to accommodate customer needs and to finance our inventory positions. These transactions are entered into both for our own account and on behalf of our customers. We enter into these transactions in accordance with normal market practice. Under standard terms for repurchase transactions, the recipient of collateral has the right to sell or repledge the collateral, subject to returning equivalent securities on settlement of the transaction.

Capital Markets/ Investment Banking Services

Our capital markets/investment banking business consists of investment banking professionals in Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan and the United States who provide strategic advisory services and capital markets products. Our investment banking team focuses on multiple sectors including consumer and business services, energy, financial institutions, real estate, technology, media and communications. Our investment banking activities are concentrated in Kazakhstan and Uzbekistan where commercial banks are currently focusing their financing activities on large enterprises or state-owned enterprises. In these countries, commercial lending sources also impose loan structures and debt covenants that preclude many companies from participating. This has created growing interest in and demand for our services. Our United States investment banking team has recently expanded its services to include the full array of capital markets and investment

banking services. To date our underwriting activities have included, among others, underwriting of debt and equity offerings on both a "best efforts" and a firm commitment basis.

In the equity capital markets area, we provide capital raising solutions for corporate customers through initial public offerings and follow-on offerings, including listings of companies on stock exchanges. We focus on companies in growth industries and participate as market makers in our underwritten securities offerings after the initial placements of shares.

In the debt capital markets area, we offer a range of debt capital markets solutions for emerging growth and small market companies. We focus on structuring and distributing private and public debt for various purposes including buyouts, acquisitions, growth capital financings, and recapitalizations. In addition, we participate in bond financings for both sovereign and corporate issuers in the emerging markets.

Commercial Banking

We offer commercial banking services in Kazakhstan through our Freedom Bank KZ subsidiary. Prior to the divestment of our Russian subsidiaries, we also offered commercial banking services through a Russian banking subsidiary. We generate banking service fees by providing services that include lending operations, deposit services, money transfers, opening and maintaining correspondent accounts, renting safe deposit boxes, e-commerce money transfer services for legal entities, tender guarantees, and payment card services.

Payment Cards

We are an authorized Visa and MasterCard issuer. We issue multi-currency cards, which allow purchases to be made in multiple different currencies with the use of a single card. We provide internet banking and mobile applications for Android/iOS for companies and individuals. In addition, we offer customers several investment and structured banking products (insured deposits with option features and currency risk hedging products as permitted by local laws). The following is a description of our principal payment cards:

- *Invest card.* The Invest card allows our customers the ability to manage their investment accounts both online and in branches of our bank and is the only card of its kind available in the Kazakhstan market. The card is associated with a brokerage account that may be opened with any broker in Kazakhstan that meets the applicable legal requirements. Freedom Bank KZ partners with the relevant broker. The broker has the ability to issue a card in a few minutes through Freedom Bank KZ's remote channels. The Invest card offers features unique to the Kazakhstan market including: integration with the customer's brokerage accounts to allow for convenient instant money transfers to and from the customer's brokerage account; no fee interbank and peer-to-peer transfers and replenishment of the card in any currency; daily interest payments in U.S. dollars on the outstanding balance on a savings account; and the ability to remotely open bank accounts by means of biometric identification and remote execution of account opening documents. At the customer's election the Invest card can be a digital card or a plastic card. During fiscal 2023 approximately 26,869 limited Invest cards were issued to customers.
- *Deposit card.* The deposit card is a card that combines the features of deposit and debit cards. The card is tied to a deposit account, and when debit transactions are made the money is debited from the deposit account. Clients have the opportunity to save simultaneously in tenge, US dollars, euros and Russian rubles. During fiscal 2023, 99,051 deposit cards were issued.
- *Freepay.* Freepay is a card with a credit limit of the equivalent of approximately \$3.3 million, which can be used by customers for personal expenses including making purchases in installments or on credit. For installment or credit purchases, the client does not have to obtain a card in advance, but instead the card is issued automatically when a purchase is made through our partner network. During fiscal 2023, 275,882 Freepay cards were issued.
- *Freedom card.* The Freedom card is a multi-currency payment card for any purchases around the world. Clients can hold money under the card in tenge, U.S. dollars, euros and Russian rubles. During fiscal 2023, 31,895 Freedom cards were issued.

Digital Mortgages

In July 2021, Freedom Bank KZ launched a highly digitized mortgage product, which allows for the obtaining of a mortgage loan through an online process. The bank's internal process interacts with many government services, which significantly speeds up the process of obtaining a mortgage. The client submits an application in his or her personal

account, passes the scoring and online assessment of the selected property, and signs all the necessary documents using an electronic digital signature. The pledge is registered using blockchain technology, and the decision to issue a loan is made through an automatic system. As of March 2023, Freedom Bank's share in the total Kazakhstan's digital mortgages market amounted 15.4%.

Our digital mortgage product has enabled Freedom Bank KZ to become the leading mortgage lender in the Kazakhstan market. In the 2022 calendar year, Freedom Bank KZ was the leader in issuing mortgage loans under the Kazakhstan state program for financing of mortgage loans "7-20-25". During fiscal 2023, we issued 15,069 digital mortgage loans.

Digital Auto Loans

In June 2022, Freedom Bank KZ launched a unique digital product that allows an auto loan to be obtained through an entirely online process. The platform has made the auto buying process more transparent and streamlined and has created safeguards to limit the risk of financial fraud or identity theft. Like a digital mortgage, a digital auto loan allows a new or used car to be purchased in as little as one day and without physically visiting the bank, and all documents are signed using biometrics. In addition, customers do not need to purchase additional auto insurance, which is included in the registration process and is provided by Freedom Insurance. As of March 31, 2023, more than 130 car dealerships cooperated with Freedom Bank KZ in offering digital auto loans. Some of them allow cars to be purchased in installments. During fiscal 2023, 6,809 digital auto loans were issued. As of March 2023, Freedom Bank's share in the total Kazakhstan's digital auto loans market amounted 18.9%.

Digital Business Loans

Freedom Bank KZ seeks to provide a high level of service to legal entities and to provide support for entrepreneurial activities in the market. At the beginning of the 2023 calendar year, we launched the digital business loan, which allows small businesses to obtain a loan in as little as one day and without physical delivery of documents. All documents are signed using biometrics, without the need for an electronic digital signature, and the loan proceeds are transferred to a corporate card, which is automatically opened in the name of the client during the loan process. Freedom Bank KZ is a member of the Damu Fund, a Kazakhstan state program, which provides entrepreneurs with the opportunity to receive a loan to develop their business at a reduced rate, and such loans can be applied for online with our digital business loan. During fiscal 2023, 3,487 digital business loans were issued. As of March 2023, Freedom Bank's share in the total Kazakhstan's digital business loans market amounted 32.2%.

Freedom Box

Freedom Box is a package of payment acquiring services for individual entrepreneurs whereby the entrepreneurs do not need to bring documents to the bank in order obtain the package of services. The package includes an installment plan for clients purchasing the acquiring services, a free POS terminal, an overdraft facility and an entrepreneur's card. After the client applies and is approved for Freedom Box, it can start using Freedom Box online, and the card and POS-terminal will subsequently be delivered. During fiscal 2023, 1,932 clients subscribed to the Freedom Box service package.

Insurance

On May 17, 2022, we acquired two insurance companies in Kazakhstan, a life insurance company, Freedom Life, and a direct insurance carrier, excluding life, health and medical, Freedom Insurance. Prior to our acquiring these companies, each was wholly owned by our controlling shareholder, chairman and chief executive officer, Timur Turlov. We acquired these companies from him at the historical cost paid by him plus amounts he has contributed as additional paid in capital since his purchase. These companies were not initially acquired directly by us because at the time they were put on the market for sale by their prior owner they did not have audit reports conforming to U.S. GAAP standards and had not demonstrated sustained profitability. We do not consider the acquisition of these insurance companies to be material in the context of our group as a whole. The purchase price for Freedom Insurance was \$12.4 million and the purchase price for Freedom Life was \$12.1 million.

We believe incorporating the offerings of these insurance companies with our existing brokerage and banking product and service lines, along with our developing fintech ecosystem in Kazakhstan, will allow us to create a significant sustainable competitive advantage in Kazakhstan as an integrated, efficient and convenient single-source for financial services.

Freedom Life

Freedom Life was established in 2014 and was acquired by Timur Turlov in 2019. Freedom Life provides a range of health and life insurance products to individuals and businesses, including life insurance, health insurance, annuity insurance, accident insurance, obligatory worker emergency insurance, travel insurance and reinsurance. Freedom Life has an S&P Global Rating of "BB-" on the international scale and long-term rating on the national scale of "kzA-" with a "Stable" outlook.

As of March 31, 2023, Freedom Life had 360,744 active contracts. As of March 31, 2023, Freedom Life had total assets of approximately \$272 million and total liabilities of approximately \$217 million. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, Freedom Life experienced a 70% increase in gross insurance premiums written and recognized a net profit of approximately \$25 million. As of March 31, 2023, Freedom Life's market share in the Kazakhstan life insurance market was 8% based on gross written premiums for life insurance, and it held an approximately 46% market share in the Kazakhstan voluntary life-related accident insurance market, in each case according to the National Bank of Kazakhstan.

Freedom Insurance

Freedom Insurance operates in the "general insurance" industry, was established in 2009 and was acquired by Timur Turlov in 2019. Freedom Insurance is the leader in online insurance in Kazakhstan and offers various general insurance products in property (including automobile), casualty, civil liability, personal insurance and reinsurance. Freedom Insurance has been assigned "B+" rating by S&P Global Ratings and "kzBBB" national scale rating: Outlook - "Stable." In 2021 Freedom Insurance was recognized by online and print magazine Global Banking & Finance Review as the Best Online Insurance Company Kazakhstan, Best General Insurance Company Kazakhstan and Best Auto Insurance Company Kazakhstan.

Freedom Insurance distributes its products and services through different channels such as the internet, payment terminals and a call center. By utilizing its digital solutions, Freedom Insurance's customers can purchase Freedom Insurance products within five minutes and have a personal account for managing policies.

At March 31, 2023, Freedom Insurance had 320,923 active contracts. As of March 31, 2023, Freedom Insurance had total assets of approximately \$195 million and total liabilities of approximately \$162 million. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, Freedom Insurance experienced a 131% increase in written insurance premiums as compared to fiscal 2022 and recognized net profit of approximately \$7 million. At March 31, 2023, Freedom Insurance had a 7% share of the total Kazakhstan general insurance market based on total assets, according to the National Bank of Kazakhstan. It also held an approximately 3% market share of the Kazakhstan car owners liability insurance market.

On August 27, 2022, we acquired 100% of JSC Insurance Company "London-Almaty" ("London-Almaty"), a Kazakhstan insurance company, and on December 19, 2022, and this company was merged into Freedom Insurance.

Information Technology

FRHC's business model places heavy reliance on information technology to offer customers a seamless digital experience, meet their diverse needs, and ensure stringent adherence to regulatory requirements and information security standards. To support sustainable growth of the Freedom ecosystem, our information technology is focused on continuous development that empowers business users with technology that accelerates the time-to-market for digital products while enhancing predictability. We seek to harmonize technology governance approaches across all of our companies and centralize key IT processes. Our IT strategy is designed to leverage technology as a key driver of success within our group. We are continuously adapting to the rapidly evolving digital landscape and aligning our technological capabilities with the changing needs of our customers and stakeholders. By fostering innovation, enhancing collaboration, and prioritizing business continuity and growth, we aim to establish a strong technological foundation that supports our strategic objectives.

Digital Ecosystem and Product Expansion

We have implemented a Technology Development and Ecosystem Growth strategy centered on building a robust technological infrastructure, fostering innovation, and enhancing user experiences. Under this strategy, our flagship technology product is our proprietary Tradernet software platform, complemented by other online technologies, enabling seamless access to multiple markets worldwide. Tradernet provides our customers with trading capabilities and access to monitoring multiple stock markets around the world simultaneously, including KASE, AIX, UX, MOEX, the SPB Exchange, NYSE, Nasdaq, ATHEX, ITX, the London Stock Exchange, the Chicago Mercantile Exchange, the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and Deutsche Börse and to execute trades electronically in these markets in multiple products from a single trading account. Additionally, Tradernet allows us to monitor and manage all aspects of our customers' personal accounts, including non-trading orders, and to participate in our customer social network. We also use Tradernet for customer margin risk evaluation and for middle-office security transfer requests.

Operating under the "Freedom" brand, our comprehensive suite of digital products and services enables our customers to engage in electronic trading and to monitor their accounts. In addition to trading capabilities, we have expanded our digital solutions to include mortgages, auto loans, and insurance products. Through our online platform, customers can conveniently apply for and manage mortgages, track auto loans, and access a range of insurance options. We prioritize delivering a seamless and integrated digital experience across all our products, ensuring user-friendly interfaces, robust security measures, and efficient workflows.

We have recently expanded our digital product portfolio with the acquisition of Ticketon Events LLP ("Ticketon"), the largest online ticket sales company in Kazakhstan, actively working to create an e-commerce infrastructure in the field of culture and sports. The acquisition of Ticketon, with 67% share in the Kazakhstan's market of online ticket sales for cultural events, gave us greater access to key middle class that could join our clientele. Ticketon's service focuses on promoting the cultural life of Kazakhstan and introducing modern promotion technologies. Ticketon offers convenient ways to buy tickets, expands sales channels for organizers and venues, and provides effective ticket promotion and distribution services. This acquisition further strengthens our digital offerings and enhances our ability to serve customers in the entertainment industry.

One of our key digital products is the Paybox payment platform, which we acquired as part of our acquisition of Paybox Technologies LLP (now called Freedom Pay LLP) and its subsidiaries in February 2023. The Paybox platform is a dynamic payment system services aggregation field project. By connecting to the Paybox platform digital payment aggregator, customers can accept payments from buyers using a wide range of payment methods, including bank cards, online banking, electronic money, and more. Freedom Pay LLP also develops customized solutions for banks, catering to their specific needs and expanding our network of partners. According to Global data (<https://www.globaldata.com/>) for calendar 2022, Freedom Pay's share of electronic payments in the Kazakhstan market is 30%. This acquisition allowed our bank to become the largest acquiring bank in Kazakhstan enhances our product offering and expands our geographic footprint.

We are committed to further expanding our digital ecosystem going forward by integrating our online and mobile brokerage services, banking offerings, insurance products, payment processing systems, and online commercial ticketing services. Our strategic objective is to provide customers with a comprehensive and user-centric digital experience, offering them convenient access to a wide array of financial products and services through a single platform. By leveraging cutting-edge technology and fostering continuous innovation, we strive to enhance our digital offerings and meet the evolving needs of our diverse customer base.

COMPETITION

We face intense competition in each of the markets where we offer our services. We compete with international, regional and local brokerage, banking, and financial services firms that offer an array of financial products and services. The brokerage and financial service firms which we currently regard as our principal competitors include: Halyk Finance, BCC Invest and First Heartland Securities in Kazakhstan; and eToro and Interactive Brokers in Europe. We consider Freedom Bank KZ's principal banking competitors to be Halyk Bank, Kaspi Bank and Bank CenterCredit. In the United States, we expect to compete with, among others, Needham & Company, Craig-Hallum Capital Group and Oppenheimer & Co.

Many of the firms with which we compete are larger, provide additional and more diversified services and products, provide access to more international markets, and have greater technical, and financial resources. We leverage competitive advantages we have developed, including our extensive experience in providing investors in our core markets with access to the U.S. and European securities markets, our ability to deliver high quality analytical information and our focus on providing convenient, high tech user-friendly access to our services and the markets. We have also been an active participant in various privatization programs, which has allowed us to develop expertise and a prominent reputation in the public placement of securities of local issuers in the regions where we operate.

BUSINESS CONTINUITY PLAN

We identify business continuity as the capability to continue the delivery of services to our customers, employees and various business partners and counterparties at acceptable predefined levels following a disruption that may occur in one or more business activities and/or in one or more operating locations due to local, national, regional or worldwide disasters, including pandemics, such as Covid-19, and social unrest and wars, such as the Russia-Ukraine conflict or due to failure of one or more components of information technology infrastructure, including proprietary or self-developed information systems, databases, software and hardware that we operate to provide such service.

Since our operations are conducted through our subsidiary companies in different geographic locations, our business continuity plans are developed, tested and managed locally by our subsidiaries to cover key business areas, provide contingency plans for IT infrastructure and communication to employees, customers and counterparties.

Our operating subsidiaries in each geographical location rely on local public utilities for electric power with additional electric generator back up (if available). For telephone and internet services we engage, where available, back up providers. All of these service providers have assured management of our subsidiary companies that they have plans for providing continued service in the case of an unexpected event that might disrupt their services. At the same time, our business continuity plans have little impact if a failure occurs from disruption of third-party service providers that cannot be replaced in a reasonable time by another provider due to uniqueness or special services, such as stock exchanges, depositories, clearing houses, clearing firms or other financial intermediaries used to facilitate our securities transactions. For this purpose, our subsidiaries have established continuous communication with the service providers to ensure timely receipt of data about their planned and actual activities. We are continuing to implement increased uniformity across our subsidiaries to address business operations continuity and expertise by pursuing a standard for business continuity consistent with the standards of ISO 22301 Societal security – Business continuity management systems.

HUMAN CAPITAL

Our multinational operations, particularly in countries with integrated multi-ethnic cultures, create a naturally ethnically diverse workforce. We employ a diverse and talented team spanning 15 countries. We have well-educated and experienced employees who seek to uphold high business and ethics standards. As of March 31, 2023, we had 3,689 (3,247 full-time and 442 part-time) employees in the following countries: Kazakhstan - 3,217, Uzbekistan - 56, Ukraine - 116, Germany - 14, Kyrgyzstan - 11, Azerbaijan - 32, Armenia - 16, Cyprus - 169, Greece - 4, Spain - 3, France - 3, UAE - 9, Turkey - 1, the United Kingdom (the "UK") - 6 and the United States - 32. Our workforce is approximately 1,429 women and 1,298 men. We abide by applicable employment laws across all jurisdictions where we have offices.

We believe our employees are our most important investment, and we are committed to providing them:

- a safe and positive work environment;
- opportunities to learn, grow, and advance in their careers;
- clear instructions of our expectations and the right tools so they achieve success; and
- fair compensation, benefits and recognition for their work.

Employee Recruitment and Development

We seek talent through careful recruitment and use specifically crafted qualification requirements and skills maps for each position we seek to fill. Our hiring decisions focus on candidate motivation, professionalism, and experience.

We invest in our employees through our employee development programs. These programs facilitate employee movement both vertically and horizontally within our company, as well as enable employees to participate in cross-department projects, working groups, competitions, conferences, and other collective events that expose employees to other departmental functions.

We teach practical job skills that yield job satisfaction for our employees, and by extension, strong company performance. We provide internal mentoring and training programs to enable new hires to quickly adapt to our work culture and demands. Our mentorship program helps foster relationships within our companies that engender loyalty and unity in our work.

We provide continuous, systematic core educational opportunities and many advanced trainings to enable our employees to continue their professional growth, which contributes to higher standards of knowledge and skill sets of our employees. Advanced individual programs are provided based on an array of topics to meet the dynamic interests of our teams.

Compensation and Benefits

We provide compensation packages that include competitive pay, bonuses, paid time off (PTO) and benefits with a focus on a performance-based system of incentives and recognition. Salary increases are determined based on the performance of the employee, length of service, as well as market pay rates and other parameters.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE (ESG)

The agenda of sustainable development has great weight in the current ecosystem of our company, and we are focusing on the best practices of sustainable development. In fiscal 2023 we established an ESG department, and we are currently preparing to issue our first report on sustainable development. We have begun implementing ESG initiatives through our subsidiaries in different countries.

Social

We place strong emphasis on having a favorable working environment and supporting our employees and serving the communities in all the regions where we operate.

Employee Development and Corporate Activities

We believe in the importance of human capital and constantly strives to develop our employees. We adhere to the principles of ethical behavior, which are contained in our Code of Ethics and Business Conduct. This code is the fundamental document that defines the norms and standards to which all employees of our company must adhere. We pay attention to the personal and career development of our personnel. We allocate funds for training of our employees and implement corporate free educational activities available in online format.

In addition, our subsidiaries have a range of benefits packages which include corporate communications, gym membership subsidies, and benefits related to obtaining the relevant company's banking and insurance products. We also strive to create an environment that maintains a healthy work-life balance for employees. We support corporate events, holidays, team building activities and sports tournaments in chess, football and running for our employees.

External Social Projects

We make an effort to support and contribute to sports, culture and education in the communities in which we operate through various forms of financing, including charity and sponsorship activities. We recognize the social responsibility of businesses and seek to create a positive impact on the regions where we operate. For example:

- In June 2022, Freedom Holding Corp. and the Kazakhstan Chess School in Almaty launched a charity campaign for children aged 5-16 who want to learn to play chess.
- In fiscal 2022, Freedom Finance KZ signed a memorandum of cooperation with the Kazakhstan Football Federation and donated musical instruments to the Kurmangazy and Otyrar sazy orchestras.
- In January 2023, Freedom Life launched Freedom Camp, a new educational platform on financial literacy for school children, which is open to Kazakhstan school children ages 10 to 13. This free program was created to educate youth to set financial goals, understand financial resources and products and how they can be used to accomplish their financial goals. This course was originally taught as part of a summer children's camp for two years. Due to its popularity, the course is now also taught during the academic school year at participating Kazakhstan schools.
- In February 2023, Freedom Finance KZ signed an agreement to provide charity assistance as part of an initiative to develop and promote the Vision Zero Almaty 2023 program.
- In March 2023, we organized the Freedom Ballet Gala event with the participation of world ballet stars from major European theaters. The grand show was the part of cultural enrichment of society.
- Since March 2023, Freedom Holding Corp. has been the general partner of the QJ League for Youth Football in Kazakhstan.

Our Freedom Finance Academy provides online and in person training courses and webinars in financial literacy to the general public. The goal of this program is to generally expand knowledge about financial literacy and teach the basics of exchange trading so that participants can more knowledgeably trade and reduce the risk of financial mistakes in the future.

Environment

In fiscal 2023, we initiated ESG diagnostics, in order to identify key opportunities and recommendations on increasing the efficiency of our activities in the environmental sphere.

Despite the fact that our activities are not environmentally hazardous and do not involve high environmental risk, we take a precautionary approach to environmental issues. In March 2023, we began to take an inventory of greenhouse gas emission sources for our major subsidiaries. Currently, active work is underway to build an initial system for collecting and recording baseline data to build a subsequent system for monitoring greenhouse gas emissions for Scopes 1 and 2 in accordance with international and local methodological approaches. Our management is aware of the importance of

combating climate change, and in the future we plan to increase the detail, accuracy and expand the perimeter of the encompassing data. One of the next areas of focus will be Scope 3 and climate risk assessments, which will allow us to proactively address climate-related issues and seize opportunities, thereby creating a more resilient financial sector in our countries of operation.

External Environmental Projects

We support external environmental projects, an example of which was the signing during fiscal 2023 of an agreement by JSC Freedom Finance on financial assistance with the Executive Directorate of the International Fund for Saving the Aral Sea in the Republic of Kazakhstan (IFAS International Fund in the Republic of Kazakhstan) to implement the "Restoration of ecosystems on the dried seabed of the Aral Sea" project. As part of the project, 200,000 black saxaul seedlings will be planted, fences will be built and an irrigation system will be implemented. In addition, it is planned to train the local community in new technologies and practices of agroforestry and to begin the process of carbon certification in the Aral Sea region.

Green Bonds and Social Bonds Underwriting

In September 2021 Freedom Finance KZ organized and underwrote a "green bonds" placement by Eurasian Development Bank. The funds raised in the total amount of the equivalent of \$47 million (based on the exchange rate as of the date of issuance) from the placement were used to finance ESG projects in Kazakhstan.

In June 2023 Freedom Finance KZ underwrote a placement of two-year gender ESG bonds issued by MFO OnlineKazFinance JSC (Solva) listed on the KASE in the total amount of the equivalent of \$14 million (based on the exchange rate as of the date of issuance). The proceeds from the placement of these bonds are being used to actively support women in the business environment, aiming to expand their opportunities and reduce gender inequality. The MFO produces digital loan products that finance micro and small businesses of women entrepreneurs.

INFORMATION SECURITY

Information security, with a particular focus on cyber security, is a high priority for us. We have and continue to develop and implement safeguards, policies and technology designed to protect the information provided to us by our customers and our own information from cyber attacks and other misappropriation, corruption or loss. We also consult advisory organizations and follow regulatory requirements regarding information security. For additional information regarding information security see "*Risks Related to Information Technology and Cyber Security*" in "*Risk Factors*" in Part I Item 1A of this annual report.

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

We rely principally on a combination of trademark, copyright, related rights and trade secret laws in the jurisdictions in which we operate as well as confidentiality procedures and contractual provisions to protect our proprietary technology and our brands. We enter into confidentiality agreements with our employees and consultants and confidentiality agreements with other third parties, and we rigorously control access to our proprietary technology.

We generally obtain trademark protection and often seek to register trademarks for the brand names and images under which we market our services. As of March 31, 2023, we owned approximately 10 registered trademarks in the United Kingdom, approximately 8 registered trademarks in Cyprus, approximately 5 registered trademarks in Kazakhstan and approximately 3 registered trademarks in Germany.

Our flagship technology product is our proprietary Tradernet software platform. We also believe the value associated with our "Freedom" and other brands contributes to the appeal and success of our services. Despite our efforts to protect our intellectual property rights, unauthorized parties may attempt to copy or otherwise obtain and use our brands and technology. In addition, third parties may initiate litigation against us alleging infringement of their proprietary rights or declaring their non-infringement of our intellectual property rights. Effective intellectual property protection may not be available in all jurisdictions in which we offer our services. Further, we may be unable to obtain protection for our intellectual property in the future, which could materially harm our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

REGULATORY OVERSIGHT

We operate in highly regulated industries across several legal jurisdictions. The securities, banking, payment services and insurance business activities of our subsidiaries are subject to extensive regulation and oversight by the stock exchanges, central/national banks, governmental and self-regulatory authorities in the foreign jurisdictions where we

conduct business activities. We expect that the regulatory environment will continue to raise standards and impose new regulations with which we will be required to comply in a timely manner.

We operate under various securities, banking and insurance licenses and must maintain our licenses in order to conduct our operations. As of March 31, 2023, we, through our subsidiaries, held: brokerage licenses in Kazakhstan issued by the Agency of the Republic of Kazakhstan for Regulation and Development of Financial Market (the "ARDFM") and the Astana Financial Services Authority (the "AFSA"), in Cyprus issued by the Cyprus Securities and Exchange Commission ("CySEC"), in the United States issued by FINRA, in Armenia issued by the Central Bank of Armenia, and in Uzbekistan issued by the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Uzbekistan; a foreign currency operations license in Kazakhstan issued by the ARDFM; a banking license in Kazakhstan issued by the ARDFM; insurance licenses (general and life) in Kazakhstan issued by the ARDFM; and payment services licenses in Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan and Kyrgyzstan.

In the jurisdictions where we conduct business, we are subject to often overlapping schemes of regulation that govern all aspects of our relationships with our customers. These regulations cover a broad range of practices and procedures, including but not limited to:

- minimum net capital and capital adequacy requirements;
- the use and safekeeping of customers' funds and securities;
- recordkeeping and reporting requirements;
- customer identification, clearance and monitoring to identify and prevent money laundering and funding of terrorism, U.S. Department of Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control ("OFAC") and other non-U.S. sanctions violations, to follow FATF recommendations;
- tax reporting obligations under QI, FATCA and CRS regulations;
- supervisory and organizational procedures intended to monitor and assure compliance with relevant laws and regulations and to prevent improper trading practices;
- employee-related matters, including qualification and certification of personnel;
- provision of investment and ancillary services, clearance, and settlement procedures;
- maximum loan and bank guarantees concentration issued to shareholders;
- credit risk requirements;
- liquidity risk requirements;
- acquisitions;
- qualification of firm management; and
- risk detection, management, and correction.

The regulatory authorities in each jurisdiction where we are regulated establish minimum net capital and capital adequacy requirements which currently range from approximately \$2 thousand to \$22 million and fluctuate depending on various factors. As of March 31, 2023, the aggregate net capital requirements of our subsidiaries was approximately \$61.6 million. In the event one or more of our subsidiaries fails to maintain minimum/adequate net capital, we may be subject to fines and penalties, suspension of operations, and disqualification of our management from working in the relevant industry. Our subsidiaries are also subject to rules and regulations regarding liquidity ratios. Compliance with minimum capital requirements could limit our expansion into activities and operations that require significant capital. Minimum capital requirements could also restrict the ability of our subsidiaries to transfer funds among themselves and FRHC.

We spend considerable resources in our general efforts to comply with the various regulations to which we are subject, and we expect this burden to continue in the future.

Violations of securities, banking, sanctions, anti-money laundering and financing of terrorism laws, rules and regulations could subject us and our employees to a broad range of disciplinary actions including imposition of fines and

sanctions, other remedial actions, such as cease and desist orders, removal from managerial positions, loss of licensing, and civil and criminal proceedings.

Kazakhstan Regulation

Kazakhstan Securities Market Regulation

The Kazakhstan brokerage sector is highly regulated. The securities market in Kazakhstan is regulated in accordance with Kazakhstan law and the by-laws of the ARDFM. The Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan No. 461-II "On the Securities Market", dated 2 July 2003 (the "Securities Market Law") is the main law regulating the brokerage and dealer activities in the securities market and portfolio management activities in Kazakhstan. It establishes a framework for brokers and dealers, portfolio management activities, registration and licensing requirements, and regulation of such activities by the ARDFM.

Under the Securities Market Law, broker-dealer and portfolio management activities in the securities market are carried out on the basis of a license to carry out such activities issued by the ARDFM. A license for broker and dealer activities may include the right to maintain customer accounts as a nominal holder or may not include the right to keep customer accounts. A license for portfolio management can be with or without the right to attract voluntary pension contributions.

Freedom KZ currently holds the following licenses:

- No. 3.2.238/15 dated October 2, 2018 (initially issued on March 21, 2007) for performance of activity on the securities market, particularly (i) broker-dealer activity with the right to maintain customer accounts as a nominal holder, and (ii) portfolio management without the right to attract voluntary pension contributions; and
- No. 4.3.12 dated February 4, 2020 (initially issued on April 4, 2019) for performance of exchange operations with foreign currency, except for exchange operations with foreign cash.

Under the Securities Market Law (and the relevant ARDFM regulations), the following prudential standards are applicable to brokers and dealers and portfolio management companies, among others: the capital adequacy ratio, which daily indicator must be at least 1; and the liquidity ratio, which daily indicator must be not less than 1.4. Under the Securities Market Law (and the relevant ARDFM regulations), compliance with the prudential standards is measured based on the following indicators: (i) highly liquid and liquid assets; (ii) balance sheet liabilities; and (iii) minimum amount of equity capital, taking into account the capital adequacy ratio.

Based on the AIFC Framework Law dated December 7, 2015, as well as amendments to the Constitution of the Republic of Kazakhstan made in March 2017, a special legal regime for the financial sector, including the securities market, was established in the Astana International Financial Center (the "AIFC"). The current law of the AIFC consists of: (i) the AIFC Framework Law; (ii) AIFC acts that do not contradict the AIFC Framework Law and which may be based on the principles, norms and precedents of the law of England and Wales and/or the standards of the world's leading financial centers; and (iii) current Kazakhstan law, which is applied to the extent not regulated by the AIFC Framework Law and acts of the AIFC. The AIFC Acts establish the requirements for carrying out activities in the securities market in the AIFC and, in particular, the requirements for licensing regulated activities, which are carried out on the basis of a relevant license issued by the AFSA. Our Freedom Global subsidiary is a member of the AIFC and has License No. AFSA-A-LA-2020-0019 issued by the AFSA on May 20, 2020 to carry out the following regulated activities:

- dealing in investments as principal;
- dealing in investments as agent;
- managing investments;
- advising on investments; and
- arranging deals in investments.

In their activities, AIFC participants operating in the securities market are guided, among other things, by the provisions of the AIFC General Rules, the AIFC Conduct of Business Rules and other acts of the AIFC.

Kazakhstan Banking Regulation

Banks in Kazakhstan are subject to numerous laws and regulations governing banking activities as well as a number of laws and regulations that regulate, among other matters, payment services, anti-money laundering, data protection and information security. Kazakhstan has a two-tier banking system, with the NBK comprising the first tier and

all other commercial banks comprising the second tier (with the exception of the Development Bank of Kazakhstan, which as a state development bank has a special status and belongs to neither tier). Generally, all financial institutions in Kazakhstan are required to be licensed and regulated by the ARDFM. From 2004 to April 2011, licensing and regulation functions were carried out by the Agency of the Republic of Kazakhstan for Regulation and Supervision of the Financial Market and Financial Organizations (including its respective successors). The respective functions had been carried out by the NBK from April 2011 until the end of 2019. Starting January 1, 2020 these functions have been carried out by the ARDFM. As a central bank, the NBK has retained its role in developing monetary credit policy, currency regulation and control and payment systems.

The Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan No. 2444 "On Banks and Banking Activity in the Republic of Kazakhstan", dated August 31, 1995 (as amended) (the "Banking Law"), is the main law regulating the banking sector in Kazakhstan. It establishes a framework for banking activities, registration and licensing of banks and regulation of banking activities by the ARDFM. The Banking Law provides for a list of banking operations that cannot be conducted without an appropriate license from the ARDFM (its predecessor) and sets forth a list of activities permitted for banks. Freedom Bank KZ holds License No.1.2.108/43/250 dated February 1, 2023 for performing banking and other operations.

Kazakhstan Insurance Regulation

Insurance companies in Kazakhstan are subject to numerous laws and regulations governing general and life insurance activities as well as a number of laws and regulations that regulate particular types of insurance activities (e.g., mandatory liability insurance of vehicle owners), anti-money laundering, data protection and information security. Generally, all financial institutions (including companies performing insurance activities) in Kazakhstan are required to be licensed and regulated by the ARDFM.

The Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan No. 126-II "On Insurance Activities", dated December 18, 2000 (as amended) (the "Insurance Law"), is the main law regulating the insurance sector in Kazakhstan. It establishes a framework for insurance activities, registration and licensing of insurance companies and regulation of insurance activities by the ARDFM. The Insurance Law provides for a list of insurance operations that cannot be conducted without an appropriate license from the ARDFM (its predecessor) and sets forth a list of activities permitted for insurance companies. Freedom Insurance holds unlimited license No. 2.1.16 dated November 24, 2022 for performing general insurance (reinsurance) activities. Freedom Life holds unlimited license No.2.2.14 dated December 28, 2022 for performing life insurance (reinsurance activities).

Payment Services Regulation

Payment services in Kazakhstan are mainly regulated by the Kazakhstan Law "On Payments and Payment Systems" dated July 26, 2016 (the "Law on Payments"). A "payment organization" is defined in the Law on Payments as being a Kazakhstan limited liability partnership which is registered with the NBK and whose activities are associated with rendering payment services. We provide payment services in Kazakhstan through Freedom Pay LLP and its subsidiaries under the brand "Freedom Pay." Freedom Pay LLP is registered with the NBK to provide the following payment services, among others: electronic money disposal, acceptance and transmission of payments made with electronic money and payment processing services. We also provide payment services in Uzbekistan and Kyrgyzstan, where our services are provided through Freedom Payments LLC IC (Uzbekistan) and Freedom Pay Kyrgyzstan LLC, each of which is registered and operates under licenses with the respective local regulators.

Cypriot Investment Firms and Regulatory Legislation

Freedom EU is a Cypriot Investment Firm ("CIF") registered with the Registrar of Companies of Cyprus under number HE 324220 and regulated by CySEC under license number 275/15 and is under obligation to cooperate with the Cyprus Unit for Combating Money Laundering (MOKAS).

Freedom EU complies with the requirements and/or obligations implemented by the following laws and regulations under the applicable legal framework:

- Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of May 15, 2014 on Markets in Financial Instruments and amending Directive 2002/92/EC and Directive 2011/61/EU.
- Cyprus Investment Services and Activities and Regulated Markets Law of 2017 (The Law 87(I)/2017) regarding the provision of investment services, the exercise of investment activities and the operation of regulated markets (the "Investment Services and Activities and Regulated Markets Law 2017").
- ESMA Final Report (ESMA35-42-1227) on the European Commission mandate on certain aspects relating to retail investor protection as of April 29, 2022.

Freedom EU follows the European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA), European Union Directive 2014/65/EU (the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive or "MiFID II"), European Commission, European Central Bank, Central Bank of Cyprus and CySEC circulars requirements to ensure its compliance with the foregoing regulatory acts.

Our Cyprus operations are conducted in Limassol, Cyprus where we are licensed to receive, transmit and execute customer orders, provide investment advice and portfolio management services, establish custodial accounts, engage in foreign currency exchange services and margin lending, and trade our own investment portfolio. The brokerage sector in Cyprus is highly regulated and companies must be authorized by CySEC in order to be able to provide investment services.

The Law of the Republic of Cyprus L. 87(I)/2017 regarding the provision of investment services, the exercise of investment activities and the operation of regulated markets (as amended) (the "Cyprus Securities Market Law") is the main law regulating broker dealer, portfolio management activities in Cyprus. The Cyprus Securities Market Law is a local implementation in Cyprus of MiFID II. It establishes a framework for MiFID II investment services such as broker dealer, investment advice, portfolio management activities, dealing on own account, registration and licensing requirements, and the regulation of such activities by CySEC.

Under the Cyprus Securities Market Law, investment activities in the securities market are carried out on the basis of a license to carry out such activities issued by CySEC. A license for broker and dealer activities includes the right to maintain customer accounts for the purposes of providing services bestowed under the license.

Freedom EU currently holds licenses in Cyprus and the EU for conducting investment services, including:

- reception and transmission of orders in relation to one or more financial instruments;
- execution of orders on behalf of clients;
- dealing on own account;
- provision of investment advice; and
- provision of portfolio management services,

as well as the following ancillary services:

- safekeeping and administration of financial instruments, including custodianship and related services;
- granting credits or loans to one or more financial instruments, where the firm granting the credit or loan is involved in the transaction;
- foreign exchange research where these are connected to the provision of investment services; and
- investment research and financial analysis or other forms.

U.S. Regulation

U.S. Securities Market Regulation

Our U.S. subsidiary PrimeEx is registered as a securities broker dealer with the SEC, is a member of various self-regulatory organizations ("SROs") and securities exchanges, including being a "Blue Line" broker dealer on the floor of the NYSE. In 2007, the National Association of Securities Dealers and the member regulation, enforcement and arbitration functions of the NYSE consolidated to form FINRA, which now serves as the primary SRO of PrimeEx, although the NYSE continues to have oversight over NYSE-related market activities. FINRA regulates many aspects of PrimeEx's business, including registration, education and conduct of its broker dealer employees, examinations, rulemaking, enforcement of these rules and the federal securities laws, trade reporting and the administration of dispute resolution between investors and registered firms. PrimeEx has agreed to abide by the rules of FINRA (as well as those of the NYSE and other SROs), and FINRA has the power to expel, fine and otherwise discipline PrimeEx and its officers, directors and employees. Among the rules that apply to PrimeEx are the uniform net capital rule of the SEC (Rule 15c3-1) and the net capital rule of FINRA. Both rules set a minimum level of net capital a broker dealer must maintain and also require that a portion of the broker dealer's assets be relatively liquid. FINRA may prohibit a member firm from expanding its business or paying cash dividends if resulting net capital falls below FINRA requirements. In addition, PrimeEx is subject to certain notification requirements related to withdrawals of excess net capital. As a result of these rules, our ability to make withdrawals of capital from PrimeEx may be limited. In addition, PrimeEx is licensed as a broker dealer in six U.S. states, requiring it to comply with applicable laws, rules and regulations of each of those states. A state regulator may revoke a license to conduct securities business in its state and fine or otherwise discipline broker dealers and their officers, directors and employees.

In January 2022, PrimeEx received regulatory approval from FINRA to conduct investment banking and equity capital markets business. Such business is conducted under the name Freedom Capital Markets.

Foreign Corrupt Practices Act

In the United States, the 1970 Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, or FCPA, broadly prohibits foreign bribery and mandates recordkeeping and accounting practices. The foreign countries where our subsidiaries operate have similar anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws imposed on our subsidiaries. The anti-bribery provisions make it illegal for us, either directly or through any subsidiary that we may acquire, to bribe any foreign official for the purpose of obtaining business. The term "public official" is defined broadly to include persons affiliated with government-sponsored or owned commercial enterprises as well as appointed or elected public officials. The recordkeeping provisions require that we and our subsidiaries make and maintain books that, in reasonable detail, reflect our transactions and dispositions of assets and devise and maintain a system of internal accounting controls that enables us to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are properly recorded in accordance with management's authorizations, that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of financial statements, that access to our funds and other assets is permitted only in accordance with management's authorizations, and that the recorded accounts for assets are compared periodically with the existing assets to assure conformity. The FCPA requires that we establish and maintain an effective compliance program to ensure compliance with U.S. law. Failure to comply with the FCPA can result in substantial fines and other sanctions.

Anti-Money Laundering, Anti-Terrorism Funding and Economic Sanctions Laws

Anti-money laundering laws, financial record-keeping and reporting laws, and similar legislation and regulations in the jurisdictions where our subsidiaries operate, as well as certain exchanges and self-regulatory organizations impose a variety of rules that require registered broker-dealers to "know your customer" and monitor their customers' transactions for potentially suspicious activities.

OFAC, in connection with its administration and enforcement of economic and trade sanctions publishes lists of individuals and companies, known as "Specially Designated Nationals," or SDNs. Assets of SDNs are blocked, and U.S. companies are generally prohibited from dealing with them. OFAC also administers a number of comprehensive sanctions and embargoes that target certain countries, governments and geographic regions. Under our U.S. sanctions compliance policies and procedures, we, and in certain instances our subsidiaries, might be prohibited from engaging in transactions involving any individual, entity, country, region or government that is subject to such sanctions. Additionally, our U.S. subsidiary, PrimeEx, operates under its own U.S. sanctions compliance policies and procedures, which governs its own sanctions compliance activities with its institutional customers and with other group companies.

FRHC has entered into an agreement with Sum and Substance, a third-party service provider, for the use by the Freedom group of the Sum and Substance all-in-one KYC/AML compliance suite. This compliance suite enables companies to stay compliant while ensuring that users can quickly access services digitally. The services covered by the suite include:

- KYC and AML: ID verification, AML screening, and facematch checks for any jurisdiction.
- Liveness technology: In-house facial biometrics for fast onboarding and continuous checks.
- Video verification: Agent-assisted video verification built to comply with AMLD requirements.
- Chargeback prevention: Verification of payment methods before transactions are made.

Our Freedom EU and Freedom Global subsidiaries are currently using the Sum and Substance verification platform, and this platform is currently being implemented at our operations in Kazakhstan and Ukraine. We plan to roll out the Sum and Substance platform so that it is used by all brokerage companies, banks and other companies within our group of companies. Subject to local legislation, some of the features may be limited, but in such as case such features would be replaced by relevant government services. For example, banks in Kazakhstan use the national government system for biometric identification.

Sum and Substance in our subsidiaries Freedom Finance KZ and Freedom Global is integrated with the World-Check (Refinitiv) database. At our subsidiary Freedom Bank KZ, Refinitiv is integrated with the Colvir banking system. The Refinitiv database is used during the onboarding and ongoing processes, by checking clients. It contains information on individuals and legal entities from more than 715 lists submitted by international and national security agencies and law enforcement agencies. World-Check allows identification of hidden risks associated with individuals or companies that have been included in sanctions lists, involved in money laundering (AML) or the financing of terrorist activities, including the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction (CFT and/or WMD). Our subsidiary Freedom Bank KZ also uses the Dow Jones database during the onboarding process by checking clients against sanctions lists.

We have a Cross-Border Correspondent Relationship Agreement with FST Belize wherein FST Belize has agreed to follow sanctions laws and AML controls that are applicable to brokers in the United States and the European Union and has granted us access to its customer records for purposes of compliance monitoring. In accordance with the Cross-Border Correspondent Relationship Agreement, Freedom EU conducts on a regular basis random checks of trades received from FST Belize, whereby it is able to obtain information on, and conduct customer checks on, the beneficial owners who are the beneficiaries of the relevant trades. FST Belize has its own agreement with Sum and Substance and has already implemented digital onboarding via its website in the scope of liveness, facematch and AML screening. However, we do not currently have direct access to FST Belize's customer check systems.

In addition, we maintain omnibus brokerage accounts for certain other institutional brokerage clients, including certain Russian institutions. The order flow from these accounts represents transactions of underlying customers of the relevant institutions, which are executed by the relevant institutions through their omnibus accounts with us. We have agreements with such institutional clients in which they have agreed to comply with AML/CTF controls that are applicable to brokers in the U.S. and EU, and we audit their frameworks and systems by regular risk-based sampling and have access to their underlying customer records for purposes of compliance monitoring. Nevertheless we do not have direct access to such institutional clients' underlying customers or screening systems.

See "*Our measures to prevent money laundering, terrorist financing, and sanctions violations may not be completely effective*" in "*Risk Factors*" in Part I Item 7A of this annual report.

During fiscal 2023 our subsidiaries Freedom Bank KZ and Freedom Global provided brokerage services to certain individuals and entities who are subject to sanctions imposed by OFAC, the European Union or the United Kingdom. These transactions did not involve any nexus with the United States, the European Union or the United Kingdom, as applicable. As of March 31, 2023, our customer liabilities relating to these individuals and entities in aggregate were \$17.8 million, representing approximately 0.92% of our total customer liabilities as of such date.

For fiscal 2023, the aggregate fee and commission income relating to transactions with these individuals and entities in aggregate was approximately \$34 thousands, representing approximately 0.01% of our total fee and commission income for such fiscal year.

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act

The 2010 Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA") was enacted in the U.S. to target non-compliance by U.S. taxpayers using foreign accounts. FATCA requires foreign financial institutions, such as certain of our non-U.S. subsidiaries, to report to the U.S. Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") information about financial accounts held by U.S. taxpayers or by foreign entities in which U.S. taxpayers hold a substantial ownership interest.

The U.S. has entered into intergovernmental agreements with a number of countries establishing mutually agreed-upon rules for the implementation of the data-sharing requirements of FATCA. Cyprus, Kazakhstan, Ukraine, Uzbekistan, Turkey, Azerbaijan, and the United Arab Emirates have entered into Model 1 intergovernmental agreements with the U.S. containing provisions regulating the process for financial institutions in these countries to collect information on U.S. taxpayer accounts and provide that information to the IRS. In general, the requirements of the agreements concern the analysis of new and existing customer accounts to identify U.S. taxpayers. The agreements require financial institutions in these countries to identify their customers and analyze their products to identify the accounts of customers affected by FATCA and collect all necessary information to classify those accounts in compliance with the requirements of FATCA. After classifying the accounts, financial institutions must regularly present information, including name, taxpayer identification number, and account balance, to the local tax authorities for transfer to the IRS. The agreements also address when financial institutions in these countries are required to withhold taxes to be remitted to the IRS. Pursuant to these intergovernmental agreements, our subsidiaries in the relevant countries which are financial institutions are required to obtain customer documentation associated with the indicia of the relevant customer's U.S. tax residency status, as well as related account information, and to report it accordingly. A failure by our subsidiaries to comply with FATCA could result in adverse financial and reputational consequences to us as well as the imposition of sanctions or penalties, including responsibility for the taxes on any funds distributed without the proper withholdings having been made.

Protection of Customer Assets

Our business is subject to extensive oversight by regulators around the world relating to, among other things, the fair treatment of customers, safeguarding of customer assets and our management of customer funds. Freedom EU is subject to the European Union Markets in Financial Instruments Directive ("MiFID") and/or related regulations and must, when holding funds belonging to customers, make adequate arrangements to safeguard the rights of customers and maintain their records and accounts in a way that ensures their accuracy. As a licensed Kazakhstan broker, Freedom KZ is

obliged to maintain segregated accounting of its own and customers' assets. Freedom Global is subject to the AIFC business rules and is required to have systems and controls in place to ensure the proper safeguarding of customer assets which includes conducting proper due diligence of the third parties in which customer assets will be held and confirming that the laws and regulations that govern such third parties are appropriate.

Data Privacy and Cyber Security

As part of our business, we routinely receive sensitive and confidential information from our clients. We also collect personal information from our prospective and current employees, as permitted by employment laws and regulations. We are subject to laws and regulations in relation to the privacy of such information in the various jurisdictions where we conduct business or have customers. These include the laws of Kazakhstan, the EU, the UK and the U.S., as well as the rules and regulations of their various state agencies and self-regulatory organizations.

These laws include the data privacy and security frameworks in the European Union and the United Kingdom, each entitled the General Data Protection Regulations, Kazakhstan's Law on Personal Data and Its Protection, Information Technologies and Information Protection, as well as the laws of a number of states of the United States. These laws, rules and regulations require us to maintain high standards for personal data collection, processing, and retention and impose strict standards for reporting data breaches. They also provide for potentially significant penalties for non-compliance. For a discussion of risks related to data privacy and cyber security, see "*Risk Factors*" in Part I Item 1A in this annual report.

MONETARY POLICY

Our earnings are and will be affected by domestic economic conditions and the monetary and fiscal policies of the governments of the jurisdictions in which we operate, including Kazakhstan, the European Union, Kyrgyzstan, Uzbekistan, Ukraine, Azerbaijan, Armenia and the United States. The monetary policies of these countries may have a significant effect upon our operating results. It is not possible to predict the nature and impact of future changes in monetary and fiscal policies.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

Our investor relations website is located at <https://ir.freedomholdingcorp.com>. We use our investor relations website as a channel for disclosing material non-public information and for complying with SEC Regulation FD and our other disclosure obligations. In addition to our investor relations website, our subsidiaries maintain corporate websites and we may use social media to communicate with the public. It is possible that information we post on social media could be deemed to be material to investors. Accordingly, investors should monitor the website, in addition to following our press releases and SEC filings. We are subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act. Reports filed with or furnished to the SEC pursuant to the Exchange Act, including annual and quarterly reports, are available free of charge, through our website. We make them available on our website as soon as reasonably possible after we file them with the SEC. The reports we file with or furnish to the SEC are also available on the SEC's website (www.sec.gov). Our corporate governance policies, code of ethics and Board committee charters are also posted on our investor relations website. The content of our website, the websites of our subsidiaries, and the information we communicate through social media is not intended to be incorporated by reference or otherwise included into this annual report or in any other report or documents that we file with the SEC.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The risks and uncertainties described in the risk factors below are those that we currently consider material, and the statements contained elsewhere in this annual report, including our financial statements, should be read together with these risk factors. The occurrence of any of, or a combination of, the following risks or uncertainties, or additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently believe to be immaterial, could materially and adversely affect our business, financial position, results of operations, liquidity, cash flows, or reputation.

Summary of Risk Factors

The following is a summary of the principal risks that could affect our businesses and should be read with the more complete discussion of risks and uncertainties set forth below it.

Risks Related to the Russia-Ukraine Conflict:

- Our business and operations have been materially adversely affected by the ongoing Russia-Ukraine conflict.

- Our business may be materially adversely impacted by negative macroeconomic and geopolitical developments in Russia and in other countries in which we operate or in which our clients are located.
- Sanctions imposed on our founder and our Ukrainian subsidiary by Ukraine could have a material adverse effect on us.
- Non-compliance with U.S., EU, UK, Russian and other sanctions programs could adversely impact our company.

Risks Related to Legal and Regulatory Matters:

- We are subject to extensive regulation, and the failure to comply with laws and regulations could subject us to monetary penalties or sanctions.
- Financial services firms have been subject to increased regulatory scrutiny increasing the risk of financial liability and reputational harm resulting from adverse regulatory actions.
- As a U.S. public company listed in Nasdaq we have substantial regulatory reporting obligations.
- We are subject to risks related to anti-corruption laws in effect in the United States and the non-U.S. jurisdictions where we conduct business.
- A failure by our subsidiaries to meet capital adequacy and liquidity requirements could affect our operations and financial condition.
- The countries in which we operate have changing regulatory regimes, regulatory policies, and interpretations.
- Our measures to prevent money laundering, terrorist financing, and sanctions violations may not be completely effective.
- If we violate securities laws, or are involved in litigation in connection with a violation, our reputation and results of operations may be adversely affected.
- We are subject to risks related to potential litigation.

Risks Related to Our Business and Operations:

- Our relatively limited operational history has coincided with sustained market growth which may not be predictive of future operating results.
- We may not be able to manage our growth effectively.
- We anticipate that acquisitions will continue to play a key role in our growth strategy, but we may be unable to identify, acquire, close or integrate acquisition targets successfully.
- We rely on our relationship with FST Belize for a significant percentage of our revenue, which exposes us to a number of risks.
- Competition in the markets in which we operate may result in a decrease in our market share and/or profitability.
- We could suffer significant losses from credit exposure.
- Our ability to meet our obligations, and the cost of funds to do so, depend on our ability to access identified sources of liquidity at a reasonable cost.
- We may need to raise additional capital, and we cannot be sure that additional financing will be available or available on attractive terms.
- Reduction in our credit ratings or an increase in our credit spreads could adversely affect our business, liquidity and cost of funding.
- Our investments expose us to a significant risk of capital loss.
- We are dependent upon our relationships with third-party U.S.-registered securities broker-dealer and clearing firms to receive and transmit securities and funds internationally.
- We may suffer significant loss from changes in the KASE's requirements related to the discount coefficients on the securities in securities repurchase transactions.
- Our modeling and assumptions used in assessing risks in our insurance business may differ materially from actual results.
- In our insurance business, we may not be able to obtain reinsurance at required levels or prices, or otherwise collect on reinsurance, which could increase our exposure or limit our ability to write new policies.
- We are dependent on our executive management team, particularly Timur Turlov, and our ability to hire and retain skilled personnel.
- Extraordinary events beyond our control could negatively impact our business.
- The Covid-19 has impacted and could continue to impact the global economy, global financial markets and our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Risks Related to Information Technology and Cyber Security:

- Our brokerage, financial services, and banking operations are highly dependent on the continued and proper functioning of our information technology systems.

- We interact with large volumes of sensitive data that exposes us to IT breach and other data security risks and liabilities.
- The infrastructure on which our IT systems depend is subject to events that could interrupt our ability to operate.
- Failure of third-party systems and operations on which we rely could adversely affect our business.
- To remain competitive, we must keep pace with rapid technological change.

Risks Related to Our Operations in Emerging Markets:

- Emerging markets, such as many of the markets in which we operate, are subject to greater risks than more mature markets, including significant political, economic and legal risks.
- We are exposed to foreign currency fluctuation risks.
- We face interest rate change risks.
- The economies of Kazakhstan and other countries in which we operate are vulnerable to external shocks and fluctuations in the global economy.
- Kazakhstan's economy is vulnerable to internal political and social unrest.
- Economic and political instability in Russia could have an adverse effect on our business.

Taxation Risks Related to Our International Operations:

- Global anti-offshore measures could adversely impact our business.
- Frequent tax law changes in the regions where we conduct operations could affect our business in and the value of our investments.
- Kazakhstan transfer pricing legislation may require pricing adjustments and impose additional tax liabilities.
- Uncertainties and ongoing changes in Kazakhstan's tax regime may have an adverse impact on our business.
- Changes in regulations related to taxes on stock transfers and other financial transactions could reduce the volume of market transactions and impact our business..

Risks Related to Our Corporate Structure and Internal Operations:

- As a diversified holding company with few operations of its own, FRHC is reliant on the operations of our subsidiaries to fund holding company operations.
- As a "controlled company" under Nasdaq rules, we qualify for exemptions from certain corporate governance requirements that may adversely affect our stock price.
- The interests of our controlling shareholder may conflict with those of other shareholders.
- Civil liability may be difficult or impossible to enforce against us.
- We have identified material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting and may identify material weaknesses in the future or otherwise fail to establish and maintain effective internal control over financial reporting, which could have a material adverse effect on our business and stock price.

Risks Related to Ownership of Our Securities:

- The price of our common stock has fluctuated historically and may be volatile.
- Future offerings of securities which would rank senior to our common stock may adversely affect the market price of our common stock.
- We do not intend to pay dividends on our common stock for the foreseeable future and, consequently, our stockholders' ability to achieve a return on their investment will depend on appreciation in the price of our common stock.

Risks Related to the Russia-Ukraine Conflict

Our business and operations may be materially adversely affected by the ongoing Russia-Ukraine conflict.

We have historically had significant operations in Russia. In view of the critical challenges for our business and operations resulting from the ongoing Russia-Ukraine conflict, and the responses of governments and multinational businesses to it, shortly after the onset of the Russia-Ukraine conflict we decided to divest our two Russian subsidiaries. On October 19, 2022, we announced that we had entered into an agreement to divest our Russian subsidiaries, and the divestiture of these subsidiaries was approved by the Central Bank of the Russian Federation on February 10, 2023, and was completed on February 27, 2023. Notwithstanding that we have completed the divestiture of our Russian subsidiaries, there can be no assurance that such divestiture will achieve its intended effects. In particular, we expect that the divestiture of our Russian subsidiaries will reduce our exposure to the current challenging geopolitical circumstances and will enable us to accelerate growth in other markets. However, these matters are subject to uncertainty and changes in circumstances. A failure by us to achieve the intended effects of the divestiture of our Russian subsidiaries could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations in future periods. In addition, we continue to provide brokerage services to Russian

persons, including a number of former clients of our Russian subsidiaries, through their accounts at non-Russian companies within our group and indirectly through accounts held with our affiliate FST Belize. As a result, we continue to have significant exposure to Russia, which poses continuing challenges for our business and operations. These challenges, including the specific risks outlined below, may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and stock price.

Our business may be materially adversely impacted by negative macroeconomic and geopolitical developments in Russia and in other countries in which we operate or in which our clients are located.

Historically, a large portion of our brokerage business has been attributable to securities trading by individuals and qualifying institutions in Russia, through accounts held at our Russian subsidiaries, through accounts held at our non-Russian subsidiaries and indirectly through accounts held with FST Belize. Although we have divested our Russian subsidiaries, we continue to generate a significant amount of fee and commission income from trading activity engaged in by Russian persons (including former clients of our former Russian subsidiaries) who are not subject to any sanctions prohibitions or other legal restrictions through their accounts at our non-Russian subsidiaries, including indirectly through their accounts at FST Belize.

The Russia-Ukraine conflict and responses to it have materially and adversely impacted the macroeconomic climate in Russia and the surrounding region, resulting in significant currency rate volatility, the imposition of currency controls, capital flight, materially increased interest rates and inflation, and the withdrawal of or reduction of business by a number of Western businesses from the Russian market, any of which may lead to reduced investment confidence and investment spending by affected Russian persons. Should there be a large scale expansion of Russia-related sanctions to make them applicable to private sector financial institutions in Russia or to Russia's banking system generally, this could negatively affect the Russian economy and investment climate and cause deterioration of the Russian financial markets. In addition, there is a risk that new international sanctions and new countersanctions measures may curtail the ability of our Russian brokerage customers to trade through non-Russian accounts or in non-Russian securities, or our ability to facilitate any trading through our non-Russian subsidiaries or FST Belize. For example, given Kazakhstan's extensive historical business ties with Russia, we are exposed to the risk that secondary sanctions could be imposed on the financial sector in Kazakhstan. If investment spending by Russian persons through non-Russian trading accounts declines for any reason, this could result in a material reduction in our revenues.

The Russia-Ukraine conflict has also had, and may continue to have, adverse effects on our results of operations related to proprietary trading. For example, during fiscal 2023 we sold 7,500,000 shares in the SPB Exchange that we owned and realized a loss from such sale in the amount of \$73.4 million. We attribute this loss to a combination of factors, including heightened market uncertainty and increased volatility caused by the Russia-Ukraine conflict and its geopolitical consequences.

Although neither FRHC nor any of its group companies is the subject of any sanctions imposed by the United States, the European Union or the United Kingdom, and we have divested our Russian subsidiaries, sanctions related to Russia could adversely impact our business. For example, we continue to provide brokerage services to a significant number of Russian persons through their non-Russian accounts with us or indirectly through accounts held with FST Belize, and sanctions could restrict our ability to continue to provide brokerage services to such Russian persons. Sanctions could also limit our ability to, or make it difficult for us to, enter into agreements with counterparties, who may refuse to work with us due to our significant Russian customer base.

Should there be an expansion of Russia-related sanctions, this could significantly increase the foregoing risks to our business. The impact of any such expansion would depend on the nature of such sanctions. Examples of additional sanctions measures that could affect our business include:

- expanding the scope of sanctioned activities or transactions;
- designating parties with whom we have or may have significant business relationships as “specially designated nationals” or “blocked” parties, meaning that all dealings with them by the U.S., EU and/or UK persons, or persons from other countries which impose economic sanctions, or involving items or technologies from these jurisdictions would be prohibited;
- expanding sanctions to cover entities that are less than 50% owned or controlled by a sanctioned party; or
- adopting corporate policies that prohibit or restrict business activities with us because we conduct business with Russian persons who are not subject to any sanctions.

Sanctions imposed on our founder and our Ukrainian subsidiary by Ukraine could have a material adverse effect on us.

On October 19, 2022, Timur Turlov, our Ukrainian subsidiary and our two Russian subsidiaries (which Russian subsidiaries have since been divested) were included on the National Security and Defense Council of Ukraine sanctions list, which included more than 2,500 companies and individuals. In connection with these sanctions, the operations of our Ukrainian subsidiary were suspended. We believe that the inclusion of Mr. Turlov and these subsidiaries on the list was due to perceived connections with Russia. While we believe the inclusion of Mr. Turlov and our Ukrainian subsidiary on the list is not justified and we have been actively appealing the decision, there can be no assurance as to when they will be removed from the list, if at all. While our Ukrainian subsidiary is not material in the context of our overall group, the inclusion of Mr. Turlov and our Ukrainian subsidiary on this list could materially adversely affect our relationships with counterparties and regulators in other jurisdictions and as a result could restrict our ability to conduct our business and carry out our business strategy. In addition, because we have a significant number of Ukrainian brokerage customers that are served by our non-Ukrainian subsidiaries, the existing sanctions imposed by Ukraine or any expansion of such sanctions could adversely affect our brokerage business. See "Russia-Ukraine conflict" in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in Part II Item 7 of this annual report.

Non-compliance with U.S., EU, UK, Russian or other sanctions programs could adversely impact our company.

We are committed to compliance with all applicable economic sanctions, including those related to the Russia-Ukraine conflict. U.S. economic sanctions include prohibitions ("primary" sanctions) that are generally administered and enforced by OFAC. With the exception of OFAC's Iran and Cuba sanctions programs these prohibitions apply to U.S. persons, including companies organized under the laws of the United States and their overseas branches, but do not apply to non-U.S. subsidiaries of U.S. persons. U.S. economic sanctions also include "secondary" sanctions that make certain activities of non-U.S. companies sanctionable under U.S. statutes such as the Countering America's Adversaries Through Sanctions Act (CAATSA). These sanctions are administered by OFAC and/or the U.S. Department of State. We require all of our group companies to fully comply with all U.S. primary sanctions that are applicable to them and/or to transactions in which they are involved and to refrain from participation in any conduct that is sanctionable under U.S. secondary sanctions.

Because Freedom Holding Corp. is a U.S.-domiciled holding company that operates through its subsidiaries, we are obliged to comply with Ukraine-Russia conflict-related sanctions imposed by the United States, but those sanctions do not apply to the fully independent activities of our non-U.S. subsidiaries where there is no U.S. nexus. If, however, it were determined that Freedom Holding Corp. facilitated activities of its subsidiaries that are prohibited under U.S. sanctions, Freedom Holding Corp. could be subject to civil or criminal penalties under OFAC regulations. In addition, non-U.S. companies that cause U.S. companies to violate OFAC regulations may be subject to enforcement action and thereby the imposition of civil or criminal penalties. This could occur, for example, if one of our non-U.S. subsidiaries were to process a U.S. dollar transaction involving sanctioned securities through the U.S. financial system. The risk of noncompliance may arise in connection with international transactions conducted in U.S. dollars, transfers to or from U.S. bank accounts, or dealings with U.S. broker-dealers.

We maintain omnibus brokerage accounts for several institutional clients, including FST Belize and certain Russian institutions. The order flow from these accounts represents transactions of customers of the relevant institutions, which are executed by the relevant institutions through their omnibus accounts with us. While we have agreements with such customers in which they have agreed to comply with sanctions laws, and to grant us access to its customer records for purposes of compliance monitoring upon our request, we do not have direct access to such institutional customers' own customer check systems and as a result we cannot provide assurance that the beneficial owners who are the beneficiaries of trades being carried out through such omnibus accounts are not sanctioned persons.

In the event that we believe or have reason to believe that our employees, agents or independent contractors have or may have caused us or any of our subsidiaries to violate applicable economic sanctions laws, we may be required to investigate or have outside counsel investigate the relevant facts and circumstances, which could be costly and require significant time and attention from senior management. Non-compliance with these laws may result in criminal or civil penalties, which could disrupt our business and result in a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows and cause significant brand or reputational damage.

Sanctions are subject to rapid change and it is also possible that new direct or indirect secondary sanctions could be imposed by the U.S. or other jurisdictions without warning in relation to the Russia-Ukraine conflict. The extent of current sanctions measures, not all of which are fully aligned across jurisdictions, further increases operational complexity for our business and increases the risk of making errors in managing day-to-day business activities within the rapidly evolving sanctions environment. In addition, certain transactions that may be prohibited by economic sanctions regulations of OFAC if undertaken by us or in the United States may be permissible if undertaken independently by a non-U.S. subsidiary where there is no U.S. nexus.

We are monitoring closely the developing sanctions environment, including Russian countersanctions, and utilizing dedicated corporate governance structures and in-house and outside advisors as and when required to ensure our continued compliance. However, we cannot assure that we can remain in compliance with all sanctions and countersanctions.

During fiscal 2023 our subsidiaries Freedom Bank KZ and Freedom Global provided brokerage services to certain individuals and entities who are subject to sanctions imposed by OFAC, the European Union or the United Kingdom. These transactions did not involve any nexus with the United States, the European Union or the United Kingdom, as applicable. As of March 31, 2023, our customer liabilities relating to these individuals and entities in aggregate were \$17.8 million, representing approximately 0.92% of our total customer liabilities as of such date.

For fiscal 2023, the aggregate fee and commission income relating to transactions with these individuals and entities in aggregate was approximately \$34,000, representing approximately 0.01% of our total fee and commission income for such fiscal year.

Risks Related to Legal and Regulatory Matters

We are subject to extensive regulation, and the failure to comply with laws and regulations could subject us to monetary penalties or sanctions.

Our business is subject to extensive government regulation, licensing and oversight in multiple jurisdictions. Laws, regulations and rules or other obligations to which we are subject include but are not limited to those concerning securities brokerage, commercial banking, insurance services, payment services, securities trading, investment banking, granting of credit, deposit taking, margin lending, foreign currency exchange, data protection and privacy, cross-border and domestic money transmission, cyber security, fraud detection, antitrust and competition, consumer protection, U.S. and non-U.S. sanctions regimes, anti-money laundering and counter-terrorist financing. See "*Non-compliance with U.S., EU, UK, Russian or other sanctions programs could adversely impact our company.*" above and "*Our measures to prevent money laundering, terrorist financing violations may not be completely effective.*" below. Our Prime Executions subsidiary is a broker-dealer and investment adviser registered with the SEC and is primarily regulated by FINRA.

As we introduce new products and services and expand existing product and service offerings we may become subject to additional regulations, restrictions, licensing requirements and related regulatory oversight.

Compliance with many of the regulations applicable to us involves a number of risks, particularly in areas where applicable regulations may be subject to varying interpretation. Many of the requirements imposed by these regulations are designed to ensure the integrity of the financial markets and to protect customers and other third parties who deal with us. New regulations may result in enhanced standards of duty on broker-dealers in their dealings with their clients. Consequently, these regulations often serve to limit our activities, including through net capital, customer protection and market conduct requirements, including those relating to principal trading.

We have implemented policies and procedures designed to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Notwithstanding these measures, it is possible that our employees, contractors, and agents could nevertheless breach such laws and regulations. We may be subject to legal claims from our customers and counterparties, as well as regulatory actions brought against us by the regulators, self-regulatory agencies and supervisory authorities that oversee and regulate the industries in which we operate.

From time to time, we have been, and in the future may be, subject to investigations, audits, inspections and subpoenas, as well as regulatory proceedings and fines and penalties brought by regulators. We are subject to regulation from numerous regulators, which include, but are not limited to, the AFSA, the ARDFM, CySEC and the SEC. We have received various inquiries and formal requests for information on various matters from certain regulators, with which we have cooperated and will continue to do so. If we are found to have violated any applicable laws, rules or regulations, formal administrative or judicial proceedings may be initiated against us that may result in censure, fine, civil or criminal

penalties. For example, on November 25, 2022, our subsidiary Freedom Global, incorporated in the AIFC, entered into a settlement agreement with the AFSA which was the result of an on-site inspection by the AFSA of Freedom Global conducted between October and December 2021. Following such inspection, the AFSA communicated to Freedom Global a number of substantial findings and regulatory concerns related to matters of prudential, conduct-of-business, anti-money laundering and combatting financing of terrorism. In connection with the settlement agreement, Freedom Global was required to pay monetary penalties and carry out a remediation plan. In addition, on February 13, 2023, following an elective audit of Freedom Bank KZ commenced by the ARDFM in June 2022, the ARDFM issued an order providing that Freedom Bank KZ violated a number of banking laws and regulations. In connection with such order, Freedom Bank KZ was required to carry out a remediation plan. We could also experience negative publicity and reputational damage as a result of future lawsuits, claims or regulatory actions. Any of the foregoing could, individually or in the aggregate, adversely affect our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

Financial services firms have been subject to increased regulatory scrutiny increasing the risk of financial liability and reputational harm resulting from adverse regulatory actions.

Firms in the financial services industry have been operating in an onerous regulatory environment. The industry has experienced increased scrutiny from a variety of regulators, including the SEC and FINRA in the United States, U.S. state regulators and regulators in non-U.S. jurisdictions. Penalties and fines sought by regulatory authorities have increased substantially. We may be adversely affected by changes in the interpretation or enforcement of existing laws and rules by these governmental authorities. Each of the regulatory bodies with jurisdiction over us has regulatory powers dealing with many different aspects of financial services, including, but not limited to, the authority to fine us and to grant, cancel, restrict or otherwise impose conditions on the right to continue operating particular businesses. Increasingly, regulators have instituted a practice of "regulation by enforcement" where new interpretations of existing regulations are introduced by bringing enforcement actions against securities firms for activities that occurred in the past but were not then thought to be problematic. We also may be adversely affected as a result of new or revised legislation or regulations imposed by the SEC, other U.S. or non-U.S. governmental regulatory authorities or self-regulatory organizations (e.g., FINRA) that supervise the financial markets. Substantial legal liability or significant regulatory action taken against us could have a material adverse effect on our business prospects including our cash position.

As a U.S. public company listed on Nasdaq we have substantial regulatory reporting obligations.

We are subject to extensive corporate governance, reporting and accounting disclosure requirements under U.S. securities laws and regulations of the SEC. These laws, as well as the listing standards of Nasdaq, impose certain compliance requirements, costs and obligations on listed companies. This requires a significant commitment of resources and management oversight. The expenses associated with being a public company include auditing, accounting and legal fees and expenses, investor relations expenses, increased directors' fees, registrar and transfer agent fees and listing fees, as well as other expenses.

Failure to comply with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the "Sarbanes-Oxley Act") or the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act could potentially subject us to sanctions or investigations by the SEC or other regulatory, exchange or market authorities, and related penalties, fines and litigation.

We are subject to risks related to anti-corruption laws in effect in the United States and the non-U.S. jurisdictions where we conduct business.

We are subject to the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act ("FCPA") and similar non-U.S. anti-corruption laws that generally prohibit companies and their intermediaries from making improper payments or providing anything of value to influence foreign government officials for the purpose of obtaining or retaining business or obtaining an unfair advantage.

Recent years have seen a substantial increase in the global enforcement of anti-corruption laws, with more frequent voluntary self-disclosures by companies, aggressive investigations and enforcement proceedings, resulting in record fines and penalties, increased enforcement activity, and increases in criminal and civil proceedings brought against companies and individuals.

We operate through subsidiaries in Kazakhstan, Ukraine, Kyrgyzstan, Uzbekistan, Azerbaijan, Armenia, the EU, the UAE, the U.S., Germany, and Cyprus including representative offices of our Cyprus broker in Greece, France and Spain. Enforcement officials generally interpret anti-corruption laws to prohibit, among other things, improper payments to government officials such as those of the ARDFM, CySEC, FINRA, the Federal Financial Supervisory Authority of Germany ("BaFin") the Center for Coordination and Development of Securities Market of the Republic of Uzbekistan and the National Commission on Securities and Stock Market of Ukraine, which are the principal regulatory bodies that control and monitor our operations in the respective countries in which we operate. Our internal policies and those of our

subsidiaries provide for training and compliance with all applicable anti-corruption laws and regulations. Despite our training and compliance programs, it is possible that our employees, agents or independent contractors may cause us or a subsidiary to violate applicable laws. In the event that we believe or have reason to believe that our employees, agents or independent contractors have or may have caused us or a subsidiary to violate applicable anti-corruption laws, we may be required to investigate or have outside counsel investigate the relevant facts and circumstances, which can be costly and require significant time and attention from senior management. Non-compliance with these laws may result in criminal or civil penalties, which could result in a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, result of operations and cash flows.

A failure by our subsidiaries to meet capital adequacy and liquidity requirements could affect our operations and financial condition.

As a condition to maintaining our licenses to conduct brokerage and banking activities, some of our subsidiaries must meet ongoing capital and liquidity standards, which are subject to evolving rules and qualitative judgments by government regulators regarding the adequacy of their capital and internal assessment of their capital needs. These net capital rules may limit the ability of each subsidiary to transfer capital to us. New regulatory capital, liquidity, and stress testing requirements may limit or otherwise restrict how each subsidiary utilizes its capital and may require us to increase our capital and/or liquidity or to limit our growth. Failure by our subsidiaries to meet minimum capital requirements could result in certain mandatory and additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could adversely affect the licenses of our subsidiaries, as well as our business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows.

The countries in which we operate have changing regulatory regimes, regulatory policies, and interpretations

The countries in which we operate have differing, and sometimes conflicting, regulatory regimes governing the delivery of financial services in each country, the transfer of funds to and from such countries, and other aspects of the broker-dealer, finance, investment, banking, and insurance industries. In some jurisdictions where we operate, these provisions were promulgated during changing political circumstances, are continuing to change and may be relatively untested, particularly insofar as they apply to foreign investments by residents of various countries.

Therefore, there may exist little or no administrative or enforcement history or established practice that can aid us in evaluating how the regulatory regimes may impact our operations or our customers. It is possible that governmental policies will change or that new laws and regulations, administrative practices or policies, or interpretations of existing laws and regulations including those governing capital, liquidity, leverage, long-term debt, margin requirements, restrictions on leveraged lending or other business practices, reporting requirements and tax burdens will materially and adversely affect our activities in one or more of the countries where we operate. Further, since the history and practice of industry regulation is limited in a number of jurisdictions where we operate, our activities may be particularly vulnerable to the decisions and positions of individuals, who may change, be subject to external pressures, or administer policies inconsistently. Internal bureaucratic politics may have unpredictable and negative consequences. If we fail to develop and maintain good working relationships with local regulators, or a local regulator determines that we have violated local laws in a particular market it could negatively impact our businesses in that market and our reputation generally.

Our revenue and profitability could be affected by changes to rules and regulations that impact the business and financial sectors generally, including changes to the laws governing foreign ownership, electronic commerce, customer privacy and security of customer data. In addition, changes to laws, rules and regulations or changes in the enforcement of existing laws, rules or regulations, could:

- limit the lines of business we conduct;
- require us to reduce our ownership stake in a subsidiary;
- compel us to terminate certain lines of business in affected jurisdictions;
- require us to reduce our investment position in a particular instrument;
- result in material cost increases including our cost of capital;
- otherwise adversely affect our ability to compete effectively with other institutions that are not similarly impacted;
- require us to modify existing business practices;
- force us to relocate operations or personnel;

- require us to invest significant management attention and resources and legal costs to evaluate and make necessary changes to our compliance, risk management, treasury and operations functions;
- make it uneconomical for us to provide certain services in particular countries; and
- influence how we manage our capital and liquidity.

Our measures to prevent money laundering and terrorist financing violations may not be completely effective.

Notwithstanding the anti-money-laundering (“AML”) regulations that are in place in Kazakhstan, the EU, the U.S. and other jurisdictions in which we operate, we are subject to the risk that our subsidiaries that are financial institutions could be used as vehicles for money laundering.

Minimum standards and duties according to the anti-money laundering legislation in Kazakhstan, Cyprus, the EU, the U.S. and other jurisdictions where we operate include customer identification, analysis of the customer's economic profile, record keeping, suspicious activity reporting, employee training, an audit function and designation of a compliance officer. Suspicious transactions must be reported on a daily basis to the relevant authorities. We comply with applicable anti-money-laundering and anti-terrorist-financing laws and regulations. Our anti-money-laundering measures are based on relevant legislation. For example, Kazakhstan is a member of the Eurasian Group (an Associate Member of the FATF) and has enacted laws and regulations to combat money laundering, terrorist financing and other financial crimes. We have procedures and documents aimed at preventing money laundering and financing of terrorist activities, including a general anti-money-laundering policy, employee training, the designation of a compliance officer, internal control procedures that include a refusal policy whereby we may refuse to conduct business with suspicious entities or individuals and rules on counteracting money laundering and financing of individuals and legal entities engaged in terrorist activities. In the case of suspicious transactions, internal suspicion reports (ISRs) are submitted to the local compliance departments for initial internal investigation. In the case of confirmed suspicious transactions, such transactions are reported immediately to the relevant local financial intelligence unit (FIU).

Due to our omnibus brokerage arrangement with FST Belize, penalties and other enforcement actions could be brought against us under relevant AML/CTF laws due to breaches by FST Belize of those laws and regulation and similar laws despite the fact that we have no direct control over the activities or policies of FST Belize. Our subsidiary Freedom EU has a Cross Border Correspondent Relationship Agreement with FST Belize wherein FST Belize has agreed to comply with AML/CTF controls that are applicable to brokers in the U.S. and EU, and to grant us access to its customer records for purposes of compliance monitoring upon our request. We do not have direct access to FST Belize's customer check systems. In accordance with the Cross-Border Correspondent Relationship Agreement, Freedom EU conducts random checks on a regular basis of trades received from FST Belize whereby it is able to obtain information on, and conduct customer checks on, the beneficial owners who are the beneficiaries of the relevant trades. FST Belize utilizes a third party provider platform to onboard and confirm liveness, facematch and AML/sanctions screening on an ongoing basis.

In addition, we maintain omnibus brokerage accounts for certain other institutional brokerage clients, including certain Russian institutions. The order flow from these accounts represents transactions of underlying customers of the relevant institutions, which are executed by the relevant institutions through their omnibus accounts with us. While we have agreements with such institutional clients in which they have agreed to comply with AML/CTF controls that are applicable to brokers in the U.S. and EU, and we tested their frameworks and systems by regular risk-based sampling and have access to their underlying customer records for purposes of compliance monitoring, we do not have direct access to such institutional clients' underlying customers or screening systems and as a result we cannot provide assurance that the beneficial owners who are the beneficiaries of trades being carried out through such omnibus accounts are conducting trades in compliance with applicable AML/CTF laws.

We believe that we fully comply with the reporting requirements under applicable legislation related to money laundering or terrorist financing. However, there can be no assurance that third parties will not attempt to use us as a conduit for money laundering or terrorist financing without our knowledge, nor that the measures described above will be completely effective. Any technical or other breaches of the anti-money laundering laws and regulations by us could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

If we violate securities laws, or are involved in litigation in connection with a violation, our reputation and results of operations may be adversely affected.

Many aspects of our business involve substantial risks of liability. In our underwriting business, we are exposed to substantial liability under U.S. federal, state and non-U.S. securities laws, other U.S. federal and state and non-U.S. laws, and court decisions, including decisions with respect to underwriters' liability and limitations on indemnification of underwriters by issuers. For example, a firm that acts as an underwriter may be held liable for material misstatements or omissions of fact in a prospectus used in connection with the securities being offered or for statements made by its securities analysts or other personnel. Our underwriting activities will usually involve offerings of the securities of smaller companies, which often involve a higher degree of risk and are more volatile than the securities of more established companies. In comparison with more established companies, smaller companies are also more likely to be the subject of securities class actions, to carry directors and officers liability insurance policies with lower limits or not at all, and to become insolvent. In addition, in market downturns, claims tend to increase. Each of these factors increases the likelihood that an underwriter may be required to contribute to an adverse judgment or settlement of a securities lawsuit.

We are subject to risks related to potential litigation.

We may be subject to legal claims from our customers and counterparties, employment-related claims and other claims. We could experience negative publicity and reputational damage as a result of lawsuits or claims, in addition to potential significant costs incurred to defend ourselves or settle claims and judgments. Any of the foregoing could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition results of operations and cash flows.

Risk Related to our Business and Operations

Our relatively limited operational history has coincided with sustained market growth which may not be predictive of future operating results.

Our legacy brokerage operations were merged into our holding company, which is a Nevada-incorporated company, in several stages between November 2015 and 2017, and we have grown rapidly over the last several years. For example, our total revenue, net (after presenting our Russian subsidiaries as discontinued operations) was \$114.5 million for fiscal year ended March 31, 2020, \$346.9 million for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021, \$689.8 million for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022 and \$795.7 million for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023. Although this growth has been sustained over several years, our operational life has been relatively limited compared to longer term market and macroeconomic cycles. Our operating history has coincided with a period of general growth in the U.S. equity markets, as well as growth in the financial services and technology industries in which we operate. We therefore have not experienced any prolonged downturn or slowdown in macroeconomic or industry growth or any significant downturn in U.S. equity markets and cannot assure that we will be able to respond effectively to any such downturn or slowdown in the future. As such, our recent growth should not be considered indicative of our future performance. Further, as a result of the limited operating history of the Company in its current form, and our rapid growth during sustained favorable market and economic conditions, we have limited financial data that can be used to evaluate our future prospects, which subjects us to a number of uncertainties, including our ability to plan for, model and manage future growth and risks.

We may not be able to manage our growth effectively.

We have experienced recent rapid growth in our business over a short period. Our number of total brokerage customer accounts increased from approximately 170,000 as of March 31, 2021 to approximately 370,000 as of March 31, 2023. Our total number of employees increased from 2,546 employees as of March 31, 2021 to 3,689 employees as of March 31, 2023. Our total assets increased by 119% to \$5.1 billion as of March 31, 2023 from \$2.3 billion as of March 31, 2021. In addition, we have made a number of recent significant acquisitions, including the acquisitions of Freedom Bank KZ and PrimeEx in December 2020, and Freedom Life and Freedom Insurance in May 2022. In February 2023, we signed an agreement to acquire Maxim Group LLC and its registered investment advisory affiliate Maxim Financial Advisors LLC (together "Maxim Group"). Completion of the Maxim Group transaction is subject to certain conditions and the receipt of required regulatory approvals. We also expect to make other significant acquisitions in the future.

There is no guarantee that we will be able to achieve a positive return on the investment we make in the general expansion of our business. Moreover, our overall growth has required and will continue to require significant allocation of capital and management resources, further development of our financial, internal controls and information technology systems, continued upgrading and streamlining of our risk management systems and additional training and recruitment of management and other key personnel. At the same time, we must maintain a consistent level of client services and current operations to avoid loss of business or damage to our reputation. If we fail to adequately manage growth, such failure may have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

We anticipate that acquisitions will continue to play a key role in our growth strategy, but we may be unable to identify, acquire, complete or integrate acquisition targets successfully.

Acquisitions have been, and continue to be, a significant component of our growth strategy. However, there can be no assurance that we will be able to continue to grow our business through acquisitions as we have done historically, that businesses acquired will perform in accordance with our expectations or that business judgments concerning the value, strengths and weaknesses of businesses acquired will prove to be correct. For example, we have reached a definitive agreement to acquire Maxim Group for a combination of cash and common stock. Including deferred payments and retention bonuses, the total consideration for the acquisition will be approximately \$400 million. The combined entity will provide a broad suite of product offerings to meet the needs of our diverse global client base. Completion of the transaction is subject to certain conditions and the receipt of required regulatory approvals and there can be no assurance that such conditions will be satisfied or regulatory approvals obtained.

We will continue to analyze and evaluate the acquisition of strategic businesses or product lines with the potential to strengthen our industry position, expand our customer base or enhance our existing service offerings. There is no assurance that we will identify or successfully complete transactions with suitable acquisition candidates in the future, nor is there assurance that completed acquisitions will be successful.

In addition, there are substantial risks associated with acquisitions and expansion into new business areas, including risks that (i) our unfamiliarity with new lines of business may adversely affect the success of such acquisitions, (ii) revenue from such activities might not be sufficient to offset the development, regulatory and other implementation costs, (iii) competing products and services and shifting market preferences might affect the profitability of such activities, and (iv) our internal controls might be inadequate to manage the risks associated with new activities. There is also substantial cost and time expended to complete post-closing integration of acquisitions, including human resource training, data and technology systems and operational processes. We may also incur potential dilution of our brand, assumption of known and unknown liabilities, indemnities and potential disputes with the sellers. Any such difficulties could disrupt our ongoing business, distract our management and employees, increase our expenses and adversely affect our results of operations. Furthermore, we cannot provide any assurance that we will realize the anticipated benefits and/or synergies of any such acquisition or investment.

We rely on our relationship with FST Belize for a significant percentage of our revenue, which exposes us to a number of risks.

Timur Turlov established FST Belize in July 2014. FST Belize was established to provide investors in Russia and Kazakhstan with easier access to the U.S. securities markets than a Russian or Kazakhstan company could provide, due to applicable regulations in Russia and Kazakhstan at the time, which imposed restrictions on foreign currency accounts, required mandatory securities custody in-country, and limited access to foreign securities, unless listed on local exchanges. When our legacy brokerage operations were merged into the Company beginning in November 2015, FST Belize remained outside of the Company's group. We have conducted, and continue to conduct, a significant amount of business with FST Belize through its omnibus accounts with our Freedom EU subsidiary and through omnibus accounts that Freedom EU holds with FST Belize. In fiscal 2023, approximately 61% of our fee and commission income was derived from transactions with FST Belize. The majority of the order flow from FST Belize to Freedom EU represents transactions of customers of FST Belize, which are executed by FST Belize through its omnibus accounts with Freedom EU.

The significant amount of business we conduct with FST Belize subjects us to certain risks. In particular, related party transactions are generally regarded as increasing the risk of misstatements or omissions in financial reporting, the risk of transactions being done on other than arm's length terms due to the close ties between the parties involved and the risk of regulatory non-compliance. In particular, this arrangement subjects us to the risk of penalties and other enforcement actions under relevant AML/CTF laws that could result from breaches by FST Belize of those laws and regulations, economic sanctions and similar laws despite the fact that we have no direct control over the activities or policies of FST Belize. We estimate that, as of March 31, 2023, approximately 40% of the brokerage customers of FST Belize were Russian persons. See "*Non-compliance with U.S., EU, UK, Russian or other sanctions programs could adversely impact our company.*" and "*Our measures to prevent money laundering, terrorist financing violations may not be completely effective.*" above. In addition, the large extent of our related party transactions with FST Belize could have an adverse our relationships with applicable regulators.

While we intend to reduce the amount of transactions conducted under our omnibus brokerage arrangement with FST Belize over time and to ultimately eliminate such arrangement, and our fee and commission income from transactions with FST Belize has decreased in each of the past four financial quarters including the quarter ended March 31, 2023, there can be no assurance as to the extent or timing of our reducing or eliminating such transactions going forward. A failure by

us to reduce the level of our related party transactions with FST Belize could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations, prospects and cash flows.

Competition in the markets in which we operate may result in a decrease in our market share and/or profitability.

We face intense competition in each of the markets where we offer our services. We compete with international, regional and local brokerage, banking, and financial services firms that offer an array of financial products and services. Many of the firms with which we compete are larger, provide additional and more diversified services and products, provide access to more international markets, and have greater technical, and financial resources. If we fail to compete effectively with other retail brokerage and financial services firms, or potential new entrants to the market, this could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

We could suffer significant losses from credit exposure.

We are exposed to credit risk, primarily from institutions and individuals through the brokerage services we offer. We incur credit risk in a number of areas, including margin lending. We extend margin loans to our customers. As of March 31, 2023, we had margin lending receivables in the amount of \$376.3 million. When we purchase securities on margin, enter into securities repurchase agreements or trade options or futures, we are subject to the risk that we, or our customers, may default on those obligations when the value of the securities and cash in our own proprietary or in the customers' accounts falls below the amount of the indebtedness. Abrupt changes in securities valuations and the failure to meet margin calls could result in substantial financial losses. Margin loans are collateralized by cash and securities in the customers' accounts. The risks associated with margin credit increase during periods of fast market movements, or in cases where collateral is concentrated and market movements occur. During such times, customers who utilize margin loans and who have collateralized their obligations with securities may find that the securities have a rapidly depreciating value and may not be sufficient to cover their obligations in the event of a liquidation. We are also exposed to credit risk when our customers execute transactions, such as short sales of options and equities that can expose them to risk beyond their invested capital. Because we indemnify and hold harmless our clearing houses and counterparties from certain liabilities or claims, the use of margin loans and short sales may expose us to significant off-balance-sheet risk in the event that collateral requirements are not sufficient to fully cover losses that customers may incur and those customers fail to satisfy their obligations. The amount of risk to which we are exposed from the margin lending we extend to our customers and from short sale transactions by our customers is potentially unlimited and not quantifiable as the risk is dependent upon analysis of a potential significant and undeterminable rise or fall in stock prices. As a matter of practice, we enforce real-time margin compliance monitoring and liquidate customers' positions if their equity falls below established margin requirements.

In addition, we have exposure to credit risk from our digital mortgage program in Kazakhstan. Although we take part in a government mortgage program whereby the Kazakhstan government funds the amount of approved mortgages, we service the mortgages and remain liable for mortgage in the event of default, but we are protected by our security interest in the real property. As such, significant mortgage defaults in Kazakhstan could adversely affect our banking operations and the ultimate success of our digital mortgage product.

We also have exposure to credit risk associated with our proprietary investments. We rely on the use of credit arrangements as a significant component of our trading strategy. Our investments are subject to price fluctuations as a result of changes in the financial markets' assessment of credit quality. Loss in securities value can negatively affect our financial performance and earnings if our management determines that such securities are other-than-temporarily-impaired ("OTTI"). The evaluation of whether OTTI exists is a matter of judgment, which includes the assessment of several factors. If our management determines that a security is OTTI, the cost basis of the security may be adjusted, and a corresponding loss may be recognized in current earnings. Deterioration in the value of securities held in our proprietary portfolio could result in the recognition of future impairment charges. Even if a security is not considered OTTI, if we were forced to sell the security sooner than intended, we may have to recognize an unrealized loss at that time.

While we have policies and procedures designed to manage credit risk, the policies and procedures may not be fully effective to protect us against the risk of loss.

Our ability to meet our obligations, and the cost of funds to do so, depend on our ability to access identified sources of liquidity at a reasonable cost.

Liquidity risk is the risk that we will not be able to meet our obligations, including financial commitments, as they come due. This risk is inherent in our operations and can be heightened by a number of factors, including an over-reliance

on a particular source of funding, changes in credit ratings or market-wide phenomena such as market dislocation and major disasters. We fund ourselves principally by issuing long-term debt instruments, from deposits at our bank subsidiary, by issuing hybrid financial instruments and from cash flow from operations.

The proportion of our funding represented by customer deposits has been increasing, and we intend to for this proportion to continue to increase going forward as part of our funding strategy. We obtain deposits directly from retail and commercial customers and through brokerage firms that offer our deposit products to their customers. However, customer deposits are subject to fluctuation due to certain factors outside our control, such as increasing competitive pressures for retail or corporate customer deposits, changes in interest rates and returns on other investment classes, or a loss of confidence by customers in us or in the banking sector generally, any of which could result in a significant outflow of deposits within a short period of time. To the extent there is heightened competition among Kazakhstan banks for retail customer deposits, this competition may increase the cost of procuring new deposits and/or retaining existing deposits, and otherwise negatively affect our ability to grow our deposit base. An inability to grow, or any material decrease in, our deposits could have a material adverse effect on our ability to satisfy our liquidity needs.

Maintaining a diverse and appropriate funding strategy for our assets consistent with our wider strategic risk appetite and plan remains challenging, and any tightening of credit markets could have a material adverse impact on us. In particular, there is a risk that corporate and financial institution counterparties may seek to reduce their credit exposures to banks and other financial institutions, which may cause funding from these sources to no longer be available. Under these circumstances, we may need to seek funds from alternative sources, potentially at higher costs than has previously been the case, or may be required to consider disposals of other assets not previously identified for disposal, in order to reduce our funding commitments. Widening credit spreads, as well as significant declines in the availability of credit, have in the past adversely affected our ability to borrow on a secured and unsecured basis and may do so in the future. If our available funding is limited or we are forced to fund our operations at a higher cost, these conditions may require us to curtail our business activities and increase our cost of funding, either of which could reduce our profitability, particularly in our businesses that involve investing, lending and market making.

We may need to raise additional capital, and we cannot be sure that additional financing will be available or available on attractive terms

To satisfy or refinance existing obligations, support the development of our business, adapt to changing business conditions or carry out our growth strategy through acquisitions, we may require additional cash resources. If our existing resources are insufficient to satisfy our cash requirements, we may seek to sell additional equity or debt securities or obtain other borrowings, and we cannot be certain that such additional financing would be available on terms acceptable to us or at all. The sale of additional equity securities could result in dilution to our stockholders, and additional indebtedness would result in increased debt service costs and obligations and could impose operating and financial covenants that would further restrict our operations.

Reductions in our credit ratings or an increase in our credit spreads could adversely affect our business, liquidity and cost of funding.

As a result of the Russia-Ukraine conflict, the long-term issuer credit ratings issued by Standard & Poor's of each of Freedom KZ, Freedom Bank KZ, Freedom Global and Freedom EU were lowered from "B" (stable outlook) to "B-" (with negative implications). Sanctions-related risks for FRHC eased somewhat following the completion of the divestiture of our Russian subsidiaries. As a result, as of March 2023, the long-term issuer credit ratings issued by Standard & Poor's of each of Freedom KZ, Freedom Bank KZ, Freedom Global and Freedom EU were upgraded from "B-" to "B" with Stable outlook. The long-term credit ratings of FRHC were affirmed at level "B-". Continuing aggression by Russia and related global unrest could result in further ratings downgrades. Freedom Life has an S&P Global Rating of "BB-" on the international scale and long-term rating on the national scale of "kzA-" with a Stable outlook. Freedom Insurance has been assigned "B+" rating by S&P Global Ratings and "kzBBB" national scale rating with Stable outlook.

Reductions in our credit ratings may adversely affect both our ability to obtain long-term funding and our credit spreads and resulting cost of such funding. Our cost of obtaining long-term unsecured funding is directly related to our credit spreads (the amount in excess of the interest rate of benchmark securities that we need to pay). Increases in our credit spreads can significantly increase our cost of this funding. Changes in credit spreads are continuous, market-driven, and subject at times to unpredictable and highly volatile movements. In addition, decreases in the credit rating of Freedom KZ, or FRHC as its owner, may affect Freedom KZ's brokerage license and impose certain requirements on FRHC as its owner with respect to Freedom KZ's investment portfolio management capacity. Decreases in the credit rating of Freedom Bank KZ may also impose certain requirements on FRHC as its owner with regard to its regulatory status as a bank holding company in Kazakhstan.

Our investments expose us to a significant risk of capital loss.

We use a significant portion of our capital to engage in a variety of investment activities for our own account, as well as in our exchange-based market making activities. As of March 31, 2023, our assets included \$2.4 billion of trading securities, approximately 52.6% of which consisted of corporate debt securities and approximately 42.7% of which consisted of non-U.S. sovereign debt securities. We have relied on leverage, including by entering into reverse repurchase agreements, repurchase agreements, securities borrowed and securities loaned transactions, to increase the size of our proprietary securities portfolio. As a result, we may face risks of illiquidity, loss of principal and revaluation of assets. The companies in which we invest may concentrate on markets which are or may be disproportionately impacted by pressures in the sectors on which they focus, and their existing business operations or investment strategies may not perform as projected. As a result, we may suffer losses from our investment activities. Our proprietary portfolio is concentrated in the sovereign debt instruments of a few non-U.S. countries and debt and equities of a number of companies. A consequence of this investment strategy is that our investment returns could be materially and adversely affected if these investments do not perform as anticipated or if the market performs differently than we forecast. Moreover, because we rely on leverage in our portfolio, when an investment does not perform within the time horizon we project, we face the risk of either having to close the position at a time when the market price or liquidity might be unfavorable, or extending financing arrangements beyond the time frame initially anticipated, which can result in paying higher financing costs than projected. If a significant investment such as this fails to perform as anticipated our return on investment, liquidity, cash flow, financial condition and results of operations could be materially negatively affected, and the magnitude of the loss could be significant.

Substantially all of our investing and market-making positions are marked-to-market on a daily basis, and declines in asset values directly and immediately impact our earnings. Although we may take measures to manage market risk, such as employing position limits, hedging and using quantitative risk measures, we may incur significant losses from our trading activities due to leverage, market fluctuations, currency fluctuations and volatility. To the extent that we own assets, i.e., have long positions, a downturn in the value of those assets or markets could result in losses. Conversely, to the extent we have sold assets we do not own, i.e., have short positions, an upturn in those markets could expose us to potentially large losses as we attempt to cover our short positions by acquiring assets in a rising market. We cannot give assurance that our investing and market-making strategies will be effective in all situations or that those activities will always be profitable. For example, an increase in interest rates, a general decline in debt or equity markets, an inability to properly and cost effectively hedge, economic slowdowns, delays in timing of anticipated events, an inability to identify and engage suitable counterparties, or other market conditions adverse to entities or investments of the type in which we invest or for which we make markets, or other world events, such as wars, including the Russia-Ukraine conflict, natural disasters or the outbreak of a pandemic such as Covid-19, could result in a decline in the value of our investments. Additionally, changes in existing laws, rules or regulations, or judicial or administrative interpretations thereof, or new laws, rules or regulations could have an adverse impact on our investments.

We are dependent upon our relationships with third-party U.S.-registered securities broker-dealer and clearing firms to receive and transmit securities and funds internationally.

We provide our brokerage customers with access to the U.S. stock markets, and a significant amount of our brokerage business relates to trading in U.S.-listed securities by our brokerage customers. Our PrimeEx subsidiary is not a licensed clearing firm. We rely on the services of a limited number of third-party U.S.-registered securities broker dealer and clearing firms to execute these trades. In executing purchase transactions, we transmit the funds invested by our customers to the relevant U.S.-registered securities broker-dealer and clearing firms, which execute the purchases of the securities. In executing sales, funds from the sale of securities are transmitted from such U.S.-registered securities broker-dealer and clearing firms back to us through international banking electronic transfers. We also routinely evaluate opportunities to establish relationships with other U.S.-registered securities broker-dealer and clearing firms. While part of our strategy is to consider acquiring an ownership interest in a self-clearing company in the United States in the future on an opportunistic basis in order to provide us additional access to the U.S. stock markets, there can be no assurance that we will ultimately do so. Damage to or the loss of our relationships with the U.S. registered securities broker-dealer and clearing firm on which we currently rely could impair our ability to continue to provide our customers access to the U.S. markets at the volumes and in the manner they are accustomed to and could result in higher transaction costs for us or our customers, any of which could have a material adverse impact on our business, results of operations, and financial condition.

We may suffer significant loss from changes in the KASE's requirements related to the discount coefficients on the securities in securities repurchase transactions.

As part of our investment activities, both as an intermediary between borrowers and lenders and on a proprietary basis, we raise funds through repurchase transactions on the KASE. Our short-term financing is primarily obtained through securities repurchase arrangements. As of March 31, 2023, \$1.5 billion, or 63%, of the trading securities held in our

proprietary trading account were subject to securities repurchase obligations. The securities we pledge as collateral under repurchase agreements are liquid trading securities with market quotes and significant trading volume.

Depending on the reliability of the instrument used to secure the repurchase transaction, the KASE has established the size of the discount for securities. The discount is a decreasing coefficient that sets the maximum borrowing amount for repurchase transactions in relation to each individual instrument. In the event of unexpected changes in the terms of the discount, we may incur financial losses associated with the need to sell securities to cover liquidity at a cost disadvantageous to us, or due to the need to borrow necessary funds at higher rates.

Our modeling and assumptions used in assessing risks in our insurance business may differ materially from actual results.

We use modeling and forecasts to estimate exposures, loss trends and other risks, and to assist us in decision-making related to underwriting, pricing, capital allocation, and other issues associated with our insurance businesses. Our models and forecasts are subject to various unverifiable assumptions, uncertainties, model design errors, complexities and inherent limitations, including those arising from the use of historical internal, industry, and unverified, third-party-provided data and assumptions. If, based upon these models, forecasts or other factors, we misprice our products or fail to correctly estimate the associated risks, our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows may be materially adversely affected.

We also establish and monitor underwriting guidelines and an approval process for assessing and addressing risks and their limits; however, we cannot assure that the assumptions our guidelines and limits are based on, or the analysis of those assumptions, are correct or will accurately reflect future results. As a result, we cannot assure that these guidelines and approval process will be effective in mitigating our underwriting risks.

In our insurance business, we may not be able to obtain reinsurance at required levels or prices, or otherwise collect on reinsurance, which could increase our exposure or limit our ability to write new policies.

The availability and cost of reinsurance are dependent on market conditions beyond our control. As a result, reinsurance may not be continuously available to us to the extent and on the terms we require to write new business. If we cannot obtain reinsurance or purchase reinsurance at acceptable prices, we would have to either accept an increase in our exposure, or reduce our insurance exposure by limiting writing new policies that we think necessitate reinsurance protections, either of which could have a materially adverse effect on our insurance businesses.

Further, our reinsurance programs have counterparty risk that may result in uncollectible claims. Collectability from reinsurers is subject to factors such as whether reinsurers have the financial capacity to make payments, whether insured losses meet the conditions of the reinsurance contract, and whether the reinsurer otherwise disputes coverage. Our inability to recover from reinsurers, for any reason, could have a material effect on our results of operations, financial condition and business prospects.

We are dependent on our executive management team, particularly Timur Turlov, and our ability to hire and retain skilled personnel.

We depend on the efforts, skills, reputations and business contacts of our executive management team, in particular Timur Turlov, and the management teams of our subsidiaries. These individuals have made significant contributions to our success and we believe our success moving forward depends, to a significant extent, on the experience of these individuals, whose continued service is not guaranteed. If certain individuals leave or are otherwise no longer available to us for any reason, we may not be able to replace them with comparable capable personnel. Due to Mr. Turlov's importance to our company, we would be materially adversely affected if Mr. Turlov ceased to actively participate in the management of our business or left the company entirely. We do not hold "key man" life insurance on Mr. Turlov or any of our other officers or directors.

In addition to the importance of Mr. Turlov and other executive management in our continued growth and success, we are dependent, in part, on our continued ability to hire, adequately train and retain skilled employees. The pool of experienced and qualified employee candidates is limited in some of the geographical areas where we conduct business, and competition for skilled employees can be significant. Additionally, we rely on experienced managerial, marketing and support personnel to effectively manage and operate our business. If we do not succeed in engaging and retaining skilled employees and other personnel or if we experience a loss of such personnel, we may be unable to meet our objectives and, as a result, our business may suffer.

Extraordinary events beyond our control could negatively impact our business.

Our business and operations could be seriously disrupted and our reputation could be harmed, by events or contributing factors that are wholly or partially beyond our control. The occurrence of such extraordinary events, including the emergence of pandemics or other widespread health emergency (or concerns over the possibility of such an emergency); persistent or recurring endemic; political discord and civil unrest; terrorist attacks; cyber attacks; war and armed conflict (including but not limited to the Russia-Ukraine conflict); extreme weather events or other natural disasters; failure of, or loss of access to, technology or operational systems, including any resulting loss of critical data; power, telecommunications or internet outages; or shutdowns of mass transit, could create, and in the cases of Covid-19, civil unrest in Kazakhstan in January 2022, and the Russia-Ukraine conflict, have created, and may continue to create, economic, governmental and financial disruptions, and could lead to operational difficulties (including shutdowns of our offices, quarantine, shelter in place and travel limitations) that could impair our ability to operate our business.

The Covid-19 has pandemic impacted and could continue to impact the global economy, global financial markets and our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

The Covid-19 has created financial disruption and impacted the economies of every country in which we operate. Although financial markets have rebounded from the significant declines experienced during the early stages of the Covid-19 outbreak, signs of underlying economic weakness persist, including elevated levels of market volatility, high unemployment, lack of consumer confidence, depressed levels of business activity in certain sectors, and increased cyber security, information security and operational risks resulting from expansion of remote work. While the health and safety measures initially implemented to address the spread of the disease impacted our business, we are now operating without Covid-19 related restrictions.

We believe that the interventions from banks and governments in response to the Covid-19 and the increase in the amount of time people spent at home during the pandemic led to an increase in the opening of investment accounts and investing in securities worldwide. The increased levels of customer activity combined with greater market volatility led to significant growth in our customer accounts, trading volume, fee and commission income, gains in our proprietary trading and net income during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022 and 2021. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, our operations remained largely unaffected by Covid-19, resulting in no significant impact on our financial performance. Given the geopolitical and other impacts of the Russia-Ukraine conflict, we cannot discern the recent effects of the relative return to pre-Covid-19 operations on our to the customer account growth, trading volume, commission and fee income and net income.

If Covid-19 or another highly infectious or contagious disease continues to spread, if the response to contain it is unsuccessful, or if there are adverse changes in political conditions or social unrest as a result of the response, we may experience adverse effects on our business, financial condition, liquidity, results of operations and cash flows.

Risks Related to Information Technology and Cyber Security

Our brokerage, financial services, and banking operations are highly dependent on the continued and proper functioning of our information technology systems.

Our brokerage, financial services and banking businesses are highly dependent on processing, on a daily basis, a large number of communications and increasingly complex transactions across diverse markets, in various languages. These communications and transactions are accomplished primarily through electronic information technology systems ("IT") that are comprised of a wide array of computer systems, software, server and network hardware, internet connectivity and underlying infrastructure that enable them to function. The financial, accounting, or other data processing systems we or the firms that clear transactions on behalf of our customers use may fail to operate properly, become disabled, or otherwise become unavailable, as a result of events that are wholly or partially beyond our control.

Events causing failures of our systems may include a disruption of electrical, communications, internet or other infrastructure, or related services, or our inability to access or use one or more of our facilities, as a result of any number of occurrences, including, but not limited to, the outbreak of a pandemic such as Covid-19, social unrest such as occurred in Kazakhstan in January 2022, or armed conflict such as the Russia-Ukraine conflict. For example, during the transition to the new calendar year 2023, Freedom Bank KZ experienced a technical failure in processing transactions on its MultiInvest cards, as a result of which it incurred losses of approximately \$3 million. After the error was identified, measures were taken to rectify the issue and provide for timely synchronization of the balances going forward.

If any of these systems do not operate properly or are disabled or otherwise unavailable, or if there are other shortcomings or failures in our internal processes, personnel, or systems related to the electronic communications and functionality our operations depend on, we could suffer impairment to our liquidity, financial loss, a disruption of business, liability to customers, regulatory intervention, or reputational damage. The inability of our systems to accommodate an increasing volume of transactions could also constrain our ability to expand our business operations.

In particular, our "Tradernet" electronic trading platform is proprietary technology that plays a key role in both our customers' use of our services and for other important aspects of our business. Errors, failures, delays, interruptions, disruptions, vulnerabilities, bugs, incompatibility, obsolescence, or similar issues with Tradernet, or the software or systems upon which Tradernet relies for its functionality, however caused, could result in business disruptions, financial loss, reputational damage, and other adverse impacts on our business.

We interact with large volumes of sensitive data that exposes us to IT breach and other data security risks and liabilities.

Our operations rely on the secure processing, storage, and transmission of confidential, personal, financial and other information in our computer systems and networks. In particular, our ability to operate our business, and specifically our electronic trading platform, Tradernet, depends on our ability to protect the computer systems, networks and databases that we operate and use from unauthorized intrusions of third parties, including cyber attacks. Our computer systems, software, and networks may be vulnerable to unauthorized access, computer viruses, spyware or other malicious code, and other evolving cyber security threats.

The occurrence of one or more of these events could: (a) jeopardize confidential and other information processed by, stored in, and transmitted through our computer systems and networks or the computer systems and networks of our customers or other third parties with whom we conduct business; or (b) otherwise cause interruptions or malfunctions in our operations or the operations of our customers or third parties with whom we conduct business. In addition, new and expanding data privacy laws and regulations (such as the GDPR, as discussed above in this Item 1A under "*We operate in highly regulated industries*") are, or soon will be, in effect in many of the jurisdictions where we conduct business. These pose increasingly complex compliance challenges, which may increase compliance costs, and compliance failures could result in significant fines, penalties and liability.

We have previously experienced cyber security incidents which breached our information systems, but these were contained by our response teams and generated negligible impacts. There is also a possibility that we are not currently aware of certain undisclosed vulnerabilities in our IT systems and other assets. There is an increased likelihood that escalation of tensions from the Russia-Ukraine conflict could result in cyber attacks that could either directly or indirectly impact our operations. Although our subsidiaries have implemented cyber security strategies for mitigating these risks, we cannot be sure that our network and information technology systems will not be subject to such issues, or, if they are, that we will be able to maintain the integrity of our customers' and employees' data or that malware or other technical or operational issues will not disrupt our network or systems and cause significant harm to our operations. If our services are affected by attacks or malware and this degrades our services, our products and services may be perceived as being vulnerable to cyber risk and the integrity of our data protection systems may be questioned. As a result, users and customers may curtail or stop using our products and services, and we might incur reputational damage, litigation exposure, regulatory fines, penalties, reimbursement or other compensatory costs.

As of the date of this report, most of our employees have returned to working on site rather than remotely, which we believe lessens the overall IT risks associated with widespread remote work. However, possible outbreaks or other events occur in the future, we may again be required to move a significant portion of our workforce to working remotely. We continue use risk management and contingency plans and other precautions designed to address the heightened risk of cyber security breaches resulting from a significant remote work force. However, we cannot assure that such measures will continue to adequately protect our business in the event of future transitions of our workforce to remote working, as remote working environments may be less secure and more susceptible to cyber security threats.

We do not maintain insurance policies to mitigate these risks because such insurance may not be available or may be more expensive than the perceived benefit. Further, any insurance that we may purchase to mitigate certain risks may not cover all losses.

The infrastructure on which our IT systems depend is subject to events that could interrupt our ability to operate.

The infrastructure upon which our operations and IT systems depend, including electrical communications and internet, and transportation and other services, are vulnerable to damage or disruptions from events outside our control,

including natural disasters, military conflicts, power, telecommunications and internet unavailability or outages, terrorist acts, riots, government shutdown orders, changes in government regulation, equipment or system failures or an inability to access or operate such equipment or systems, human error or intentional wrongdoings, cyber-attacks or any other types of information technology security threats.

In addition, as we operate in emerging markets which may have an increased threat of terrorism, military conflict, social unrest or governmental interference with infrastructure, which could result in property damage, business interruption and damage to our brand or reputation. The local authorities may order our subsidiaries to temporarily shut down their entire networks or part or all of our networks may be shut down due to actions relating to military conflicts, social unrest or a nationwide strike. For example, during the social unrest in Kazakhstan that occurred in January 2022, the Kazakhstan government temporarily shut down access to the internet in the country, which resulted in severance of internal communications within our Kazakhstan subsidiaries.

Because we have employees in a number of locations in Kazakhstan, Ukraine, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Azerbaijan, Germany, Spain, Greece, France, the UAE, the UK, the U.S. and Cyprus, all of whom need to work and communicate as an integrated team, the functionality of the infrastructure affects our ability to conduct business. If a disruption occurs in one location and our employees in that location are unable to communicate with or travel to other locations, our ability to service and interact with our customers may suffer. While we have contingency plans in place to address such issues, these plans may not always be deployed successfully or be sufficiently adequate to fully offset the impacts of such disruptions. We do not maintain insurance policies to mitigate these risks because such insurance may not be available or may be more expensive than the perceived benefit. Further, any insurance that we may purchase to mitigate certain risks may not cover all losses.

In addition, the computers and data centers that process our trades and payments are located in the same locale. If a catastrophic event were to occur at such a locale it may result in permanent data loss. More generally, substantial property and equipment loss, and disruption in operations as well as any defects in our systems or those of third parties or other difficulties could expose us to liability and materially adversely impact our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, any outage or disruptive efforts could adversely impact our reputation and other aspects of our business.

Failure of third-party systems and operations on which we rely could adversely affect our business.

We rely on certain third-party computer systems or third-party service providers, including clearing systems, other broker-dealers, exchange systems, banking systems, internet service, co-location facilities, communications facilities and other facilities. Any interruption in these third-party services, or deterioration in their performance, could be disruptive to our business. If our arrangement with any third-party is terminated, we may not be able to find an alternative source of systems support on a timely basis or on commercially reasonable terms. This could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

In particular, funds invested by our customers in securities of U.S. companies are transmitted by us to U.S. registered securities broker-dealer and clearing firms. Funds from the sale of securities are transmitted from such U.S. registered securities broker-dealer and clearing firms back to us through international banking electronic transfers, which can experience clerical and administrative mistakes, be subject to technical interruption, be delayed, or otherwise fail to work as planned. We do not have any control over these funds transfers. Failures or substantial delays in funds transfers could impair our customer relationships. Damage to or the loss of our relationships with these U.S. registered securities broker-dealer and clearing firms could also impair our ability to continue to offer such services to our customers which could have a material adverse impact on our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows. See "*We are dependent upon our relationships with third party U.S.-registered securities broker-dealer and clearing firms to receive and transmit securities and funds internationally.*" above.

Our success also depends on the continued availability, development and maintenance of the internet infrastructure globally and particularly in the countries in which we operate. This includes maintenance of a reliable network backbone with the necessary speed, data capacity and security for providing reliable internet services. Any disruption in network access provided by third parties or any failure by them to handle current or higher future volumes of use may significantly harm our business. We have experienced and expect to continue to experience interruptions and delays in service from time to time. Furthermore, we depend on hardware and software suppliers for prompt delivery, installation and service of servers and other equipment to deliver our services.

In connection with the Russia-Ukraine conflict, the Russian authorities have placed increased restrictions on access to the internet, including limiting global internet connections for Russian users, restricting access to certain internet

sites and imposing regulations governing various information technology service providers. These restrictions increase the risks that we will not be able to adequately or timely communicate with customers who are Russian person in order to provide our services, and could result in the loss of such business.

To remain competitive, we must keep pace with rapid technological change.

The global securities industry is characterized by rapidly changing technology, shifting industry standards and evolving trading systems, practices and techniques. Our customers' needs and demands fluctuate with these changes. We are focused on anticipating and developing technologies to meet the constantly changing demands of the market through ongoing enhancement of our products, services and platforms. If our platforms and systems do not operate properly, are slow to market, provide customers with a poor user experience, or are non-competitive with the offering of our competitors, we could experience a loss in business that could reduce our earnings or cause a loss of revenue.

In particular, our "Tradernet" electronic trading platform is proprietary technology that has taken substantial resources and time to build and requires continued development to remain competitive with other trading platforms. Adoption or development of superior platforms or technologies by our competitors may require us to devote substantial resources to the further development of Tradernet, or other platforms, to remain competitive. Our future success will depend in part on our ability to develop, adapt or acquire up-to-date technology that meets ever evolving industry standards. We may not always be correct or timely in our assessment of how technological changes may impact our business. If we are unable to develop, adapt to, access or acquire technology that meets or exceeds industry standards on a timely and cost-effective basis, which could materially and adversely impact our business, financial condition and results of operations.

For example, in Kazakhstan we have developed an online-based platform that integrates Kazakhstan government databases with our services, making our service offerings faster and more convenient than services without such integration. We do not control the relevant government databases and cannot guarantee that we will always have access to such databases or proper functionality with such databases. For us to expand this type of integrated product outside of Kazakhstan, we would be reliant on similar databases being available and able to integrate with our systems in the jurisdictions to which we expand, the availability of which will likely vary greatly among jurisdictions.

Furthermore, many of our competitors are larger, more experienced and have greater resources to devote to the development of new technologies and services. If we are unable to keep pace with their development efforts our customers may find our platforms and services less compelling, which could lead to customer losses or a reduction in the revenue we generate from our product and service offerings.

Risks Related to Our Operations in Emerging Markets

Emerging markets, such as many of the markets in which we operate, are subject to greater risks than more mature markets, including significant political, economic and legal risks.

Generally, investments in emerging markets are only suitable for sophisticated investors who fully appreciate the significance of the risks involved. Investors in emerging markets should be aware that these markets are subject to greater risk than more mature markets, including in some cases significant political, economic and legal risks, including:

- difficulties in enforcing legal rights;
- corruption in certain countries;
- economic volatility and sustained economic downturns;
- restrictive changes in securities brokerage, financial services and banking laws;
- differing and sometimes conflicting legal and regulatory regimes;
- unpredictable, uncertain and potentially adverse changes to tax regimes;
- difficulties in developing, staffing, and simultaneously managing a number of international operations;
- risks related to government regulation;
- uncertain protection and enforcement of our intellectual property rights;

- uncertain and changing judicial and regulatory environments and requirements;
- currency exchange rate fluctuations and currency exchange controls;
- procuring adequate insurance; and
- political or social unrest, including domestic protests such as occurred in Kazakhstan in January 2022 and international conflicts, such as the Russia-Ukraine conflict.

Emerging market governments and judiciaries often exercise broad, unchecked discretion and are susceptible to abuse and corruption. Investors should also note that emerging economies such as Kazakhstan are subject to rapid change and that the information set out herein may become outdated relatively quickly. Moreover, financial, political or social turmoil in any emerging market country can disrupt the local securities markets.

We are exposed to foreign currency fluctuation risks.

Because our business is conducted in multiple countries, we face exposure to movements in foreign currency exchange rates. This exposure may change over time as business practices evolve and can have a material impact on our financial statements. Our functional currency is the U.S. dollar. The functional currencies of our subsidiaries include the Kazakhstan tenge, the euro, the Ukrainian hryvnia, the Uzbekistan som, the Kyrgyzstan som, the Azerbaijan manat, the Armenian dram, the British pound sterling and the United Arab Emirates dirham. For financial reporting purposes, those currencies are translated into U.S. dollars as the reporting currency. Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the balance sheet dates. Revenues and expenses are translated at the average rate of exchange prevailing during the reporting period. As the value of the functional currencies of our subsidiaries weakens against the U.S. dollar, we may realize losses arising as a result of translating such foreign currencies to U.S. dollars. Conversely, as the value of the U.S. dollar weakens against the functional currencies of our subsidiaries, we may realize gains arising as a result of currency translation.

Fluctuations in currency exchange rates have had, and will continue to have, an impact on our results of operations. For example, the countrywide unrest in Kazakhstan in January 2022 and again following the onset of the Russia-Ukraine conflict the government of Kazakhstan imposed rules that included strict restrictions on currency operations between residents and non-residents. Such rules may be imposed when the applicable regulator believes there exists a serious threat to the stability of payment balances, the foreign currency market or economic security and can have a significant impact on currency rate fluctuation.

In February and March 2022, the Kazakhstan tenge and Russian ruble depreciated significantly against major foreign currencies amid the geopolitical situation related to Russia-Ukraine conflict. However, Kazakhstan and Russia have since been able to strengthen the tenge and Russian ruble, respectively, with capital controls and higher interest rates, bringing them closer to pre-conflict levels. These fluctuations in our operating currencies resulted in losses on foreign exchange operations during the fourth quarter of our 2022 fiscal year and subsequent improvement in the first quarter of 2023 fiscal year as those currencies recovered. We cannot assure you that such currency exchange rate fluctuations will not adversely impact our operating results, cash flows and financial condition in the future. While we may employ strategies to hedge against currency fluctuations, the use of such strategies can also result in the loss of potential benefits that might result from favorable exchange rate fluctuations.

We face interest rate change risks.

Fluctuations in interest rates can impact our earnings. Declines in interest rates can have a detrimental effect on the interest we earn. A rise in interest rates could negatively impact us if we hold securities that have an inverse relationship with interest rates or where market conditions or the competitive environment induces us to raise our interest rates or replace deposits with higher cost funding sources without offsetting increases in yields on interest-earning assets.

To reduce the negative impact of sanctions and other actions related to the Russia-Ukraine conflict on the Kazakhstan economy, the NBK raised the base rate from 10.25% to 16.75% per annum. The base rate was increased to produce a rise in deposit rates to levels needed to compensate for increased depreciation and inflation risks. This was needed to support financial and price stability and protect the savings of Kazakhstan citizens from depreciation. Russia similarly raised interest rates during this period. The rate increases contributed to a significant net loss on our trading securities, largely due to the revaluation of our bond positions. Further interest rate hikes in the future could have similar negative effects.

The economies of Kazakhstan and other countries in which we operate are vulnerable to external shocks and fluctuations in the global economy.

Shocks and fluctuations to the global economy may adversely impact Kazakhstan and the other countries in which we operate. For example, a substantial amount of our operations are conducted in Kazakhstan. We estimate that, for fiscal 2023, approximately 68% of our total revenue and approximately 79% of our total net income was attributable to our operations in Kazakhstan, and as of March 31, 2023, approximately 84% of our total assets were attributable to our operations in Kazakhstan. Kazakhstan's economy and finances have been adversely affected by global financial developments and political changes. Real GDP growth decreased from 4.2% in 2014 to 1.2% in 2015 and 1.1% in 2016 before increasing to 4.1% in 2017, 4.1% in 2018, and 4.5% in 2019. GDP then contracted by 2.5% in 2020 due to the direct and indirect impact of the Covid-19 pandemic, including the sharp decline in oil prices following the outbreak of the pandemic. In 2021, GDR growth was 4.3%. In 2022, GDP growth decreased to 3.2% in part due to the decreased oil production and supply-chain disruptions caused by the Russia-Ukraine conflict. The decrease in the GDP growth rate from 2014 to 2016 was principally attributable to a decrease in global demand for oil and gas and the resulting decrease in oil production and a fall in oil prices. While in recent years Kazakhstan has sought to diversify its economy and, in particular, to increase exports of manufacturing products, Kazakhstan continues to remain heavily reliant on the oil and gas industry and on hydrocarbon exports.

Changes in both the global and domestic environment have resulted in, among other things, lower liquidity levels across the banking sector, tighter credit conditions for Kazakhstan companies generally and fluctuating global demand for, and instability in, the price of crude oil and other commodities and downward pressure on the tenge. For example, the tenge depreciated significantly relative to the U.S. dollar in 2018 mainly due to significant deterioration of external factors, such as depreciation of the Russian ruble and the decrease in crude oil prices (starting from October 2018) due to increased oil reserves and oil production by principal exporters. The tenge depreciated relative to the U.S. dollar by 10.4% in 2020 primarily due to a sharp fall in oil prices caused by the Covid-19 pandemic. As a result of the onset of the Russia-Ukraine conflict, the tenge depreciated by 8.0% relative to the U.S. dollar during the quarter ended March 31, 2022. However, during fiscal 2023 the value of the tenge largely stabilized and appreciated by 3.1% against the U.S. dollar.

Kazakhstan and other countries remain vulnerable to external shocks and the economic performance of their trading partners. A significant decline in economic growth in the EU or in any of a country's other major trading partners, including Russia (whether or not resulting from international sanctions), could have a material adverse effect on such country's balance of trade and adversely affect its economic growth.

Weaknesses in the global economy, or a future external economic crisis, may have a negative effect on economies or investors' confidence in the markets where we operate. Such developments could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Kazakhstan's economy is vulnerable to internal political and social unrest.

The countrywide unrest in Kazakhstan that occurred in January 2022 resulted in major interruptions to Kazakhstan's financial market. As a result of shutdowns (or restrictions on access to) the internet and the state of emergency declared by the president of Kazakhstan, our Kazakhstan subsidiaries, along with other financial institutions in Kazakhstan, were unable to conduct operations or operated with limited functionality during the unrest. We are currently exploring the possibility of obtaining alternative ways to access the internet in the case of such emergency situations and to eliminate or mitigate the consequences of losing access to the internet. This event also resulted in significant changes to the Kazakhstan government and reshuffling of government officials, which could in turn result in future impacts to the financial markets in Kazakhstan, including possible amendments to legislation that may limit or make it more difficult or expensive to conduct our operations or make our services less attractive to our customers.

Economic and political instability in Russia could have an adverse effect on our business.

Although we have completed the divestiture of our Russian subsidiaries, we continue to do business with Russian persons, both directly and indirectly through our transactions with FST Belize. As a result, our business and results of operations may be significantly impacted by economic and political conditions in Russia. Over the last two decades, the Russian economy has experienced and may continue to experience at various times:

- significant volatility in its GDP;
- the impact of international sanctions;
- high levels of inflation;

- increases in, or high, interest rates;
- sudden price declines in oil and other natural resources;
- instability in the local currency market;
- lack of reform in the banking sector and a weak banking system providing limited liquidity to Russian enterprises;
- budget deficits;
- the continued operation of loss-making enterprises due to the lack of effective bankruptcy proceedings;
- capital flight; and
- significant increases in poverty rates, unemployment and underemployment.

Beyond the risks associated with these economic conditions and the Russia-Ukraine conflict risks discussed in *'Risks Related to the Russia-Ukraine Conflict'* and elsewhere in this Item 1A, other notable risks related to the Russian political regime and our doing business with Russian persons include the risks of implementation of government policies targeted at specific individuals or companies, laws restricting foreign investment, Russian anti-money laundering legislation adversely impacting our transaction volumes and mandatory U.S. and EU sanctions screening being inhibited by Russian data privacy laws and constraints.

Taxation Risks Related to Our International Operations

Global anti-offshore measures could adversely impact our business.

In 2013, the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development ("OECD") and G20 countries accepted that existing international tax rules create opportunities for base erosion and profit shifting. Pursuing solutions to this problem, the OECD and G20 countries adopted a 15-point Action Plan to Base Erosion and Profit Shifting ("BEPS"). The BEPS package of measures represents a substantial revision of international tax rules. In light of the new measures, it is expected that profits will be reported where the economic activities that generate them are carried out and where value is created.

The Convention on Mutual Administrative Assistance in Tax Matters developed by the Council of Europe and the OECD in 1988 and amended by Protocol in 2010 has now been signed by 141 jurisdictions (including Kazakhstan, Cyprus and Russia). This convention requires competent authorities of jurisdictions-signatories to participate in the exchange of information that is foreseeably relevant for the administration or enforcement of their domestic laws concerning taxes. In 2016 Russia (and in 2018 Kazakhstan) joined the Standard for Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information (Common Reporting Standard) (the "CRS"). The CRS calls on jurisdictions to obtain information from their financial institutions and automatically exchange that information with other jurisdictions on an annual basis.

The foregoing developments regarding global information exchange could complicate our tax planning as well as related business decisions and could possibly expose us to significant fines and penalties and to enforcement measures, despite our best efforts at compliance, and could result in a greater than expected tax burden.

On November 24, 2016, the OECD published the Multilateral Convention to Implement Tax Treaty Related Measures to Prevent BEPS (the "MLI") which introduces new provisions to existing double tax treaties limiting the use of tax benefits provided thereby. As a minimum standard, the MLI implements a principal purposes test, under which treaty benefits are disallowed if one of the principal purposes of the transaction or the structure was to obtain a tax benefit. The MLI was ratified by Cyprus on January 22, 2020 and by Kazakhstan on February 20, 2020. Application of the MLI could potentially limit tax benefits granted under the double tax treaties of Cyprus and Kazakhstan.

Frequent tax law changes in regions where we conduct operations could adversely affect our business and the value of investments.

We are subject to a broad range of taxes and other compulsory payments, including, but not limited to, income tax VAT and social contributions. Tax laws have been in force for a short period relative to tax laws in more developed market economies, and the implementation of these tax laws is still unclear or inconsistent. The tax laws and regulations in our regions outside the U.S. are subject to frequent changes, varying and contradicting interpretations, and inconsistent and selective enforcement.

The Transfer Pricing Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan, dated July 5, 2008, provides for three-level transfer pricing documentation, including a country-by-country report (CbCR). Under the mandatory filing requirements or CbCR in Kazakhstan, if we reach the reporting threshold established for the group's consolidated revenue (e.g. EUR 750 million) we may be required to submit relevant CbCR reports. It continues to be unclear how the above measures will be applied by the tax authorities and courts. Notably, there is uncertainty about the types of income that should be included in the group's consolidated revenue for CbCR purposes. Similar requirements are imposed by other jurisdictions in which we do business, including but not limited to Cyprus, Ukraine, and Uzbekistan.

Kazakhstan transfer pricing legislation may require pricing adjustments and impose additional tax liabilities.

Under Kazakhstan transfer pricing legislation, the burden of proving market prices, as well as keeping specific documentation, lies with the taxpayers. In certain circumstances, the local tax authorities may apply the transfer pricing rules and methods in cases where the rules are formally not applicable, claiming additional tax charges calculated using the transfer rules but based on other tax concepts (e.g., anti-avoidance rules, lack of economic justification of expenses, etc.). Our subsidiaries in Kazakhstan could become subject to transfer pricing tax audits by the Kazakhstan tax authorities in the foreseeable future. As a result of such audits, the tax authorities could challenge the level of prices applied by us under "controlled" transactions (including certain intercompany transactions) or challenge the methods used to prove prices applied by us, and as a result we may accrue additional tax liabilities. If additional taxes are assessed with respect to these matters, they could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows, and results of operations.

Uncertainties and ongoing changes in Kazakhstan's tax regime may have an adverse impact on our business.

Kazakhstan's tax regime is subject to ongoing changes, resulting in uncertainties in the interpretation and application of its tax laws. For example, the Kazakhstan government has taken steps to promote investment in its financial markets, including providing a preferential tax regime within the AIFC established by the Constitutional Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated December 7, 2015 "On the Astana International Financial Center" (the "AIFC Framework Law"). Among other tax benefits, there is an exemption from corporate income tax on commission income earned by an AIFC-registered member from rendering defined financial services in the AIFC. It is currently unclear whether an AIFC-registered member is eligible for the tax benefits if, for example, it renders services online through employees working outside the AIFC. As a result of these uncertainties, the availability of these new tax exemptions to us is currently unclear.

Another tax risk we face is associated with "corporate tax residency" in Kazakhstan. Notably, when an entity is recognized as a Kazakhstan tax resident it is obligated to register with the Kazakhstan tax authorities, calculate and pay Kazakhstan income tax on its worldwide income and comply with other tax-related rules established for Kazakhstan entities. There is uncertainty as to how these residency criteria will be treated and applied by the Kazakhstan tax authorities to FRHC.

There is also uncertainty regarding determination of the "beneficial owner" of income under Kazakhstan tax law, for purposes of double-tax treaties. In particular, to date, there are still no officially approved requirements for the documentation to be obtained from the recipient of income claiming beneficial owner status. In case one of our non-Kazakhstan subsidiaries is not able to provide evidence that it is a beneficial owner of the income which it receives from one of our Kazakhstan subsidiaries, benefits under a double tax treaty will not be applicable, as a result of which the Kazakhstan subsidiary would be required to withhold taxes from such payment at the rate provided by the Tax Code of Kazakhstan without any reductions or exemptions from taxation in Kazakhstan. This could lead to additional tax liabilities for our companies.

More generally, Kazakhstan tax legislation is subject to frequent changes, varying and potentially contradicting interpretations and inconsistencies. There can be no assurance that Kazakhstan tax legislation will be amended in the future in a manner that makes our tax planning more predictable. Further, the introduction of new taxes, amendments to current taxation rules, or new interpretations of existing tax law may have a substantial impact on the overall amount of our tax liabilities. As a result, there is no assurance that we will not be required to make substantially larger tax payments in the future, which may adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Changes in regulations related to taxes on stock transfers and other financial transactions could reduce the volume of market transactions and impact our business.

Changes to laws or regulations, such as tax laws, could also have a disproportionate impact on our business or profitability, based on the way those laws or regulations are applied to us due to our corporate structure. For example, the

current U.S. presidential administration has proposed tax policy ideas that if enacted would, among other things, increase the corporate tax rate and the U.S. tax rate on Global Intangible Low Taxed Income ("GILTI").

Because of certain tax advantages we realize in certain jurisdictions where we operate, the proposed changes in the GILTI tax rate by the current U.S. administration, which have not yet been adopted and may change significantly before being implemented, if at all, could result in significantly higher tax burdens on us in the U.S., which could offset some of the favorable tax advantages we realize in some of the jurisdictions where we conduct business.

Risks Related to Our Corporate Structure and Internal Operations

As a diversified holding company with few operations of its own, FRHC is reliant on the operations of our subsidiaries to fund its holding company operations.

Our operations are conducted primarily through the subsidiaries of Freedom Holding Corp., and Freedom Holding Corp.'s ability to generate cash to fund its operations and expenses, to pay dividends or to meet debt service obligations is highly dependent on the earnings and the receipt of funds from our subsidiaries through dividends or intercompany loans. Deterioration in the financial condition, earnings or cash flow of our subsidiaries for any reason, including the risks discussed herein as applicable or the occurrence of such events to any such subsidiary, could limit or impair their ability to pay such distributions to Freedom Holding Corp. Additionally, to the extent our subsidiaries are restricted from making such distributions under applicable laws or regulations or under the terms of financing arrangements or are otherwise unable to provide funds to the extent of Freedom Holding Corp.'s needs, there could be a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

As a "controlled company" under Nasdaq rules, we qualify for exemptions from certain corporate governance requirements that may adversely affect our stock price.

Timur Turlov controls a majority of the voting power of our outstanding common stock. Accordingly, we qualify as a "controlled company" within the meaning of Nasdaq corporate governance standards. Under Nasdaq rules, a company of which more than 50% of the voting power is held by one individual is a "controlled company" and may elect not to comply with certain corporate governance standards, including the requirements that:

- a majority of its board of directors consist of independent directors;
- its nominating and corporate governance committee and compensation committee be composed entirely of independent directors;
- each committee have a written charter addressing such committee's purpose and responsibilities; and
- an annual evaluation of the nominating and corporate governance committee and compensation committee be performed.

We currently utilize an exemption to allow Timur Turlov to sit on our nominating and corporate governance committee. The charters for each of our board committees provides for annual performance evaluations. Currently we have a majority of independent directors on our board of directors.

Our status as a controlled company and resulting available exemptions from corporate governance standards could make our common stock less attractive to some investors or otherwise harm our stock price.

The interests of our controlling shareholder may conflict with those of other shareholders.

Timur Turlov, our chief executive officer and chairman of our board, beneficially owns 71.1% of our outstanding common stock. He currently has voting control of FRHC and can control the outcome of matters submitted to stockholders for approval. In addition, Mr. Turlov has the ability to control our management and affairs as a result of his position as our chief executive officer, chairman of our board and his ability to control the election of our directors. Mr. Turlov also has interests in other companies, certain of which, in particular FST Belize, conduct significant amounts of business with our company. Such related party transactions give rise to a risk of the conclusion of transactions on terms less favorable than could be obtained in arm's-length transactions. The interests of Mr. Turlov could conflict with those of the stockholders. Any such conflict could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows, results of operations and prospects.

Mr. Turlov is prohibited from membership on the audit committee of our board under the terms of such committee's charter. As majority shareholder, Mr. Turlov owes fiduciary duties to minority shareholders under Nevada law. Mr. Turlov also owes fiduciary duties to the Company as a board member and officer. However, Nevada corporate law can be viewed as more protective of officers and directors than the corporate laws of other U.S. state jurisdictions, and it therefore may not provide the same level of redress as other U.S. state corporate laws.

Civil liability may be difficult or impossible to enforce against us.

Certain of our directors, substantially all of our officers, and our controlling shareholder reside outside the U.S., and a substantial portion of our assets are located outside the U.S. in jurisdictions that are not parties to treaties or other agreements with the U.S. for the mutual enforcement of U.S. court judgments. As a result, it may be difficult or impossible for investors to enforce against us or such persons judgments of U.S. courts.

For example, the Civil Procedure Code of Kazakhstan, which became effective on January 1, 2016, provides that Kazakhstan courts should recognize and enforce foreign court judgments only if provided for by Kazakhstan law or an international treaty to which Kazakhstan is a party (based on reciprocity). Kazakhstan is not a party to any multilateral or bilateral treaties with the U.S. or the UK (or most other western jurisdictions) for the mutual enforcement of court judgments, and, accordingly, there is a risk that a judgment obtained from a court in New York or England would not be enforceable in Kazakhstan courts. Each of Kazakhstan, the U.S. and the UK are, however, parties to the 1958 New York Convention on Recognition and Enforcement of Arbitral Awards (the "Convention"), and, accordingly, an arbitral award under the Convention should generally be recognized and enforceable in Kazakhstan provided the conditions to enforcement set out in the Convention and applicable Kazakhstan laws are met. The Civil Procedure Code of Kazakhstan establishes the procedure for the enforcement of foreign arbitral awards.

We have identified material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting and may identify material weaknesses in the future or otherwise fail to establish and maintain effective internal control over financial reporting, which could have a material adverse effect on our business and stock price.

We are required to comply with the SEC's rules implementing Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as amended (the "Sarbanes-Oxley Act"), which requires management to certify financial and other information in our quarterly and annual reports and to comply with the SEC's rules implementing Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires management to provide an annual management report on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Additionally, we are required to have our independent registered public accounting firm provide an attestation report on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. Our independent registered public accounting firm needs to issue an adverse report if there is a material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. When evaluating our internal control over financial reporting, we may identify material weaknesses that we may not be able to remediate prior to the date of our annual management report.

During fiscal 2023, the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors, after discussion with management, concluded that certain reports previously filed with the SEC included material misstatements. These reports have already been amended and filed with the SEC.

In connection with such errors, we concluded that there is a material weakness due to deficiency in one of the principles associated with the Control Environment component of the COSO framework, specifically relating to a lack of a sufficient complement of qualified technical accounting and financial reporting personnel to perform control activities in support of preparing the financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The Control Environment material weakness contributed to other material weaknesses, either individually or in the aggregate, related to the design of our controls over: (i) the application of U.S. GAAP to complex transactions, (ii) the classification of certain loans and deposits from banking institutions within the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, (iii) the classification of certain interest income from margin lending within the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Other Comprehensive Income, (iv) the classification of funds received under the Kazakhstan state program for financing of mortgage loans "7-20-25" within the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and (v) the review and timely identification of misstatements in the notes to the Consolidation Financial Statements. As a result, we determined that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective for the previously filed reports as described above and our internal control over financial reporting was not effective for the previously filed Prior Financial Statements as described above.

We have commenced measures in response to the material weaknesses identified above. Management, with the oversight of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors, has evaluated the material weaknesses described above and designed a remediation plan to enhance our internal control environment. To remediate the material weaknesses, we plan to (a) provide training on U.S. GAAP to employees responsible for preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements; (b) hire qualified accounting professionals with the appropriate level of expertise in U.S. GAAP and ability to design, maintain and improve procedures and controls focused on the application of U.S. GAAP to complex transactions and preventing and detecting material misstatements in the presentation and disclosures of the Consolidated Financial Statement and (c) engage an external consulting firm to assist the Company in maintaining compliance with its U.S. GAAP reporting requirements.

Until the material weaknesses are remediated, we will continue to perform additional analysis and other post-closing procedures to ensure that our consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The material weaknesses cannot be considered remediated until the newly designed control activities operate for a sufficient period of time and management has concluded, through testing, that the controls are operating effectively. We can give no assurance that the measures we are taking and plan to take in the future will remediate the material weaknesses identified, or that any additional material weaknesses or restatements of financial results will not arise in the future due to a failure to implement and maintain adequate internal control over financial reporting or circumvention of these controls. In addition, even if we are successful in strengthening our internal controls over financial reporting, in the future those controls may not be adequate to prevent or identify irregularities or errors or to facilitate the fair presentation of our consolidated financial statements.

Any failure to maintain effective internal control over financial reporting could adversely impact our ability to report our financial position and results of operations on a timely and accurate basis. If our financial statements are inaccurate, investors may not have a complete understanding of our operations and we could face the risk of stockholder litigation. Likewise, if our financial statements are not filed on a timely basis, we could be subject to sanctions or investigations by the stock exchange on which our common stock is listed, the SEC or other regulatory authorities. Ineffective internal control over financial reporting could also cause investors to lose confidence in our reported financial information, which could have a negative effect on the trading price of our stock.

Risks Related to Ownership of Our Securities

The price of our common stock has fluctuated historically and may be volatile.

The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly. Among the factors that could affect our stock price are:

- the Russia-Ukraine conflict and related sanctions and their direct and indirect effects;
- geopolitical and civil unrest in any of the markets in which we operate;
- planned or completed acquisitions or disposals;
- pandemic and epidemic disease;
- investigations, lawsuits, enforcement actions, and other claims by third parties or governmental authorities;
- new regulatory pronouncements and changes in regulatory guidelines;
- actual or anticipated fluctuations in our quarterly operating results;
- changes in market valuations or earnings of similar companies;
- any future sales of our common stock or other securities;
- material breaches of regulations by our employees;
- changes in securities analysts' estimates of our financial performance or lack of research coverage and reports by industry analysts;
- domestic and international economic factors unrelated to our performance;
- announcements by us of significant impairment charges;

- investor perception of us and our industry;
- announcements by us or our competitors of significant contracts, acquisitions, dispositions or strategic partnerships; and
- speculation in the press or investment community.

Stock markets can experience extreme volatility unrelated to the operating performance of any particular company. These broad market fluctuations may adversely affect the trading price of our common stock. In the past, following periods of volatility in the market price of a company's securities, class action litigation has often been instituted against the affected company. Any litigation of this type brought against us could result in substantial costs and a diversion of our management's attention and resources, which could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Future offerings of securities which would rank senior to our common stock may adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

Our Articles of Incorporation authorize our board of directors to fix the relative rights and preferences of our 20,000,000 shares of authorized preferred stock, without approval from our stockholders. This could affect the rights of our common stockholders regarding, among other things, voting, distributions, dividends and liquidation. We could also use the preferred stock to deter or delay a change in control of the Company that may be opposed by our management, even if the transaction might be favorable to our common stockholders.

If, in the future, we issue debt or equity securities that rank senior to our common stock, it is possible that such securities will be governed by an indenture or other instrument containing covenants restricting our operating flexibility. Additionally, any convertible or exchangeable securities that we issue in the future may have rights, preferences and privileges more favorable than those of our common stock and may result in dilution to owners of our common stock. We and, indirectly, our stockholders, will bear the cost of issuing and servicing such securities. Because our decision to issue debt or equity securities in any future offering will depend on market conditions and other factors beyond our control, we cannot predict or estimate the amount, timing or nature of our future offerings. Thus, holders of our common stock bear the risk that future offerings might reduce the market price of our common stock and dilute the value of their stock holdings in the Company.

We do not intend to pay dividends on our common stock for the foreseeable future and, consequently, our stockholders' ability to achieve a return on their investment will depend on appreciation in the price of our common stock.

We currently intend to use our future earnings to repay debt, to fund our growth, to develop our business, for working capital needs and for general corporate purposes. We are not likely to pay dividends on our common stock for the foreseeable future, and the success of an investment in our common stock will depend upon any future appreciation in the value of our common stock. There is no guarantee that our common stock will appreciate in value or even maintain its current value.

Payments of dividends, if any, are at the sole discretion of our board of directors after taking into account various factors, including general and economic conditions, our financial condition and operating results, our available cash and current and anticipated cash needs, capital requirements, contractual, legal, tax, and regulatory restrictions and implications of the payment of dividends by us to our stockholders or by our subsidiaries to us, and such other factors as our board of directors may deem relevant. In addition, our operations are conducted almost entirely through our subsidiaries. As such, to the extent that we determine in the future to pay dividends on our common stock, none of our subsidiaries will be obligated to make funds available to us for the payment of such dividends. Further, Nevada law imposes additional requirements that may restrict our ability to pay dividends to holders of our common stock.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

None.

Item 2. Properties

We lease and own a number of properties across our four geographic segments, through which we conduct our operations.

We currently lease office space for 158 retail, executive, administrative and operational facilities in Kazakhstan, the United States, Ukraine, Cyprus, Germany, Spain, France, Greece, Armenia, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan and Azerbaijan. Our total aggregate leased square footage is approximately 416,600 square feet (38,700 square meters).

In our Central Asia and Eastern Europe segment we own 16 buildings consisting of approximately 118,370 square feet. As of March 31, 2023, the area of leased offices in our Central Asia and Eastern Europe segment was 371,920 square feet. Our Central Asia and Eastern Europe segment properties include our principal executive offices, which are located at "Esentai Tower" BC, Floor 7, 77/7 Al Farabi Ave. Almaty, Kazakhstan 050040, and which are leased.

Our principal property in our Europe segment is our office building located at Christaki Kranou 20, Freedom Tower, 5th floor, 4041 Limassol, Cyprus with an area of 854 square meters (approximately 9,190 square feet), which we own. As of March 31, 2023, the aggregate area of leased offices in our Europe segment was 22,062 square feet. On May 10, 2023, our subsidiary Freedom EU signed a contract for the construction of Elysium Tower, a building in Limassol, Cyprus, which is planned to be a new office building for our Freedom EU subsidiary.

We do not own any properties in our United States segment. As of March 31, 2023, the area of leased offices in our United States segment, which consisted of our offices located at 40 Wall Street, 57th and 58th floor, New York, was 15,250 square feet.

We do not own any properties in our Middle East / Caucasus segment. As of March 31, 2023, the area of leased offices in our Middle East / Caucasus segment was 7,366 square feet.

We consider our properties to be in good condition. While we believe our properties are adequate for our current needs, we have engaged in a number of business acquisitions in the past, and future acquisitions may require us to add additional space or dispose of existing space. For additional information regarding our office lease commitments see Note 28 "Leases" in the notes to our consolidated financial statements contained in Part II Item 8 of this annual report.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

The financial services industry is highly regulated. In recent years, there has been an increasing incidence of litigation involving the brokerage industry, including customer and shareholder class action suits that generally seek substantial damages, including in some cases punitive damages. Compliance and trading problems that are reported to federal, state and provincial regulators, exchanges or other self-regulatory organizations by dissatisfied customers are investigated by such regulatory bodies, and, if pursued by such regulatory body or such customers, may rise to the level of arbitration or disciplinary action. We are also subject to periodic governmental and regulatory audits and inspections that might result in fines or other charges.

From time to time, we or our subsidiaries may be named as defendants in various routine legal proceedings, claims, and regulatory inquiries arising out of the ordinary course of our business. Management believes that the results of these routine legal proceedings, claims, and regulatory matters will not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, or on our operations and cash flows. However, we cannot estimate the legal fees and expenses to be incurred in connection with these routine matters and, therefore, are unable to determine whether these future legal fees and expenses will have a material impact on our operations and cash flows. It is our policy to expense legal and other fees as incurred.

Estate of Toleush Tolmakov Litigation

The Estate of Toleush Tolmakov (the "Estate") commenced a legal action against Freedom Holding Corp., and our subsidiary FFIN Securities, Inc. in the Third Judicial District Court of Salt Lake County, State of Utah in December 2021. This proceeding relates to cash distributions arising from the 2011 sale of a subsidiary of BMB Munai, Inc. (the predecessor to Freedom Holding Corp.) and shares of common stock of the Company belonging to Toleush Tolmakov, who was a shareholder of the Company at the time he died in 2011, and a now defunct British Virgin Islands corporation, in which Mr. Tolmakov may have had an interest. The Company has held the relevant assets since Mr. Tolmakov's death because it does not know to whom they should be distributed and no party has yet established legal right of ownership of the assets. On October 21, 2022, in accordance with an order entered into by the Third Judicial District Court of Salt Lake County, we deposited an amount of \$8.4 million into the registry of the court, representing the amount of cash distributions

claimed by the Estate. The Company continues to deny any and all liability in this matter. We do not believe that the outcome of this litigation could be material to our financial condition.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Market Information

Our common stock trades on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "FRHC". Our common stock also trades on the KASE under the symbol "US_FRHC" and on the SPB Exchange under the symbol "FRHC".

Holders

As of August 1, 2023, we had approximately 429 shareholders of record. The number of record holders was determined from the records of our stock transfer agent and does not include beneficial owners of common stock whose shares are held in street name (i.e., in the names of various securities brokers, dealers, and registered clearing houses or agencies or similar institutions).

Dividends

We have not declared or paid a cash dividend on our common stock for the past two fiscal years. Any payment of cash dividends on stock in the future will be at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend upon our results of operations, earnings, capital requirements, financial condition, future prospects, contractual and legal restrictions and other factors deemed relevant by our board of directors. We currently intend to retain any future earnings to fund the operation, development and expansion of our business, and therefore we do not anticipate paying any cash dividends on common stock in the foreseeable future.

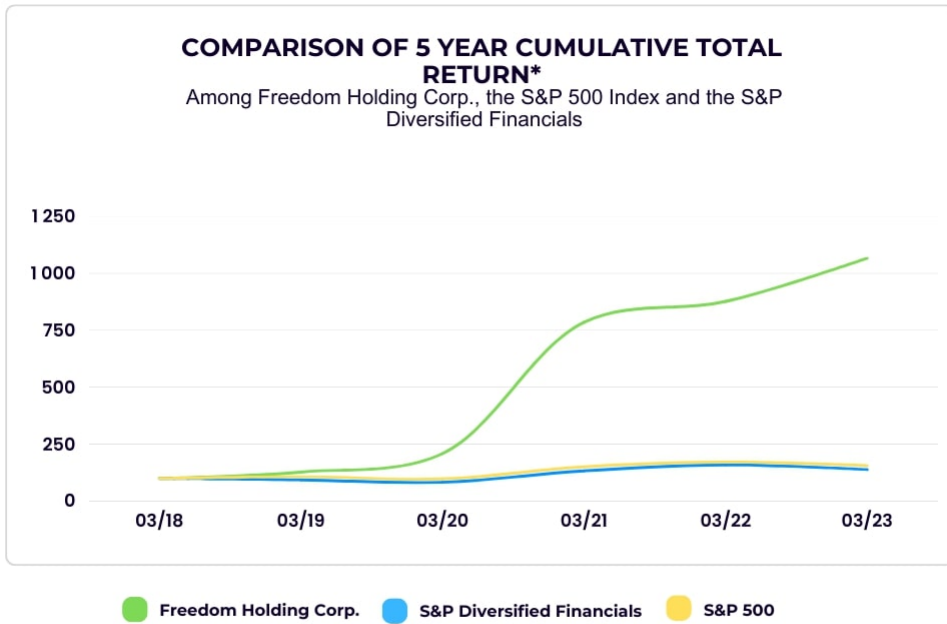
Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans

See "*Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters*" in Part III Item 12 of this annual report for our equity compensation plan information.

Stock Performance Graph

The graph and table below compares our cumulative 5-year total shareholder return on common stock with the cumulative total returns of the S&P 500 index and the S&P 500 Diversified Financials index. The graph tracks the performance of a \$100 investment in our common stock and in each index (with the reinvestment of all dividends) from March 31, 2018 to March 31, 2023.

The comparisons shown in the graph and table below are based upon historical data. The stock price performance shown in the graph and table below is not necessarily indicative of, nor is it intended to forecast, the future performance of our common stock.



*\$100 invested on 3/31/18 in stock or index, including reinvestment of dividends.
Fiscal year ending March 31

| | 3/18 | 3/19 | 3/20 | 3/21 | 3/22 | 3/23 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| Freedom Holding Corp. | 100 | 128 | 209 | 785 | 876 | 1,066 |
| S&P 500 | 100 | 107 | 107 | 150 | 172 | 156 |
| S&P 500 Diversified Financials | 100 | 94 | 83 | 133 | 159 | 139 |

The performance graph and table shall not be deemed "soliciting material" or to be "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act or otherwise subject to the liabilities under that Section and shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act.

Recent Sales of Unregistered Equity Securities

During fiscal 2023, we did not sell any unregistered shares of our equity securities.

Issuer Repurchases of Equity Securities

We did not repurchase any equity securities of the Company during fiscal 2023.

Item 6. [Reserved]

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by, our consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto contained in Part II Item 8 of this annual report as well as the information set forth in Part I Item 1 "Business" of this annual report. This discussion contains certain forward-

looking statements that involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors as described under the heading "Special Note About Forward-Looking Information" in this annual report. Actual results could differ materially from those projected in any forward-looking statements. For additional information regarding these risks and uncertainties, see the disclosure under the heading "Risk Factors" in Part I Item 1A of this annual report.

This discussion summarizes the significant factors affecting our consolidated operating results, financial condition, liquidity and capital resources for fiscal 2023, 2022 and 2021.

OVERVIEW

Freedom Holding Corp. is organized under the laws of the State of Nevada and acts as a holding company for all of our operating subsidiaries. Our subsidiaries engage in a broad range of activities in the securities industry, including retail securities brokerage, securities dealing, market making, investment research, investment counseling, investment banking and underwriting services. Additionally, we own a bank and two insurance companies operating in Kazakhstan as well as several ancillary businesses which complement our core financial services businesses.

Our business was founded in order to provide access to the international capital markets for retail brokerage clients in our core markets, to date the most important of which have been Kazakhstan and Russia. Our business has grown rapidly in recent years. We are pursuing a strategy to become a leader in the financial services industry, serving individuals and institutions desiring enhanced market access to international capital markets using state of the art technology platforms for their brokerage and banking needs.

Our principal executive office is in Almaty, Kazakhstan. We have a presence in Kazakhstan, Ukraine, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Cyprus, Germany, the United Kingdom, Greece, Spain, France, Poland, the United States, Turkey, Armenia, Azerbaijan, and the United Arab Emirates. We divested our Russian subsidiaries in February 2023. Our subsidiaries in the United States include an SEC- and FINRA-registered broker dealer. As of March 31, 2023, we had 3,689 employees, 126 offices (of which 61 offered brokerage services, 45 offered insurance services offices, 13 offered banking services and seven offered other financial and non-financial services) and 370,000 brokerage customer accounts.

Exclusion of Russian Subsidiaries Presented as Discontinued Operations

This "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" section of this annual report focuses exclusively on the continuing operations of the Company in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The financial results, operating performance, and liquidity discussed herein explicitly exclude our former Russian subsidiaries, which were divested in February 2023 and have been classified as discontinued operations for fiscal 2023. The prior periods discussed in this annual report have also been recasted for discontinued operations. For a comprehensive understanding of the Company's overall financial position, results, and the impact of the discontinued operations, we encourage you to refer to the accompanying financial statements and relevant notes.

Inclusion of insurance companies under the pooling of interest method due to being under common control

As of May 17, 2022, the Company's financials include the acquisition of two insurance companies in Kazakhstan: Freedom Life, a life insurance company, and Freedom Insurance, a direct insurance carrier excluding life, health, and medical coverage. These entities have been considered under common control with the Company since 2018. Prior to the Company's acquisition of these companies, each was wholly owned by the Company's controlling shareholder, chairman and chief executive officer, Timur Turlov, who had previously acquired Freedom Life and Freedom Insurance from a non-related party on February 28, 2018, and August 22, 2018, respectively. The two companies are under common control with the Company since the dates when they were acquired by Timur Turlov. The financial results, operating performance, and liquidity discussed herein explicitly include two insurance companies abovementioned and prior periods have been recasted accordingly.

Summary of Results of Operations

The key highlights of our consolidated results for fiscal 2023 were as follows:

- We had total revenues, net of \$795.7 million for fiscal 2023, as compared to \$689.8 million and \$346.9 million for fiscal 2022 and fiscal 2021, respectively. The change between fiscal 2022 and 2023 was mainly attributable to the increase of interest income.
- Our fee and commission income for fiscal 2023 was \$327.2 million, a decrease of \$8.0 million, or 2%, as compared to fee and commission income of \$335.2 million for fiscal 2022. The decrease was mainly attributed to the decrease in the fee and commission income from brokerage services.

- Our interest income for fiscal 2023 was \$294.7 million, representing an increase of \$173.1 million, or 142%, compared to fiscal 2022. The increase in interest income was primarily attributable to an increase in interest income from trading securities, which was the result of an increase in the total size of our trading portfolio between the two fiscal years and an increase in the amount of bonds we held as a percentage of our total trading portfolio between the two fiscal years. In addition, we had an increase in interest income on loans to customers between the two fiscal years, which was mainly attributable to an increase in the amount of mortgage loans issued and the purchase of uncollateralized bank customer loans from our affiliate microfinance organization Freedom Finance Credit ("FFIN Credit").
- We had net gain on trading securities in fiscal 2023 of \$71.1 million as compared to \$155.3 million for fiscal 2022. The decrease was attributed to a net realized loss from sale of shares in SPB Exchange.
- We had net income of \$205.6 million for fiscal 2023, as compared to \$220.9 million and \$150.3 million for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The decrease was mainly attributable to an increase of total expenses. Total expenses increased due to the increase of provisions for impairment losses, which in turn had increased due to the growth of Bank KZ loan portfolio.
- Our total assets increased to \$5.1 billion as of March 31, 2023 from \$3.2 billion as of March 31, 2022. The increase is attributable to Company's overall rapid growth.
- Our number of total brokerage customer accounts increased to approximately 370,000 as of March 31, 2023 from approximately 250,000 as of March 31, 2022 and approximately 170,000 as of March 31, 2021. As of March 31, 2023, more than 56% of those client accounts carried positive cash or asset account balances. Internally, we designate "active accounts" for a period as those in which at least one transaction has occurred in each quarter of the relevant period. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, we had approximately 52,000 active accounts.

The operating results for any period are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any future period.

Key Factors Affecting Our Results of Operations

Our operations have been, and may continue to be, affected by certain key factors as well as certain historical events and actions. The key factors affecting our business and the results of operations include, in particular: the effects of the Russia-Ukraine conflict, market and economic conditions, the growth of retail brokerage activity in our key markets, acquisitions and divestitures, our transactions with our affiliate FST Belize, governmental policies and the impact of Covid-19. Each of these factors is discussed in more detail below.

Russia-Ukraine Conflict

In February 2022, Russia launched a military offensive against Ukraine, which has resulted in a protracted conflict. The war is ongoing, and it is difficult to predict how long it will last. The economies of Russia, Ukraine and the surrounding region, the global economy generally and the Company specifically have been adversely affected by the conflict.

In response to the Russia-Ukraine conflict, numerous governments, including those of the U.S., the UE and the United Kingdom have imposed an extensive range of additional economic sanctions on Russia, certain financial institutions, business enterprises, and key persons in Russia or deemed to be enabling the Russia-Ukraine conflict. The imposed sanctions significantly expand the sanctions first imposed on Russia following the 2014 Russian invasion of Ukraine and its annexation of the Crimea region of Ukraine. In addition, many businesses are adopting a cautious approach to sanctions and export compliance matters, implementing internal policies that are more restrictive than strictly required by the applicable rules. The Russian government has issued countersanctions as a defensive measure targeted at "unfriendly states" which include the U.S. and most countries that have imposed sanctions on Russia, as well as imposed restrictions on currency transactions of its own citizens.

After careful consideration of the needs of our employees, customers and shareholders and the best interests of our company, shortly after the onset of the Russia-Ukraine conflict we decided to divest our Russian subsidiaries, Freedom RU and Freedom Bank RU. Prior to the divestiture of our Russian subsidiaries, our subsidiary Freedom RU owned approximately 90% of our Kazakhstan securities brokerage company, Freedom KZ, with the remaining interest in Freedom KZ being owned by us directly. In 2022, we decided to undertake a corporate restructuring as a result of which Freedom KZ (together with its wholly owned subsidiaries Freedom Bank KZ, Freedom Life and Freedom Insurance) became wholly owned by us directly. The transfer of ownership from Freedom RU to our direct ownership required approval by the Kazakhstan financial sector regulator, which was received on November 11, 2022. On October 17, 2022, we entered into

an agreement with Maxim Povalishin for the divestiture of 100% of the share capital of our two Russian subsidiaries. Maxim Povalishin, the purchaser, was at the time of the transaction the Deputy General Director and a member of the Board of Directors of Freedom RU. The divestiture of our Russian subsidiaries was approved by the Central Bank of the Russian Federation on February 10, 2023, and was completed on February 28, 2023.

Historically, a large portion of our trading volume has been derived from individuals and institutions in Russia, through accounts at our Russian subsidiaries and through non-Russian accounts, including indirectly through accounts held with FST Belize. Although we have divested our Russian subsidiaries, we continue to generate fee and commission income from trading activity engaged in by Russian persons (including former clients of our former Russian subsidiaries) who are not subject to any sanctions prohibitions or other legal restrictions through their accounts at our non-Russian subsidiaries or indirectly through accounts held with FST Belize. As of the date of this annual report, the Russia-related economic sanctions that have been imposed do not target our Russian clients, most of whom are members of the emerging Russian middle class population. Even before the Russia-Ukraine conflict began in February 2022, our clients were required to conform to strict anti-money laundering regulations and to undergo regular sanctions screening to assure us that they were subject to U.S., EU or UK sanctions that would restrict our ability to do business with them or require us to take regulatory compliance actions in response to their activities. However, the evolving sanctions and countersanctions in connection with the Russia-Ukraine conflict expose us to heightened risks and challenges. The Russia-Ukraine conflict has also exposed us to a range of other heightened risks stemming from our actual or perceived connections with Russia, including risks related to our business relationships with counterparties outside of Russia, including commercial banks, settlement banks, stock exchanges and regulators.

The sanctions imposed in relation to the Russia-Ukraine conflict have had a significant impact on the global economy. They have led to an increase in the prices of hydrocarbons and agricultural products produced by both Russia and Ukraine, which has further fueled inflationary pressures in Europe and elsewhere. The sanctions have also had an indirect impact on consumer confidence and spending, which could potentially harm financial markets and businesses worldwide. The Russia-Ukraine conflict and responses to it have materially and adversely impacted the macroeconomic climate in Russia and the surrounding region, resulting in significant economic uncertainty, currency exchange rate volatility, the imposition of currency controls, capital flight, materially increased interest rates and inflation, and the withdrawal of or reduction of business by a number of Western businesses from the Russian market. The fluid and evolving nature of the current Russia-related sanctions gives rise to continuing political, economic and business risks for the Russian government, its economy, and its citizens, which may lead to reduced investment confidence and investment spending by affected Russians.

In addition, there is a risk that new international sanctions and new countersanctions measures may curtail the ability of our brokerage customers who are Russian persons to trade through non-Russian accounts or in non-Russian securities, or our ability to facilitate any trading through our non-Russian subsidiaries or indirectly via FST Belize. If investment activity by Russian holders of foreign trading accounts is restricted, it could result in material reductions in our revenues.

The Russia-Ukraine conflict has also had, and may continue to have, adverse effects on our results of operations related to proprietary trading. For example, we sold 7,500,000 shares in the SPB Exchange that we owned and realized a loss from the divestiture in the amount of \$73.4 million during the year ended March 31, 2023. We attribute this loss to a combination of factors, including the heightened market uncertainty and increased volatility caused by the Russia-Ukraine conflict and its geopolitical consequences.

On October 19, 2022, the President of Ukraine signed a decree enacting a decision of the National Security and Defense Council of Ukraine (NSDC) on the application of personal special economic and other restrictive measures (sanctions) against more than 1,300 companies and more than 2,500 individuals. Freedom UA's brokerage license was suspended for a period of five years and its assets frozen by the Ukrainian authorities following its inclusion on the sanctions list. The lists of companies and individuals sanctioned included both Freedom UA and Timur Turlov, in his personal capacity. In addition, the list included two former Russian subsidiaries, which have since been divested. We believe that Freedom UA and Mr. Turlov were placed on this sanction list due to an error. We note that all persons on the Russian list of Forbes entrepreneurs for 2021 were included. In 2021 Timur Turlov was on this list and still had Russian citizenship (in the appendix to the presidential decree there is a reference to Timur Turlov's Russian citizenship). We note that, prior to June 2022, Timur Turlov was a Russian citizen. As from June 2022, Mr. Turlov renounced his Russian citizenship and is now a citizen of Kazakhstan. We have been in continuous negotiations with the presidential administration of Ukraine seeking to have Freedom UA and Mr. Turlov removed from the sanctions list. In addition, we have contributed approximately \$11.7 million to humanitarian relief efforts in Ukraine through charitable funds. We are confident that there will be a favorable outcome and that they will ultimately be removed from the sanctions list. Our

Freedom UA subsidiary is not material in the context of our overall group, although we have a significant number of Ukrainian brokerage customers that are served by our non-Ukrainian subsidiaries.

Other than the Ukrainian sanctions described above, none of FRHC, nor our group companies, nor any of our current directors or senior management, is a target of sanctions imposed by the United States, the European Union or the United Kingdom. Nevertheless, we are indirectly impacted by the designation of numerous parties in Russia as sanctioned parties and the restrictions placed on international businesses in Russia as a result. The sanctions imposed on Russia in 2014 as well as the sanctions imposed beginning in 2022 make Russia a high-risk jurisdiction for potential sanctions. As a result, when doing business with Russian persons and legal entities it is necessary for us to conduct enhanced due diligence to ensure that no persons designated on any applicable sanctions lists conduct prohibited transactions with us or through our facilities, and to ensure that neither we nor any of our executive officers facilitate any prohibited business as defined under the laws and regulations to which we are subject.

As of March 31, 2022, our Russian subsidiaries had 43 offices and branches and 1,717 employees. These offices and employees were divested by us as of February 2023. Despite the divestiture of these subsidiaries, the scale of our overall business has increased from fiscal 2022 to fiscal 2023. As of March 31, 2022, our total number of employees was 1,704 and our total number of offices was 66. As of March 31, 2023, the number of employees increased to 3,689 and the number of offices increased to 126. The increase in the scale of our operations between the two fiscal years, despite the divestment of our Russian subsidiaries, is attributable to our growth during fiscal 2023 through several acquisitions. For more information on our acquisitions in fiscal 2023, see Note 29 "Acquisitions of Subsidiaries" in the notes to our consolidated financial statements contained in Part II Item 8 of this annual report. In addition, in connection with divestment of our Russia subsidiaries, 19 analysts, 21 investment consultants, 18 Tradernet specialists and 13 public relations specialists moved from our Russian subsidiaries to our Freedom Global subsidiary, and certain customers of our former Russian subsidiaries opened accounts at our non-Russian subsidiaries.

As of the date of this annual report, the Russia-Ukraine conflict is ongoing and its effects on us continue to evolve. As such, we expect there will be further impacts and unknown risks related to our business, the substance and reach of which we cannot fully anticipate.

Market and Economic Conditions

Performance in the financial services industry is heavily influenced by the overall strength of economic conditions and financial market activity, which generally have a direct and material impact on our results of operations and financial condition. These conditions are a product of many factors, which are mostly unpredictable and beyond our control, and may affect the decisions made by financial market participants.

Changes in economic and political conditions, including economic output levels, interest and inflation rates, employment levels, prices of commodities including oil and gas, exogenous market events, consumer confidence levels, and fiscal and monetary policy can affect market conditions. While many global financial markets have shown signs of improvement in recent years, uncertainty remains. A period of sustained downturns and/or volatility in the securities markets, and/or prolonged levels of increasing interest rates, could lead to a return to increased credit market dislocations, reductions in the value of real estate, and other negative market factors which could significantly impair our revenues and profitability.

Financial markets may also be impacted by political and civil unrest occurring in the Middle East, Eastern Europe, Russia, South America and Asia. Hostilities between Russia and Ukraine have created uncertainties around the spread of the conflict, the use of nuclear weapons as well as its impact on global supply chains impacting energy supplies and food supplies throughout the world. These issues could have unforeseen and negative impacts upon the financial markets and our company and its operations.

Growth of Retail Brokerage Activity in Our Key Markets

The retail brokerage markets in Kazakhstan and Russia are key markets for our business. We estimate that, as of March 31, 2023, we had approximately 155,000 retail brokerage customers who were Kazakhstan persons, or approximately 44% of our total number of customers, and we had approximately 35,000 retail brokerage customers who were Russian persons, or approximately 10% of our total number of customers. In addition, we serve Kazakhstan and Russian customers indirectly through their accounts with FST Belize. The Kazakhstan and Russia markets have grown rapidly in recent years. For example, according to data from the KASE, the number of active accounts of retail investors on the KASE equity market increased to approximately 675,900 as at March 31, 2023, from approximately 218,300, 150,180, 119,361, 118,537 and 110,201 as at March 31, 2022, 2021, 2020, 2019 and 2018, respectively. This growth has had a significant positive effect on our results of operations in recent periods. There can be no assurance that such growth rates will continue in future periods.

Acquisitions and Divestitures

Historically we have been active in pursuing non-organic growth through mergers and acquisitions. We expect this trend to continue in the future. Acquisitions and divestitures may have a material effect on our business and financial results. For additional information see Note 1 "*Description of Business*" and Note 32 "*Segment Information*" in the notes to our consolidated financial statements contained in Part II Item 8 and "*Business*" in Part I Item 1 of this annual report.

Acquisition of Insurance Companies

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, we concluded the acquisition of two insurance companies operating in Kazakhstan. For additional information see Note 3 "*Recast*" in the notes to our consolidated financial statements contained in Part II Item 8 of this annual report.

Divestiture of Russian Subsidiaries

Historically, a large portion of our trading volume has been derived from individuals and qualifying institutions in Russia, through accounts at our Russian subsidiaries and through non-Russian accounts, including indirectly through accounts held with FST Belize. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, we concluded the divestiture of our Russian subsidiaries. The divestiture of our Russian subsidiaries, which was completed on February 28, 2023 has had an impact on our business and results of operations. We have classified our Russian subsidiaries as discontinued operations for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, because the subsidiaries met the held for sale criteria as of March 31, 2023. Although we have divested our Russian subsidiaries, we continue to generate fee and commission income from trading activity engaged in by Russian persons (including former clients of our former Russian subsidiaries) who are not subject to any sanctions prohibitions or other legal restrictions through their accounts at our non-Russian subsidiaries. For more information see "*Russia-Ukraine conflict*" section in "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*" in Part II Item 7 of this annual report.

Acquisition of Paybox Technologies LLP

On February 10, 2023, we completed the acquisition of Kazakhstan payment services company Paybox Technologies LLP and its subsidiaries, in order to expand our activities in the field of financial technologies. The purchase price for the acquisition was \$11.7 million.

Signing of Agreement to Acquire Maxim Group

On February 16, 2023, we signed an agreement to acquire Maxim Group LLC and its registered investment advisory affiliate Maxim Financial Advisors LLC (together "Maxim Group"), for a combination of cash and common stock. Including deferred payments and retention bonuses, the total consideration for the acquisition will be approximately \$400 million. This planned acquisition is a continuation of our strategy of acquisitions following our 2020 acquisition of PrimeEx. Maxim Group is a leading full-service investment bank headquartered in New York, that caters to emerging growth companies globally. Its business lines include investment banking, equity capital markets and institutional sales, equity research, merchant capital, and corporate and wealth management services. Maxim Group's corporate and institutional reach into Asia, Greece, Israel, and most of Western Europe and is expected to complement our brokerage and global distribution network. Completion of the transaction is subject to certain conditions and the receipt of required regulatory approvals.

Related Party Transactions with FST Belize

During the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, the Company engaged in various related party transactions, a substantial amount of which were conducted with Freedom Securities Trading Inc. (formerly known as FFIN Brokerage Services, Inc.) ("FST Belize"), a corporation registered in and licensed as a broker dealer in Belize. FST Belize was formed in 2014 and is 100% owned by the Company's controlling shareholder, chairman and chief executive officer, Timur Turlov. FST Belize is not part of our group of companies.

FST Belize has its own brokerage customers, which include individuals and market-maker institutions. A large portion of our fee and commission income is derived from the customer relationship between Freedom EU and FST Belize. FST Belize has several omnibus brokerage accounts with Freedom EU. The majority of the order flow from FST Belize to Freedom EU represents transactions of customers of FST Belize, which are executed by FST Belize through its omnibus accounts at Freedom EU. Our margin lending receivables from FST Belize are related to FST Belize client margin trading and are fully collateralized by securities funds. Our relationship with FST Belize has provided us and our customers with a substantial liquidity pool for trading. Our cross border omnibus brokerage agreement with FST Belize requires FST Belize

to conduct AML/CTF and sanctions screening on its individual and business entity customers whose trades are processed through its omnibus accounts at Freedom EU.

Our transactions with FST Belize are performed in the ordinary course of our brokerage and banking businesses and such transactions are made on substantially the same terms and conditions as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with similarly situated unaffiliated third parties. In accordance with our Audit Committee Charter, our audit committee, all members of which are independent, is responsible for reviewing, approving and overseeing any transaction between the Company, including its subsidiaries, and any related person and any other potential conflict of interest situations on an ongoing basis.

Our omnibus brokerage arrangement with FST Belize dates from the time of the establishment of our company, and we intend to reduce the volume of business we conduct involving FST Belize over time and to ultimately eliminate such omnibus brokerage arrangement. Fee and commission income generated from FST Belize accounted for approximately 60% of our total fee and commission income for the year ended March 31, 2023, as compared to approximately 82% of our total fee and commission income for the year ended March 31, 2022, and 31% of our total fee and commission income for the year ended March 31, 2021. For the three month periods ended June 30, 2022, September 30, 2022, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2023, our fee and commission income generated from FST Belize was 84%, 73%, 54% and 23%, respectively, of our total fee and commission income. Interest income generated from FST Belize accounted for approximately 8%, 8% and 6% of our total interest income for the years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. For additional information regarding our transactions with FST Belize, see Note 25 "Related Party Transactions" in the notes to our consolidated financial statements contained in Part II Item 8 of this annual report.

Governmental Policies

Our earnings are and will be affected by the monetary, fiscal and foreign policies of the governments of the jurisdictions in which we operate, in particular Kazakhstan, the European Union and the United States. The monetary policies of these countries may have a significant effect upon our operating results. It is not possible to predict the nature and impact of future changes in monetary and fiscal policies.

Impact of Covid-19

We believe that the interventions from banks and governments in response to the Covid-19 and the increase in the amount of time people spent at home during the pandemic led to an increase in the opening of investment accounts and investing in securities worldwide. The increased levels of customer activity combined with greater market volatility led to significant growth in our customer accounts, trading volume, fee and commission income, gains in our proprietary trading and net income during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022 and 2021. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, our operations remained largely unaffected by Covid-19, resulting in no significant impact on our financial performance. While the overall impact of Covid-19 was positive for our business during the fiscal years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, following the end of the critical Covid-19 period, including during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, we believe that the levels of customer interest in investing have largely stabilized.

Key Income Statement Line Items

Revenue

We derive revenue primarily from fee and commission income earned from our retail brokerage and banking customers, fee and commission income from investment banking services, interest income and our proprietary trading activities.

Fee and Commission Income

Fee and commission income consists principally of brokerage fees from customer trading, related banking services, and fees for underwriting, market making and consulting services. A substantial portion of our revenue is derived from commissions from customers through accounts with transaction-based pricing. Brokerage commissions are charged on investment products in accordance with a schedule we have formulated that aligns with local practices. Fees received for banking services consist primarily of wire transfer fees, commissions for payment processing and commissions for currency exchange operations. Fee and commission income as a percentage of our total revenue was 41%, 49% and 62% in the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Retail brokerage service fee and commission income as a percentage of our total fee and commission income was 88%, 95% and 95% in the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Interest Income

We earn interest income from trading securities, margin lending, reverse repurchase transactions, and loans to customers. Interest income on trading securities consists of interest earned from investments in debt securities and dividends earned on equity securities held in our proprietary trading account.

Net Gain/(Loss) on Trading Securities

Net gain/(loss) on trading securities reflects the change in value of the securities held in our proprietary trading portfolio during the relevant period. A net gain or loss is comprised of both realized and unrealized gains and losses during the period. Realized gains or losses are recognized when we close an open position in a security and recognize a gain or a loss on that position. U.S. GAAP requires that we also reflect in our financial statements any unrealized gain or loss on each open securities positions as of the end of each period based on whether the value of the open position is higher or lower at the period end than it was at either: (i) the beginning of the period, if the position was held for the full period; or (ii) at the time the position was opened, if the position was opened during the period. Fluctuations in unrealized gains or losses from one period to another can occur as a result of factors beyond our control, such as fluctuations in the market prices of the open securities positions we hold resulting from market and economic uncertainty arising from global or local events that cause significant market volatility, or even halting of trading in certain markets, all of which occurred as a result of the Russia Ukraine conflict. Fluctuations might also result from factors within our control, such as when we elect to close an open securities position, which would have the effect of reducing our open positions and, thereby potentially reducing or increasing the amount of unrealized gains or losses in a period. These fluctuations can adversely affect the ultimate value we realize from our proprietary trading activities. Unrealized gains or losses in a particular period may or may not be indicative of the gain or loss we will ultimately realize on a securities position when the position is closed. As a result, we might realize significant swings in net gains and losses realized on our trading securities year-over-year and quarter-to-quarter.

Insurance Underwriting Income

Life insurance premiums are recognized as revenue when due; accident and health insurance premiums are recognized as revenue over the premium paying period and property; and casualty insurance premiums are recognized as revenue over the period of the contract in proportion to the amount of insurance protection provided.

Net Gain on Foreign Exchange Operations

Net gain on foreign exchange operations reflects the net gain from: (i) the change in value resulting from currency fluctuations of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in any currency other than the functional currency of the entity holding such asset or liability; and (ii) purchases and sales of foreign currency. Under U.S. GAAP, we are required to revalue assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies into our reporting currency, the U.S. dollar, which can result in gains or losses on foreign exchange operations. Fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates are beyond the Company's control, and the Company may suffer losses as a result of such fluctuations.

Net (Loss)/Gain on Derivatives

The Company enters into various derivative financial instruments, including forwards and swaps, in the foreign exchange markets. These financial instruments are held for trading and are initially recognized at fair value. Fair value is determined based on quoted market prices or valuation models that consider the current market and contractual values of the relevant underlying instruments, along with other factors. Derivative financial instruments with a positive fair value are recorded as assets, while those with a negative fair value are recorded as liabilities. Gains and losses on these instruments are recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Statements of Other Comprehensive Income as net (loss)/gain on derivatives.

Fee and Commission Expense

We incur fee and commission expense in our brokerage, banking, and insurance activities. Fee and commission expense consists of expenses related to brokerage, banking, stock exchange, clearing, depository and agent services. Generally, we expect fee and commission expense from brokerage and banking activities to increase and decrease corresponding to increases and decreases in fee and commission income. For our insurance operations, fee and commission expense arises from the deferral and subsequent amortization of the costs of acquiring business, which are referred to as "deferred acquisition costs" (principally commissions, and other incremental direct costs of issuing policies). Deferred acquisition costs ("DAC") for traditional life insurance and long-duration health insurance are amortized over the estimated

premium-paying period of the related policies. DAC for property insurance, accident insurance and health insurance is amortized over the effective period of the related insurance policies.

Interest Expense

Interest expense includes the expenses associated with our short-term and long-term financing, which consist of interest on securities repurchase agreement obligations, customer accounts and deposits, debt securities issued, and loans received.

Payroll and bonuses

Payroll and bonuses represent the costs incurred by a company in compensating its employees for their services and providing performance-based incentives.

Professional services

Professional services represents the costs associated with engaging external experts and consultants.

Stock compensation expense

Stock compensation expense represents the cost associated with issuing stock grants to employees and executives as part of their compensation packages.

Advertising expense

Advertising expense represents a component of operating expenses. It signifies the investments made to promote products, services, or the overall brand to a targeted audience, ultimately driving customer acquisition and revenue growth.

General and administrative expense

General and administrative expense includes lease cost, depreciation and amortization, communication services, software support, representative expenses, business trip expenses, utilities, charity, and other expenses.

Insurance Claims Incurred, Net of Reinsurance

Insurance claims incurred are expenses directly associated with our insurance activity, and represent actual amounts paid or to be paid to policyholders when insurable events occur, less any amounts we receive from reinsurers related to the insurable event. This amount is adjusted for changes in loss reserves, including claims reported but not settled (RBNS), claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) and not incurred claims reserve (NIC).

Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments, Net of Tax

The functional currencies of our operating subsidiaries are the Kazakhstan tenge, the euro, the U.S. dollar, the Ukrainian hryvnia, the Uzbekistan som, Kyrgyzstani som, the Azerbaijani manat, the Armenian dram, the British pound sterling and the United Arab Emirates dirham. Our reporting currency is the U.S. dollar. Pursuant to U.S. GAAP we are required to revalue our assets from our functional currencies to our reporting currency for financial reporting purposes.

Net Income/(Loss) Attributable to Non-controlling Interest

We own a 9% interest in Freedom UA. The remaining 91% interest is owned by Askar Tashtitov, the president of our Company. Due to a series of agreements we have entered into with Freedom UA that obligate us to guarantee the performance of all Freedom UA obligations, provide Freedom UA adequate funding to cover its operating losses and net capital requirements, provide the management competence and operational support and ongoing access to our significant assets, technology resources and expertise in exchange for 90% of all net profits of Freedom UA after tax, we have determined that Freedom UA is a variable interest entity. We reflect Askar Tashtitov's ownership of Freedom UA as a non-controlling interest in our Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition, Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity and Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. As from October 19, 2022, Freedom UA's operations were suspended following its inclusion on the Ukrainian sanctions list. We are in the process of appealing its inclusion on the sanctions list and the suspension of its operations.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Comparison of Fiscal Years Ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021

The following comparison of our financial results for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, is not necessarily indicative of future results. Prior period presentations and disclosures were reclassified to provide comparability with current period classifications. The prior periods were recasted for the presentation of discontinued operations and the consolidation of insurance entities under common control acquired in 2022. See Note 30 "Assets and Liabilities Held For Sale" and Note 3 "Recast" in the notes to our consolidated financial statements contained in Part II Item 8 of this annual report.

Revenue

The following table sets out information regarding our total revenue, net for the fiscal years presented.

| | Year ended March 31, | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|--|
| | 2023 | 2022 (Recasted) | Amount Change | % Change | 2021 (Recasted) | Amount Change | % Change | |
| Fee and commission income | \$ 327,215 | \$ 335,211 | \$ (7,996) | (2) % | \$ 216,008 | \$ 119,203 | 55 % | |
| Net gain on trading securities | 71,084 | 155,252 | (84,168) | (54) % | 28,807 | 126,445 | 439 % | |
| Interest income | 294,695 | 121,609 | 173,086 | 142 % | 38,474 | 83,135 | 216 % | |
| Insurance underwriting income | 115,371 | 72,981 | 42,390 | 58 % | 62,951 | 10,030 | 16 % | |
| Net gain on foreign exchange operations | 52,154 | 3,791 | 48,363 | 1,276 % | 557 | 3,234 | 581 % | |
| Net (loss)/gain on derivatives | (64,826) | 946 | (65,772) | (6953) % | 86 | 860 | 1000 % | |
| Total revenue, net | \$ 795,693 | \$ 689,790 | \$ 105,903 | 15 % | \$ 346,883 | \$ 342,907 | 99 % | |

The following table sets out the components of our revenue as a percentage of total revenue, net for the fiscal years presented.

| | Year ended March 31, | | |
|---|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 (Recasted) | 2021 (Recasted) |
| Fee and commission income | 41 % | 49 % | 62 % |
| Net gain on trading securities | 9 % | 22 % | 8 % |
| Interest income | 37 % | 18 % | 12 % |
| Insurance underwriting income | 14 % | 10 % | 18 % |
| Net gain on foreign exchange operations | 7 % | 1 % | — % |
| Net (loss)/gain on derivatives | (8) % | — % | — % |
| Total revenue, net | 100 % | 100 % | 100 % |

For fiscal 2023, we realized total net revenue of \$795.7 million, a 15% increase compared to fiscal 2022. Revenue for fiscal 2023 increased compared to fiscal 2022 primarily due to increased interest income, net gain on foreign exchange operations and insurance underwriting income, which increases were partially offset by a decrease in net gain on trading securities and by a net loss on derivatives.

For fiscal 2022 we realized total net revenue of \$689.8 million, a 99% increase compared to fiscal 2021. Revenue for fiscal 2022 was significantly higher than fiscal 2021 due to increases in all revenue categories except foreign exchange operations as between the two fiscal years.

Fee and commission income

The following table sets forth information regarding our fee and commission income for the fiscal years presented.

Year ended March 31,

| | 2023 | 2022 (Recasted) | Amount Change | % Change | 2021 (Recasted) | Amount Change | % Change |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| Brokerage services | \$ 286,732 | \$ 318,698 | \$ (31,966) | (10) % | \$ 204,244 | \$ 114,454 | 56 % |
| Bank services | 17,964 | 6,727 | 11,237 | 167 % | 523 | 6,204 | 1,186 % |
| Underwriting and market-making services | 11,948 | 5,963 | 5,985 | 100 % | 6,451 | (488) | (8) % |
| Other fee and commission income | 10,571 | 3,823 | 6,748 | 177 % | 4,790 | (967) | (20) % |
| Total fee and commission income | \$ 327,215 | \$ 335,211 | \$ (7,996) | (2) % | \$ 216,008 | \$ 119,203 | 55 % |

The following table sets out the components of our fee and commission income as a percentage of total fee and commission income, net for the fiscal years presented.

| | Year ended March 31, | | |
|---|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 (Recasted) | 2021 (Recasted) |
| | (as a % of total fee and commission income) | | |
| Brokerage services | 88 % | 95 % | 95 % |
| Bank services | 5 % | 2 % | — % |
| Underwriting and market-making services | 4 % | 2 % | 3 % |
| Other fee and commission income | 3 % | 1 % | 2 % |
| Total fee and commission income | 100 % | 100 % | 100 % |

For fiscal 2023 fee and commission income was \$327.2 million, a decrease of \$8.0 million, or 2%, as compared to fee and commission income of \$335.2 million for fiscal 2022. The decrease in fee and commission income was primarily attributable to a \$32.0 million decrease in fee and commission income from brokerage services, which was offset in part by an increase in fees and commission income from bank services of \$11.2 million and an increase in fees from underwriting and market-making services. The decrease in fee and commission income from brokerage services was primarily driven by a decrease in volume resulting from lower number of transactions mainly driven by deteriorating stock exchange market conditions and macro-economic uncertainty. By implementing strategic measures and staying attuned to market trends, we remain confident in our ability to navigate these challenges and pursue long-term growth in fee and commission income. We believe that this decrease is not indicative of a broader trend and is instead largely attributable to the high volatility on the capital markets and the geopolitical and economic situation in the world over the relevant periods. The increase in fees from underwriting and market-making services from fiscal 2022 to fiscal 2023 was driven mainly by increases in the volume and size of debt capital market transactions arranged by us and the unique market opportunities created by the Covid-19 pandemic.

For fiscal 2022 fee and commission income increased by \$119.2 million, a 55% increase compared to fiscal 2021. This increase was the result of a \$114.5 million increase in fee and commission income from brokerage services primarily as a result of an increase in the number of client accounts resulting from non-organic and organic efforts including expansion of our retail financial adviser network, an increase in the volume of analysts' reports made available to our customer base, and significantly increased trading volume and client activity stemming from government and bank interventions and other events in response to the Covid-19 pandemic and the resulting increased market volatility and economic uncertainty. We also realized a \$6.2 million increase in related banking service fees in fiscal 2022 as compared to fiscal 2021.

Net gain on trading securities

The following table sets forth information regarding our net gains and losses on trading securities for fiscal 2023, 2022 and 2021:

| | Realized Net Gain/(Loss) | Unrealized Net Gain/(Loss) | Net Gain on Trading Securities |
|-------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Fiscal 2023 | \$ (36,226) | \$ 107,310 | \$ 71,084 |
| Fiscal 2022 | \$ 206,239 | \$ (50,987) | \$ 155,252 |
| Fiscal 2021 | \$ 20,135 | \$ 8,672 | \$ 28,807 |

Net gain on trading securities was \$71.1 million for fiscal 2023 as compared to \$155.3 million for fiscal 2022. For fiscal 2023, we sold securities for a realized net gain of \$37.2 million. This realized gain was offset by a realized net loss of \$73.4 million, which was attributable to shares in the SPB Exchange that we sold in fiscal 2023, resulting in realized net loss of \$36.2 million. Similarly, securities positions we continued to hold as of March 31, 2023, had appreciated by \$56.5 million as compared to March 31, 2022. In addition to this unrealized gain, an unrealized loss of \$50.8 million on SPB Exchange shares which was recognized during previous periods was reclassified to realized net loss during fiscal 2023, resulting in an unrealized net gain of \$107.3 million for such fiscal year.

The main contributing factors to the increase in realized net gain on trading securities during fiscal 2022, as compared to fiscal 2021, was the sale of those SPB Exchange ETF units and other SPB Exchange shares we held. During fiscal 2022 we exchanged approximately 12.5 million shares in the SPB Exchange we held in our proprietary trading account for units in the SPB Exchange ETF. As a result, in fiscal 2022 we recognized realized net gain on trading securities sold of \$206.2 million. Largely as a result of the Russia-Ukraine conflict and its impacts on the securities markets we had unrealized net losses on open trading positions of \$51.0 million. As a result of the foregoing, during fiscal 2022 we recognized a net gain on trading securities of \$155.3 million.

Interest income

The following table sets forth information regarding our revenue from interest income for the fiscal years presented:

| | Year ended March, 31 | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|--|
| | 2023 | 2022 (Recasted) | Amount Change | % Change | 2021 (Recasted) | Amount Change | % Change | |
| Interest income on margin lending | \$ 34,558 | \$ 14,164 | \$ 20,394 | 144 % | \$ 3,163 | \$ 11,001 | 348 % | |
| Interest income on trading securities | 178,288 | 78,327 | 99,961 | 128 % | 21,913 | 56,414 | 257 % | |
| Interest income on loans to customers | 43,486 | 4,617 | 38,869 | 842 % | 384 | 4,233 | 1,102 % | |
| Interest income on available-for-sale securities | 27,003 | 22,437 | 4,566 | 20 % | 11,238 | 11,199 | 100 % | |
| Interest income on cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash | 9,836 | 1,658 | 8,178 | 493 % | 1,630 | 28 | 2 % | |
| Interest income from dividends | 1,524 | 406 | 1,118 | 275 % | 146 | 260 | 178 % | |
| Total interest income | 294,695 | 121,609 | 173,086 | 142 % | 38,474 | 83,135 | 216 % | |

The following table sets out the components of our interest income as a percentage of total interest income, net for the fiscal years presented:

| | Year ended March 31, | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 (Recasted) | 2021 (Recasted) |
| | (as a % of total interest income) | | |
| Interest income on margin lending | 12 % | 12 % | 8 % |
| Interest income on trading securities | 60 % | 64 % | 57 % |
| Interest income on loans to customers | 15 % | 4 % | 1 % |
| Interest income on available-for-sale securities | 9 % | 19 % | 30 % |
| Interest income on cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash | 3 % | 1 % | 4 % |
| Interest income from dividends | 1 % | — | — |
| Total interest income | 100 % | 100 % | 100 % |

For fiscal 2023, interest income was \$294.7 million, representing an increase of \$173.1 million, or 142%, compared to fiscal 2022. The increase in interest income was primarily attributable to an increase in interest income from trading securities of \$99.96 million, or 128%, which was in turn the result of an increase in the total size of our trading portfolio between the two fiscal years and an increase in the amount of bonds we held as a percentage of our total trading

portfolio between the two fiscal years. We had trading securities of \$2.4 billion as at March 31, 2023, as compared to \$1.2 billion as at March 31, 2022. In addition, we had an increase of \$38.9 million, or 842%, in interest income on loans to customers between the two fiscal years, which was mainly attributable to an increase in the amount of mortgage loans issued and the purchase of uncollateralized bank customer loans from our affiliate FFIN Credit. Our loans issued increased by \$733.8 million or 794%, from \$92.4 million as of March 31, 2022 to \$826.3 million as of March 31, 2023. In addition, we had a \$20.4 million, or 144%, increase in interest income on margin loans to customers, resulting from a higher usage of margin loans for trades by our clients, including our affiliate FST Belize, between the two fiscal years. Moreover, this increase was caused by the increase in loan volumes and interest rate.

For fiscal 2022 we had a \$83.1 million, or 216% increase in interest income as compared to fiscal 2021. This increase in interest income was the result of an increase in the total size of our trading portfolio and an increase in the amount of bonds we held as a percentage of our total trading portfolio. During fiscal 2022 we shifted more of our portfolio from equities to debt to take advantage of a profitable bond market. In addition, we recognized a \$4.2 million or 1,102% increase in interest income from new loans issued to customers of Freedom Bank KZ. We also realized a \$11.0 million, or 348%, increase in interest income on margin loans to customers, resulting from a higher usage of margin loans for trades by our clients, including our affiliate FST Belize, between the two fiscal years.

Net gain/(loss) on foreign exchange operations

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, we realized a net gain on foreign exchange operations of \$52.2 million compared to a net gain of \$3.8 million for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022. The change was primarily due to a net gain of \$45.7 million by our subsidiary Freedom Bank KZ in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023 from the purchase and sale of foreign currency, as the volume of currency transactions conducted by such subsidiary increased by 701% in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023 as compared to the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022. This net gain was primarily the result of the appreciation of the Kazakhstan tenge relative to the Russian ruble by approximately 16% over the course of fiscal 2023.

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, we realized a net gain on foreign exchange operations of \$3.8 million compared to a net gain of \$557.0 thousand during the year ended March 31, 2021. The primary reason for the net gain in fiscal 2022 was a 9.4% decrease in the value of the Kazakhstan tenge against the U.S. dollar. Due to large amounts of U.S. dollar-denominated net liabilities held in our subsidiary Freedom Bank KZ, we recognized a net loss on foreign exchange operations of \$3.7 million in fiscal 2022 out of a total \$5.9 million loss. Further, we realized a net gain on foreign exchange operations affected by the purchase and sale of foreign currency of \$7.8 million as a result of higher volume of currency exchange transactions.

Net loss on derivatives

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, we realized net loss on derivatives of \$64.8 million compared to a realized net gain of \$946 thousand and \$86 thousand for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021. The change was primarily attributable to our subsidiary, Freedom Bank KZ, which realized net loss of \$65 million for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023. Freedom Bank KZ entered into currency swaps mainly through KASE and MOEX to diversify its funding sources. The changes for fiscal years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 were attributable to our subsidiaries, Freedom Bank KZ and Freedom KZ.

Insurance underwriting income

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, we had insurance underwriting income of \$115.4 million, an increase of \$42.4 million, or 58%, as compared to the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022. The increase was primarily attributable to a \$60.2 million, or 78%, increase in insurance underwriting income from written insurance premiums from fiscal 2022 to fiscal 2023, due to the expansion of our insurance operations between the two fiscal years. As such, the active insurance contracts increased and as of March 31, 2023 comprised 681,667, as compared to 558,530 as of March 31, 2022. Moreover, on September 1, 2022, we acquired London-Almaty. This increase in income from written insurance premiums was partially offset by a \$14.0 million, or 376%, increase in the negative change in unearned premium reserve and a \$3.8 million, or 905%, increase in the change in reinsurance premiums ceded, in each case from fiscal 2022 to fiscal 2023 also due to expansion of operation, which is reflected by increase in number of active contracts and acquisition of London-Almaty.

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, we had insurance underwriting income of \$73.0 million, an increase of \$10.0 million, or 16%, as compared to the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021. The increase was primarily attributable to a

\$5.4 million, or 8%, increase in insurance underwriting income from written insurance premiums from fiscal 2021 to fiscal 2022, due to the expansion of our insurance operations between the two fiscal years, including an increase in the number of active insurance contracts to 558,530 as of March 31, 2022 from 376,676 as of March 31, 2021. The increase in insurance underwriting income was also due to a \$3.6 million, or 49%, decrease in reinsurance premiums ceded and a \$989 thousand, or 70% decrease in the negative change in unearned premium reserve, net. The following table sets out information on our insurance underwriting income for the fiscal years presented.

| | Year ended March, 31 | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|--|
| | 2023 | 2022 (Recasted) | Amount Change | % Change | 2021 (Recasted) | Amount Change | % Change | |
| Written insurance premiums | \$ 137,346 | \$ 77,131 | \$ 60,215 | 78 % | \$ 71,682 | \$ 5,449 | 8 % | |
| Reinsurance premiums ceded | \$ (4,252) | \$ (423) | \$ (3,829) | 905 % | \$ (1,412) | \$ 989 | (70) % | |
| Change in unearned premium reserve, net | \$ (17,723) | \$ (3,727) | \$ (13,996) | 376 % | \$ (7,319) | \$ 3,592 | (49) % | |
| Insurance underwriting income | \$ 115,371 | \$ 72,981 | \$ 42,390 | 58 % | \$ 62,951 | \$ 10,030 | 16 % | |

Expense

The following table sets forth information regarding our total expense for the periods presented.

| | Year ended March 31, | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|--|
| | 2023 | 2022 (Recasted) | Amount Change | % Change | 2021 (Recasted) | Amount Change | % Change | |
| Fee and commission expense | \$ 65,660 | \$ 85,909 | \$ (20,249) | (24) % | \$ 70,537 | \$ 15,372 | 22 % | |
| Interest expense | 208,947 | 76,947 | 132,000 | 172 % | 22,444 | 54,503 | 243 % | |
| Insurance claims incurred, net of reinsurance | 77,329 | 54,447 | 22,882 | 42 % | 52,405 | 2,042 | 4 % | |
| Payroll and bonuses | 81,819 | 46,288 | 35,531 | 77 % | 23,435 | 22,853 | 98 % | |
| Professional services | 17,006 | 12,682 | 4,324 | 34 % | 4,430 | 8,252 | 186 % | |
| Stock compensation expense | 9,293 | 7,859 | 1,434 | 18 % | 114 | 7,745 | 6,794 % | |
| Advertising expense | 14,059 | 11,916 | 2,143 | 18 % | 6,971 | 4,945 | 71 % | |
| General and administrative expense | 59,971 | 23,533 | 36,438 | 155 % | 11,118 | 12,415 | 112 % | |
| Provision for impairment losses | 29,119 | 2,502 | 26,617 | 1,064 % | 1,590 | 912 | 57 % | |
| Other (income)/expense, net | (3,448) | 4,014 | (7,462) | (186) % | 2,034 | 1,980 | 97 % | |
| Total expense | \$ 559,755 | \$ 326,097 | \$ 233,658 | 72 % | \$ 195,078 | \$ 131,019 | 67 % | |

The following table sets out the components of our expense as a percentage of total expense for the fiscal years presented.

| | Year ended March 31, | | |
|---|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 (Recasted) | 2021 (Recasted) |
| Fee and commission expense | 12 % | 26 % | 36 % |
| Interest expense | 37 % | 24 % | 12 % |
| Insurance claims incurred, net of reinsurance | 14 % | 17 % | 27 % |
| Payroll and bonuses | 15 % | 14 % | 12 % |
| Professional services | 3 % | 4 % | 2 % |
| Stock compensation expense | 2 % | 2 % | — % |
| Advertising expense | 3 % | 4 % | 4 % |

| | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| General and administrative expense | 11 % | 7 % | 6 % |
| Provision for impairment losses | 5 % | 1 % | 1 % |
| Other (income)/expense, net | (1) % | 1 % | 1 % |
| Total expense | 100 % | 100 % | 100 % |

For fiscal 2023 we incurred total expense of \$559.8 million, a 72% increase as compared to total expense of \$326.1 million for fiscal 2022. The increase was due to an increase in interest expense and the growth of our business generally, primarily in connection with increases in administrative costs and fees from the growth in our revenue generating activities and integrating our acquisition targets.

For fiscal 2022 we incurred total expense of \$326.1 million, a 67% increase compared to fiscal 2021. Expenses increased with the growth of our business generally during fiscal 2022 primarily in connection with corresponding administrative costs and fees from the growth in our revenue generating activities and integrating our acquisition targets.

Fee and commission expense

Fee and commission expense decreased by \$20.2 million, or 24%, for fiscal 2023 as compared to fiscal 2022. There were increases in fee and commission expense from bank services of \$3.8 million and agency fees expenses of \$11.1 million, which were offset by a decrease in brokerage commissions expense by \$34.2 million due to using a new prime broker in fiscal 2023, as a result of which we had a different composition of order flow transactions, which were charged at lower rates than in fiscal 2022. The decrease in brokerage commissions expense was also attributable to a decrease in the volume of transactions executed by our brokerage customers between the two fiscal years. Generally, we expect fee and commission expense to increase and decrease in correspondence with increases and decreases in fee and commission income.

Fee and commission expense increased by \$15.4 million, or 22% for fiscal 2022 compared to fiscal 2021. The increase was due to an increase in agency fees expense of \$12.4 million and an increase in fee and commission expense from bank services of \$6.3 million, which increases were offset in part by a decrease in brokerage commissions of \$6.9 million. The increase in agency fees expense was primarily due to our launch in fiscal year 2022 of a new loan insurance product which led to increase in agency commission expense.

Interest expense

For fiscal 2023, we had a \$132 million, or 172%, increase in interest expense as compared to fiscal 2022. The increase in interest expense was primarily attributable to a \$100.4 million, or 172%, increase in interest expense on short-term financing through securities repurchase agreements due to an increase in the volume of such financing conducted by us in fiscal 2023, and a \$24 million, or 147%, increase in interest on customer deposits. In fiscal 2023, we increased the volume of our short-term financing through securities repurchase agreements primarily in order to fund our investment portfolio. The increase in interest on customer deposits was a result of growth of our banking client base due to the expansion of the operations of Freedom Bank KZ between the two fiscal years. As of March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, banking customer liabilities of Freedom Bank KZ were \$1.3 billion and \$246.3 million, respectively.

For fiscal 2022 we had a \$54.5 million, or 243% increase in interest expense as compared to fiscal 2021. The increase in interest expense is primarily attributable to a \$47.3 million, or 433% increase in the volume of short-term financing through securities repurchase agreements, and a \$9.0 million increase in interest on customer deposits. During fiscal 2022 we increased our volume of short-term financing through securities repurchase agreements primarily in order to fund our investment portfolio. The increase in interest on customer deposits was a result of the growth of customer deposit accounts.

Insurance claims incurred, net of reinsurance

For fiscal 2023, we had a \$22.9 million, or 42%, increase in insurance claims incurred, net of reinsurance, as compared to the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022. The increase was primarily attributable to a \$17.2 million or 128%, increase in other insurance expenses, which are mainly represented by redemption amounts under the pension annuity upon termination of the contract, a \$9.3 million, or 82%, increase in expenses for claims for the year ended March 31, 2023, and a \$570 thousand, or 59% increase in claims paid, reinsurers share as compared to the year ended March 31, 2022, in each case due to the expansion of our insurance operations between the two periods. The increases were offset in part by a \$4.2 million, or 14%, decrease in expenses for insurance reserve between the two fiscal years.

For fiscal 2022, we had a \$2.0 million, or 4%, increase in insurance claims incurred, net of reinsurance, as compared to the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021. The increase was primarily attributable to a \$11.3 million or 541%, increase in other insurance expenses, which are mainly represented by redemption amounts under the pension annuity upon termination of the contract, and a \$6.3 million, or 125%, increase in expenses for claims for the year ended March 31, 2022, as compared to the year ended March 31, 2021, in each case due to the expansion of our insurance operations between the two periods. The increases were offset in part by a \$14.8 million, or 33%, decrease in expenses for insurance reserve between the two fiscal years.

Payroll and bonuses

In the fiscal year 2023, the Company had payroll and bonuses expense of \$81.8 million, representing an increase of \$35.5 million or 77% compared to payroll and bonuses expense of \$46.3 million in fiscal 2022. The increase can be attributed to the expansion of our operations generally and in turn expansion of our workforce through hiring and acquisitions.

For fiscal 2022, we had a payroll and bonuses expense of \$46.3 million, representing an increase of \$22.9 million or 98% compared to payroll and bonuses expense of \$23.4 million in fiscal 2021. The increase was due to the expansion of our workforce through hiring in fiscal 2022.

Professional services

For fiscal 2023, our professional services expense was \$17.0 million, representing an increase by \$4.3 million or 34% compared to \$12.7 million for fiscal 2022. The increase was attributable to consulting services provided in connection with the acquisition of new companies and general expansion of our business and operations.

In fiscal 2022, we had professional services expense of \$12.7 million, an increase of \$8.3 million or 186%, compared to professional services expense of \$4.4 million for fiscal 2021. This increase can be attributed to the general expansion of our business and operations between the two fiscal years.

Stock compensation expense

In fiscal 2023, our stock compensation expense was \$9.3 million, representing an increase of \$1.4 million or 18% compared to stock compensation expense of \$7.9 million for fiscal 2022. The increase can be attributed to the relocation of multiple employees of our former Russian subsidiaries to our Kazakhstan subsidiaries during fiscal 2023. These employees held a total of 195,000 shares, which contributed to the increase in stock compensation expense.

For fiscal year 2022, we had stock compensation expense of \$7.9 million, an increase of \$7.7 million or 6794% compared to stock compensation expense of \$114 thousand for fiscal 2021. This increase was primarily due to FRHC awarding in May 2021 restricted stock grants totaling 1,031,500 shares of its common stock to 56 of our employees and consultants, including two of our executive officers.

Advertising expense

Advertising expense for fiscal 2023 was \$14.1 million, representing an increase of \$2.1 million or 18% compared to advertising expense of \$11.9 million for fiscal 2022. The primary reason for this increase was increased advertising expenditure of Bank KZ, which was primarily attributable to the introduction of new loan products such as the digital mortgage and digital car loan products. Additionally, the implementation of the “7-20-25” state mortgage program led to increased expense on advertising campaigns.

For fiscal 2022, advertising expense was \$11.9 million, representing an increase of \$4.9 million or 71% compared to advertising expense of \$7.0 million for fiscal 2021. The increase was mainly attributable to growth of the customer base of Freedom EU, which consequently led to an increase of the use of online-marketing service providers.

General and administrative expense

General and administrative expense for fiscal 2023 amounted to \$60.0 million, representing an increase of \$36.4 million or 155% compared to general and administrative expense of \$23.5 million for fiscal 2022. The increase was attributable to a \$12.9 million increase in charity and sponsorship expenses due to humanitarian aid we provided to a Ukraine-based charitable fund in connection with the Russia-Ukraine conflict, a \$2.4 million increase in software support expenses due to the expansion of our software infrastructure and the implementation of systems to support our operations, a \$2.8 million increase in fines, penalties, forfeit primarily due to penalties imposed on a subsidiary of the Company by a local regulator for regulatory noncompliance, a \$2.6 million increase in communication services due to the implementation

of SMS-informing services for banking operations by Bank KZ, a \$1.7 million increase in depreciation and amortization due to business expansion and acquisition of new tangible assets and a \$3.6 million increase in other operating expenses attributable to our general organic growth.

General and administrative expense for fiscal 2022 amounted to \$23.5 million, representing an increase of \$12.4 million or 112% compared to general and administrative expense of \$11.1 million for fiscal 2021. The increase was attributable to a \$0.7 million increase in depreciation and amortization due to acquisition of new tangible assets, a \$1.6 million in software support expenses primarily due to the implementation of new software licenses, a \$1.0 million increase in communication services and a \$4.2 million increase in other operating expenses attributable to our general organic growth.

Provision for impairment losses

We recognized provision for impairment losses in the amount of \$29.1 million for fiscal 2023, as compared to provision for impairment losses of \$2.5 million for fiscal 2022. The increase was primarily attributable to growth of the loan portfolio of Freedom Bank KZ, as the majority of provisions is accrued on loan products. In addition, in fiscal 2023 we accrued a one-off provision expense for restricted brokerage customers' cash, cash and cash equivalents and loans issued which was held with a Ukrainian bank due to the Russia-Ukraine conflict.

Other (income)/expense, net

For fiscal 2023, we had other expense, net of \$3.4 million, representing a decrease of \$7.5 million or 186% as compared to other income, net of \$4.0 million in fiscal 2022. This decrease was primarily driven by a \$5.4 million net realized loss on the revaluation of available-for-sale securities from Freedom Finance Life in fiscal 2023. The heightened market volatility resulting from the geopolitical situation and global economic slowdown prompted the revaluation of our available-for-sale securities for fiscal 2023.

For fiscal 2022, other expense, net increased by 97% as compared to fiscal 2021. This increase was due to economic uncertainty during fiscal 2022 stemming from the Russia-Ukraine conflict, which began in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2022, as a result of which we recognized impairment loss on goodwill in respect of Freedom UA. As a result of the conflict, Freedom UA incurred significant losses and it was not able to continue to generate enough income to cover all of such losses.

Income tax expense

We had net income before income tax of \$235.9 million, \$363.7 million and \$151.8 million for fiscal 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Our effective tax rate for fiscal 2023 increased to 18.1%, from 10.6% during fiscal 2022 as a result of changes in the composition of the revenues we realized from our operating activities and the tax treatment of those revenues in the various jurisdictions where our subsidiaries operate along with the incremental U.S. tax on GILTI. Despite decrease in our net income before income tax by \$127.8 million, as a result of the increase in our effective tax rate, our income tax expense increased by \$4.2 million for fiscal 2023.

Net income from continuing operations

As a result of the foregoing factors, for the years ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021, we recognized net income from continuing operations of \$193.2 million, \$325.1 million and \$128.5 million, respectively.

Net income/(loss) from discontinued operations

Net income/(loss) from discontinued operations represents the net income or loss from our former subsidiaries in Russia, which are classified as discontinued operations. Net income from discontinued operations was \$12.4 million for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, as compared to net loss from discontinued operations of \$104.2 million for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022 and net income from discontinued operations of \$21.8 million for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021.

The positive change in the amount of \$116.6 million from fiscal 2022 to fiscal 2023 up to February 28, 2023 (the disposal date) was primarily due to increase in net gain on trading securities in the amount of \$100.7 million as a result of a positive revaluation of securities held in our proprietary account during the eleven months ended February 28, 2023. In addition, net gain on foreign exchange operations increased by \$85.5 million as a result of Russian ruble appreciation by 11% against the U.S. dollar during the eleven months ended February 28, 2023. Interest income increased by \$25.0 million due to increased interest income generated on margin loans to customers, resulting from an increase in usage of margin

loans for trades by clients. These changes were offset in part by an increase in payroll and bonuses expenses by \$19.9 million as a result of an increase in the average number of employees and a loss generated from the divestiture of Russia segment in the amount of \$51.5 million (which includes a cumulative translation adjustment in the amount of \$25.4 million, reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss within the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of the date of disposal).

Net income

As a result of the foregoing factors, for fiscal 2023 we had net income of \$205.6 million as compared to \$220.9 million for fiscal 2022, a decrease of 7%, and for fiscal 2022 we had net income of \$220.9 million as compared to \$150.3 million for fiscal 2021, an increase of 47%.

Non-controlling interest

We reflect Askar Tashtitov's 91% ownership of Freedom UA as a non-controlling interest in our Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition, Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity and Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and we have determined that Freedom UA is a variable interest entity (VIE). For financial information regarding the VIE, see "Consolidation of variable interest entities" in Note 2 "Summary of significant accounting policies" in Part II Item 8 of this annual report. We recognized income attributable to non-controlling interest of \$446.0 thousand for fiscal 2023 as compared to a net loss attributable to non-controlling interest of \$6.6 million for fiscal 2022. The change was largely a result of the acute situation in the Russia-Ukraine conflict in fiscal 2022 and its impact on the securities markets where Freedom UA held most of its open securities positions, as a result of which we recognized an unrealized net loss on open trading positions in fiscal 2022, whereas the relevant securities markets gradually improved in fiscal 2023.

Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax

Due to the appreciation of the Russian ruble by 5% against the U.S. dollar and appreciation of the Kazakhstan tenge by 4.4% against the U.S. dollar at fiscal 2023 year-end as compared to fiscal 2022 year-end, we realized a foreign currency translation loss of \$5.2 million for fiscal year 2023, as compared to a foreign currency translation loss of \$20.6 million for fiscal year 2022. For fiscal 2021, we realized a foreign currency translation gain of \$2.8 million as a result of the appreciation of the Russian ruble by 2.6% and the Kazakhstan tenge by 4.8% against the U.S. dollar.

Segment Results of Operations

We have historically operated as a single operating segment. With the restructuring of our operations and the divestiture of our Russian subsidiaries, coupled with our continued expansion, during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2022 we elected to reorganize our operations geographically into five regional segments: Central Asia and Eastern Europe (formerly referred to as Central Asia), Europe, excluding Eastern Europe, United States, Russia and Middle East/Caucasus. As a result of the divestiture of our Russian subsidiaries, which was completed in February 2023, we now have four regional segments. These operating segments are based on how our CODM will be making decisions about allocating resources and assessing performance. The total revenue, net associated with our segments is summarized in the following table:

| | Year ended March 31, | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|--|
| | 2023 | 2022 (Recasted) | Amount Change | % Change | 2021 (Recasted) | Amount Change | % Change | |
| Central Asia and Eastern Europe | 566,050 | 222,989 | \$ 343,061 | 154 % | \$ 140,144 | \$ 82,845 | 59 % | |
| Europe, excluding Eastern Europe | 216,518 | 457,662 | (241,144) | (53) % | 197,653 | 260,009 | 132 % | |
| United States | 13,082 | 9,139 | 3,943 | 43 % | 9,086 | 53 | 1 % | |
| Middle East/Caucasus | 43 | — | 43 | 100 % | — | — | — % | |
| Total revenue, net | \$ 795,693 | \$ 689,790 | \$ 105,903 | 15 % | \$ 346,883 | \$ 342,907 | 99 % | |

During fiscal 2023, total revenue, net increased across each of our regional operating segments, except Europe, as compared to fiscal 2022. During fiscal 2022, total revenue, net increased across each of our regional operating segments as compared to fiscal 2021. The changes in total revenue, net for fiscal 2023 compared to fiscal 2022, and fiscal 2022 compared to fiscal 2021, were driven by the following:

- Total revenue, net in our Central Asia and Eastern Europe segment increased by \$343.1 million, or 154%, to \$566.1 million for fiscal 2023, as compared to \$223.0 million for fiscal 2022. The increase was mainly attributable to an increase in interest income, which was primarily due to interest received on securities held in our trading portfolio and interest accrued on bank loans to customers. In addition, the increase was driven by an increase in net gain on trading securities as well as in fee and commission income, as a result of growth of our trading portfolio and of brokerage activity in the Central Asia and Eastern Europe segment. The increase was also attributable to an increase in net gain on foreign exchange operations, which was mainly driven by an increase in foreign exchange dealing operations in this segment. These increases were offset in part by a net loss on derivative in fiscal 2023, whereas there was a net gain on derivative in fiscal 2022.

Total revenue, net in our Central Asia and Eastern Europe segment increased by \$82.8 million, or 59%, to \$223.0 million for fiscal 2022, as compared to \$140.1 million for fiscal 2021. The increase was primarily attributable to an increase in interest income, as a result of an increase in interest received on securities held in our trading portfolio and an increase in interest accrued on bank loans to customers. In addition, the increase was attributable to an increase in income from insurance activities due to the expansion of our insurance business between the two fiscal years. Fee and commission income in this segment increased by approximately \$3.1 million from fiscal 2021 to fiscal 2022.

- Total revenue, net in our Europe, excluding Eastern Europe segment decreased by \$241.1 million, or 53%, to \$216.5 million for fiscal 2023, as compared to \$457.7 million for fiscal 2022. The decrease was primarily attributable to a decrease in fee and commission income due to a decrease in the number of active brokerage clients in this segment and a decrease in the volume of transactions per client, in each case primarily related to transactions by FST Belize. The decrease in revenue was also due to a decrease in net gain on trading securities as a result of relatively lower trading activity in this segment during fiscal 2023 compared to fiscal 2022, and due to a revaluation of our proprietary investment portfolio in fiscal 2023, as a result of which the value of our proprietary investment portfolio decreased significantly. The decrease in total revenue, net in this segment can also be attributed to the exceptionally large gain we obtained from selling SPB Exchange ETF units and SPB Exchange shares in fiscal 2022.

Total revenue, net in our Europe, excluding Eastern Europe segment increased by \$260.0 million, or 132%, to \$457.7 million for fiscal 2022, as compared to \$197.7 million during fiscal 2021. This growth was driven by an increase in fee and commission income in fiscal 2022 due to an increase in the size of our client base in this segment and the volume of transactions per client. The increase in total revenue, net was also attributable to a net gain on trading securities in fiscal 2022 as a result of a realized gain from the sale of SPB Exchange ETF units and SPB Exchange shares in our proprietary investment portfolio.

- Total revenue, net in our U.S. segment increased by \$3.9 million or 43% for fiscal 2023 as compared to fiscal 2022. Total revenue, net in this segment also increased due to growth in interest income received on securities held in our trading portfolio attributable to this segment. The increase was also partially offset by a net loss on foreign exchange operations in this segment in fiscal 2023.

For fiscal 2022, total revenue, net in our U.S. segment was \$9.1 million as compared to \$9.1 million for fiscal 2021, an increase by \$53.0 thousand or 1%.

- We had total revenue, net in the Middle East/Caucasus segment of \$43.0 thousand for fiscal 2023. This revenue was attributable to interest income and net gain on foreign exchange operations. We did not recognize revenue in our Middle East/Caucasus segment during fiscal 2022 or fiscal 2021, as we started the process of forming our Azerbaijani and Armenian subsidiaries and establishing their operations in fiscal 2023. We did not form our UAE subsidiary until April 2022 and are still in process of establishing its operations.

The total expenses associated with our segments is summarized in the following table:

| | Year ended March 31, | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|--|
| | 2023 | 2022 (Recasted) | Amount Change | % Change | 2021 (Recasted) | Amount Change | % Change | |
| Central Asia and Eastern Europe | 400,182 | 207,585 | \$ 192,597 | 93 % | 108,728 | \$ 98,857 | 91 % | |
| Europe, excluding Eastern Europe | 118,072 | 101,081 | 16,991 | 17 % | 78,325 | 22,756 | 29 % | |
| United States | 39,465 | 17,151 | 22,314 | 130 % | 8,010 | 9,141 | 114 % | |
| Middle East/Caucasus | 2,036 | 280 | 1,756 | 627 % | 15 | 265 | 1767 % | |
| Total expense, net | \$ 559,755 | \$ 326,097 | \$ 233,658 | 72 % | \$ 195,078 | \$ 131,019 | 67 % | |

For fiscal 2023, total expense, net increased in each of our segments as compared to fiscal 2022. The changes in total expenses for fiscal 2023 compared to fiscal 2022, and fiscal 2022 compared to fiscal 2021, were driven by the following:

- Total expense, net in our Central Asia and Eastern Europe segment increased by \$192.6 million, or 93%, to \$400.2 million for fiscal 2023, as compared to \$207.6 million for fiscal 2022. The increase was primarily attributable to an increase in interest expense, mainly interest paid on securities repurchase agreements and customer deposits. In addition, the increase in total expenses, net in this segment was attributable to an increase in payroll and bonuses, general and administrative expenses, and advertising expenses. In addition, fee and commission expenses in this segment increased primarily due to an increase in commission expenses on currency exchange services transactions due to increase of activity of clients.

Total expense, net in our Central Asia and Eastern Europe segment increased by \$98.9 million, or 91%, to \$ 207.6 million for fiscal 2022, as compared to \$108.7 million during fiscal 2021. This increase was primarily attributable to an increase in interest expense, which was caused by increased interest paid on securities repurchase agreements and customer deposits. In addition, payroll and bonuses, general and administrative expenses in this segment increased due to increases in payroll and bonuses and administrative expenses.

- Total expense, net in our Europe, excluding Eastern Europe segment increased by \$17.0 million, or 17%, to \$118.1 million for fiscal 2023 as compared to \$101.1 million for fiscal 2022. The increase was attributable to an increase in general and administrative expenses, and provision for impairment loss. There was also an increase in interest expense due to interest paid to clients on positive cash balances.

Total expense, net in our Europe, excluding Eastern Europe region increased by \$22.8 million, or 29%, to \$101.1 million for fiscal 2022 as compared to \$78.3 million for fiscal 2021. The increase was attributable to an increase in professional services, payroll and bonuses, and general and administrative expenses.

- Total expense, net in our U.S. segment increased by \$22.3 million, or 130%, to \$39.5 million for fiscal 2023 as compared to \$17.2 million during fiscal 2022. This increase was primarily attributable to an increase in interest expense on securities repurchase agreement obligations. In addition, there were increases in stock-based compensation expense, payroll and bonuses and professional services.

Total expense, net in our U.S. segment increased by \$9.1 million or 114%, to \$17.2 million for fiscal 2022 compared to \$8.0 million during fiscal 2021 primarily due to an increase in stock-based compensation expenses, payroll and bonuses and professional services.

- Total expense, net in our Middle East/Caucasus segment increased by \$1.8 million, or 627%, to \$2.0 million for fiscal 2023, as compared to \$280.0 thousand for fiscal 2022. The increase was attributable to an increase in payroll and bonuses, general and administrative expenses, professional services and advertising expenses. For fiscal 2022 and fiscal 2021, total expense, net in our Middle East/Caucasus segment were insignificant and mainly were represented by payroll and bonuses.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity is a measurement of our ability to meet our potential cash requirements for general business purposes. During the periods covered in this report our operations were primarily funded through a combination of existing cash on hand, cash generated from operations, returns generated from our proprietary trading and proceeds from the sale of bonds and other borrowings.

We regularly monitor and manage our leverage and liquidity risk through various committees and processes we have established to maintain compliance with net capital and capital adequacy requirements imposed on securities brokerages and banks in jurisdictions where we do business. We assess our leverage and liquidity risk based on considerations and assumptions of market factors, as well as other factors, including the amount of available liquid capital (i.e., the amount of cash and cash equivalents not invested in our operating business). While we are confident in the risk management monitoring and processes we have in place, a significant portion of our trading securities and cash and cash equivalents are subject to collateralization agreements. This significantly enhances our risk of loss in the event financial markets move against our positions. When this occurs our liquidity, capitalization and business can be negatively impacted. Certain market conditions can impact the liquidity of our assets, potentially requiring us to hold positions longer than anticipated. Our liquidity, capitalization, projected return on investment and results of operations can be significantly impacted by market events over which we have no control, and which can result in disruptions to our investment strategy for our assets.

We maintain a majority of our tangible assets in cash and securities that are readily convertible to cash, including governmental and quasi-governmental debt and highly liquid corporate equities and debt. Our financial instruments and other inventory positions are stated at fair value and should generally be readily marketable in most market conditions. The following sets out certain information regarding our assets as of the dates presented:

| | As of March 31, | |
|--|-----------------|--------------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 (Recasted) |
| Cash and cash equivalents ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 581,417 | \$ 225,464 |
| Trading securities | \$ 2,412,556 | \$ 1,158,377 |
| Total assets | \$ 5,084,558 | \$ 3,230,347 |
| Net liquid assets ⁽²⁾ | \$ 1,852,886 | \$ 691,276 |

⁽¹⁾ Of the \$581.4 million in cash and cash equivalents we held at March 31, 2023, \$29.8 million, or approximately 5%, were subject to reverse repurchase agreements. By comparison, at March 31, 2022, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$225.5 million, of which \$19.9 million, or 9%, were subject to reverse repurchase agreements.

The amount of cash and cash equivalents we hold is subject to minimum levels set by regulatory bodies to comply with required rules and regulations, including adequate capital and liquidity levels for each entity.

⁽²⁾ Consists of cash and cash equivalents, trading securities, and margin lending, brokerage and other receivables, net of securities repurchase agreement obligations. It includes liquid assets possessed after deducting securities repurchase agreement obligations.

As at March 31, 2023 and 2022, we had total liabilities of \$4.3 billion and \$2.7 billion, respectively, including customer liabilities of \$1.9 billion and \$765.6 million, respectively.

We finance our assets primarily from revenue-generating activities and short-term and long-term financing arrangements.

Cash Flows

The following table presents our cash flows for fiscal 2023, 2022 and 2021:

| | Year ended March 31, 2023 | Year ended March 31, 2022 (Recasted) | Year ended March 31, 2021 (Recasted) |
|--|------------------------------|--|--|
| Net cash flows (used in)/from operating activities | \$ (951,683) | \$ (406,365) | \$ 529,397 |
| Net cash flows (used in)/from investing activities | (1,463,244) | (146,323) | 6,346 |
| Net cash flows from financing activities | 2,133,381 | 618,528 | 492,523 |
| Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash | 78,191 | (54,420) | (6,129) |
| NET CHANGE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND RESTRICTED CASH | \$ (203,355) | \$ 11,420 | \$ 1,022,137 |

Net Cash Flows (Used In)/From Operating Activities

During fiscal 2023 we had net cash used in operating activities of \$951.7 million compared to net cash used in operating activities of \$406.4 million during fiscal 2022 and net cash generated from operating activities of \$529.4 million during fiscal 2021. Net cash used in operating activities during fiscal 2023 resulted primarily from changes in operating assets and liabilities. Such changes included those set out in the following table:

| | Year ended March 31, 2023 | Year ended March 31, 2022 (Recasted) | Year ended March 31, 2021 (Recasted) |
|--|-------------------------------|--|--|
| (Increases)/decreases in trading securities | \$ (1,019,191) ⁽¹⁾ | \$ (608,622) | (466,591) |
| Increases/(decreases) in brokerage customer liabilities | \$ 105,942 ⁽²⁾ | \$ (23,167) | 432,245 |
| (Increases)/decreases in margin lending, brokerage and other receivables | \$ (253,301) ⁽³⁾ | \$ (103,756) | 20,972 |

⁽¹⁾ Resulted from an increase in the amount of securities held in our proprietary account.

⁽²⁾ Resulted from increased funds in brokerage accounts from new and existing customers.

⁽³⁾ Resulted from an increase in volume of margin lending receivables.

The net cash used in operating activities in fiscal 2023 was primarily attributable to net cash outflows attributable to increases in trading securities and increases in margin lending, brokerage and other receivables, which increases were offset in part by an increase in brokerage customer liabilities over that period, which resulted from the increase in the number of customer accounts at our Freedom Global subsidiary.

Net Cash Flows (Used In)/From Investing Activities

During fiscal 2023 we had net cash used in investing activities of \$1.5 billion compared to net cash used in investing activities of \$146.3 million during fiscal 2022 and net cash generated from investing activities of \$6.3 million during fiscal 2021. During fiscal 2023, cash used in investing activities was used for the issuance of loans, net of repayment by customers, in the amount of \$715.0 million, the purchase of fixed assets in the amount of \$38.5 million, considerations paid for acquisitions of London-Almaty, Freedom Life, Freedom Insurance, LD Micro and Paybox in the amount of \$55.9 million, and for the purchase of available for sale securities, net of sales, in the amount of \$69.5 million. Net cash used in investing activities was partially offset by cash and cash equivalents received as part of the acquisitions of London-Almaty, Ticketon and Paybox in the aggregate amount of \$16.3 million, and cash received from the divestiture of our Russian subsidiaries in the amount of \$51.5 million.

Net Cash Flows From Financing Activities

Net cash from financing activities for fiscal year 2023, consisted principally of bank customer deposits in the amount of \$1.0 billion due to the growth of banking activity in the Central Asia and Eastern Europe segment, proceeds from securities repurchase agreement obligations in the amount of \$637.4 million, mortgage loans sold to JSC Kazakhstan Sustainability Fund as the Program Operator, net of repurchase, under the state mortgage program "7-20-25" in the amount

of \$420.9 million, proceeds from the issuance, net of repurchase, of debt securities in the amount of \$22.6 million, and proceeds from capital contributions of \$677.0 thousand.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

After the end of fiscal 2023, on May 10, 2023, our subsidiary Freedom EU signed a contract for the construction of Elysium Tower, a building in Limassol, Cyprus. The contract implies approximate capital expenditures in the amount of \$9.7 million and \$5.9 million for the 2023 and 2024 calendar years, respectively. The funding for this construction project will primarily come from our own funds. The building is planned to be a new office building for our Freedom EU subsidiary.

DIVIDENDS

Any payment of cash dividends on our common stock in the future will be at the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend upon our results of operations, earnings, capital requirements, financial condition, future prospects, contractual and legal restrictions and other factors deemed relevant by our Board of Directors. We currently intend to retain any future earnings to fund the operation, development and expansion of our business, and therefore we do not anticipate paying any cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future.

INDEBTEDNESS

Short-term

Securities Repurchase Arrangements. Our short-term financing is primarily obtained through securities repurchase arrangements conducted through stock exchanges. We use repurchase arrangements, among other things, to finance our inventory positions. As of March 31, 2023, \$1.5 billion, or 63% of the trading securities held in our proprietary trading account were subject to securities repurchase obligations compared to \$834.8 million, or 72% as of March 31, 2022. The securities we pledge as collateral under repurchase agreements are liquid trading securities with market quotes and significant trading volume. For additional information regarding our securities repurchase agreement obligations see Note 13 "*Securities Repurchase Agreement Obligations*" in the notes to our consolidated financial statements contained in Part II Item 8 of this annual report.

Long-term

Freedom SPC Bonds. On November 16, 2021, Freedom SPC commenced an offering of up to \$66 million aggregate principal amount of its 5.5% U.S. dollar denominated bonds due October 21, 2026 (the "Freedom SPC Bonds"), which are listed on the AIX. As of March 31, 2023, there were \$58.6 million in principal amount of the Freedom SPC Bonds outstanding. The Freedom SPC Bonds are guaranteed by FRHC and the proceeds from the issuance of the Freedom SPC Bonds are transferred to FRHC pursuant to an intercompany loan agreement that bears interest at a rate of 5.5% per annum.

NET CAPITAL AND CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

A number of our subsidiaries are required to satisfy minimum net capital and capital adequacy requirements to conduct their brokerage, banking and insurance operations in the jurisdictions in which they operate. This is partially maintained by retaining cash and cash equivalent investments in those subsidiaries or jurisdictions. As a result, such subsidiaries may be restricted in their ability to transfer cash between different jurisdictions and to FRHC. Additionally, transfers of cash between international jurisdictions may have adverse tax consequences that could discourage such transfers.

These minimum net capital and capital adequacy requirements range from approximately \$2 thousand to \$22 million and fluctuate depending on various factors. At March 31, 2023, the aggregate net capital requirements of our subsidiaries was \$61.6 million. Each of our subsidiaries that is subject to net capital or capital adequacy requirements exceeded the minimum required amount at March 31, 2023. Although we operate with levels of net capital and capital adequacy substantially greater than the minimum established thresholds, in the event we were to fail to maintain minimum net capital or capital adequacy levels, we may be subject to fines and penalties, suspension of operations, revocation of licensure and disqualification of our management from working in the industry. Our subsidiaries are also subject to other various rules and regulations, including liquidity and capital adequacy ratios. Our operations that require the intensive use of capital would be limited to the extent necessary to meet all our regulatory requirements.

Over the past several years, we have pursued an aggressive growth strategy both through acquisitions and organic growth efforts. During fiscal 2024, we anticipate continuing efforts to expand the footprint of our business on a scale similar to fiscal 2023. While our active growth strategy has led to revenue growth it also results in increased expenses and greater need for capital resources. Additional growth and expansion may require greater capital resources than we currently possess, which could require us to pursue additional equity or debt financing from outside sources. There can be no assurance that such financing will be available to us on acceptable terms, or at all, at the time it is needed.

We believe that our current cash and cash equivalents, cash expected to be generated from operating activities, and forecasted returns from our proprietary trading, combined with our ability to raise additional capital will be sufficient to meet our present and anticipated financing needs.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Following are the accounting policies that reflect our more significant estimates, judgments and assumptions and which we believe are the most critical to aid in fully understanding and evaluating our reported financial results.

Allowance for accounts receivable

Allowance for accounts receivable is a valuation allowance for probable incurred credit losses. Loan losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the collectability of an account receivable balance is doubtful. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance. Management estimates the allowance balance required using past accounts receivable loss experience, the nature and volume, information about specific counterparties situation and estimated collateral values, economic conditions, and other factors.

Allocations of the allowance may be made for specific accounts receivable, but the entire allowance is available for any accounts receivable that in management's judgment should be charged off.

The allowance consists of specific and general components, the specific component relates to accounts receivable that are individually classified as impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that we will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the agreement. The general component is based on historical loss experience adjusted for current factors. The historical loss experience is based on the actual loss history we have experienced over the most recent period of time, mostly 3-5 years, which management reviews periodically.

Goodwill

We have accounted for our acquisitions using the acquisition method of accounting. The acquisition method requires us to make significant estimates and assumptions, especially at the acquisition date as we allocate the purchase price to the estimated fair values of acquired tangible and intangible assets and the liabilities assumed. We also use our best estimates to determine the useful lives of the tangible and definite-lived intangible assets, which impact the periods over which depreciation and amortization of those assets are recognized. These best estimates and assumptions are inherently uncertain as they pertain to forward looking views of our businesses, customer behavior, and market conditions. In our acquisitions, we have also recognized goodwill at the amount by which the purchase price paid exceeds the fair value of the net assets acquired.

Our ongoing accounting for goodwill and the tangible and intangible assets acquired requires us to make significant estimates and assumptions as we exercise judgement to evaluate these assets for impairment. Our processes and accounting policies for evaluating impairments are further described in Note 2 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" to our consolidated financial statements contained in Part II Item 8 of our annual report. As of March 31, 2023, the Company had goodwill of \$14.2 million.

Income taxes

We are subject to income taxes in both the United States and numerous non-U.S. jurisdictions. These tax laws are complex and subject to different interpretations by the taxpayer and the relevant governmental taxing authorities. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income tax. There are many transactions and

calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. As a result, actual future tax consequences relating to uncertain tax positions may be materially different than our determinations or estimates.

We recognize deferred tax liabilities and assets based on the difference between the financial statements and tax basis of assets and liabilities using the enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. The measurement of deferred tax assets is reduced, if necessary, by the amount of any tax benefits that, based on available evidence, are not expected to be realized.

Income taxes are determined in accordance with the laws of the relevant taxing authorities. As part of the process of preparing financial statements, we are required to estimate our income taxes in each of the jurisdictions in which we operate. We account for income taxes using the asset and liability approach. Under this method, deferred income taxes are recognized for tax consequences in future years based on differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the financial statements at each year-end and tax loss carry forwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates applicable to the differences that are expected to affect taxable income.

We periodically evaluate the likelihood of tax assessments based on current and prior years' examinations, and unrecognized tax benefits related to potential losses that may arise from tax audits are established in accordance with the relevant accounting guidance. Once established, unrecognized tax benefits are adjusted when there is more information available or when an event occurs requiring a change.

Legal contingencies

We review outstanding legal matters at each reporting date, in order to assess the need for provisions and disclosures in our financial statements. Among the factors considered in making decisions on provisions are the nature of the matter, the legal process and potential legal exposure in the relevant jurisdiction, the progress of the matter (including the progress after the date of the financial statements but before those statements are issued), the opinions or views of our legal advisers, experiences on similar cases and any decision of our management as to how we will respond to the matter.

Consolidation of Freedom Securities Trading Inc.

We have assessed whether we should consolidate FST Belize under the variable interest entity ("VIE") accounting method or the voting interest method ("VOE"). In July 2014, prior to our reverse acquisition transaction, Timur Turlov founded FST Belize, a Belize-based broker dealer. FST Belize is solely owned by Mr. Turlov and was not acquired by our company as part of the reverse acquisition transaction. Although FRHC and FST Belize are common control entities, under the control of an individual, there is no indication that FRHC should consolidate FST Belize given that:

(1) FST Belize is not a VIE and is not subject to further VIE analysis due to the fact it has sufficient equity at risk to finance its activities without additional financial support and the control over its significant activities is held by its sole shareholder, Mr. Turlov who is also FRHC's controlling shareholder, chairman and chief executive officer; and

(2) Mr. Turlov has a controlling interest in FST Belize such that under the VOE model FRHC is not required to consolidate FST Belize

FST Belize is a corporation and Mr. Turlov is the sole owner of FST Belize, holding 100% of the ownership interest in it. There are no other shareholders or parties with participating rights or the ability to remove Mr. Turlov from his ownership position. Mr. Turlov has the ability to make all decisions in respect of FST Belize. FRHC's management has also assessed the relationship between FRHC (through its subsidiary Freedom EU) and FST Belize. Other than the tariff rates stipulated in the Variation Agreement dated February 25, 2020 entered into between Freedom EU and FST Belize, including the General Terms and Conditions of Business, which sets out the specific terms and conditions of the relationship between Freedom EU and FST Belize, there are no other contractual agreements or other implicit arrangements between the two parties that provide FRHC the power to control the operations of FST Belize. On December 2022 there was a change in the treatment of margin interest income from settlement to trade. As the result, management has continued to assess for any modifications or reconsideration events.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

For details of applicable new accounting standards, see "Recent accounting pronouncements" in Note 2 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" in the notes to our consolidated financial statements contained in Part II Item 8 of this annual report.

Item 7A. Qualitative and Quantitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Market Risk

The following information, together with information included in "Overview" in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in Part II Item 7 of this annual report, describes our primary market risk exposures. Market risk is the risk of economic loss arising from the adverse impact of market changes to the market value of our trading and investment positions. We are exposed to a variety of market risks, including interest rate risk, foreign currency exchange risk and equity price risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Our exposure to changes in interest rates relates primarily to our investment portfolio and outstanding debt. While we are exposed to global interest rate fluctuations, we are most sensitive to fluctuations in interest rates in Kazakhstan. Changes in interest rates in Kazakhstan may have significant effect on the fair value of our securities.

Our investment policies and strategy are focused on preservation of capital and supporting our liquidity requirements. We typically invest in highly rated securities, with the primary objective of minimizing the potential risk of principal loss. Our investment policies generally require securities to be investment grade and limit the amount of credit exposure to any one issuer. To provide a meaningful assessment of the interest rate risk associated with our investment portfolio, we performed a sensitivity analysis to determine the impact a change in interest rates would have on the value of the investment portfolio assuming a 100 basis point parallel shift in the yield curve. Based on investment positions as of March 31, 2023 and 2022, a hypothetical 100 basis point increase in interest rates across all maturities would have resulted in \$80.9 million and \$55.2 million incremental decline in the fair market value of the portfolio, respectively. Such losses would only be realized if we sold the investments prior to maturity. A hypothetical 100 basis point decrease in interest rates across all maturities would have resulted in a \$87.0 million and \$61.0 million incremental rise in the fair market value of the portfolio, respectively.

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

We have a presence in Kazakhstan, Cyprus, Ukraine, Uzbekistan, Germany, Kyrgyzstan, the United States, Azerbaijan, Armenia and the United Kingdom. The activities and accumulated earnings in our non-U.S. subsidiaries are exposed to fluctuations in foreign exchange rate between our functional currencies and our reporting currency, which is the U.S. dollar.

In accordance with our risk management policies, we manage foreign currency exchange risk on financial assets by holding or creating financial liabilities in the same currency, maturity and interest rate profile. This foreign exchange risk is calculated on a net foreign exchange basis for individual currencies. We may also enter into foreign currency forward, swap and option contracts with financial institutions to mitigate foreign currency exposures associated with certain existing assets and liabilities, firmly committed transactions and forecasted future cash flows.

An analysis of our March 31, 2023 and 2022, balance sheets estimates the net impact of a 10% percent adverse change in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to all other currencies, would have resulted in an decrease of net income before income tax in the amount of \$88.7 million and increase of \$282.0 thousand, respectively.

Equity Price Risk

Our equity investments are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of such investment securities. Equity price risk results from fluctuations in price and level of the equity securities or instruments we hold. We also have equity investments in entities where the investment is denominated in a foreign currency, or where the investment is denominated in U.S. dollars but the investee primarily makes investments in foreign currencies. The fair values of these investments are subject to change at the spot foreign exchange rate between these currencies and our functional currency fluctuates. We attempt to manage the risk of loss inherent in our equity securities portfolio through

diversification and by placing limits on individual and total equity instruments we hold. Reports on our equity portfolio are submitted to our management on a regular basis.

As of March 31, 2023, and 2022, our exposure to equity investments at fair value was \$65.7 million and \$72.4 million, respectively. An analysis of the March 31, 2023 and 2022, balance sheets estimates that a decrease of 10% on the equity price would have reduced the value of the equity securities or instrument we held by approximately \$6.6 million and \$7.2 million, respectively.

Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of loss arising when a borrower or counterparty does not meet its financial obligations to us. We are primarily exposed to credit risk from institutions and individuals through the brokerage services we offer. We incur credit risk in a number of areas, including margin lending.

We also incur credit risk in connection with the securities in our proprietary portfolio. The table below presents the current credit ratings of issuers of securities in our portfolio as of March 31, 2023 and 2022:

| | March 31, 2023 | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| | >BB | <BB | Not rated | Total |
| Corporate equity | \$ 58,511 | \$ 503 | \$ 6,727 | \$ 65,741 |
| Corporate debt | 1,167,769 | 92,279 | 9,831 | 1,269,879 |
| Non-U.S. sovereign debt | 1,018,255 | 11,216 | 386 | 1,029,857 |
| U.S. sovereign debt | 45,022 | — | — | 45,022 |
| Exchange traded notes | — | — | 2,057 | 2,057 |
| Total | \$ 2,289,557 | \$ 103,998 | \$ 19,001 | \$ 2,412,556 |

| | March 31, 2022 | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| | >BB | <BB | Not rated | Total |
| Corporate equity | \$ 25,480 | \$ 2,952 | \$ 43,922 | \$ 72,354 |
| Corporate debt | \$ 660,246 | \$ 50,760 | \$ 1,128 | \$ 712,134 |
| Non-U.S. sovereign debt | 313,838 | 45,557 | 1,175 | 360,570 |
| U.S. sovereign debt | 10,435 | — | — | 10,435 |
| Exchange traded notes | — | 89 | 2,795 | 2,884 |
| Total | \$ 1,009,999 | \$ 99,358 | \$ 49,020 | \$ 1,158,377 |

Margin lending receivables risk

We extend margin loans to our customers. Margin lending is subject to various regulatory requirements of MiFID and of the AFSA and the NBK. Margin loans are collateralized by cash and securities in the customers' accounts. The risks associated with margin lending increase during periods of fast market movements, or in cases where collateral is concentrated and market movements occur. During such times, customers who utilize margin loans and who have collateralized their obligations with securities may find that the securities have a rapidly depreciating value and may not be sufficient to cover their obligations in the event of a liquidation. We are also exposed to credit risk when our customers execute transactions, such as short sales of options and equities that can expose them to risk beyond their invested capital.

We expect this kind of exposure to increase with the growth of our overall business. Because we indemnify and hold harmless our clearing houses and counterparties from certain liabilities or claims, the use of margin loans and short sales may expose us to significant off-balance-sheet risk in the event that collateral requirements are not sufficient to fully cover losses that customers may incur and those customers fail to satisfy their obligations. As of March 31, 2023, we had \$361.7 million in margin lending receivables from our customers, a significant portion of which was due from FST Belize.

The amount of risk to which we are exposed from the margin lending we extend to our customers and from short sale transactions by our customers is unlimited and not quantifiable as the risk is dependent upon analysis of a potential significant and undeterminable rise or fall in stock prices. As a matter of practice, we enforce real-time margin compliance monitoring and liquidate customers' positions if their equity falls below required margin requirements.

We have a comprehensive policy implemented in accordance with regulatory standards to assess and monitor the suitability of investors to engage in various trading activities. To mitigate our risk, we also continuously monitor customer accounts to detect excessive concentration, large orders or positions, patterns of day trading and other activities that indicate increased risk to us.

Our credit exposure is to a great extent mitigated by our policy of automatically evaluating each account throughout the trading day and closing out positions automatically for accounts that are found to be under-margined. While this methodology is effective in most situations, it may not be effective in situations where no liquid market exists for the relevant securities or commodities or where, for any reason, automatic liquidation for certain accounts has been disabled. We continually monitor and evaluate our risk management policies, including the implementation of policies and procedures to enhance the detection and prevention of potential events to mitigate margin loan losses.

Operational Risk

Operational risk generally refers to the risk of loss, or damage to our reputation, resulting from inadequate or failed operations or external events, including, but not limited to, business disruptions, improper or unauthorized execution and processing of transactions, deficiencies in our technology or financial operating systems and inadequacies or breaches in our control processes including cyber security incidents.

For a description of related risks, see the information under the heading "*Risks Related to Information Technology and Cyber Security*" in "*Risk Factors*" in Part I Item 1A of this annual report.

To mitigate and control operational risk, we have developed and continue to enhance policies and procedures that are designed to identify and manage operational risk at appropriate levels throughout the organization and within such departments. We also have business continuity plans in place that we believe will cover critical processes on a company-wide basis, and redundancies are built into our systems as we have deemed appropriate. These control mechanisms attempt to ensure that operational policies and procedures are being followed and that our various businesses are operating within established corporate policies and limits.

Legal and Compliance Risk

We operate in a number of jurisdictions, each with its own legal and regulatory structure that is unique and different from the other. Legal and regulatory risk includes the risk of non-compliance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements and damage to our reputation as a result of failure to comply with laws, regulations, rules, related self-regulatory organization standards and codes of conduct applicable to our business activities. Such non-compliance could result in the imposition of legal or regulatory sanctions, material financial loss, including fines, penalties, judgments, damages and/or settlements, or loss to reputation that we may suffer as a result of compliance failures. These risks include contractual and commercial risk, such as the risk that a counterparty's performance obligations will be unenforceable. It also includes compliance with AML, terrorist financing, anti-corruption and sanctions rules and regulations.

We have established and continue to enhance procedures designed to ensure compliance with applicable statutory and regulatory requirements, such as public company reporting obligations, regulatory net capital and capital adequacy requirements, sales and trading practices, potential conflicts of interest, anti-money laundering, privacy, sanctions and recordkeeping. The legal and regulatory focus on the financial services industry presents a continuing business challenge for us.

Our business also subjects us to the complex income tax laws of the jurisdictions in which we operate, and these tax laws may be subject to different interpretations by the taxpayer and the relevant governmental taxing authorities. We must make judgments and interpretations about the application of these inherently complex tax laws when determining the provision for income taxes.

Country Risk

The Russia-Ukraine conflict has led to disruptions in financial markets that has negatively impacted the global economy and created significant uncertainty. The Russia-Ukraine conflict has resulted in the imposition by many countries of economic sanctions and export controls against certain Russian industries, companies and individuals. In response,

Russia has implemented its own countermeasures against countries, businesses and investors deemed "unfriendly". Partly as a result of the effects of the Russia-Ukraine conflict, businesses worldwide have experienced shortages in materials and increased costs for transportation, energy and raw materials. The continuation or escalation of the Russia-Ukraine conflict or other hostilities presents heightened risks relating to cyberattacks, supply chain disruptions, higher interest rates and greater frequency and volume of failures to settle securities transactions, as well as increase financial market volatility. The extent and duration of the war, sanctions and resulting market disruptions, as well as the potential adverse consequences for our business, liquidity and results of operations, are difficult to predict.

For more information regarding the financial impact to our operations from the Russia-Ukraine conflict for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023 please refer to *Russia-Ukraine conflict* section in *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations* in Part II Item 7 and Note 32 *Segment Reporting* in the notes to our consolidated financial statements in Part II Item 8 of this annual report.

Effects of Inflation

Because our assets are primarily short-term and liquid in nature, they are generally not significantly impacted by inflation. The rate of inflation does, however, affect our expenses, including employee compensation, communications and information processing and office leasing costs, which may not be readily recoverable from our customers. To the extent inflation result in rising interest rates and has adverse impacts upon securities markets, it may adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

**FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.
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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the shareholders and the Board of Directors of Freedom Holding Corp.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Freedom Holding Corp. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of March 31, 2023, the related consolidated statements of operations and other comprehensive income, shareholders' equity, and cash flows, for the year then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of March 31, 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company as of March 31, 2022, and for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, before the effects of the adjustments to consolidate Freedom Finance Life JSC and Freedom Finance Insurance JSC discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, were audited by other auditors whose report, dated May 31, 2022 (except for Note 30 as to which the date is April 26, 2023), expressed an unqualified opinion on those statements. We have also audited the adjustments to the consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2022, and for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, to consolidate Freedom Finance Life JSC and Freedom Finance Insurance JSC. In our opinion, such adjustments are appropriate and have been properly applied. However, we were not engaged to audit, review, or apply any procedures to the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of March 31, 2022, and for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, other than with respect to the adjustments, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on the consolidated financial statements financial statements as of March 31, 2022, and for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, taken as a whole.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2023, based on criteria established in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated August 4, 2023, expressed an adverse opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting because of material weaknesses identified.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB. We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matters

The critical audit matters communicated below are matters arising from the current-period audit of the financial statements that were communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matters below, providing separate opinions on the critical audit matters or on the accounts or disclosures to which they relate.

Presentation of Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows — Refer to the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Critical Audit Matter Description

As discussed in Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting, the Company identified material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting related to classification of certain loans and deposits from banking institutions and classification of funds received under the Kazakhstan state program for financing of mortgage loans "7-20-25" within the Company's Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

We identified the presentation of the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows as a critical audit matter because of the significant management judgements used in determining the correct classification of cash flows for Company's banking institution, which resulted from the material weaknesses identified in *Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting*. These matters required a high degree of auditor judgment and significant audit effort in the application of the requirements in FASB ASC 230, *Statement of Cash Flows* (ASC 230).

How the Critical Audit Matter Was Addressed in the Audit

Our audit procedures related to the testing of the presentation of the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows included the following, among others:

- We tested the presentation of the Consolidated Statements of Cash flows by agreeing material line items to the changes in the Consolidated Balance Sheets and testing whether the material cash flows of the Company were classified and presented in accordance with the requirements of ASC 230.
- We tested the non-cash disclosure items by understanding the nature of the items and evaluating whether the non-cash items were presented in accordance with the requirements of ASC 230.
- As a result of the material weaknesses, we tested the alignment of the presentation of the cash flows from consolidated subsidiaries with the Company's policies and ASC 230. In addition, we tested the details of cash flows included in the lines "other" and evaluated if this presentation was consistent with the requirements of ASC 230.

Discontinued operations - Disposal of Russian Segment – Refer to Notes 1 and 30 to the financial statements

Critical Audit Matter Description

As described in Notes 1 and 30 to the financial statements, the Company entered into an agreement with Maxim Poyalishin for the disposal of 100% of the share capital of the companies comprising the Russian Segment. Maxim Poyalishin, the purchaser, was at the time of the disposal a senior executive of LLC Investment Company Freedom Finance ("Freedom RU"), which is one of the companies within the Russian Segment. The disposal was completed on February 28, 2023. The balance of assets and liabilities held for sale of the Russian Segment as of February 28, 2023 was \$1,027 million and \$860 million, respectively.

We identified the disposition of the Russian Segment as a critical audit matter as:

- There was complexity in evaluating the completeness, occurrence and validity of the contracts and the regulatory approvals required against the classification criteria as held for sale and discontinued operations in FASB ASC 205, *Presentation of Financial Statements* (ASC 205).
- There was significant audit judgement in evaluating the audit evidence related to determination of whether the disposal of the Russian Segment represented a valid transaction and was settled without the existence of significant continuing involvement by the Company in the Russian Segment after the completion of the disposal.

The risk associated with these judgements was increased as (a) the purchaser was a senior executive of the Freedom RU and (b) the Company's management faced pressure to complete the disposal as a result of the ongoing Russia-Ukraine conflict, which imposed sanctions to a number of Russian citizens and businesses and therefore increased the compliance risks for the Company.

How the Critical Audit Matter Was Addressed in the Audit

Our audit procedures related to the classification of the Russian Segment as a discontinued operations and the completeness, occurrence and validity of the disposal of the Russian Segment included the following, among others:

- We evaluated management's conclusion on the classification of the disposal of the Russian Segment as discontinued operations by testing the completeness, occurrence and validity of the contracts and regulatory approvals and comparing these with the ASC 205 requirements.
- We obtained and read the contracts between the Company and the purchaser to identify, among other risk factors, whether there were any clauses that indicated continuing involvement by the Company, its ultimate beneficial owner or its affiliates as, for example, an option or obligation to buy back the Russian Segment in the future.
- We obtained and read the communication from the regulator in Russia to confirm that the disposal was approved.
- We traced the amount of cash received by the Company to the terms of the contracts and obtained evidence demonstrating the source of the funds used by the purchaser. As the funds used by the purchaser originated from the proceeds of the sale of shares owned by the purchaser in the Company, we obtained and tested the statement of Kazakhstan Stock Exchange, which showed the transactions of sales of shares and validated the shares were sold in the open market and not purchased by the Company, its ultimate beneficial owner or its affiliates.
- We tested internal controls over management's review of the application of ASC 205 requirements when determining the Russian Segment should be considered a discontinued operation as well as the controls over the completeness and accuracy of the relevant disclosures.

Interest Income and Fee and Commission Income – Refer to Notes 2 and 20 to the financial statements

Critical Audit Matter Description

The balance of interest income and fee and commission income for the year ended March 31, 2023 was \$295 million and \$327 million, respectively.

We identified the revenue recognition process, including the presentation and disclosure of interest income and fee and commission income, to be a critical audit matter as the revenue recognition process is dependent on the effective design and operation of multiple information technology (IT) systems and the completeness and accuracy of data sources. In addition, as disclosed in *Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting* material weaknesses in controls related to classification of certain interest income from margin lending within the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Other Comprehensive Income were identified.

These matters required a high degree of auditor judgment and significant audit effort regarding the application of the requirements in FASB ASC 606, *Revenue From Contracts With Customers* (ASC 606), FASB ASC 940, *Financial Service — Brokers and Dealers* (ASC 940) and FASB ASC 310, *Receivables* (ASC 310). In addition, we involved professionals with expertise in IT to assist us in the assessment of the Company's systems. We also incurred significant audit effort to design audit procedures to evaluate the appropriateness of the Company's revenue recognition policies and accompanying disclosures as well as the completeness, accuracy and occurrence of the amounts recorded and disclosed as revenues.

How the Critical Audit Matter Was Addressed in the Audit

Our audit procedures related to the Company's systems to process interest income and fee and commission income included the following, among others:

- With the assistance of our professionals with expertise in IT, we identified the significant systems used to process interest income and fee and commission income and tested the general IT controls over each of these systems, including testing of user access controls, change management controls, and IT operations controls.
- Tested automated controls within the interest income and fee and commission income streams, as well as the controls designed to ensure the accuracy of these revenues.
- Tested a sample of transactions recorded to confirm the existence of the customer and the occurrence and existence of the relevant transactions in our sample.

Our audit procedures related to the presentation and disclosure of interest income and fee and commission income included the following, among others:

- We evaluated management's presentation and required disclosures compared to the objectives and principles outlined in ASC 606, ASC 940 and ASC 310.

Related Party Transactions — Freedom Securities Trading Inc. ("FST Belize") — Fee and Commission Income and Interest Income and Consolidation Accounting — Refer to Notes 2 and 25 to the financial statements

Critical Audit Matter Description

As discussed in Notes 2 and 25 to the financial statements, revenue earned from related parties is comprised primarily of brokerage commissions and margin lending interest income from Freedom Securities Trading Inc. ("FST Belize"), a Belize company which is owned personally by the Company's chief executive officer, chairman and majority shareholder. Brokerage commissions and margin lending interest income from FST Belize accounted for approximately 60% and 8% of the fee and commission income and interest income, respectively, for the year ended March 31, 2023.

FST Belize has omnibus accounts at the Company, which are trading accounts in which transactions of two or more individuals are combined and carried in the name of FST Belize. Segregation of the positions of individual underlying customers of FST Belize is not required. As a result, the Company considers all FST Belize transactions through such omnibus accounts as being transactions from a single customer, FST Belize.

The Company concluded that FST Belize did not meet the definition of a variable interest entity ("VIE") and did not qualify for consolidation under FASB ASC 810, *Consolidation* (ASC 810). The Company does not have the power to control FST Belize because it does not own any of the voting shares or other contractual arrangements that allows it to control its operations.

We identified fee and commission income and interest income from FST Belize and the assessment of whether FST Belize should be consolidated as a critical audit matter because of the existence of the omnibus accounts and the magnitude of the revenues originated from FST Belize.

Furthermore, the agreements between the Company and FST Belize establishing the omnibus accounts and margin lending arrangements and the consolidation accounting guidance under ASC 810, are complex and required management to make significant judgments and assumptions to determine if the Company has a controlling financial interest over FST Belize. In addition, as disclosed in *Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting* a material weakness in the control related to the application of U.S. GAAP to complex transactions was identified. These matters required a high degree of auditor judgment and significant audit effort.

How the Critical Audit Matter Was Addressed in the Audit

Our audit procedures related to the occurrence and validity of revenues recorded and disclosed from FST Belize included the following, among others:

- With the assistance of our regulatory compliance specialists, we:
- Identified and evaluated whether there were indications that the procedures performed by FST Belize for new client onboarding and Anti-Money Laundering (AML) and sanction screening for both individual and legal entity customers would not be consistent with similar practice in other financial institutions.
- We tested the effectiveness of these new client onboarding, AML and sanction screening controls at FST Belize and the ongoing monitoring of these control activities at the Company.
- We selected a sample of individual and legal entities within the omnibus accounts and evaluated whether the individual or legal entity information obtained by FST Belize was consistent with external sources of information.
- We tested a sample of transactions placed by FST Belize customers and how these transactions are reflected in the omnibus accounts. We tested that the revenue recognition for these contracts was in accordance with the requirements in ASC 606, ASC 940 and ASC 310.

Our audit procedures related to the consolidation assessment included the following, among others:

- We tested the effectiveness of the control over management's application of U.S GAAP to complex transactions, including the consolidation of FST Belize, which included the judgments and factors used in determining that FST Belize did not meet the definition of a VIE and did not qualify for consolidation under ASC 810.
- With the assistance of professionals with expertise in the application of ASC 810, we evaluated the Company's consolidation accounting analysis for FST Belize by performing procedures including, but not limited to:
 - Obtaining an understanding of the ownership structure of FST Belize.
 - Inspecting the agreements establishing the omnibus accounts and the margin lending arrangement between the Company and FST Belize and the contracts between FST Belize and its customers.
 - Evaluating the tariff and fees between FST Belize and its customers and FST Belize and the Company to evaluate if these are consistent with current market rates.
 - Obtaining the underlying financial information of FST Belize to evaluate the equity investment at risk at the period ended.

/s/ Deloitte LLP

Almaty, Kazakhstan
August 4, 2023

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2022.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the shareholders and the Board of Directors of Freedom Holding Corp.

Opinion on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

We have audited the internal control over financial reporting of Freedom Holding Corp. and subsidiaries (the “Company”) as of March 31, 2023, based on criteria established in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). In our opinion, because of the effect of the material weaknesses identified below on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria, the Company has not maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2023, based on criteria established in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by COSO.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2023, of the Company and our report dated August 4, 2023, expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

As described in *Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting*, management excluded from its assessment the internal control over financial reporting at Freedom Finance Life JSC, Freedom Finance Insurance JSC and Paybox Technologies LLP (and its subsidiaries) (together, the “Acquired Companies”), which were acquired on May 17, 2022, May 17, 2022 and February 10, 2023 respectively, and whose financial statements together constitute 10% of total consolidated assets and 22% of total consolidated revenues of the consolidated financial statement amounts as of and for the year ended March 31, 2023, respectively. Accordingly, our audit did not include the internal control over financial reporting at the Acquired Companies.

Basis for Opinion

The Company’s management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying *Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting

A company’s internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company’s internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company’s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Material Weaknesses

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company’s annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. The Company identified and included in management’s assessment a material weakness in one of the principles associated with the Control Environment component of the COSO framework, specifically relating to a lack of a sufficient complement of qualified technical accounting and financial reporting personnel to perform control activities in support of preparing the financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The Control

Environment material weakness contributed to other material weaknesses either individually or in the aggregate, related to the design of the controls over (i) the application of U.S. GAAP to complex transactions, (ii) the classification of certain loans and deposits from banking institutions within the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, (iii) the classification of certain interest income from margin lending within the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Other Comprehensive Income, (iv) the classification of funds received under the Kazakhstan state program for financing of mortgage loans “7-20-25” within the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) the review and timely identification of misstatements in the notes to the Consolidation Financial Statements. These material weaknesses were considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2023, of the Company, and this report does not affect our report on such financial statements.

/s/ Deloitte LLP

Almaty, Kazakhstan
August 4, 2023

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Shareholders and Board of Directors
Freedom Holding Corp.
Las Vegas, Nevada

Opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Freedom Holding Corp. (the “Company”) as of March 31, 2022, and the related consolidated statements of operations and other comprehensive income, shareholders’ equity, and cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended March 31, 2022, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the “consolidated financial statements”) before the effects of the adjustments to retrospectively reflect the changes in the consolidated financial statements described in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023. In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements before the effects of the adjustments to retrospectively reflect the changes in the consolidated financial statements described in Note 3 present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company at March 31, 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended March 31, 2022, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We were not engaged to audit, review, or apply any procedures to the adjustments to retrospectively reflect the changes in the consolidated financial statements described in Note 3 and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance about whether such adjustments are appropriate and have been properly applied. Those adjustments were audited by other auditors.

Recast Consolidated Financial Statements

As discussed in Note 30 to the financial statements, the Company has recast the consolidated balance sheets and the consolidated statements of operations and other comprehensive income to remove the balances and operations of two subsidiaries that were considered held for sale as of March 31, 2022. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Basis for Opinion

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company’s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (“PCAOB”) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ WSRP, LLC

We served as the Company's auditor from 2015 to 2022.

Salt Lake City, Utah

May 31, 2022, except for Note 30 to the consolidated financial statements, as to which the date is April 26, 2023.

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| | March 31, 2023 | March 31, 2022 (Recasted) |
|--|---------------------|------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents (including \$35,549 and \$22,787 from related parties) | \$ 581,417 | \$ 225,464 |
| Restricted cash (including \$114,885 and \$222,651 from related parties) | 445,528 | 547,950 |
| Trading securities | 2,412,556 | 1,158,377 |
| Available-for-sale securities, at fair value | 239,053 | 161,364 |
| Margin lending, brokerage and other receivables, net (including \$294,985 and \$107,649 from related parties) | 376,329 | 147,659 |
| Loans issued (including \$121,177 and \$35,293 from related party) | 826,258 | 92,446 |
| Fixed assets, net | 54,017 | 17,823 |
| Intangible assets, net | 17,615 | 5,163 |
| Goodwill | 14,192 | 5,898 |
| Right-of-use asset | 30,345 | 7,431 |
| Insurance contract assets | 13,785 | 5,712 |
| Other assets, net (including \$16,089 and \$— from related party) | 73,463 | 29,641 |
| Assets held for sale | — | 825,419 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 5,084,558 | \$ 3,230,347 |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Securities repurchase agreement obligations | \$ 1,517,416 | \$ 840,224 |
| Customer liabilities (including \$130,210 and \$325,904 from related parties) | 1,925,247 | 765,628 |
| Margin lending and trade payables (including \$3,239 and \$38,889 to related parties) | 122,900 | 45,083 |
| Liabilities from insurance activity | 182,502 | 122,087 |
| Current income tax liability | 4,547 | 14,556 |
| Securities sold, not yet purchased - at fair value | — | 13,865 |
| Debt securities issued | 60,025 | 34,390 |
| Lease liability | 30,320 | 7,504 |
| Payable for acquisition | 7,188 | — |
| Liability arising from continuing involvement | 440,805 | 6,447 |
| Other liabilities | 22,872 | 21,477 |
| Liabilities held for sale | — | 812,478 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | \$ 4,313,822 | \$ 2,683,739 |
| Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (Note 31) | — | — |
| SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Preferred stock - \$0.001 par value; \$20,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding | — | — |
| Common stock - \$0.001 par value; 500,000,000 shares authorized; 59,659,191 and 59,542,212 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, respectively | 59 | 59 |
| Additional paid in capital | 164,162 | 174,745 |
| Retained earnings | 647,064 | 441,924 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (34,000) | (63,125) |
| TOTAL FRHC SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | \$ 777,285 | \$ 553,603 |
| Non-controlling interest | (6,549) | (6,995) |
| TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | \$ 770,736 | \$ 546,608 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | \$ 5,084,558 | \$ 3,230,347 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

* Please see Note 3

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FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND STATEMENTS OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| | Years ended March 31, | | |
|---|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 (Recasted) | 2021 (Recasted) |
| Revenue: | | | |
| Fee and commission income (including \$199,235, \$291,163 and \$184,725 from related parties) | \$ 327,215 | \$ 335,211 | \$ 216,008 |
| Net gain on trading securities | 71,084 | 155,252 | 28,807 |
| Interest income (including \$23,191, \$10,191 and \$2,250 from related parties) | 294,695 | 121,609 | 38,474 |
| Insurance underwriting income | 115,371 | 72,981 | 62,951 |
| Net gain on foreign exchange operations | 52,154 | 3,791 | 557 |
| Net (loss)/gain on derivatives | (64,826) | 946 | 86 |
| TOTAL REVENUE, NET | 795,693 | 689,790 | 346,883 |
| Expense: | | | |
| Fee and commission expense (including \$2,988, \$16,307 and \$20,291 from related parties) | 65,660 | 85,909 | 70,537 |
| Interest expense | 208,947 | 76,947 | 22,444 |
| Insurance claims incurred, net of reinsurance | 77,329 | 54,447 | 52,405 |
| Payroll and bonuses | 81,819 | 46,288 | 23,435 |
| Professional services | 17,006 | 12,682 | 4,430 |
| Stock compensation expense | 9,293 | 7,859 | 114 |
| Advertising expense | 14,059 | 11,916 | 6,971 |
| General and administrative expense | 59,971 | 23,533 | 11,118 |
| Provision for impairment losses | 29,119 | 2,502 | 1,590 |
| Other (income)/expense, net | (3,448) | 4,014 | 2,034 |
| TOTAL EXPENSE | 559,755 | 326,097 | 195,078 |
| NET INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX | 235,938 | 363,693 | 151,805 |
| Income tax expense | (42,776) | (38,570) | (23,307) |
| INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | 193,162 | 325,123 | 128,498 |
| Income/(loss) before income tax (expense)/benefit of discontinued operations | 68,160 | (117,199) | 28,518 |
| Reclassification of loss from cumulative translation adjustment of discontinued operations | (25,415) | — | — |
| Loss from divestiture of discontinued operations | (26,118) | — | — |
| Income tax benefit/(expense) of discontinued operations | (4,203) | 13,004 | (6,735) |
| Income/(loss) from discontinued operations | 12,424 | (104,195) | 21,783 |
| NET INCOME | 205,586 | 220,928 | 150,281 |
| Less: Net income/(loss) attributable to non-controlling interest in subsidiary | 446 | (6,566) | 631 |
| NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO CONTROLLING INTEREST | \$ 205,140 | \$ 227,494 | \$ 149,650 |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME | | | |
| Change in unrealized gain on investments available-for-sale, net of tax effect | 1,431 | (4,292) | (304) |

[Table of Contents](#)**FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.**
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND STATEMENTS OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Reclassification adjustment relating to available-for-sale investments disposed of in the period, net of tax effect | (2,916) | 2,222 | 2,092 |
| Reclassification of loss from cumulative translation adjustment of discontinued operations | 25,415 | — | — |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax effect | 5,195 | (20,622) | 2,787 |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) | 29,125 | (22,692) | 4,575 |
| COMPREHENSIVE INCOME BEFORE NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS | \$ 234,711 | \$ 198,236 | \$ 154,856 |
| Less: Comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to non-controlling interest in subsidiary | 446 | (6,566) | 631 |
| COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO CONTROLLING INTEREST | \$ 234,265 | \$ 204,802 | \$ 154,225 |
| <i>EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE (In U.S. dollars):</i> | | | |
| Earnings from continuing operations per common share - basic | 3.29 | 5.59 | 2.19 |
| Earnings from continuing operations per common share - diluted | 3.24 | 5.59 | 2.19 |
| Earnings/(loss) from discontinued operations per common share - basic | 0.21 | (1.75) | 0.37 |
| Earnings/(loss) from discontinued operations per common share - diluted | 0.21 | (1.75) | 0.37 |
| Earnings per common share - basic | 3.50 | 3.84 | 2.56 |
| Earnings per common share - diluted | 3.45 | 3.84 | 2.56 |
| Weighted average number of shares (basic) | 58,629,580 | 59,378,207 | 58,388,445 |
| Weighted average number of shares (diluted) | 59,504,811 | 59,378,207 | 58,442,921 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| | Common Stock | | Additional paid in capital | Retained earnings | Accumulated other comprehensive loss | Total equity attributable to the shareholders | Non-controlling interest | Total |
|--|-------------------|--------------|----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------------|-------------------|
| | Shares | Amount | | | | | | |
| At March 31, 2020 (Recasted) | 58,358,212 | 58 | 131,811 | 64,780 | (45,008) | 151,641 | (2,272) | 149,369 |
| Stock based compensation | 15,000 | — | 1,147 | — | — | 1,147 | — | 1,147 |
| Share based payment | 10,000 | — | 517 | — | — | 517 | — | 517 |
| Exercise of options | 60,000 | — | 118 | — | — | 118 | — | 118 |
| Capital contribution of Shareholder | — | — | 1,667 | — | — | 1,667 | — | 1,667 |
| Other comprehensive reserve | — | — | — | — | 1,788 | 1,788 | — | 1,788 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax effect | — | — | — | — | 2,787 | 2,787 | — | 2,787 |
| Net income/(loss) | — | — | — | 149,650 | — | 149,650 | 631 | 150,281 |
| At March 31, 2021 (Recasted) | 58,443,212 | \$ 58 | \$ 135,260 | \$ 214,430 | \$ (40,433) | \$ 309,315 | \$ (1,641) | \$ 307,674 |
| Stock based compensation | 1,039,000 | 1 | 15,745 | — | — | 15,746 | — | 15,746 |
| Capital contribution | — | — | 24,417 | — | — | 24,417 | — | 24,417 |
| Exercise of options | 60,000 | — | 119 | — | — | 119 | — | 119 |
| Sale of Freedom UA shares | — | — | (796) | — | — | (796) | 1,212 | 416 |
| Other comprehensive reserve | — | — | — | — | (2,070) | (2,070) | — | (2,070) |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax effect | — | — | — | — | (20,622) | (20,622) | — | (20,622) |
| Net income | — | — | — | 227,494 | — | 227,494 | (6,566) | 220,928 |
| At March 31, 2022 (Recasted) | 59,542,212 | 59 | 174,745 | 441,924 | (63,125) | 553,603 | (6,995) | 546,608 |
| Stock based compensation | 57,216 | — | 11,038 | — | — | 11,038 | — | 11,038 |
| Contribution of shareholder | — | — | 677 | — | — | 677 | — | 677 |
| Issuance of shares of common stock | 59,763 | — | 4,290 | — | — | 4,290 | — | 4,290 |
| Acquisition of insurance companies | — | — | (26,588) | — | — | (26,588) | — | (26,588) |
| Other comprehensive reserve | — | — | — | — | (1,485) | (1,485) | — | (1,485) |
| Reclassification of loss from cumulative translation adjustment of discontinued operations | — | — | — | — | 25,415 | 25,415 | — | 25,415 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax effect | — | — | — | — | 5,195 | 5,195 | — | 5,195 |
| Net income | — | — | — | 205,140 | — | 205,140 | 446 | 205,586 |
| At March 31, 2023 | 59,659,191 | 59 | 164,162 | 647,064 | (34,000) | 777,285 | (6,549) | 770,736 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| | For the years ended | | |
|--|---------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | March 31, 2023 | March 31, 2022 (Recasted) | March 31, 2021 (Recasted) |
| Cash Flows From Operating Activities | | | |
| Net income | 205,586 | \$ 220,928 | \$ 150,281 |
| Net income/(loss) from discontinued operations | 12,424 | \$ (104,195) | \$ 21,783 |
| Net income from continuing operations | 193,162 | \$ 325,123 | \$ 128,498 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income used in operating activities: | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 5,138 | 3,416 | 2,688 |
| Noncash lease expense | 5,113 | 3,546 | 2,573 |
| Subsidiaries goodwill impairment | — | 832 | — |
| Change in deferred taxes | (811) | (4,681) | 1,651 |
| Stock compensation expense | 9,293 | 7,859 | 114 |
| Share based payment | — | — | 517 |
| Unrealized (gain)/loss on trading securities | (107,310) | 50,987 | (8,672) |
| Unrealized (gain)/loss on derivatives | (12) | — | — |
| Net realized (gain)/loss on available-for-sale securities | (2,934) | 2,222 | 2,092 |
| Net change in accrued interest | (56,478) | (15,940) | (14,947) |
| Change in insurance reserves | 50,671 | 37,087 | 52,712 |
| Allowances for receivables | 29,119 | 2,502 | 1,590 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | |
| Trading securities | (1,019,191) | (608,622) | (466,591) |
| Margin lending, brokerage and other receivables (including \$(187,336), \$(97,783), and \$54,973 changes from related parties) | (253,301) | (103,756) | 20,972 |
| Insurance contract assets | 3,217 | (2,316) | (1,033) |
| Other assets | (12,302) | (9,468) | (8,809) |
| Securities sold, not yet purchased – at fair value | (13,865) | 5,296 | 8,508 |
| Brokerage customer liabilities (including \$(195,694), \$90,444, and \$224,173 changes from related parties) | 105,942 | (23,167) | 432,245 |
| Current income tax liability | (10,019) | 357 | 11,571 |
| Margin lending and trade payables (including \$(35,650), \$25,079, and \$9,504 changes from related parties) | 163,763 | 26,062 | 16,506 |
| Lease liabilities | (5,284) | (3,670) | (2,378) |
| Liabilities from insurance activity | (10,769) | 1,982 | 760 |
| Other liabilities | (730) | 10,484 | 1,813 |
| Net cash flows used in operating activities from continuing operations | (927,588) | (293,865) | 182,380 |
| Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities from discontinued operations | (24,095) | (112,500) | 347,017 |
| Net cash flows used in operating activities | (951,683) | (406,365) | 529,397 |
| Cash Flows From/(Used by) Investing Activities | | | |
| Purchase of fixed assets | (38,542) | (5,623) | (1,518) |
| Proceeds from sale of fixed assets | — | — | 15 |
| Net change in loans issued to customers | (715,038) | (86,376) | (1,120) |
| Purchase of available-for-sale securities, at fair value | (330,095) | (248,739) | (273,818) |
| Proceeds from sale of available-for-sale securities, at fair value | 260,634 | 198,798 | 190,344 |
| Cash received from divestiture of Russian subsidiaries | 51,506 | — | — |
| Prepayment on acquisitions | (22,462) | — | — |
| Consideration paid for LD Micro | (4,000) | — | — |
| Consideration paid for Zerich | — | — | (7,110) |

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| | | | |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Consideration paid for PrimeEx | — | — | (2,500) |
| Consideration paid for Freedom Bank KZ | — | — | (53,097) |
| Consideration paid for acquisition of London Almaty | (13,652) | — | — |
| Consideration paid for acquisition of Freedom Life and Freedom Insurance | (26,588) | — | — |
| Consideration paid for Paybox | (11,617) | — | — |
| Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash received from acquisitions | 16,348 | — | 157,382 |
| Net cash flows used in investing activities from continuing operations | (833,506) | (141,940) | 8,578 |
| Net cash flows used in investing activities from discontinued operations | (629,738) | (4,383) | (2,232) |
| Net cash flows used in investing activities | (1,463,244) | (146,323) | 6,346 |
| Cash Flows From Financing Activities | | | |
| Proceeds from securities repurchase agreement obligations | 637,392 | 427,619 | 383,346 |
| Proceeds from issuance of debt securities | 45,946 | 13,200 | 3,626 |
| Repurchase of debt securities | (23,387) | (9,988) | (8,350) |
| Repurchase of mortgage loans under the State Program | (14,806) | (146) | — |
| Funds received under state program for financing of mortgage loans | 435,713 | 7,022 | — |
| Net change in bank customer deposits | 1,011,147 | 141,497 | 8,234 |
| Proceeds from loans received | — | — | 3,300 |
| Repayment of loans received | (4,867) | — | — |
| Capital contributions | 677 | — | 1,667 |
| Exercise of options | — | 119 | 118 |
| Net cash flows from financing activities from continuing operations | 2,087,815 | 579,323 | 391,941 |
| Net cash flows from financing activities from discontinued operations | 45,566 | 39,205 | 100,582 |
| Net cash flows from financing activities | 2,133,381 | 618,528 | 492,523 |
| Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash from continued operations | 43,689 | (14,132) | (477) |
| Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash from discontinued operations | 34,502 | (40,288) | (5,652) |
| NET CHANGE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH | (203,355) | 11,420 | 1,022,137 |
| CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | 773,414 | 659,495 | 86,382 |
| CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS | 456,886 | 559,385 | 110,361 |
| CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD | 1,230,300 | 1,218,880 | 196,743 |
| CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH, END OF PERIOD FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | \$ 1,026,945 | \$ 773,414 | \$ 659,495 |
| CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH, END OF PERIOD FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS | \$ — | \$ 456,886 | \$ 559,385 |
| CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH, END OF PERIOD | \$ 1,026,945 | \$ 1,230,300 | \$ 1,218,880 |

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| | For the years ended | | |
|---|---------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | March 31, 2023 | March 31, 2022 (Recasted) | March 31, 2021 (Recasted) |
| Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: | | | |
| Cash paid for interest | \$ 199,371 | \$ 37,851 | \$ 19,098 |
| Income taxes paid | \$ 53,180 | \$ 44,473 | \$ 10,999 |
| Supplemental non-cash disclosures: | | | |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease obligations on adoption of new lease standard | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets obtained/disposed of in exchange for operating lease obligations during the period, net | \$ 23,586 | \$ 7,314 | \$ 1,643 |

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reported within the consolidated balance sheets that sum to the total of the same such amounts shown in the consolidated statements of cash flows:

| | March 31, 2023 | March 31, 2022 (Recasted) | March 31, 2021 (Recasted) |
|---|---------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 581,417 | \$ 225,464 | \$ 168,804 |
| Restricted cash | \$ 445,528 | \$ 547,950 | \$ 490,691 |
| Total cash, cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash shown in the statement of cash flows | \$ 1,026,945 | \$ 773,414 | \$ 659,495 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Overview

Freedom Holding Corp. (the "Company" or "FRHC") is a corporation organized in the United States under the laws of the State of Nevada that through its operating subsidiaries provides financial services including retail securities brokerage, research, investment counseling, securities trading, market making, retail banking, corporate investment banking, underwriting services, commercial banking, insurance products, a payment platform, a conference platform and an online ticket sale platform. The Company is headquartered in Almaty, Kazakhstan, with supporting administrative office locations in Cyprus and the United States. The Company has retail locations in Kazakhstan, Ukraine, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Cyprus, Germany, the United Kingdom, Greece, Spain, France and Armenia. The Company also has subsidiaries in the United States which include a broker-dealer that is registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). The Company's common stock trades on the Nasdaq Capital Market, Kazakhstan Stock Exchange (KASE) and Astana International Exchange (AIX).

As of March 31, 2023, the Company owned directly, or through subsidiaries, the following companies:

- Freedom Finance JSC, an Almaty, Kazakhstan-based securities broker-dealer ("Freedom KZ");
- Freedom Finance Global PLC, an Astana International Financial Centre-based securities broker-dealer ("Freedom Global");
- Bank Freedom Finance Kazakhstan JSC, an Almaty, Kazakhstan-based bank ("Freedom Bank KZ");
- Freedom Finance Life JSC, an Almaty, Kazakhstan-based life/health insurance company ("Freedom Life");
- Freedom Finance Insurance JSC, an Almaty, Kazakhstan-based general insurance company ("Freedom Insurance");
- Freedom Finance Special Purpose Company LTD, an Astana International Financial Centre-based special purpose company ("Freedom SPC");
- Freedom Finance Commercial LLP, a Kazakhstan-based sales consulting company ("Freedom Commercial");
- Freedom Finance Europe Limited, a Limassol, Cyprus-based broker-dealer ("Freedom EU");
- Freedom Finance Technologies Ltd, a Limassol, Cyprus-based IT development company ("Freedom Technologies");
- Freedom Finance Germany GmbH, a Berlin, Germany-based tied agent of Freedom EU ("Freedom GE");
- Freedom UK Prime Limited, a London, United Kingdom-based financial intermediary company ("Prime UK");
- Foreign Enterprise LLC Freedom Finance, a Tashkent, Uzbekistan-based broker-dealer ("Freedom UZ");
- Freedom Finance Azerbaijan LLC, an Azerbaijan-based financial educational center ("Freedom AZ");
- Freedom Finance Armenia LLC, an Armenia-based broker-dealer ("Freedom AR");
- Prime Executions, Inc., a New York City, New York-based NYSE institutional brokerage, that is also authorized to engage in certain capital markets and investment banking activities ("PrimeEx");
- FFIN Securities, Inc., a currently-dormant Nevada corporation ("FFIN");
- Freedom Finance Ltd., a Dubai, United Arab Emirates-based financial intermediary company ("Freedom UAE");
- ITS Tech Limited, an Astana International Financial Centre-based, IT-support company ("ITS Tech");
- Freedom Kazakhstan PC Ltd, an Almaty, Kazakhstan-based non-financial company ("Freedom Kazakhstan PC Ltd.");
- Ticketon Events LLP, an Almaty, Kazakhstan-based online ticket sales company ("Ticketon");
- Freedom Finance Turkey LLC, an Istanbul, Turkey-based financial consulting company ("Freedom TR");
- Paybox Technologies LLP, an Almaty, Kazakhstan-based payment company ("Paybox");
- Freedom U.S. Market LLC, a New York City, New York-based management company of Freedom's U.S. Operations ("FUSM"); and
- LD Micro, a New York City, a pre-eminent event platform which hosts two premier small and micro-cap world conferences annually ("LD Micro").

The Company also owns a 9% interest in Freedom Finance Ukraine LLC, a Kiev, Ukraine-based broker-dealer ("Freedom UA"). The remaining 91% interest in Freedom UA is controlled by Askar Tashtitov, the Company's president. The Company has entered into a series of contractual arrangements with Freedom UA and Mr. Tashtitov, including a consulting services agreement, an operating agreement and an option agreement. Because such agreements obligate the Company to guarantee the performance of all Freedom UA obligations and provide Freedom UA sufficient funding to cover all Freedom UA operating losses and net capital requirements, enable the Company to receive 90% of the net profits of

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023

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Freedom UA after tax, and require the Company to provide Freedom UA the management competence, operational support, and ongoing access to the Company's significant assets, necessary technology resources and expertise to conduct the business of Freedom UA, the Company determined that Freedom UA is a variable interest entity ("VIE") and that the Company is the primary beneficiary. Accordingly, the Company consolidated Freedom UA into the financial statements of the Company.

Prior to July 2021, the Company owned approximately 32.9% of Freedom UA, but due to changes to Ukrainian regulations to restrict foreign ownership of registered Ukrainian broker-dealers, in July 2021, the Company was required to sell approximately 23.9% of its equity interest in Freedom UA to Mr. Tashtitov, reducing the Company's direct ownership interest in Freedom UA to approximately 9%.

On October 17, 2022, the Company entered into an agreement with Maxim Povalishin for the divestiture of 100% of the share capital of the companies comprising its Russian securities brokerage and complementary banking operations in Russia. Maxim Povalishin, the purchaser, was at the time of the transaction the Deputy General Director and a member of the Board of Directors of Investment Company Freedom Finance LLC. The transaction was approved by the Central Bank of the Russian Federation on February 10, 2023, and the divestiture was completed on February 28, 2023. For financial information regarding the Company's Russian subsidiaries see Note 30 "Assets and Liabilities held for sale" in the notes to our consolidated financial statements.

In July 2022, Investment Company Freedom Finance LLC established a Russian subsidiary Freedom Finance Auto LLC. In January 2023, Investment Company Freedom Finance LLC concluded an agreement with Maxim Povalishin to sell Freedom Finance Auto LLC for RUB 50 million (approximately \$695 thousand based on the applicable currency exchange rate on the reporting date). On February 7, 2023, the sale of Freedom Finance Auto LLC was completed.

Through its subsidiaries, the Company is a professional participant, with a license to provide one or more types of services, on a number of stock exchanges, including the Kazakhstan Stock Exchange (KASE), the Astana International Stock Exchange (AIX), the Moscow Exchange (MOEX) the Ukrainian Exchange (UX), the Republican Stock Exchange of Tashkent (UZSE) and the Uzbek Republican Currency Exchange (UZCE) and is a member of the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) and the Nasdaq Stock Exchange (Nasdaq). The Company also owns a 24.3% interest in the UX. Freedom EU provides the Company's clients with operational support and access to investment opportunities in the U.S. and European securities markets.

On October 19, 2022, Freedom UA's brokerage license was suspended for a period of five years and its assets were frozen by the Ukrainian authorities following its inclusion on a sanctions list of the Ukrainian government. The Company believes that the decision to include Freedom UA on such list was not justified and it is in the process of appealing such decision.

Unless otherwise specifically or contextually indicated, the "Company" refers to FRHC, together with its consolidated subsidiaries.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting principles

The Company's accounting policies and accompanying consolidated financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).

Basis of presentation and principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements present the consolidated accounts of FRHC and its consolidated subsidiaries. All inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated from the consolidated financial statements.

Consolidation of variable interest entities

In accordance with accounting standards regarding consolidation of variable interest entities ("VIEs"), VIEs are generally entities that lack sufficient equity to finance their activities without additional financial support from other parties or whose equity holders lack adequate decision making ability. VIEs must be evaluated to determine the primary beneficiary of the risks and rewards of the VIE. The primary beneficiary is required to consolidate the VIE for financial reporting purposes.

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.**NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023**
(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

As of March 31, 2023 and 2022 and for the years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, the only VIE of the Company was Freedom UA.

The carrying amounts of the VIE's consolidated assets and liabilities are as follows:

| | <u>March 31, 2023</u> | <u>March 31, 2022</u> |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | 26 | 134 |
| Restricted cash | 1,936 | 2,843 |
| Trading securities | 4,010 | 2,942 |
| Margin lending, brokerage and other receivables, net | 1,616 | 435 |
| Fixed assets, net | 782 | 1,043 |
| Intangible assets, net | 131 | 205 |
| Right-of-use asset | 135 | 905 |
| Other assets | 56 | 127 |
| Total assets | \$ 8,692 | 8,634 |
| Customer liabilities | 5,837 | 8,439 |
| Securities repurchase agreement obligations | 12 | 3,267 |
| Trade payables | 25 | 35 |
| Lease liability | 159 | 914 |
| Other liabilities | 298 | 434 |
| Total liabilities | \$ 6,331 | 13,089 |

Freedom Securities Trading Inc ("FST Belize")

The Company has performed an analysis of Variable Interest Entities (VIEs) to determine if it should consolidate FST Belize in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAP). As part of this analysis, the Company considered if FST Belize meets the definition of a variable interest entity, if the Company holds a variable interest in FST Belize and ultimately whether it has the power to control the most significant activities of FST Belize.

The Company concluded that FST Belize is not a variable interest entity because it has sufficient equity at risk to finance its activities without additional financial support and the control over its significant activities is held by its sole shareholder, Mr. Timur Turlov who is also the Company's controlling shareholder, chairman and chief executive officer. In addition, the Company concluded that the only potential variable interest it holds in FST Belize is the margin lending provided by the Company and that this margin lending does not expose the Company to variability associated with the operations of FST Belize because it is fully collateralized by liquid marketable securities under the Company's custody for which the contractual arrangements allow the Company to sell to cover any losses in the margin lending.. Lastly, the Company also considered that it does not have the power to control FST Belize because it does not own any of the voting shares or other contractual arrangements that allow it to control its operations.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Management believes that the estimates utilized in preparing the Company's financial statements are reasonable and prudent. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023

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Revenue and expense recognition

Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASC Topic 606"), establishes principles for reporting information about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from the entity's contracts to provide goods or services to customers. The core principle requires an entity to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services promised to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration that it expects to be entitled to receive in exchange for those goods or services recognized as performance obligations are satisfied. A significant portion of the Company's revenue-generating transactions are not subject to ASC Topic 606, including revenue generated from financial instruments, such as loans and investment securities, as these activities are subject to other U.S. GAAP guidance discussed elsewhere within these disclosures. Descriptions of the Company's revenue-generating activities that are within the scope of ASC Topic 606, which are presented in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Statements of Other Comprehensive Income as components of total revenue, net are as follows:

- Commissions on brokerage services;
- Commissions on banking services (money transfers, foreign exchange operations and other); and
- Commissions on investment banking services (underwriting, market making, and bondholders' representation services).

Gross Versus Net Revenue

ASC 606 provides guidance on proper recognition of principal versus agent considerations which is used to determine gross versus net revenue recognition. Under ASC 606, the core objective of the guidance on gross versus net revenue recognition is to help determine whether the Company is a principal or an agent in a transaction. In general, the primary difference between these two is the performance obligation being satisfied. The principal has a performance obligation to provide the desired goods or services to the end customer, whereas the agent arranges for the principal to provide the desired goods or services. Additionally, a fundamental characteristic of a principal in a transaction is control. A principal substantively controls the goods and services before they are transferred to the customer as well as controls the price of the good or service being provided. An agent normally receives a commission or fee for these activities. In addition to control, the level at which the Company controls the price of the good or service being transferred determines principal versus agent status. The more discretion over setting price a company has in providing the good or service, the more likely they are considered a principal rather than an agent.

In certain cases, other parties are involved with providing products and services to our customers. If the Company is principal in the transaction (providing goods or services itself), revenues are reported based on the gross consideration received from the customer and any related expenses are reported gross in non interest expense. If the Company is an agent in the transaction (arranging for another party to provide goods or services), the Company reports its net fee or commission retained as revenue.

Interest income

Interest income on margin loans, loans issued, trading securities, available-for-sale securities, and reverse repurchase agreement obligations are recognized based on the contractual provisions of the underlying arrangements.

Loan premiums and discounts are deferred and generally amortized into interest income as yield adjustments over the contractual life and/or commitment period using the effective interest method.

Unamortized premiums, discounts and other basis adjustments on trading securities are generally recognized in interest income over the contractual lives of the securities using the effective interest method.

Loans

The Company's loan portfolio is divided into: mortgages, uncollateralized bank customer loans, collateralized bank customer loans, car loans, loans issued to policyholders and subordinated loans. Mortgage loans consist of loans provided to individuals to purchase residential homes, which is used as collateral for the loan. Uncollateralized bank customer loans consist of loans provided through credit cards to individuals and retail unsecured banking loans provided to individuals. Collateralized bank customer loans consist of retail collateralized loans provided to individuals. Subordinated loans consist of uncollateralized loans provided to the legal entities to support their businesses, that ranks below other, more senior loans

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or securities with respect to claims on assets or earnings. Margin loans are not classified as part of the Company's loan portfolio and are instead recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheets under Margin lending, brokerage and other receivables, net. Loans issued to policyholders are represented by loans issued by insurer to its policyholders under an accumulative insurance contract. Policy loans are provided within the redemption amount, which is a security for the return of the received loan and covers the loans amount and interest. Car loans consists of loans provided to individuals to purchase new or used car.

Derivative financial instruments

In the normal course of business, the Company invests in various derivative financial contracts including futures. Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at each reporting date. The fair values are estimated based on quoted market prices or pricing models that take into account the current market and contractual prices of the underlying instruments and other factors. Derivatives are carried as assets when their fair value is positive and as liabilities when it is negative.

Functional currency

Management has adopted ASC 830, Foreign Currency Translation Matters as it pertains to its foreign currency translation. The Company's functional currencies are the Kazakhstan tenge, the euro, the U.S. dollar, the Ukrainian hryvnia, the Uzbekistani som, the Kyrgyzstani som, the Azerbaijani manat, the British pound sterling, the Armenian dram, the United Arab Emirates dirham and the Turkish lira, and its reporting currency is the U.S. dollar. For financial reporting purposes, foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars as the reporting currency. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars using the exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at rates of exchange in effect at the date of the transaction. Average quarterly rates are used to translate revenues and expenses. Translation adjustments arising from the use of different exchange rates from period to period are included as a component of shareholders' equity as "Accumulated other comprehensive loss". The Company uses exchange rates from the National Bank of the Republic of Kazakhstan for foreign currency translation purposes.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are generally comprised of certain highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less at the date of purchase. Cash and cash equivalents include those reverse repurchase agreements, where maturity is less than 90 days, and the credit risk of the counterparty is low, which are recorded at the amounts at which the securities were acquired plus accrued interest.

Securities reverse repurchase and repurchase agreements

A reverse repurchase agreement is a transaction in which the Company purchases financial instruments from a seller, typically in exchange for cash, and simultaneously enters into an agreement to resell the same or substantially the same financial instruments to the seller for an amount equal to the cash or other consideration exchanged plus interest at a future date. Securities purchased under reverse repurchase agreements are accounted for as collateralized financing transactions and are recorded at the contractual amount for which the securities will be resold, including accrued interest. Financial instruments purchased under reverse repurchase agreements are recorded in the financial statements as cash placed on deposit collateralized by securities and classified as cash and cash equivalents in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

A repurchase agreement is a transaction in which the Company sells financial instruments to another party, typically in exchange for cash, and simultaneously enters into an agreement to reacquire the same or substantially the same financial instruments from the buyer for an amount equal to the cash or other consideration exchanged plus interest at a future date. These agreements are accounted for as collateralized financing transactions. The Company retains the financial instruments sold under repurchase agreements and classifies them as trading securities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The consideration received under repurchase agreements is classified as securities repurchase agreement obligations in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

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The Company enters into reverse repurchase agreements, repurchase agreements, securities borrowed and securities loaned transactions to, among other things, acquire securities to leverage and grow its proprietary trading portfolio, cover short positions and settle other securities obligations, to accommodate customers' needs and to finance its inventory positions. The Company enters into these transactions in accordance with normal market practice. Under standard terms for repurchase transactions, the recipient of collateral has the right to sell or repledge the collateral, subject to returning equivalent securities on settlement of the transaction.

Restricted cash

Restricted cash consists of cash equivalents that is held for specific reasons and not available for immediate use. They are generally comprised of certain investments with original maturities of more than three months. Mainly represented by customers' cash and guaranty deposits, which are restricted in use by the Company.

Available-for-sale securities

Financial assets categorized as available-for-sale ("AFS") are non-derivatives that are either designated as available-for-sale or not classified as (a) loans and receivables, (b) held to maturity investments or (c) trading securities.

Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the Accumulated other comprehensive loss, with the exception of other-than-temporary impairment losses, interest calculated using the effective interest method, and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Statements of Other Comprehensive Income. When the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the accumulated other comprehensive (loss)/income is then reclassified to net realized gain/(loss) on investments available-for-sale in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Statements of Other Comprehensive Income.

Trading securities

Financial assets are classified as trading securities if the financial asset has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term.

Trading securities are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in revenue. Changes in fair value are recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Statements of Other Comprehensive Income and included in net gain on trading securities. Interest earned and dividend income are recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Statements of Other Comprehensive Income and included in interest income, according to the terms of the contract and when the right to receive the payment has been established.

Investments in nonconsolidated managed funds are accounted for at fair value based on the net asset value of the funds provided by the fund managers with gains or losses included in net gain on trading securities in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Statements of Other Comprehensive Income.

Debt securities issued

Debt securities issued are initially recognized at the fair value of the consideration received, less directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequently, amounts due are stated at amortized cost and any difference between net proceeds and the redemption value is recognized over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. If the Company purchases its own debt it is removed from the Consolidated Balance Sheets and the difference between the carrying amount of the liability and the consideration paid is recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Statements of Other Comprehensive Income.

Margin lending, brokerage and other receivables

The Company engages in securities financing transactions with and for clients through margin lending. In margin lending, the Company's customers borrow funds from the Company or sells securities the customer does not own against the value of their qualifying securities held in custody by the Company. Under these agreements, the Company is permitted to sell or repledge securities received as collateral. Furthermore, the contractual arrangements establish that the Company can use the

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pledged collateral by the customers for repurchase agreement operations, securities lending transactions or delivery to other counterparties to cover short positions.

Margin lending, brokerage and other receivables comprise margin lending receivables, brokerage commissions and other receivables related to the securities brokerage and banking activity of the Company. At initial recognition, margin lending, brokerage and other receivables are recognized at fair value. Subsequently, margin lending, brokerage and other receivables are carried at cost net of any allowance for impairment losses.

For both individual and institutional brokerage clients, we may enter into arrangements for securities financing transactions in respect of financial instruments held by us on behalf of the client or may use such financial instruments for our own account or the account of another client. We maintain omnibus brokerage accounts for certain institutional brokerage clients, in which transactions of the underlying clients of such institutional clients are combined in a single account with us. As noted above, we may use the assets within the omnibus accounts to finance, lend, provide credit or provide debt financing or otherwise use and direct the order or manner of assets for financing of other clients of ours.

As of March 31, 2023, margin lending receivable balance from FST Belize was fully collateralized by its customer-owned cash and market securities held by the Company, including \$37.1 million margin lending receivable collateralized by FRHC securities. Customers' required margin levels and established credit limits are monitored continuously by risk management staff. Pursuant to the Company's policy, customers are required to deposit additional collateral or reduce positions, when necessary, to avoid liquidation of their positions.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized where all of the following conditions are met:

- The transferred financial assets have been isolated from the Company - put presumptively beyond the reach of the Company and its creditors, even in bankruptcy or other receivership.
- The transferee has rights to pledge or exchange financial assets.
- The Company or its agents do not maintain effective control over the transferred financial assets or third-party beneficial interests related to those transferred assets.

Where the Company has not met the asset derecognition conditions above, it continues to recognize the asset to the extent of its continuing involvement.

Impairment of long-lived assets

In accordance with the accounting guidance for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets, the Company periodically evaluates the carrying value of long-lived assets to be held and used when events and circumstances warrant such a review. The carrying value of a long-lived asset is considered impaired when the fair value from such asset is less than its carrying value. In that event, a loss is recognized based on the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value of the long-lived asset. Fair value is determined primarily using the anticipated cash flows discounted at a rate commensurate with the risk involved. Losses on long-lived assets to be disposed of are determined in a similar manner, except that fair values are reduced for the cost of disposal. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020 the Company had not recorded any charges for impairment of long-lived assets.

Impairment of goodwill

Goodwill is allocated to reporting units, which are identified as the operating segments or one level below operating segments that generate separate financial information regularly reviewed by management. The assignment of goodwill to reporting units allows for the assessment of potential impairment at the appropriate level within the organization.

The Company has identified its reporting units based on its organizational and operational structure, as well as the level at which internal financial information is reviewed by management to make strategic decisions. In line with this, the reporting units have been established as follows:

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Central Asia and Eastern Europe Reporting Unit: This reporting unit represents the Company's operations in Central Asia, which encompasses countries such as Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan and Ukraine. The management team responsible for the Central Asia and Eastern Europe region regularly reviews financial information specific to this reporting unit, including revenue, expenses, and key performance indicators.

Europe excluding Eastern Europe Reporting Unit: This reporting unit comprises the Company's operations in various European countries, such as Cyprus, Germany and United Kingdom. The management team responsible for the Europe region reviews financial information related to this reporting unit, including revenue, expenses, and market trends.

US Reporting Unit: This reporting unit comprises the Company's operations in USA. The management team responsible for the US region reviews financial information related to this reporting unit, including revenue, expenses, and market trends.

Middle East/Caucasus Unit: This reporting unit comprises the Company's operations in Middle East/Caucasus. This reporting unit represents the Company's operations in Middle East/Caucasus, which encompasses countries such as Armenia, Azerbaijan, UAE and Turkiye. The management team responsible for the Middle East/Caucasus region reviews financial information related to this reporting unit, including revenue, expenses, and market trends.

Goodwill has been allocated to each reporting unit based on its relative fair value at the time of acquisition or significant triggering events. The fair value allocation of goodwill to reporting units is periodically reassessed to ensure alignment with the Company's evolving organizational structure and operational dynamics.

The Company conducts impairment testing on an annual basis or whenever indicators of potential impairment arise. The impairment testing involves comparing the carrying amount of each reporting unit, including its allocated goodwill, to its fair value. If the carrying amount exceeds the fair value, an impairment loss is recognized.

Further details regarding the measurement of goodwill impairment and the results of impairment tests for each reporting unit are provided below.

The Company discloses information about the reporting units, the carrying amounts of goodwill allocated to each reporting unit, and the impairment losses recognized. The allocation of goodwill to reporting units ensures a focused evaluation of each unit's financial performance and facilitates the identification of potential impairment, enhancing the transparency and reliability of our financial reporting.

As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, goodwill recorded in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets totaled \$4,192 and \$5,898 respectively. The Company performs an impairment review at least annually unless indicators of impairment exist in interim periods. The Company compares the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount. The goodwill impairment charge is recognized for the amount by which the reporting unit's carrying amount exceeds its fair value, limited to the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. If fair value exceeds the carrying amount, no impairment is recorded.

During the year ended March 31, 2023, the Company did not recognize an impairment loss related to goodwill.

During the year ended March 31, 2022, the conflict between Russia and Ukraine escalated, and military operations began on the territory of Ukraine. The conflict resulted in sanctions being imposed on Russia. As a result of this conflict, the Company's subsidiaries operating in Russia and Ukraine, including Freedom Bank RU, Freedom UA, and Zerich, incurred significant losses.

In its annual goodwill impairment test for the year ended March 31, 2022, the Company estimated the fair value of the reporting unit based on the income approach (also known as the discounted cash flow method) and determined the fair value of the Company's goodwill previously recognized for Freedom Bank RU, Freedom UA and Zerich was below the carrying amount of the Company's goodwill. As a result, as of March 31, 2022, the Company recognized impairment loss for the goodwill previously recognized for Freedom Bank RU, Freedom UA and Zerich in the amount of \$2,300 through Other (income)/expense, net as presented on the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Statements of Other Comprehensive Income, and presented goodwill, net of impairment loss in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

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The current uncertainty surrounding the conflict between Russia and Ukraine makes it difficult to perform reasonable projections of future income and expenses of the Ukrainian subsidiary.

The goodwill value at March 31, 2023 increased compared to March 31, 2022, due to acquisition of London Almaty, Ticketon, LD Micro and Paybox and as a result of foreign exchange currency translation.

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the years ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, were as follows:

| | Central Asia and Eastern Europe | Europe, excluding Eastern Europe | US | Held for Sale | Middle East/Caucasus | Total |
|--|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|---------------|----------------------|-----------|
| Goodwill, gross | | | | | | |
| Balance as of March 31, 2021 (Recasted) | \$ 5,261 | \$ — | \$ 1,626 | \$ 810 | \$ — | \$ 7,697 |
| Foreign currency translation | (157) | — | — | 658 | — | 501 |
| Acquired | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Balance as of March 31, 2022 (Recasted) | \$ 5,104 | \$ — | \$ 1,626 | \$ 1,468 | \$ — | \$ 8,198 |
| Foreign currency translation | (74) | — | — | — | — | (74) |
| Acquired | 2,594 | — | 5,774 | — | — | 8,368 |
| Balance as of March 31, 2023 | \$ 7,624 | \$ — | \$ 7,400 | \$ 1,468 | \$ — | \$ 16,492 |
| Accumulated impairment | | | | | | |
| Balance as of March 31, 2021 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — |
| Impairment expense | 832 | — | — | 1,468 | — | 2,300 |
| Balance as of March 31, 2022 | \$ 832 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 1,468 | \$ — | \$ 2,300 |
| Impairment expense | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Balance as of March 31, 2023 | \$ 832 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 1,468 | \$ — | \$ 2,300 |
| Goodwill, net of impairment | | | | | | |
| Balance as of March 31, 2021 | \$ 5,261 | \$ — | \$ 1,626 | \$ 810 | \$ — | \$ 7,697 |
| Balance as of March 31, 2022 | \$ 4,272 | \$ — | \$ 1,626 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 5,898 |
| Balance as of March 31, 2023 | \$ 6,792 | \$ — | \$ 7,400 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 14,192 |

Business combinations and acquisitions

Acquisitions of businesses not under common control are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Company, liabilities incurred by the Company to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Company in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are

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generally recognized in profit or loss as incurred. The assets and liabilities acquired are recognized, with certain exceptions such as deferred taxes, at their fair values at the acquisition date.

Business combinations under common control are accounted for under the pooling of interests method which involves combining the financial statements of the acquiring and acquired entities as if they had been combined from the beginning of the common control relationship. The assets and liabilities are combined on a carry over basis and not restated to its fair values. This approach required the Company to recast its consolidated financial statements to reflect the assets, liabilities and operations of the acquired entities since the beginning of the earliest comparative period.

Asset and Liabilities Held for Sale

The Company classifies assets and liabilities ("the disposal group") as held for sale in the period when all of the relevant criteria to be classified as held for sale are met. Criteria include management commitment to divest the disposal group in its present condition and the divestiture being deemed probable of being completed within one year. Assets held for sale are reported at the lower of their carrying value or fair value less cost to divest. Any loss resulting from the measurement is recognized in the period the held for sale criteria are met. The Company assesses the fair value of a disposal group, less any costs to divest, each reporting period it remains classified as held for sale and reports any subsequent changes as an adjustment to the carrying value of the disposal group, as long as the new carrying value does not exceed the initial carrying value of the disposal group. Assets held for sale are not amortized or depreciated. During the year ended March 31, 2023, the Company incurred loss from divestiture of the disposal group in the amount of \$26,118, and recognized it within the line item Net income from discontinued operation on the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Statements of Other Comprehensive Income.

A disposal group that represents a strategic shift to the Company or is acquired with the intention to divest is reflected as a discontinued operation on the Consolidated Statements of Operation and Statements of Other Comprehensive Income. The Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes reflect the securities brokerage and complementary banking operations in Russia as discontinued operations as the Company entered into an agreement to divest these operations. The divestiture of these operations was approved by the Central Bank of the Russian Federation on February 10, 2023, and the divestiture was completed on February 28, 2023.

See Note 30 "*Assets and Liabilities held for sale*" in the notes to our consolidated financial statements contained in Part II Item 8 of this annual report, for more information on assets held for sale and discontinued operations.

Income taxes

The Company recognizes deferred tax liabilities and assets based on the difference between the financial statements and tax basis of assets and liabilities using the enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. The measurement of deferred tax assets is reduced, if necessary, by the amount of any tax benefits that, based on available evidence, are not expected to be realized.

Current income tax expenses are provided for in accordance with the laws of the relevant taxing authorities. As part of the process of preparing financial statements, the Company is required to estimate its income taxes in each of the jurisdictions in which it operates. The Company accounts for income taxes using the asset and liability approach. Under this method, deferred income taxes are recognized for tax consequences in future years based on differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the financial statements at each year-end and tax loss carry forwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates applicable for the differences that are expected to affect taxable income.

The Company records uncertain tax positions in accordance with ASC 740 on the basis of a two-step process in which (1) the Company determines whether it is more likely than not that the tax positions will be sustained on the basis of the technical merits of the position and (2) for those tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold, the Company recognizes the largest amount of tax benefit that is more than 50 percent likely to be realized upon ultimate settlement with the related tax authority.

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The Company will include interest and fines arising from the underpayment of income taxes in the provision for income taxes (if anticipated). As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company had no accrued interest or fines related to uncertain tax positions.

The Global Intangible Low-Taxed Income ("GILTI") provisions of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act require the Company to include in its U.S. income tax return foreign subsidiary earnings in excess of an allowable return on the foreign subsidiary's tangible assets. The Company has presented the deferred tax impacts of GILTI tax in its consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023 and 2022.

Fair Value

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. Fair value is the current bid price for financial assets, current ask price for financial liabilities and the average of current bid and ask prices when the Company is both in short and long positions for the financial instrument. A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange or other institution and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

Leases

The Company follows ASU No. 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)," upon adoption of ASC 842, the Company elected not to recognize leases with terms of one-year or less on the balance sheet.

Operating lease assets and corresponding lease liabilities were recognized on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets. Refer to Note 28 *Leases*", in the notes to our consolidated financial statements in Part II Item 8 of this annual report for additional disclosure and significant accounting policies affecting leases.

Fixed assets

Fixed assets are carried at cost, net of accumulated depreciation. Maintenance, repairs, and minor renewals are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range between three and sixty-five years.

Insurance contract assets and liabilities

Insurance and reinsurance receivable

Insurance and reinsurance receivable is recognized when related income is earned and measured on initial recognition at the fair value of the consideration receivable. Subsequent to initial recognition, any insurance and reinsurance receivable is measured at cost net of any allowance for impairment losses.

Deferred acquisition costs

Deferred acquisition costs are commissions, premium taxes, and other incremental direct costs of contract acquisition that results directly from and are essential to the contract transaction(s) and would not have been incurred by the Company had the contract transaction(s) not occurred. The deferred amounts are recorded as an asset on the balance sheet and amortized to expense in a systematic manner. Traditional life insurance and long-duration health insurance deferred policy acquisition costs are amortized over the estimated premium-paying period of the related policies using assumptions consistent with those used in computing the related liability for policy benefit reserves. Deferred acquisition costs for property and casualty insurance and short-duration health insurance are amortized over the effective period of the related insurance policies. Deferred policy acquisition costs are expensed when such costs are deemed not to be recoverable from future premiums (for traditional life and long-duration health insurance) and from the related unearned premiums and investment income (for property and casualty and short-duration health insurance). Assessments of recoverability for property and casualty

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and short-duration health insurance are extremely sensitive to the estimates of a subsequent year's projected losses related to the unearned premiums.

Insurance and reinsurance payable

Payables on insurance business comprise advances received, amounts payable to insured (claims and premium refund payable) and amounts payable to agents and brokers, and advances received from insurers and reinsurers.

Payables on reinsurance business comprise net amounts payable to reinsurers. Amounts payable to reinsurers include ceded reinsurance premiums, assumed premium refunds and claims on assumed reinsurance. Insurance and reinsurance payable are accounted for at amortized cost.

Unearned premium reserve and claims

Unearned premium is determined by the method of proportion for each contract, as the product of the insurance premium under the contract for the ratio of the expiration of the insurance cover (in days) to the balance sheet date (in days) from the date of recognition of the insurance premium in accounting as income until the end of the insurance coverage. The reinsurer's share in the unearned premium reserve is calculated separately for each insurance (reinsurance) contract and is determined as the ratio of the insurance premium under the reinsurance contract to the insurance premium under the insurance contract multiplied by the unearned premium reserve.

Results of insurance activity includes net written insurance premiums reduced by the net change in the unearned premium reserve, commissions recognized from assumed insurance and reinsurance contracts, claims paid net and net change in the loss reserves.

Net written insurance premiums represent gross written premiums less premiums ceded to reinsurers. Upon inception of a contract (except for classes of life and annuity insurance), premiums are recorded as written and are earned on a pro rata basis over the term of the related contract coverage. The unearned premium reserve represents the portion of the premiums written relating to the unexpired terms of coverage and is included in the accompanying statement of Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Unearned premium reserve relates to non-life insurance products and non-annuity insurance products.

Claims and other insurance expenses are expensed to the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Statements of Other Comprehensive Income as incurred.

Loss reserves

Premium Deficiency Reserve

Premium deficiency reserve is a liability balance based on actuarial estimates for anticipated losses on value-based-care contracts reassessed by management when it becomes probable that future losses will be incurred. The reserve balance is the sum of expected future costs, claims adjustment expenses, and maintenance costs that exceed future premiums under contracts excluding consideration from investment income. Losses or gains from these reassessments are recorded in the period in which such losses were identified and reflected within the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Other Comprehensive Loss. If a premium deficiency occur, future changes in the liability is based on the revised assumptions. No loss is reported if it results in creating future income. The liability for future policy benefits using revised assumptions based on actual and anticipated experience is estimated periodically for comparison with the liability for future policy benefits (reduced by unamortized acquisition costs) at the valuation date. Premium deficiency reserves are amortized over the period in which losses are expected to be incurred and expected to have an offsetting impact on operating losses in that period. Premium deficiency reserve process is applicable for both life and non-life insurance policies.

Use of Estimates in Premium Deficiency Reserves. Our Premium deficiency reserve may fluctuate from period to period as a percentage of total revenue and value-based care revenue. This is due to the significant uncertainty and varying nature of key inputs into the measurement of the reserves, driving the income or expense in the period. These key inputs include the contractual rates within value-based care contracts, forecasted benefit and member population changes, contractual periods,

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risk adjustments and claims costs forecasts associated with our member populations and allocation of operating costs to these contracts.

Non-life and general insurance

Loss reserves are a summary of estimates of ultimate losses, and include both claims reported but not settled (RBNS) and claims incurred but not reported (IBNR). RBNS is created for existing reported claims not settled at the reporting date. Estimates are made on the basis of information received by the Company during its investigation of insured events. IBNR is estimated by the Company based on its previous history of reported/settled claims using actuarial methods of calculation, which include claim development triangles.

Reinsurance assets in IBNR are estimated applying the same actuarial method used in IBNR estimation.

Life insurance

Not incurred claims reserves (NIC) on life insurance contracts equal the NIC amount for all life insurance contracts valid as at the reporting date. NIC reserve on a separate contract of life insurance is equal to the maximum value of the net level premium reserve and gross-premium reserve. Net level premium reserve is the present value of future benefits (excluding survival benefits) less present value of future net premiums. Gross-premium reserve is present value of benefits, expenses of the Company that are directly related to consideration, settlement, and determination of the benefit amount, operating expenses of the Company related to conducting of the business, less present value of future gross-premiums. The Company excludes terminations of the contracts from the statistics which is then used for NIC reserves, given the inclusion of terminations will result lower level of NIC reserves which may not be sufficient.

Annuity insurance

NIC reserve on annuity contracts is the sum of the present value of future benefits, the claims for annuity insurance and administrative expenses on annuity insurance contracts maintenance, less the present value of insurance contributions (in case of lump sum - insurance premium), which the Company is due to receive after the settlement date. The reserves are either based on current assumptions or calculated using the assumptions established at the time the contract was issued, in which case a margin for risk and adverse deviation is generally included.

Segment information

The Company used management approaches to identify its reportable segments, as required by ASC 280. The management approach is based on the way the Company's management organizes and evaluates its operations, and based on the way the Company's operations are managed and reported in its internal financial reporting system.

The company identified the following segments:

1. Central Asia and Eastern Europe
2. Europe, excluding Eastern Europe
3. U.S.
4. Middle east/Caucasus

The Company evaluated whether its segments met the quantitative thresholds to be reportable separately. The quantitative thresholds require that a segment's revenue is 10% or more of the combined revenue of all segments, or its absolute profit or loss is 10% or more of the greater of the combined absolute profit of all segments that have a positive profit or the combined absolute loss of all segments that have a loss. The Company's Central Asia and Eastern Europe and Europe segments were identified under the quantitative thresholds.

Under the management approach, the Company identified its US and Middle East/Caucasus region as its reportable segments as they are managed separately from other regions. Both regions are led by a separate management team that are responsible for its operations, and its performance is regularly reviewed by the CODM.

The Company determined that its US and Middle East/Caucasus regions met the qualitative threshold of being managed separately and did not need to rely on the quantitative thresholds.

Factors Used in Determining Reportable Segments

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The Company considered several factors when determining its reportable segments. These factors include similarities and differences among its products, services, and geographical locations, economic factors, and internal reporting.

The Company considered the similarities and differences among its products, services, and geographical locations to determine whether they should be aggregated or reported separately. Each region was determined to be sufficiently different from other regions and therefore should be reported separately.

The Company also considered the economic factors that affect its operating segments, such as the regulatory environment, competitive landscape, and market conditions, to determine whether they should be reported separately. Reportable regions were determined to have unique economic factors that warranted separate reporting.

The information that is regularly reviewed by the CODM, including but not limited to the revenue, profit or loss, and assets, was also considered by the Company when determining its reportable segments. Each reportable segment was determined to be regularly reviewed by the CODM and therefore should be reported separately.

Advertising expense

For the years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 the Company had expenses related to advertising in the amount of \$4,059, \$11,916 and \$6,971 respectively. All costs associated with advertising are expensed in the period incurred.

Recent accounting pronouncements

In June 2016 the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-13, "Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments", which introduced an expected credit loss methodology for the impairment of financial assets measured at amortized cost basis. That methodology replaces the probable, incurred loss model for those assets. In November 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-10 "Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326). The Board developed a philosophy to extend and simplify how effective dates are staggered between larger public companies (bucket one) and all other entities (bucket two). Those other entities include private companies, smaller public companies, not-for-profit organizations, and employee benefit plans. Under this philosophy, a major update would first be effective for bucket-one entities, that is, public business entities that are SEC filers, excluding entities eligible to be smaller reporting companies (SRCs) under the SEC's definition. The Master Glossary of the Codification defines public business entities and SEC filers. All other entities, including SRCs, other public business entities, and nonpublic business entities (private companies, not-for-profit organizations, and employee benefit plans) would compose bucket two. For those entities, the Board considered requiring an effective date staggered at least two years after bucket one for major updates. When ASU 2019-10 was issued, it provided SRCs with the option to defer the implementation of the standard. As the Company qualified as an SRC at the time of the standard's release, we chose not to adopt the update on January 1, 2020. The Company from March 31, 2022 has grown and become as a Larger Public Company and according to ASU 2019-10, qualifies for bucket one. Accordingly, ASU 2016-13 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022. The Company evaluated the impact that ASU 2016-13 will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. The Company is going to adopt ASC 326 using the modified retrospective transition approach for its financial assets. The Company analyzed all financial assets and expect the significant effect only for its loans issued. We expect the effect to be an adjustment to the allowance for credit losses for loans issued of approximately USD10 million upon adoption of ASU 2016-13 as of April 1, 2023. The Company does not expect a significant impact from the transition to this standard on other financial assets at amortized costs. As a result, the Company will adopt Topic 326 starting from April 1, 2023.

In November 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-10 "Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326), Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815), and Leases (Topic 842)".

In August 2021 the FASB issued Accounting Standard Update No 2021-06 "Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205), Financial Services — Depository and Lending (Topic 942), and Financial Services — Investment Companies (Topic 946)" which amends various SEC paragraphs pursuant to the issuance of SEC Release No. 33-10786, Amendments to Financial Disclosures about Acquired and Disposed Businesses. SEC issued Final Rulemaking Release No. 33-10786, Amendments to Financial Disclosures about Acquired and Disposed Businesses, which modified the disclosure and presentation requirements concerning acquisitions and disposals of businesses. Primarily, the new rules amended (1) Rule 1-02(w) of Regulation S-X, Definition of Terms Used in Regulation S-X, Significant Subsidiary, (2) Rule 3-05 of Regulation S-X, Financial Statements of Businesses Acquired or to Be Acquired, (3) Rule 8-05 of Regulation S-X, Pro Forma Financial Information (which covers smaller reporting companies), and (4) Article 11 of Regulation S-X, Pro Forma

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Financial Information. In addition, new Rule 6-11 of Regulation S-X, Financial Statements of Funds Acquired or to Be Acquired, covering acquisitions specific to investment companies, was added. Corresponding changes were made to other Regulation S-X rules, various Securities Act and Securities Exchange Act rules, and Forms 8-K and 10-K. Compliance with the amended rules is required from the beginning of a registrant's fiscal year commencing after December 31, 2020 (i.e., the mandatory compliance date). Acquisitions and dispositions that are probable or consummated after the mandatory compliance date are required to be evaluated for significance pursuant to the amended rules. Early compliance is permitted, provided that all the amended rules are applied in their entirety from the early compliance date. ASU No. 2021-06 amends SEC material in the Codification to give effect to Release No. 33-10786. The new rules apply to fiscal years ending on or after December 15, 2021 (i.e., calendar-year 2021). Early voluntary compliance is allowed. Note that the rescission of Industry Guide 3 is effective on January 1, 2023. ASU No. 2021-06 amends SEC material in the Codification to give effect to Release No. 33-10835. The Company does not expect the impact that ASU 2021-06 will have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In October 2021, The SEC issued the amendment of Business Combinations (Topic 805), No. 2021-08, which related to Accounting for Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities from Contracts with Customers. The main amendments were concentrated in paragraphs 805-20-25-16 through 25-17 and add paragraph 805-20-25-28C and its related heading, with a link to transition paragraph 805-20-65-3, where the topic provides limited exceptions to the recognition and measurement principles applicable to business combinations. Moreover, the topic amends paragraphs 805-20-30-10 through 30-12 and add paragraphs 805-20-30-27 through 30-30 and their related heading, with a link to transition paragraph 805-20-65-3. Paragraph 805-20-25-16 notes that the Business Combinations Topic provides limited exceptions to the recognition and measurement principles applicable to business combinations. In the topic has been added paragraph 805-20-65-3, in which the following represents the transition and effective date information related to Accounting Standards Update No. 2021-08, Business Combinations (Topic 805): Accounting for Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities from Contracts with Customers. For public business entities, the pending content that links to this paragraph shall be effective for fiscal years, including interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2022. The Company does not expect that ASU 2021-08 will have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In March 2022 the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2022-01, "Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Fair Value Hedging-Portfolio Layer Method", which introduces the amendments, which targeted on improvements to the optional hedge accounting model with the objective of improving hedge accounting to better portray the economic results of an entity's risk management activities in its financial statements. The amendments in this Update apply to the Company that elect to apply the portfolio layer method of hedge accounting in accordance with Table of Contents Topic 815. For a closed portfolio of prepayable financial assets or one or more beneficial interests secured by a portfolio of prepayable financial instruments, the last-of-layer method allows an entity to hedge a stated amount of the asset or assets in the closed portfolio that is anticipated to be outstanding for the designated hedge period. If the requirements for the last-of-layer method are met, prepayment risk is not incorporated into the measurement of the hedged item. Accordingly, ASU 2022-01 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022. The Company does not expect that ASU 2022-01 will have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In March 2022 the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2022-02, "Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326): Troubled Debt Restructurings and Vintage Disclosures", which introduces the amendments on solving two issues of creditors related to troubled debt restructurings and gross writeoffs of vintage debt disclosures. The amendments in Update 2016-13 require that an entity measure and record the lifetime expected credit losses on an asset that is within the scope of the Update upon origination or acquisition, and, as a result, credit losses from loans modified as troubled debt restructurings (TDRs) have been incorporated into the allowance for credit losses. Investors and preparers observed that the additional designation of a loan modification as a TDR and the related accounting are unnecessarily complex and no longer provide decision-useful information. Moreover, Investors and other financial statement users observed that disclosing gross writeoffs by year of origination provides important information that allows them to better understand changes in the credit quality of an entity's loan portfolio and underwriting performance. Accordingly, ASU 2022-02 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that ASU 2022-02 will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In June 2022, FASB Issued Accounting Standard Updated No. 2022-03 "Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Fair Value Measurement of Equity Securities Subject to Contractual Sale Restrictions". The FASB has issued this standard to (1) clarify the guidance in Topic 820 – Fair Value Measurement, when measuring the fair value of an equity security subject to contractual restrictions that prohibit the sale of an equity security, (2) to amend a related illustrative example, and (3) to introduce new disclosure requirements for equity securities subject to contractual sale restrictions that are measured at fair value in accordance with Topic 820. The amendments in this update affects all entities that have investments in equity securities measured at fair value that are subject to a contractual sale restriction. For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within

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those fiscal years. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that ASU 2022-03 will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In September 2022, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2022-04 “Liabilities—Supplier Finance Programs (Subtopic 405-50): Disclosure of Supplier Finance Program Obligations” to enhance the transparency of supplier finance programs. This requires all entities, which apply those programs in connection with the purchase of goods and services (buyer party), to disclose qualitative and quantitative information about the use of the finance programs to understand the program’s nature, activity during the period, changes from period to period, and potential magnitude.

Accordingly, ASU 2022-04 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022, including interim periods within those fiscal years, except for the amendment on rollforward information, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that ASU 2022-04 will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In December 2022, FASB Issued Accounting Standard Updated No. 2022-05 “Financial Services—Insurance (Topic 944): Targeted Improvements to the Accounting for Long-Duration Contracts (LDTI)”. The amendments in Update 2018-12 require that an insurance entity apply a retrospective transition method as of the beginning of the earliest period presented or the beginning of the prior fiscal year if early application is elected. It amends in this Update the LDTI transition guidance to allow an insurance entity to make an accounting policy election on a transaction-by-transaction basis. The Board is issuing this Update to reduce implementation costs and complexity associated with the adoption of LDTI for contracts that have been derecognized in accordance with the amendments in this Update before the LDTI effective date. Without the amendments an insurance entity would be required to reclassify a portion of the previously recognized gains or losses to the LDTI transition adjustment because of the adoption of a new accounting standard. This Update affects insurance entities that have derecognized contracts before the LDTI effective date. For public business entities that meet the definition of a U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) filer and are not smaller reporting companies, LDTI is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early application is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that ASU 2022-05 will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In December 2022, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2022-06 “Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting”, which provides optional guidance to ease the potential burden in accounting for (or recognizing the effects of) reference rate reform on financial reporting. The objective of the guidance in Topic 848 is to provide temporary relief during the transition period. The Board included a sunset provision within Topic 848 based on expectations of when the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) would cease being published. At the time that Update 2020-04 was issued, the UK Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) had established its intent that it would no longer be necessary to persuade, or compel, banks to submit to LIBOR after December 31, 2021. As a result, the sunset provision was set for December 31, 2022—12 months after the expected cessation date of all currencies and tenors of LIBOR. The amendments in this Update apply to all entities, subject to meeting certain criteria, that have contracts, hedging relationships, and other transactions that reference LIBOR or another reference rate expected to be discontinued because of reference rate reform. The amendments in this Update are effective for all entities upon issuance of this Update. The Company has evaluated that the Update No. 2022-06 did not have an impact on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In March 2023, FASB Issued Accounting Standard Updated No. 2023-01 “Lease (Topic 842)”. Topic 842 requires that entities determine whether a related party arrangement between entities under common control (hereinafter referred to as a common control arrangement) is a lease. If the arrangement is determined to be a lease, an entity must classify and account for the lease on the same basis as an arrangement with an unrelated party (on the basis of legally enforceable terms and conditions). That represents a change from the requirements of Topic 840, Leases, which required that an entity classify and account for an arrangement on the basis of economic substance when those terms and conditions were affected by the related party nature of the arrangement. The amendments in this Update affect all lessees that are a party to a lease between entities under common control in which there are leasehold improvements. The amendments apply to all entities (that is, public business entities, private companies, not-for-profit entities, and employee benefit plans). The amendments in this Update for both Issue 1 and Issue 2 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted for all entities in any interim period. If an entity adopts the amendments in an interim period, it shall adopt them as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes that interim period. The Company considers that ASU No. 2023-01 did not have an impact on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In March 2023, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2023-02 “Investments – Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323): Accounting for Investments in Qualified Affordable Housing Projects”, which amended Subtopic 323-740, Investments—Equity Method and Joint Ventures—Income Taxes, introduced the option to apply the proportional amortization method to account for investments made primarily for the purpose of receiving income tax credits and other

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income tax benefits when certain requirements are met. The amendments in this Update apply to all reporting entities that hold (1) tax equity investments that meet the conditions for and elect to account for them using the proportional amortization method or (2) an investment in a LIHTC structure through a limited liability entity that is not accounted for using the proportional amortization method and to which certain LIHTC-specific guidance removed from Subtopic 323-740 has been applied. The amendments in this Update permit reporting entities to elect to account for their tax equity investments, regardless of the tax credit program from which the income tax credits are received, using the proportional amortization method if certain conditions are met. For public business entities, the amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, including interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted for all entities in any interim period. If an entity adopts the amendments in an interim period, it shall adopt them as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes that interim period. The Company considers that the Update No. 2023-02 will not have an impact on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

NOTE 3 - RECAST

When preparing the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2023, management determined that certain amounts included in the Company's consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2022 and 2021, required revision due to the closing on May 17, 2022, of the Company's acquisition of two insurance companies in Kazakhstan, a life insurance company, Freedom Life, and a direct insurance carrier, excluding life, health and medical, Freedom Insurance, which were deemed to be entities under common control with the Company since 2018. Prior to the Company's acquisition of these companies, each was wholly owned by the Company's controlling shareholder, chairman and chief executive officer, Timur Turlov, who had previously acquired Freedom Life and Freedom Insurance from a non-related party on February 28, 2018, and August 22, 2018, respectively. The two companies are under common control with the Company since the dates when they were acquired by Timur Turlov.

The Company acquired these companies from Mr. Turlov at the historical cost paid by him plus amounts he had contributed as additional paid in capital since his purchase. The Company acquired the two companies to expand its presence in the insurance segment. The purchase price for 100% of the outstanding shares of Freedom Insurance was \$13,977 and the purchase price for 100% of the outstanding shares of Freedom Life was \$12,611. During the year ended March 31, 2023 Freedom KZ has fully repaid the payable for acquisitions of Freedom Life and Freedom Insurance.

The financial results of Freedom Life and Freedom Insurance have been consolidated in financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2022, and in the corresponding periods of 2021 for comparative purposes, as if they had been acquired prior to such periods.

The previously issued Consolidated Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2022, and Consolidated Statements of Operations and Statements of Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021, have been revised as follows:

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| | As of March 31, 2022 | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | As previously reported | FF Life acquisition | Elimi-nations | FF Insurance acquisition | Elimi-nations | As recasted |
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 224,663 | \$ 1,429 | \$ (917) | \$ 371 | \$ (82) | \$ 225,464 |
| Restricted cash | 547,950 | — | — | — | — | 547,950 |
| Trading securities | 1,080,982 | 8,875 | — | 68,520 | — | 1,158,377 |
| Available-for-sale securities, at fair value | 1 | 161,363 | — | — | — | 161,364 |
| Margin lending, brokerage and other receivables, net | 147,480 | 172 | (34) | 61 | (20) | 147,659 |
| Loans issued | 92,403 | 43 | — | — | — | 92,446 |
| Fixed assets, net | 17,387 | 182 | — | 254 | — | 17,823 |
| Intangible assets, net | 3,512 | 1,490 | — | 161 | — | 5,163 |
| Goodwill | 5,388 | 359 | — | 151 | — | 5,898 |
| Right-of-use asset | 6,747 | 532 | — | 152 | — | 7,431 |
| Insurance contract assets | — | 3,555 | — | 2,157 | — | 5,712 |
| Other assets, net | 19,351 | 9,863 | — | 427 | — | 29,641 |
| Assets held for sale | 825,419 | — | — | — | — | 825,419 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 2,971,283 | \$ 187,863 | \$ (951) | \$ 72,254 | \$ (102) | \$ 3,230,347 |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | | | | | |
| Securities repurchase agreement obligations | \$ 742,710 | \$ 47,690 | \$ — | \$ 49,824 | \$ — | \$ 840,224 |
| Customer liabilities | 766,627 | — | (917) | — | (82) | 765,628 |
| Margin lending and trade payables | 45,082 | — | — | 21 | (20) | 45,083 |
| Liabilities from insurance activity | — | 108,925 | — | 13,162 | — | 122,087 |
| Current income tax liability | 14,556 | — | — | — | — | 14,556 |
| Securities sold, not yet purchased – at fair value | 13,865 | — | — | — | — | 13,865 |
| Debt securities issued | 34,390 | — | — | — | — | 34,390 |
| Lease liability | 6,785 | 543 | — | 176 | — | 7,504 |
| Liability arising from continuing involvement | 6,447 | — | — | — | — | 6,447 |
| Other liabilities | 20,668 | 551 | (34) | 292 | — | 21,477 |
| Liabilities held for sale | 812,478 | — | — | — | — | 812,478 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | \$ 2,463,608 | \$ 157,709 | \$ (951) | \$ 63,475 | \$ (102) | \$ 2,683,739 |
| Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (Note 31) | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | | | | | |
| Preferred stock - \$0.001 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Common stock - \$0.001 par value; 500,000,000 shares authorized; 59,542,212 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2022 | 59 | 9,465 | (9,464) | 15,576 | (15,577) | 59 |
| Additional paid in capital | 141,340 | — | 16,498 | — | 16,907 | 174,745 |
| Retained earnings | 426,563 | 28,132 | (6,665) | (4,812) | (1,294) | 441,924 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (53,291) | (7,444) | (369) | (1,985) | (36) | (63,125) |
| TOTAL FRHC SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | \$ 514,671 | \$ 30,153 | \$ — | \$ 8,779 | \$ — | \$ 553,603 |
| Non-controlling interest | (6,996) | 1 | — | — | — | (6,995) |
| TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | \$ 507,675 | \$ 30,154 | \$ — | \$ 8,779 | \$ — | \$ 546,608 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | \$ 2,971,283 | \$ 187,863 | \$ (951) | \$ 72,254 | \$ (102) | \$ 3,230,347 |

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023
(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| | Year ended March 31, 2022 | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| | As previously reported | FF Life acquisition | Elimi-nations | FF Insurance acquisition | Elimi-nations | As recasted |
| Revenue: | | | | | | |
| Fee and commission income | \$ 335,444 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 83 | \$ (316) | \$ 335,211 |
| Net gain/(loss) on trading securities | 156,345 | (1,283) | — | 190 | — | 155,252 |
| Interest income | 90,153 | 23,027 | — | 8,429 | — | 121,609 |
| Insurance underwriting income | — | 60,526 | — | 12,455 | — | 72,981 |
| Net gain on foreign exchange operations | 1,979 | 1,615 | — | 197 | — | 3,791 |
| Net gain on derivatives | 946 | — | — | — | — | 946 |
| TOTAL REVENUE, NET | 584,867 | 83,885 | — | 21,354 | (316) | 689,790 |
| Expense: | | | | | | |
| Fee and commission expense | 73,243 | 12,289 | — | 693 | (316) | 85,909 |
| Interest expense | 65,449 | 5,194 | — | 6,304 | — | 76,947 |
| Insurance claims incurred, net of reinsurance | — | 42,606 | — | 11,841 | — | 54,447 |
| Payroll and bonuses | 39,779 | 3,624 | — | 2,885 | — | 46,288 |
| Professional services | 12,123 | 106 | — | 453 | — | 12,682 |
| Stock compensation expense | 7,859 | — | — | — | — | 7,859 |
| Advertising expense | 10,059 | — | — | 1,857 | — | 11,916 |
| General and administrative expense | 18,744 | 3,516 | — | 1,273 | — | 23,533 |
| Provision for impairment losses | 2,206 | — | — | 296 | — | 2,502 |
| Other expense/(income), net | 1,312 | 2,708 | — | (6) | — | 4,014 |
| TOTAL EXPENSE | 230,774 | 70,043 | — | 25,596 | (316) | 326,097 |
| NET INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX | 354,093 | 13,842 | — | (4,242) | — | 363,693 |
| Income tax (expense)/benefit | (38,529) | (54) | — | 13 | — | (38,570) |
| INCOME/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | 315,564 | 13,788 | — | (4,229) | — | 325,123 |
| Loss before income tax (expense)/benefit of discontinued operations | (117,199) | — | — | — | — | (117,199) |
| Income tax benefit of discontinued operations | 13,004 | — | — | — | — | 13,004 |
| Loss from discontinued operations | (104,195) | — | — | — | — | (104,195) |
| NET INCOME/(LOSS) | \$ 211,369 | \$ 13,788 | \$ — | \$ (4,229) | \$ — | \$ 220,928 |
| Less: Net loss attributable to non-controlling interest in subsidiary | (6,566) | — | — | — | — | (6,566) |
| NET INCOME/(LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS | \$ 217,935 | \$ 13,788 | \$ — | \$ (4,229) | \$ — | \$ 227,494 |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME | | | | | | |
| Change in unrealized gain on investments available-for-sale, net of tax effect | — | (4,292) | — | — | — | (4,292) |

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Reclassification adjustment for net realized gain on available-for-sale investments disposed of in the period, net of tax effect | — | 2,222 | — | — | — | 2,222 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | (17,245) | (2,014) | — | (1,363) | — | (20,622) |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME | (17,245) | (4,084) | — | (1,363) | — | (22,692) |
| COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS | \$ 194,124 | \$ 9,704 | \$ — | \$ (5,592) | \$ — | \$ 198,236 |
| Less: Comprehensive loss attributable to non-controlling interest in subsidiary | (6,566) | — | — | — | — | (6,566) |
| COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO CONTROLLING INTEREST | \$ 200,690 | \$ 9,704 | \$ — | \$ (5,592) | \$ — | \$ 204,802 |

For the year ended March 31, 2022, the Company's EPS as reported was \$5.43 for both basic and diluted EPS for continuing operations, \$(1.75) for both basic and diluted EPS for discontinued operations, and \$3.67 for both basic and diluted total EPS. Due to the items noted above, the Company's EPS has been recast to \$6.59 for both basic and diluted EPS for continuing operations, to \$(1.75) for both basic and diluted EPS for discontinued operations, and to \$3.84 for both basic and diluted total EPS.

| | Year ended March 31, 2021 | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|----------------|
| | As previously reported | FF Life acquisition | Elimi-nations | FF Insurance acquisition | Elimi-nations | As recasted |
| Revenue: | | | | | | |
| Fee and commission income | \$ 215,996 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 188 | \$ (176) | \$ 216,008 |
| Net gain on trading securities | 25,911 | 966 | — | 1,930 | — | 28,807 |
| Interest income | 22,815 | 11,818 | — | 3,841 | — | 38,474 |
| Insurance underwriting income | — | 54,412 | — | 8,539 | — | 62,951 |
| Net gain/(loss) on foreign exchange operations | 1,143 | (443) | — | (143) | — | 557 |
| Net gain on derivatives | 86 | — | — | — | — | 86 |
| TOTAL REVENUE, NET | 265,951 | 66,753 | — | 14,355 | (176) | 346,883 |
| Expense: | | | | | | |
| Fee and commission expense | 65,978 | 4,383 | — | 352 | (176) | 70,537 |
| Interest expense | 18,606 | 1,605 | — | 2,233 | — | 22,444 |
| Insurance claims incurred, net of reinsurance | — | 46,754 | — | 5,651 | — | 52,405 |
| Payroll and bonuses | 17,941 | 3,172 | — | 2,322 | — | 23,435 |
| Professional services | 3,980 | 148 | — | 302 | — | 4,430 |
| Stock compensation expense | 114 | — | — | — | — | 114 |
| Advertising expense | 5,027 | 119 | — | 1,944 | — | 6,971 |
| General and administrative expense | 8,391 | 1,304 | — | 1,314 | (10) | 11,118 |
| Provision for impairment losses | 1,517 | 73 | — | — | — | 1,590 |
| Other (income)/expense, net | (106) | 2,359 | — | (229) | 10 | 2,034 |
| TOTAL EXPENSE | 121,448 | 59,917 | — | 13,889 | (176) | 195,078 |
| NET INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX | 144,503 | 6,836 | — | 466 | — | 151,805 |
| Income tax (expense)/benefit | (23,362) | 8 | — | 47 | — | (23,307) |

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | 121,141 | 6,844 | — | 513 | — | 128,498 |
| Income before income tax expense of discontinued operation | 28,518 | — | — | — | — | 28,518 |
| Income tax expense of discontinued operations | (6,735) | — | — | — | — | (6,735) |
| Income from discontinued operations | 21,783 | — | — | — | — | 21,783 |
| NET INCOME | \$ 142,924 | \$ 6,844 | \$ — | \$ 513 | \$ — | \$ 150,281 |
| Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interest in subsidiary | 631 | — | — | — | — | 631 |
| NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS | \$ 142,293 | \$ 6,844 | \$ — | \$ 513 | \$ — | \$ 149,650 |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME | | | | | | |
| Change in unrealized gain on investments available-for-sale, net of tax effect | — | (304) | — | — | — | (304) |
| Reclassification adjustment for net realized gain on available-for-sale investments disposed of in the period, net of tax effect | 71 | 2,021 | — | — | — | 2,092 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax effect | 1,857 | 10,866 | — | (9,936) | — | 2,787 |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) | 1,928 | 12,583 | — | (9,936) | — | 4,575 |
| COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS | \$ 144,852 | \$ 19,427 | \$ — | \$ (9,423) | \$ — | \$ 154,856 |
| Less: Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interest in subsidiary | 631 | — | — | — | — | 631 |
| COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO CONTROLLING INTEREST | \$ 144,221 | \$ 19,427 | \$ — | \$ (9,423) | \$ — | \$ 154,225 |

For the year ended March 31, 2021, the Company's EPS as reported was 2.06 for both basic and diluted EPS for continuing operations, 0.37 for both basic and diluted EPS for discontinued operations, 2.44 for basic total EPS, and 2.43 for diluted total EPS. Due to the items noted above, the Company's EPS has been recast to 2.19 for both basic and diluted EPS for continuing operations, to 0.37 for both basic and diluted EPS for discontinued operations, and to 2.56 for both basic and diluted total EPS, respectively.

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023
(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

NOTE 4 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

| | March 31, 2023 | March 31, 2022 (Recasted) |
|--|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Short term deposits in National Bank (Kazakhstan) | \$ 357,454 | \$ 42,517 |
| Short term deposits in commercial banks | 83,755 | 70,156 |
| Short term deposits on brokerage accounts | 37,417 | 71,060 |
| Petty cash in bank vault and on hand | 35,998 | 18,607 |
| Short term deposits in stock exchanges | 31,691 | 2,828 |
| Securities purchased under reverse repurchase agreements | 29,812 | 19,947 |
| Cash in transit | 3,364 | 35 |
| Overnight deposits | 1,926 | — |
| Short term deposits in the Central Depository (Kazakhstan) | — | 314 |
| | <u>\$ 581,417</u> | <u>\$ 225,464</u> |

As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, cash and cash equivalents were not insured. As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, the cash and cash equivalents balance included short-term collateralized securities received under reverse repurchase agreements on the terms presented below:

| | March 31, 2023 | | | |
|---|---|------------------|---------------|------------------|
| | Interest rates and remaining contractual maturity of the agreements | | | |
| | Average Interest rate | Up to 30 days | 30-90 days | Total |
| Securities purchased under reverse repurchase agreements | | | | |
| US sovereign debt | 2.06 % | \$ 17,102 | \$ — | \$ 17,102 |
| Corporate equity | 17.17 % | 6,963 | — | 6,963 |
| Non-US sovereign debt | 6.12 % | 3,483 | — | 3,483 |
| Corporate debt | 2.52 % | 2,079 | 185 | 2,264 |
| Total | | <u>\$ 29,627</u> | <u>\$ 185</u> | <u>\$ 29,812</u> |

| | March 31, 2022 (Recasted) | | | |
|---|---|------------------|---------------|------------------|
| | Interest rates and remaining contractual maturity of the agreements | | | |
| | Average Interest rate | Up to 30 days | 30-90 days | Total |
| Securities purchased under reverse repurchase agreements | | | | |
| US sovereign debt | 16.38 % | \$ 9,952 | \$ — | \$ 9,952 |
| Non-US sovereign debt | 12.51 % | 9,786 | — | 9,786 |
| Corporate equity | 16.90 % | 152 | — | 152 |
| Corporate debt | 11.88 % | 57 | — | 57 |
| Total | | <u>\$ 19,947</u> | <u>\$ —</u> | <u>\$ 19,947</u> |

The securities received by the Company as collateral under reverse repurchase agreements are liquid trading securities with market quotes and significant trading volume. The fair value of collateral received by the Company under reverse repurchase agreements as of March 31, 2023 and 2022, was \$31,165 and \$19,911 respectively.

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023
(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

NOTE 5 - RESTRICTED CASH

Restricted cash for the periods ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, consisted of:

| | March 31, 2023 | March 31, 2022 |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | (Recasted) |
| Brokerage customers' cash | \$ 328,435 | \$ 531,032 |
| Guaranty deposits | 116,628 | 5,540 |
| Restricted bank accounts | 10,436 | 2,844 |
| Deferred distribution payment | 23 | 8,534 |
| Allowance for restricted cash | (9,994) | — |
| Total restricted cash | \$ 445,528 | \$ 547,950 |

As of March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, the Company's restricted cash included the cash portion of the funds segregated in a special custody account for the exclusive benefit of its brokerage customers.

As of March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 guarantee deposits in the amount of \$115,828 and \$3,260 respectively included the minimum requirements on stock exchanges for conducting transactions (MOEX, KASE). Guaranty deposits are required to be placed by every stock exchange participant. In addition to the guaranty deposits, the Freedom Bank KZ also maintains the required margin security on a regular basis depending on the size of the positions held in the treasury, as well as current volatility.

As of March 31, 2022, restricted cash included a deferred distribution payment amount of \$8,534, representing cash held for distribution to shareholders who have not yet claimed their distributions from the 2011 sale of the Company's legacy oil and gas exploration and production operations which is the subject of the Estate of Toleush Tolmakov litigation. As a result of disputes between a shareholder's putative heirs, no party has yet established legal and beneficial ownership of the distribution payment. The Company did not claim an ownership interest in the distribution payment. During the year ended March 31, 2023, \$8,378 of this amount was deposited with the court registry in accordance with a court order and was written off by the Company. Interest on such amount in the amount of \$23 continues to be recorded as restricted cash.

On October 19, 2022, the Ukrainian authorities froze the assets of Freedom UA and suspended its brokerage license for five years after it was added to the Ukrainian government's sanctions list. It has been ascertained that the license cannot be withdrawn due to the inability of Freedom UA to comply with prescribed procedures for returning the license to the issuing authority. In order to comply with such prescribed procedures, Freedom UA must settle all outstanding obligations and initiate the liquidation of its assets. However, the imposition of sanctions has rendered this task unattainable, as all accounts, balances, and transactions remain subject to blockade, creating a technical impediment to the withdrawal of the license from Freedom UA. The Company believes that the decision to include Freedom UA on the Ukrainian government's sanctions list was not justified and it is in the process of appealing such decision. An acknowledgment has been made that the matter is under the jurisdiction of the President of Ukraine, who will be able to address it following the conclusion of the counteroffensive operations that began in April and are continuing. The Company has not deconsolidated Freedom UA due to its immaterial size in the context of the Company's overall group. As of March 31, 2023, Freedom UA's cash and cash equivalents were reclassified as restricted bank accounts as part of restricted cash. Due to the ongoing war in the country, the Company has established an allowance for impairment on its restricted cash held in Sky Bank. The establishment of this allowance is a result of the uncertainties and high risks associated with utilizing the funds during the war period.

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023
(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

NOTE 6 - TRADING AND AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE SECURITIES AT FAIR VALUE

As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, trading and available-for-sale securities consisted of:

| | March 31, 2023 | March 31, 2022 (Recasted) |
|---|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Corporate debt | \$ 1,269,879 | \$ 712,134 |
| Non-US sovereign debt | 1,029,857 | 360,570 |
| Corporate equity | 65,741 | 72,354 |
| US sovereign debt | 45,022 | 10,435 |
| Exchange traded notes | 2,057 | 2,884 |
| Total trading securities | \$ 2,412,556 | \$ 1,158,377 |
| Corporate equity | — | 1 |
| Corporate debt | 191,082 | 145,836 |
| Non-US sovereign debt | 40,162 | 12,997 |
| US sovereign debt | 7,809 | 2,530 |
| Total available-for-sale securities, at fair value | \$ 239,053 | \$ 161,364 |

The following tables present maturity analysis for available-for-sale securities as of March 31, 2023 and 2022:

| | March 31, 2023 | | | | |
|---|--|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | Remaining contractual maturity of the agreements | | | | |
| | Up to 1 year | 1-5 years | 5-10 years | More than 10 years | Total |
| Corporate debt | 77,006 | 82,579 | 31,486 | 11 | 191,082 |
| Non-US sovereign debt | — | 33,143 | 820 | 6,199 | 40,162 |
| US sovereign debt | 1,947 | 2,805 | 1,725 | 1,332 | 7,809 |
| Total available-for-sale securities, at fair value | \$ 78,953 | \$ 118,527 | \$ 34,031 | \$ 7,542 | \$ 239,053 |
| | March 31, 2022 | | | | |
| | Remaining contractual maturity of the agreements | | | | |
| | Up to 1 year | 1-5 years | 5-10 years | More than 10 years | Total |
| Corporate debt | 69,364 | 50,155 | 26,284 | 33 | 145,836 |
| Non-US sovereign debt | 1,692 | 864 | 1,086 | 9,355 | 12,997 |
| US sovereign debt | — | — | — | 2,530 | 2,530 |
| Corporate equity | — | — | — | 1 | 1 |
| Total available-for-sale securities, at fair value | \$ 71,056 | \$ 51,019 | \$ 27,370 | \$ 11,919 | \$ 161,364 |

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

As of March 31, 2023, the Company held debt securities of two issuers which individually exceeded 10% of the Company's total trading securities - Kazakhstan Sustainability Fund JSC (Fitch: BBB credit rating) in the amount of \$834,917 and the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Kazakhstan (S&P Global: BBB- credit rating) in the amount of \$1,015,161. As of March 31, 2022, the Company held debt securities of two issuers which individually exceeded 10% of the Company's total trading securities - the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Kazakhstan and the Kazakhstan Sustainability Fund JSC in the amounts of \$357,343 and \$488,560, respectively.

The Company recognized no other than temporary impairment in accumulated other comprehensive loss.

The fair value of securities is determined using observable market data based on recent trading activity. Where observable market data is unavailable due to a lack of trading activity, the Company utilizes internally developed models to estimate fair value and independent third parties to validate assumptions, when appropriate. Estimating fair value requires significant management judgment, including benchmarking to similar instruments with observable market data and applying appropriate discounts that reflect differences between the securities that the Company is valuing and the selected benchmark. Depending on the type of securities owned by the Company, other valuation methodologies may be required.

Measurement of fair value is classified within a hierarchy based upon the transparency of inputs used in the valuation of an asset or liability. Classification within the hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The valuation hierarchy contains three levels:

- Level 1 - Valuation inputs are unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2 - Valuation inputs are quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, quoted market prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and other observable inputs directly or indirectly related to the asset or liability being measured.
- Level 3 - Valuation inputs are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023
(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

The following tables present trading securities assets in the Consolidated Financial Statements or disclosed in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2023 and 2022:

| | Weighted average interest rate | Total | Fair Value Measurements at March 31, 2023 using | | |
|---|--------------------------------|---------------------|--|---|--|
| | | | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant unobservable units (Level 3) |
| Corporate debt | 15.62 % | \$ 1,269,879 | \$ 1,106,584 | \$ 162,895 | \$ 400 |
| Non-U.S. sovereign debt | 12.04 % | 1,029,857 | 971,762 | 54,319 | 3,776 |
| Corporate equity | — | 65,741 | 62,971 | 1,808 | 962 |
| U.S. sovereign debt | 4.22 % | 45,022 | 45,022 | — | — |
| Exchange traded notes | — | 2,057 | 447 | 1,610 | — |
| Total trading securities | | \$ 2,412,556 | \$ 2,186,786 | \$ 220,632 | \$ 5,138 |
| Corporate debt | 15.78 % | 191,082 | 129,504 | 61,578 | — |
| Non-U.S. sovereign debt | 13.64 % | 40,162 | 39,624 | 538 | — |
| U.S. sovereign debt | 4.24 % | 7,809 | 7,809 | — | — |
| Total available-for-sale securities, at fair value | | \$ 239,053 | \$ 176,937 | \$ 62,116 | \$ — |

| | Weighted average interest rate | Total | Fair Value Measurements at March 31, 2022 (Recasted) using | | |
|---|--------------------------------|---------------------|--|---|--|
| | | | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant unobservable units (Level 3) |
| Corporate debt | 9.09 % | \$ 712,134 | \$ 711,539 | \$ — | \$ 595 |
| Non-U.S. sovereign debt | 13.15 % | 360,570 | 352,274 | — | 8,296 |
| Corporate equity | — | 72,354 | 71,827 | 276 | 251 |
| U.S. sovereign debt | 2.35 % | 10,435 | 10,435 | — | — |
| Exchange traded notes | — | 2,884 | 2,884 | — | — |
| Total trading securities | | \$ 1,158,377 | \$ 1,148,959 | \$ 276 | \$ 9,142 |
| Corporate equity | — | \$ 1 | — | — | 1 |
| Corporate debt | 11.09 % | 145,836 | 145,836 | — | — |
| Non-U.S. sovereign debt | 5.51 % | 12,997 | 12,997 | — | — |
| U.S. sovereign debt | 2.17 % | 2,530 | 2,530 | — | — |
| Total available-for-sale securities, at fair value | | \$ 161,364 | \$ 161,363 | \$ — | \$ 1 |

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023
(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

The table below presents the Valuation Techniques and Significant Level 3 Inputs used in the valuation as of March 31, 2023 and 2022. The table is not intended to be all inclusive, but instead captures the significant unobservable inputs relevant to determination of fair value.

| Type | Valuation Technique | FV as of March 31, 2023 | Significant Unobservable Inputs | % |
|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|
| Corporate equity | DCF | \$ 961 | Discount rate | 58.8% |
| | | | Estimated number of years | 9 years |
| Corporate debt | DCF | \$ 399 | Discount rate | 74.0% |
| | | | Estimated number of years | 3 months |
| Non-US sovereign debt | DCF | \$ 3,778 | Discount rate | 48.8% |
| | | | Estimated number of years | 11 years |
| | | \$ 5,138 | | |

| Type | Valuation Technique | FV as of March 31, 2022 | Significant Unobservable Inputs | % |
|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|
| Corporate equity | DCF | \$ 251 | Discount rate | 20.0% |
| | | | Estimated number of years | 9 years |
| Corporate debt | DCF | \$ 595 | Discount rate | 45.0% |
| | | | Estimated number of years | 3 months |
| Non-US sovereign debt | DCF | \$ 7,524 | Discount rate | 69.0% |
| | | | Estimated number of years | 11 years |
| Non-US sovereign debt | DCF | \$ 772 | Discount rate | 13.9% |
| | | | Estimated number of years | 1 year |
| | | \$ 9,142 | | |

The following table provides a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances for investments that use Level 3 inputs for the year ended March 31, 2023:

| | Trading securities |
|--|--------------------|
| Balance as of March 31, 2021 (Recasted) | \$ 19,033 |
| Reclassification to level 3 | 682 |
| Reclassification to level 1 | (18,371) |
| Purchase of investments that use Level 3 inputs | 10,812 |
| Revaluation of investments that use Level 3 inputs | (3,014) |
| Balance as of March 31, 2022 (Recasted) | \$ 9,142 |
| Reclassification to level 2 | (1,339) |
| Sale of investments that use Level 3 inputs | (5,213) |
| Purchase of investments that use Level 3 inputs | 2,604 |
| Revaluation of investments that use Level 3 inputs | (56) |
| Balance as of March 31, 2023 | \$ 5,138 |

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The table below presents the amortized cost, unrealized gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income, and fair value of available-for-sale securities as of March 31, 2023 and 2022:

| | March 31, 2023 | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Assets measured at amortized cost | Recognized impairment loss in Income Statement | Unrealized gain/(loss) accumulated in other comprehensive income/(loss) | Assets measured at fair value | Maturity Date |
| Corporate debt | \$ 192,167 | \$ (402) | \$ (683) | \$ 191,082 | 2023 - 2035 |
| Non-US sovereign debt | 42,456 | — | (2,294) | 40,162 | 2024 - indefinite |
| U.S. sovereign debt | 8,391 | — | (582) | 7,809 | 2023 - 2044 |
| Total available-for-sale securities, at fair value | \$ 243,014 | \$ (402) | \$ (3,559) | \$ 239,053 | |

| | March 31, 2022 (Recasted) | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| | Assets measured at amortized cost | Unrealized gain/(loss) accumulated in other comprehensive income/(loss) | Assets measured at fair value | Maturity Date | |
| Corporate debt | \$ 146,111 | \$ (275) | \$ 145,836 | 2022 - 2035 | |
| Non-US sovereign debt | 13,784 | (787) | 12,997 | 2022 - indefinite | |
| U.S. sovereign debt | 2,912 | (382) | 2,530 | 2044 | |
| Corporate equity | 1 | — | 1 | not applicable | |
| Total available-for-sale securities, at fair value | \$ 162,808 | \$ (1,444) | \$ 161,364 | | |

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NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023
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NOTE 7 - MARGIN LENDING, BROKERAGE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, NET

Margin lending, brokerage and other receivables, net of the Company are comprised of the following:

| | March 31, 2023 | March 31, 2022 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | (Recasted) |
| Margin lending receivables | \$ 361,684 | \$ 138,983 |
| Receivables from brokerage clients | 7,302 | 4,386 |
| Bank commissions receivable | 6,035 | 598 |
| Receivable for underwriting and market-making services | 2,317 | 296 |
| Long-term installments receivables | 895 | 1,367 |
| Dividends accrued | 486 | 45 |
| Receivable from sale of securities | 613 | 884 |
| Other receivables | 9,504 | 3,207 |
| Allowance for receivables | (12,507) | (2,107) |
| Total margin lending, brokerage and other receivables, net | \$ 376,329 | \$ 147,659 |

Margin lending receivables are amounts owed to the Company from customers as a result of borrowings by such customers against the value of qualifying securities, primarily for the purpose of purchasing additional securities. Amounts may fluctuate from period to period as overall client balances change as a result of market levels, client positioning and leverage. Credit exposures arising from margin lending activities are generally mitigated by their short-term nature, the value of collateral held and our right to call for margin when collateral values decline.

The fair value of collateral received by the Company under margin loans as of March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022 was \$1,418,129 and \$4,432,621, respectively.

As of March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, amounts due from a single related party customer were \$290,195 and \$102,669, respectively or 78% and 73% respectively, of total margin lending, brokerage and other receivables, net. Approximately 98% and 95% of these balances were due from Freedom Securities Trading Inc. (formerly known as FFIN Brokerage Services, Inc.) ("FST Belize"), a company owned by the Company's controlling shareholder, chairman and chief executive officer, Timur Turlov. Based on historical data, the Company considers receivables due from related parties fully collectible.

For both individual and institutional brokerage clients, we may enter into arrangements for securities financing transactions in respect of financial instruments held by us on behalf of the client or may use such financial instruments for our own account or the account of another client. We maintain omnibus brokerage accounts for certain institutional brokerage clients, in which transactions of the underlying clients of such institutional clients are combined in a single account with us. As noted above, we may use the assets within the omnibus accounts to finance, lend, provide credit or provide debt financing or otherwise use and direct the order or manner of assets for financing of other clients of ours.

As of March 31, 2023, margin lending receivable balance from FST Belize was fully collateralized by its customer-owned cash and market securities held by the Company, including \$37.1 million margin lending receivable collateralized by FRHC securities. Customers' required margin levels and established credit limits are monitored continuously by risk management staff. Pursuant to the Company's policy, customers are required to deposit additional collateral or reduce positions, when necessary, to avoid liquidation of their positions.

As of March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 using historical and statistical data, the Company recorded an allowance for brokerage receivables in the amounts of \$2,507, \$2,107 respectively.

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023
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NOTE 8 - LOANS ISSUED

Loans issued as of March 31, 2023, consisted of the following:

| | Amount Outstanding | Due Dates | Average Interest Rate | Fair Value of Collateral | Loan Currency |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| Mortgage loans* | \$ 534,154 | April, 2023 - March, 2048 | 9.00 % | \$ 534,154 | KZT |
| Right of claims for purchased retail loans | 121,177 | January, 2023 - March, 2027 | 15.00 % | 121,177 | KZT |
| Uncollateralized bank customer loans | \$ 46,970 | January, 2023 - March, 2043 | 25.00 % | | KZT |
| Collateralized Bank customer loans | 17,653 | May, 2023 - March, 2028 | 2.00 % | 17,636 | KZT/RUB |
| Car loans | \$ 102,269 | April, 2023 - April, 2030 | 25.00 % | \$ 102,247 | KZT |
| Subordinated loan | 5,039 | December, 2025 | 3.00 % | — | USD |
| Loans issued to policyholders | \$ 1,488 | June, 2023 - February, 2024 | 15.00 % | \$ 1,752 | KZT |
| Other | 300 | March, 2024 - September, 2029 | 2.00 % | — | EUR |
| Allowance for loans issued | (2,792) | | | | |
| Total loans issued | \$ 826,258 | | | | |

*Fair value of collateral for the mortgage loans is the minimum amount of market value of the pledged immovable property and outstanding loan amount.

Freedom Bank KZ provides mortgage loans to borrowers on behalf of the JSC Kazakhstan Sustainability Fund ("Program Operator") related to the state mortgage program "7-20-25" and transfers the rights of claim on the loans to the Program Operator. Under this program, borrowers can receive a mortgage at an interest rate of 7%, for 20 years. In accordance with the program and trust management agreement, Freedom Bank KZ carries out trust management of transferred mortgage loans, and transfers all repayments of principal amounts of mortgages plus 4% of the 7% interest to the Program Operator and is recognized as interest expense. The remaining 3% of the 7% interest is retained by Freedom Bank KZ as interest income. Under the program and trust management agreement, Freedom Bank KZ is required to repurchase the rights of claims on transferred mortgage loans, when the loan principal amount and interest payments are overdue 90 days or more. The repurchase of overdue loans is performed at the loan nominal value.

Since the Freedom Bank KZ transfers the right of claim of those loans with recourse for uncollectible amounts due at maturity, retains part of interest from those loans, and agrees to service those loans after the sale, Freedom Bank KZ has determined that it retains control over the mortgage loans transferred and continues recognizing the loans. As Freedom Bank KZ continues to recognize the loans, it also recognizes the associated liability in the amount of \$440,805 as of March 31, 2023, which is presented separately as liability arising from continuing involvement in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. As of March 31, 2022 the corresponding liability amounted to \$6,447.

As of March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, mortgage loans include the state mortgage program "7-20-25" with a principal amount of \$63,114 and \$21,310, respectively.

Freedom Bank KZ has an agreement with FFIN Credit, a start-up created and controlled by the Company's controlling shareholder, chairman and chief executive officer, Timur Turlov, to purchase uncollateralized retail loans. FFIN Credit is a non-bank credit institution that issues loans in Kazakhstan under simplified lending procedures. FFIN Credit was created as a pilot project to test and improve the scoring models used for qualifying and issuing loans. The principal operation of FFIN Credit is to provide loans to customers online using biometric identification and its proprietary scoring process. After completion of the pilot launch, it is anticipated that the ownership of FFIN Credit will be sold by Mr. Turlov to the

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.**NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023****(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)**

Company. The Bank has legal ownership over purchase from FFIN Credit uncollateralized bank customer loans. However, in accordance with U.S. GAAP requirements, the Company does not recognize those loans as uncollateralized bank customer loans, since effective control over the transferred loans is maintained by FFIN Credit. Instead, the Company recognizes the loans as right of claims for purchased retail loans from FFIN Credit presented on the consolidated balance sheets within loans issued. As of March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, right of claims for purchased retail loans in the amount of \$121,177 and \$35,293, respectively.

Loans issued as of March 31, 2022, consisted of the following:

| | Amount Outstanding | Due Dates | Average Interest Rate | Fair Value of Collateral | Loan Currency |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Mortgage loans | 52,227 | April 2022 - March 2047 | 11.86 % | 52,134 | KZT |
| Right of claims for purchased retail loans | 35,293 | April 2022 - March 2026 | 15.00 % | 35,293 | KZT |
| Uncollateralized bank customer loans | 100 | April 2022 - March 2047 | 10.00 % | — | KZT |
| Subordinated loan | 5,033 | December 2022-April 2024 | 4.89 % | — | USD |
| Subordinated loan | 1,256 | December 2022-April 2024 | 7.00 % | — | UAH |
| Other | 123 | February 2022-February 2027 | 2.50 % | — | USD |
| Loans to policyholders | 43 | July 2022 - March 2023 | 12.02 % | 284 | KZT |
| Allowance for loans issued | \$ (1,629) | | | | |
| Total loans issued (recasted) | \$ 92,446 | | | | |

NOTE 9 - INCOME TAXES

The Company is subject to taxation in the United States of America, Russia, Kazakhstan, Azerbaijan, Kyrgyzstan, Germany, Cyprus, Ukraine, United Kingdom, Armenia and Uzbekistan.

The tax rates used for deferred tax assets and liabilities for the years ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, were 21% for the U.S., 20% for Russia, Kazakhstan, 20% for Azerbaijan, 10% for Kyrgyzstan, 31% for Germany, 12.5% for Cyprus, 18% for Ukraine, 25% for United Kingdom, 18% for Armenia and 15% for Uzbekistan. This note is presented excluding the discontinued operations, which is presented separately in Note 30 "Assets and Liabilities Held for Sale".

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

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(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

As of March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, deferred tax assets and liabilities of the Company were comprised of the following:

| | March 31, 2023 | March 31, 2022 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | (recast) |
| Deferred tax assets: | | |
| Revaluation on trading securities | | |
| Tax losses carryforward | \$ 1,548 | \$ 679 |
| Accrued liabilities | 933 | 828 |
| Provision for impairment losses | 2,079 | — |
| Stock compensation expenses | — | — |
| Deferred tax assets | \$ 4,560 | \$ 1,507 |
| Deferred tax liabilities: | | |
| Revaluation on trading securities | \$ 29 | \$ 210 |
| Fixed and Intangible Assets | 2,457 | — |
| Other liabilities | 326 | 388 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | \$ 2,812 | \$ 598 |
| Net deferred tax assets | \$ 2,442 | \$ 909 |
| Net deferred tax liabilities | \$ 694 | \$ — |

The Company is subject to the U.S. federal income taxes at a rate of 21%. The reconciliation of the amount computed by multiplying income before provision for income taxes at the 21% income tax rate compared to the Company's income tax expense as reported is as follows:

| | Year ended March 31, 2023 | Year ended March 31, 2022 | Year ended March 31, 2021 |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | (recast) | (recast) |
| Income before income tax at 21% | \$ 49,547 | \$ 76,376 | \$ 31,879 |
| Global intangible low taxed income | 39,139 | 31,194 | 18,451 |
| Permanent differences | 14,096 | (2,567) | (2,160) |
| Subpart F Income | 4,732 | — | — |
| Stock based compensation | 2,039 | 3,090 | 348 |
| Provision for impairment losses | — | (13) | 113 |
| Valuation allowance | — | (316) | (361) |
| Foreign tax rate differential | (13,089) | (18,544) | (9,491) |
| Foreign tax credit | (18,423) | (16,200) | (10,155) |
| Nontaxable gains | (35,265) | (34,450) | (5,317) |
| Income tax expense | \$ 42,776 | \$ 38,570 | \$ 23,307 |

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NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

As of March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, income tax expense was comprised of the following:

| | Year ended March 31, 2023 | Year ended March 31, 2022 (recast) | Year ended March 31, 2021 (recast) |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| Current income tax charge | | | |
| Federal | 22,387 | 15,184 | 7,771 |
| Foreign | 21,406 | 27,381 | 14,040 |
| | 43,793 | 42,565 | 21,811 |
| Deferred income tax charge | | | |
| Federal | (2,606) | (2,191) | 1,752 |
| Foreign | 1,589 | (1,804) | (256) |
| | (1,017) | (3,995) | 1,496 |
| Income tax expense | <u>\$ 42,776</u> | <u>\$ 38,570</u> | <u>\$ 23,307</u> |

During the years ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021, the Company realized net income before income tax \$35,938, \$363,693 and \$151,805, respectively. During the same periods, the Company's effective tax rate was equal to 18.1%, 10.6% and 15.4%, respectively. Tax years ended from March 31, 2023 to March 31, 2019 are remains subject to examination by major tax jurisdictions.

Income before income taxes includes the following components:

| | Year ended March 31, 2023 | Year ended March 31, 2022 (recast) | Year ended March 31, 2021 (recast) |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| United States | \$ (26,383) | \$ (8,012) | \$ 1,076 |
| Foreign | 262,321 | 371,705 | 150,729 |
| Net income before income tax | <u>\$ 235,938</u> | <u>\$ 363,693</u> | <u>\$ 151,805</u> |

As of March 31, 2023, the Company had undistributed earnings of certain foreign subsidiaries of \$467,456. The Company intends to reinvest its foreign earnings indefinitely in the non-U.S. operations and therefore has not provided for any non-U.S. withholding tax that would be assessed on dividend distributions. The determination of the U.S. state income taxes upon a potential foreign earnings distribution is impractical. In the event the earnings were distributed to the U.S., the Company would adjust its income tax provision for the period and would determine the amount of foreign tax credit that would be available.

Tax loss carryforwards as of March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, was \$12,384 and \$5,432, respectively, in Cyprus.

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023
(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

NOTE 10 - FIXED ASSETS, NET

As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, fixed assets, net of the Company included the following:

| | <u>March 31, 2023</u> | <u>March 31, 2022</u> (Recasted) |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Buildings | \$ 19,569 | \$ 7,770 |
| Office equipment | 11,004 | 4,633 |
| Processing and storage data centers | 10,793 | 3,729 |
| Land | 9,106 | 1,564 |
| Furniture | 6,633 | 2,759 |
| Capital expenditures on leasehold improvements | 3,288 | 1,239 |
| Vehicles | 1,516 | 643 |
| Other | 1,428 | 722 |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation | (9,320) | (5,236) |
| Total fixed assets, net | \$ 54,017 | \$ 17,823 |

Depreciation expense totaled \$4,083, \$2,270 and \$2,118 for the years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 respectively.

NOTE 11 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET

As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, intangible assets, net of the Company included the following:

| | <u>March 31, 2023</u> | | <u>March 31, 2022</u> (Recasted) | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | <u>Gross Carrying Amount</u> | <u>Accumulated Amortization</u> | <u>Gross Carrying Amount</u> | <u>Accumulated Amortization</u> |
| Amortized intangible assets | | | | |
| Client base | \$ 5,264 | \$ (1,707) | \$ 1,843 | \$ (1,504) |
| Software | 6,140 | (992) | 1,898 | (572) |
| Value added business | 5,058 | (2,355) | 3,643 | (2,257) |
| Licenses | 4,977 | (489) | 2,574 | (509) |
| Other intangible assets | 2,074 | (355) | 49 | (2) |
| Total | \$ 23,513 | \$ (5,898) | \$ 10,007 | \$ (4,844) |
| Total intangible assets, net | \$ 17,615 | | \$ 5,163 | |
| Aggregate Amortization Expense | | | | |
| For year ended 31.03.2023 | \$ 1,054 | | | |
| Estimated Amortization Expense | | | | |
| For year ended 31.03.2024 | \$ 2,115 | | | |
| For year ended 31.03.2025 | \$ 1,809 | | | |
| For year ended 31.03.2026 | \$ 1,555 | | | |
| For year ended 31.03.2027 | \$ 1,194 | | | |
| For year ended 31.03.2028 | \$ 1,118 | | | |

Amortization expense totaled \$1,054, \$1,146 and \$570 for the years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 respectively.

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NOTE 12 - OTHER ASSETS, NET

As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, other assets, net of the Company included the following:

| | March 31, 2023 | March 31, 2022 (Recasted) |
|--|------------------|------------------------------|
| Prepayments on future acquisitions | \$ 23,428 | \$ 4,069 |
| Deferred acquisition costs | 17,495 | 9,617 |
| Advances paid | 12,553 | 4,340 |
| Taxes other than income taxes | 5,908 | 1,697 |
| Investments in joint ventures and associated companies | 4,000 | — |
| Deferred tax assets | 2,442 | 909 |
| Current income tax asset | 1,529 | 2,497 |
| Rent guarantee deposit | 363 | 759 |
| Due from financial institutions | — | 4,763 |
| Other | 5,745 | 990 |
| Total other assets | 73,463 | 29,641 |
| Allowance for other assets | — | — |
| Other assets, net | \$ 73,463 | \$ 29,641 |

NOTE 13 - SECURITIES REPURCHASE AGREEMENT OBLIGATIONS

As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, trading securities included collateralized securities subject to repurchase agreements as described in the following table:

| | March 31, 2023 | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | Interest rates and remaining contractual maturity of the agreements | | | | |
| | Average interest rate | Up to 30 days | 30-90 days | Over 90 days | Total |
| Securities sold under repurchase agreements | | | | | |
| Non-US sovereign debt | 15.98 % | \$ 826,196 | \$ 55,265 | \$ — | \$ 881,461 |
| Corporate debt | 16.07 % | 597,559 | 5,375 | — | 602,934 |
| US sovereign debt | 1.52 % | 17,637 | — | — | 17,637 |
| Corporate equity | 12.24 % | 15,384 | — | — | 15,384 |
| Total securities sold under repurchase agreements | | \$ 1,456,776 | \$ 60,640 | \$ — | \$ 1,517,416 |

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(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| | March 31, 2022 (Recasted) | | | | Total |
|--|---|-------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|
| | Interest rates and remaining contractual maturity of the agreements | | | | |
| | Average interest rate | Up to 30 days | 30-90 days | Over 90 days | |
| Securities sold under repurchase agreements | | | | | |
| Corporate debt | 11.96 % | \$ 609,405 | \$ 142 | \$ — | \$ 609,547 |
| Non-US sovereign debt | 10.85 % | 222,893 | — | — | 222,893 |
| US sovereign debt | 0.77 % | 7,396 | — | — | 7,396 |
| Corporate equity | 14.00 % | 388 | — | — | 388 |
| Total securities sold under repurchase agreements | | \$ 840,082 | \$ 142 | \$ — | \$ 840,224 |

The fair value of collateral pledged under repurchase agreements as of March 31, 2023 and 2022, was \$1,519,926 and \$834,751, respectively.

Securities pledged as collateral by the Company under repurchase agreements are liquid trading securities with market quotes and significant trading volume.

NOTE 14 - CUSTOMER LIABILITIES

The Company recognizes customer liabilities associated with funds held by our brokerage and bank customers. Customer liabilities consist of:

| | March 31, 2023 | | March 31, 2022 (Recasted) | |
|--|---------------------|---------------|------------------------------|---------------|
| | Amount | Interest rate | Amount | Interest rate |
| Interest-bearing deposits: | | | | |
| Term deposits | \$ 832,751 | 0.1% -16.9% | 164,837 | 0.01%-14.3% |
| Total Interest-bearing deposits | \$ 832,751 | | \$ 164,837 | |
| Non-interest-bearing deposits: | | | | |
| Current customer accounts | \$ 458,954 | | \$ 81,447 | |
| Brokerage customers | \$ 633,542 | | \$ 519,344 | |
| Total non-interest-bearing deposits | \$ 1,092,496 | | \$ 600,791 | |
| Total customer liabilities | 1,925,247 | | 765,628 | |

In accordance with Kazakhstan local law requirements, commercial banks conclude agreements with JSC Kazakhstan Deposit Insurance Fund ("KDIF"), under which banks have to pay commissions to KDIF on a recurring basis, the amount of which depends on the term and demand deposits received by banks from the customers. Under the regulatory agreement, KDIF insures the term and demand deposits up to \$44 to each customer. As at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, respectively, Freedom Bank KZ had a total amounts in excess of insured bank time deposits in amounts of \$539,411 and \$51,818 for all customers.

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023
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NOTE 15 - MARGIN LENDING AND TRADE PAYABLES

As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, margin lending and trade payables of the Company included the following:

| | <u>March 31, 2023</u> | <u>March 31, 2022</u> |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | (Recasted) |
| Margin lending payable | \$ 117,144 | \$ 39,250 |
| Payables to suppliers of goods and services | 2,965 | 4,463 |
| Trade payable for securities purchased | 482 | 462 |
| Other | 2,309 | 908 |
| Total margin lending and trades payables | \$ 122,900 | \$ 45,083 |

As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, margin lending payable due to a single related party \$3,239 or 3% and \$38,889 or 86% of margin lending payable, respectively.

The fair value of collateral by the Company under margin loans as of March 31, 2023, and 2022 was \$164,861 and \$403,543, respectively.

NOTE 16 - SECURITIES SOLD, NOT YET PURCHASED - AT FAIR VALUE

The following table provides a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances for securities sold, not yet purchased - at fair value by the Company, as of March 31, 2023 and 2022:

| | <u>Total</u> | |
|--|--------------|---------------|
| Balance as of March 31, 2021 (Recasted) | \$ | 8,569 |
| Short sales | | 7,055 |
| Repurchase | | (346) |
| Net gain on trading securities | | (1,413) |
| Balance as of March 31, 2022 (Recasted) | \$ | 13,865 |
| Balance as of March 31, 2022 (Recasted) | \$ | 13,865 |
| Short sales | | 394 |
| Repurchase | | (15,650) |
| Net loss on trading securities | | 1,391 |
| Balance as of March 31, 2023 | \$ | — |

A short sale involves the sale of a security that is not owned with the expectation of purchasing the same security (or a security exchangeable) at a later date at a lower price. A short sale involves the risk of a theoretically unlimited increase in the market price of the security that would result in a theoretically unlimited loss.

NOTE 17 - DEBT SECURITIES ISSUED

As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, outstanding debt securities of the Company included the following:

| | <u>March 31, 2023</u> | <u>March 31, 2022</u> |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | (Recasted) |
| Debt securities issued by | | |
| Freedom SPC | \$ 58,582 | \$ 13,200 |
| Freedom Holding Corp. | — | 20,500 |
| Accrued interest | 1,443 | 690 |
| Total debt securities issued | \$ 60,025 | \$ 34,390 |

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.**NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023****(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)**

As of March 31, 2023, the Company's outstanding debt securities had fixed annual coupon rates of 5.5% and maturity date in October 2026. As of March 31, 2022, the Company's outstanding debt securities had fixed annual coupon rates ranging from 5.5% to 7% and maturity dates ranging from December 2022 to October 2026.

As of December 31, 2022, the Company fully redeemed FRHC notes, which were issued from December 2019 to February 2020. The FRHC notes denominated in U.S. dollars, bear interest at an annual rate of 7% and were due in December 2022. The FRHC notes were issued under Astana International Financial Centre law and traded on the AIX.

The Company's debt securities as of March 31, 2023, include \$58,582 of Freedom SPC bonds issued in October 2021. The Freedom SPC bonds are denominated in U.S. dollars, bear interest at an annual rate of 5.5% and are due in October 2026. The Freedom SPC bonds were issued under Astana International Financial Centre law and trade on the AIX. FRHC is a guarantor of the Freedom SPC bonds. The proceeds from the issuance of the Freedom SPC bonds were loaned to FRHC pursuant to a loan agreement dated November 22, 2021. The interest rate under the loan agreement is 5.5% per annum. Interest payments are duly semi-annually in April and October. Repayment of the loan is due October 2026. Debt securities issued are initially recognized at the fair value of the consideration received, less directly attributable transaction costs. The group has no covenants to comply with.

NOTE 18 - INSURANCE CONTRACTS ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FROM INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

As of March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, insurance and reinsurance receivables of the Company was comprised of the following:

| | <u>March 31, 2023</u> | <u>March 31, 2022</u> |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Assets: | | (Recasted) |
| Amounts due from policyholders | \$ 9,699 | \$ 3,500 |
| Claims receivable from reinsurance | 1,087 | 769 |
| Amounts due from reinsured | 555 | 23 |
| Less provision for impairment losses | (1,325) | (343) |
| Insurance and reinsurance receivables: | <u>10,016</u> | <u>3,949</u> |
| Unearned premium reserve, reinsurers' share | 2,379 | 143 |
| Reserves for claims and claims' adjustment expenses, reinsurers' share | 1,390 | 1,620 |
| Total | <u><u>\$ 13,785</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 5,712</u></u> |

As of March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, the premium receivables from policyholders increased due to the expansion of operations.

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As of March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, insurance and reinsurance payable of the Company was comprised of the following:

| | <u>March 31, 2023</u> | <u>March 31, 2022</u> |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | (Recasted) |
| Liabilities: | | |
| Amounts payable to agents and brokers | \$ 2,466 | \$ 1,981 |
| Amounts payable to reinsurers | 2,002 | 402 |
| Amounts payable to insured | 1,807 | 685 |
| Insurance and reinsurance payables: | 6,275 | 3,068 |
| Unearned premium reserve | 43,082 | 17,985 |
| Reserves for claims and claims' adjustment expenses | 133,145 | 101,034 |
| Total | \$ 182,502 | \$ 122,087 |

As of March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, liabilities from insurance activity mainly changed due to the increase of reserves for claims and claim's adjustment expenses, unearned premium reserve and the amount payable to agents and brokers as a result of the expansion of operations.

NOTE 19 - OTHER LIABILITIES

As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, other liabilities of the Company included the following:

| | <u>March 31, 2023</u> | <u>March 31, 2022</u> |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | (Recasted) |
| Salaries and other employee benefits | \$ 4,970 | \$ 2,120 |
| Payable to suppliers | 3,623 | 3,308 |
| Vacation reserve | 3,261 | 1,400 |
| Taxes payable other than income tax | 2,782 | 567 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | 694 | — |
| Deferred distribution payments | 156 | 8,534 |
| Loans received | 1 | 3,538 |
| Outstanding settlements operations | — | 292 |
| Other | 7,385 | 1,718 |
| Total other liabilities | \$ 22,872 | \$ 21,477 |

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NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

NOTE 20 - FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME

Fee and commission income is recognized when, or as, the Company satisfies its performance obligations by transferring the promised services to the customers. A service is transferred to a customer when, or as, the customer obtains control of that service. A performance obligation may be satisfied at a point in time or over time. Revenue from a performance obligation satisfied at a point in time is recognized at the point in time that the Company determines the customer obtains control over the promised service. Revenue from a performance obligation satisfied over time is recognized by measuring the Company's progress in satisfying the performance obligation in a manner that depicts the transfer of the services to the customer. The amount of revenue recognized reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for those promised services (i.e., the "transaction price"). In determining the transaction price, the Company considers multiple factors, including the effects of variable consideration, if any.

The Company's revenues from contracts with customers are recognized when the performance obligations are satisfied at an amount that reflects the consideration expected to be received in exchange for such services. The majority of the Company's performance obligations are satisfied at a point in time and are typically collected from customers by debiting their brokerage account with the Company.

Brokerage Services and Bank services

Commissions from brokerage services — The Company earns commission revenue by executing, settling and clearing transactions with clients primarily in exchange-traded and over-the-counter corporate equity and debt securities, money market instruments and exchange-traded options and futures contracts. Commissions from bank services — The Company earns bank commissions by executing client order for money transfer, purchase and sale of foreign currency, and other bank services. A substantial portion of the Company's revenue is derived from commissions from private clients through accounts with transaction-based pricing. Trade execution and clearing services, when provided together, represent a single performance obligation, as the services are not separately identifiable in the context of the contract. Commission revenue associated with combined trade execution and clearing services, as well as trade execution services on a standalone basis, are recognized at a point in time on trade date when the performance obligation is satisfied.

Commission revenue is generally paid on settlement date, which is generally two business days after trade date for equity securities and corporate bond transactions and one day for government securities, options and commodities transactions. The Company records a receivable on the trade date and receives a payment on the settlement date.

Investment Banking

The Company earns underwriting revenues by providing capital raising solutions for corporate clients through initial public offerings, follow-on offerings, equity-linked offerings, private investments in public entities, and private placements. Underwriting revenues are recognized at a point in time on placement date, as the client obtains the control and benefit of the capital markets offering at that point. These fees are generally received within 90 days after the placement date. Transaction-related expenses, primarily consisting of legal, travel and other costs directly associated with the transaction, are included in underwriting revenues. These costs are deferred and recognized in the same period as the related investment banking transaction revenue. However, if the transaction is abandoned and does not close, the accounting treatment for the transaction-related costs may differ. In such cases, the accounting principles typically require the immediate recognition of the transaction-related expenses as an expense in the period in which the decision to abandon the transaction is made. This ensures that the costs associated with the abandoned transaction are recognized and reflected accurately in the financial statements of the entity.

Receivables and Contract Balances

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(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Receivables arise when the Company has an unconditional right to receive payment under a contract with a customer and are derecognized when the cash is received. Margin lending, brokerage and other receivables are disclosed in Note 7 in the notes to consolidated financial statements.

Contract assets arise when the revenue associated with the contract is recognized before the Company's unconditional right to receive payment under a contract with a customer (i.e., unbilled receivable) and are derecognized when either it becomes a receivable or the cash is received. As of March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, contract asset balances were not material.

Contract liabilities arise when customers remit contractual cash payments in advance of the Company satisfying its performance obligations under the contract and are derecognized when the revenue associated with the contract is recognized either when a milestone is met triggering the contractual right to bill the customer or when the performance obligation is satisfied. As of March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, contract liability balances were not material.

During the year ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021, fee and commission income was comprised of:

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NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| | Year ended March 31, 2023 | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|----------------|
| | Central Asia and Eastern Europe | Europe, excluding Eastern Europe | U.S. | Total |
| Brokerage services | 68,224 | 214,093 | 4,415 | 286,732 |
| Bank services | 17,964 | — | — | 17,964 |
| Underwriting and market-making services | 11,538 | — | 410 | 11,948 |
| Other fee and commission income | 9,256 | 1,315 | — | 10,571 |
| Total fee and commission income | 106,982 | 215,408 | 4,825 | 327,215 |

| | Year ended March 31, 2022 (Recasted) | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|----------------|
| | Central Asia and Eastern Europe | Europe, excluding Eastern Europe | U.S. | Total |
| Brokerage services | 7,908 | 306,245 | 4,545 | 318,698 |
| Bank services | 6,727 | — | — | 6,727 |
| Underwriting and market-making services | 5,963 | — | — | 5,963 |
| Other fee and commission income | 3,054 | 769 | — | 3,823 |
| Total fee and commission income | 23,652 | 307,014 | 4,545 | 335,211 |

| | Year ended March 31, 2021 (Recasted) | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|----------------|
| | Central Asia and Eastern Europe | Europe, excluding Eastern Europe | U.S. | Total |
| Brokerage services | 8,803 | 194,311 | 1,130 | 204,244 |
| Bank services | 523 | — | — | 523 |
| Underwriting and market-making services | 6,451 | — | — | 6,451 |
| Other fee and commission income | 4,790 | — | — | 4,790 |
| Total fee and commission income | 20,567 | 194,311 | 1,130 | 216,008 |

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NOTE 21 - NET GAIN ON TRADING SECURITIES

For year ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, net gain on trading securities included the following:

| | Year ended March 31, 2023 | Year ended March 31, 2022 (Recasted) | Year ended March 31, 2021 (Recasted) |
|--|------------------------------|--|--|
| Net unrealized gain/(loss) recognized during the reporting period on trading securities still held at the reporting date | \$ 107,310 | \$ (50,987) | \$ 8,672 |
| Net (loss)/gain recognized during the period on trading securities sold during the period | (36,226) | 206,239 | 20,135 |
| Net gain recognized during the period on trading securities | \$ 71,084 | \$ 155,252 | \$ 28,807 |

The Company held SPB Exchange shares and SPB Exchange ETF units in its proprietary account as of March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 at fair value of \$18,408, \$11,259, and \$11,259, respectively.

During the year ended March 31, 2023, the Company sold 7,500,000 SPB Exchange shares and realized loss from sale in the amount of \$3,384, which included \$50,785 of unrealized net loss recognized during previous periods that was reclassified to realized net loss during the year ended March 31, 2023.

As a result, during the year ended March 31, 2023, the Company recognized net gain on trading securities of \$1,084, which included \$36,226 of realized net loss and \$107,310 of unrealized net gain.

NOTE 22 - NET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE

Net interest income/expense includes:

| | Year ended March 31, 2023 | Year ended March 31, 2022 (Recasted) | Year ended March 31, 2021 (Recasted) |
|--|------------------------------|--|--|
| Interest income: | | | |
| Interest income on trading securities | \$ 178,288 | \$ 78,327 | \$ 21,913 |
| Interest income on margin lending | 34,558 | 14,164 | 3,163 |
| Interest income on loans issued | 43,486 | 4,617 | 384 |
| Interest income on available-for-sale securities | 27,003 | 22,437 | 11,238 |
| Interest income on cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash | 9,836 | 1,658 | 1,630 |
| Interest income from dividends | 1,524 | 406 | 146 |
| Total interest income | \$ 294,695 | \$ 121,609 | \$ 38,474 |
| Interest expense: | | | |
| Interest expense on securities repurchase agreement obligations | \$ 158,595 | \$ 58,229 | \$ 10,915 |
| Interest expense on customer liabilities | 40,335 | 16,336 | 7,335 |
| Interest expense on margin lending payable | 6,635 | — | — |
| Interest expense on debt securities issued | 3,085 | 1,822 | 4,034 |
| Interest expense on loans received | 290 | 539 | 151 |
| Other interest expense | 7 | 21 | 9 |
| Total interest expense | \$ 208,947 | \$ 76,947 | \$ 22,444 |
| Net interest income | \$ 85,748 | \$ 44,662 | \$ 16,030 |

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NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

NOTE 23 - NET GAIN/(LOSS) ON FOREIGN EXCHANGE OPERATIONS

Net gain on foreign exchange operations includes:

| | Year ended March 31, 2023 | Year ended March 31, 2022 (Recasted) | Year ended March 31, 2021 (Recasted) |
|---|------------------------------|--|--|
| Sales and purchases of foreign currency, dealing | \$ 45,963 | \$ (4,057) | \$ 609 |
| Translation of financial assets and financial liabilities | 6,191 | 7,848 | (52) |
| Total net gain on foreign exchange operations | \$ 52,154 | \$ 3,791 | \$ 557 |

NOTE 24 - NET (LOSS)/GAIN ON DERIVATIVES

For years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, net (loss)/gain on derivatives included the following:

| | Year ended March 31, 2023 | Year ended March 31, 2022 (Recasted) | Year ended March 31, 2021 (Recasted) |
|---|------------------------------|--|--|
| Net realized (loss)/gain on derivatives | (64,838) | 946 | 86 |
| Net unrealized loss/(gain) on derivatives | 12 | — | — |
| Total net (loss)/gain on derivatives | \$ (64,826) | \$ 946 | \$ 86 |

During the year ended March 31, 2023, Freedom Bank KZ realized loss on derivatives in the amount of \$5,303 as a result of engaging in currency swaps mostly on the Kazakhstan Stock Exchange ("KASE") and Moscow Stock Exchange ("MOEX").

NOTE 25 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, the Company engaged in various related party transactions, a substantial amount of which were conducted with Freedom Securities Trading Inc. (formerly known as FST Belize Services, Inc.) ("FST Belize"), a Belize company which is wholly owned personally by the Company's chief executive officer, chairman and majority shareholder, Timur Turlov, and is not part of the FRHC group of companies. FST Belize has its own brokerage customers, which include individuals and market-maker institutions and conducts business with the Company through a client omnibus account at Freedom EU.

Fee and commission income earned from related parties is comprised primarily of brokerage commissions principally FST Belize. Fee and commission income earned from FST Belize principally consists of fees and commissions paid by FST Belize to Freedom EU to execute trades requested by brokerage customers of FST Belize, as well as commissions paid by FST Belize for order flow, which is net compensation received from firms to which our broker-dealer subsidiaries send equity and options orders, and fees for outstanding short sale positions. During the years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, the Company earned fee and commission income from related parties in the amounts of \$199,235, \$291,163 and \$184,725, respectively. Fee and commission income generated from FST Belize accounted for approximately 99% of the Company's total related party fee and commission income for the year ended March 31, 2023, as compared to approximately 94% and 36% of the Company's total related party fee and commission income for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

Interest income earned from related parties is comprised entirely of interest income from FST Belize, principally interest income from margin lending. During the years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, the Company earned interest income from related parties in the amounts of \$23,191, \$10,191 and \$2,250, respectively. Interest income generated from FST Belize accounted for approximately 100% of the Company's total related party interest income for the year ended March 31, 2023, as compared to approximately 100% and 97% of the Company's total related party interest income for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

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During the years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, the Company paid fee and commission expense for brokerage services to Wisdompoint Capital LTD and FST Belize in the amount of \$2,988, \$16,307 and \$20,291, respectively.

Margin lending, brokerage and other receivables from related parties result principally from borrowings made under margin loans by related parties, principally FST Belize. As of March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, the Company had margin lending receivables with related parties totaling \$294,985 and \$107,649, respectively. 98% and 95% of these balances were due from FST Belize. Margin lending receivables from FST Belize principally represent margin loans granted by Freedom EU to FST Belize. As of March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, the Company had bank commission receivables and receivables from brokerage clients from related parties totaling \$626 and \$244, respectively.

As of March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, the Company had margin lending payables to related parties, totaling \$,239 and \$38,889, respectively. 100% of these balances were due to Wisdompoint Capital LTD, as of March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, respectively. Wisdompoint Capital LTD (formerly Tradernet Limited) is a Cyprus company related to Freedom EU through common management. Wisdompoint Capital LTD provides brokerage services to the Company.

As of March 31, 2022, the Company had amounts due to Timur Turlov related to the purchase price for the acquisition by the Company from Timur Turlov of two insurance companies, Freedom Life and Freedom Insurance, totaling \$21,477. During the year ended March 31, 2023 the amount is fully repaid.

As of March 31, 2023 the Company had the prepayment on acquisition of Internet Tourism LLP and Aviata LLP, companies outside of the FRHC group where Timur Turlov has significant influence acquired after the reporting date, in the amount of \$16,089.

As of March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, the Company had customer liabilities to related parties totaling \$30,210 and \$325,904, respectively. As of March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, 18% and 75%, respectively, of these balances were deposits from FST Belize held by Freedom EU related to brokerage services provided by Freedom EU to FST Belize, whereas 36% and 17%, respectively, were from Fresh Start Trading, a company outside of the FRHC group which is primarily owned by Denis Matafonov, and 25% and 6%, respectively, from Wisdompoint Capital LTD.

As of March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, the Company had restricted customer cash deposited in current and brokerage accounts with related parties in the amounts of \$14,885 and \$222,651. As of March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, 40% and 78%, respectively, of these balances were from FST Belize, 60% and 22%, respectively, were from Wisdompoint Capital LTD.

As of March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022 the Company had loans issued which includes uncollateralized bank customer loans purchased from a related party, microfinance organization Freedom Finance Credit ("FFIN Credit") a company outside of the FRHC group which is controlled by Timur Turlov, in the amount of \$121,177 and \$35,293, respectively.

As of March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022 the Company had cash and cash equivalents held in brokerage accounts of related parties totaling \$5,549 and \$22,787 respectively. 100% of these balances were due to Wisdompoint Capital LTD.

In July 2021 the Company sold 23.88% of its outstanding equity interest in Freedom UA for \$415 to Askar Tashtitov, the Company's president, reducing the Company's direct ownership interest in Freedom UA to approximately 9%.

Margin lending, brokerage and related banking services were provided to related parties pursuant to standard client account agreements and at standard market rates.

NOTE 26 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

On October 6, 2022, the Company awarded a restricted stock grant totaling 20,000 shares of its common stock to key employees of the Company. Of the 20,000 shares awarded pursuant to the restricted stock grant awards, 4,000 shares vested on the date of the award, 4,000 shares vest on May 18, 2023, 4,000 shares vest on May 18, 2024, 4,000 shares vest on May 18, 2025 and 4,000 shares vest on May 18, 2026.

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.**NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023****(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)**

On March 10, 2023 and on October 11, 2022, the Company awarded a stock grant totaling 18,974 and 18,242 shares of its common stock, respectively, to key employees of the Company's subsidiary, which vested on the date of the award, and on October 20, 2022, the Company awarded a stock grant totaling 8,000 shares of its common stock to a consultant of the Company, which vested on the date of the award.

In May 2022, Freedom KZ completed the acquisition of two insurance companies, Freedom Life and Freedom Insurance. Prior to being acquired by the Company, these two companies were 100% controlled by Timur Turlov. The consideration for the purchase was \$26,588. The Company was required to pay the purchase price to Timur Turlov by no later than December 31, 2022. As at March 31, 2023 Freedom KZ has repaid the payable for acquisition of Freedom Life and of Freedom Insurance.

During the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, Timur Turlov made a capital contribution to the Company in the amount of \$77 and \$24,417, respectively.

During the year ended March 31, 2023 the Company completed a placement of 59,763 shares of its common stock. The shares of common stock were used for purchase of LD Micro.

On March 30, 2022, the Company awarded a restricted stock grant totaling 7,500 shares of its common stock to one executive officer of the Company. Of the 7,500 shares awarded pursuant to the restricted stock grant awards, 3,000 shares vest on May 18, 2023, 1,500 shares vest on May 18, 2024, 1,500 shares vest on May 18, 2025 and 1,500 shares vest on May 18, 2026.

On May 18, 2021, the Company awarded restricted stock grants totaling 1,031,500 shares of its common stock to 56 employees and consultants of the Company, including two executive officers of the Company. Of the 1,031,500 shares awarded pursuant to the restricted stock grant awards, 200,942 shares are subject to one-year vesting, 211,658 shares are subject to two-year vesting and 206,300 shares per year are subject to three, four, and five-year vesting schedule, respectively.

The Company recorded stock-based compensation expense for restricted stock grants in the amount of \$11,038 during the year ended March 31, 2023. The Company recorded stock-based compensation expense for restricted stock grants and stock options in the amount of \$15,745 and \$1,147 during the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021, respectively.

NOTE 27 - STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

On October 6, 2022, the Company awarded 20,000 shares of its common stock to key employees of the Company. Of the 20,000 shares 4,000 shares vested on the date of the award, 4,000 shares vested on May 18, 2023, 4,000 shares will vest on May 18, 2024, 4,000 shares will vest on May 18, 2025 and 4,000 shares will vest on May 18, 2026.

On March 10, 2023 and on October 11, 2022, the Company awarded 18,974 and 18,242 shares of its common stock, respectively to key employees of the Company's subsidiary, which vested on the date of the award. Additionally on October 20, 2022, the Company awarded 8,000 shares of its common stock to a consultant of the Company, which vested on the date of the award.

The compensation expense related to restricted stock awards was \$8,158 during the year ended March 31, 2023, and \$15,745 during the year ended March 31, 2022. As of March 31, 2023, there was \$8,133 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested shares of stock awarded. The cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 3.07 years. The compensation expense related to stock awards, which vested on the date of the award was \$880 during the year ended March 31, 2023, and \$0 during the year ended March 31, 2022.

The Company has determined the fair value of shares awarded during the year ended March 31, 2023, using the Monte Carlo valuation model based on the following key assumptions:

| | |
|----------------|--------|
| Term (years) | 3.62 |
| Volatility | 35.1 % |
| Risk-free rate | 4.18 % |

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The table below summarizes the activity for the Company's stock awards outstanding during the year ended March 31, 2023:

| | Shares | Weighted Average Fair Value |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| Outstanding, March 31, 2022 | 1,049,500 | 40,303 |
| Granted | 65,216 | 3,506 |
| Vested | (274,158) | (11,484) |
| Forfeited/cancelled/expired | (373,500) | (14,290) |
| Outstanding, March 31, 2023 | 467,058 | 18,035 |

NOTE 28 - LEASES

At March 31, 2023, the Company was obligated under a number of noncancellable leases, predominantly operating leases of office space, which expire at various dates through 2033. Our primary involvement with leases is in the capacity as a lessee where we lease premises to support our business.

The Company determines whether a contract is or contains a lease at inception of the contract and whether that lease meets the classification criteria of a finance or operating lease. Operating lease liabilities and ROU assets are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the present value of the future minimum lease payments over the lease term. The future lease payments are discounted at a rate that estimates the Company's collateralized borrowing rate for financing instruments of a similar term and are included in accounts payable and other liabilities. The operating lease ROU asset, included in premises and equipment, also includes any lease prepayments made, plus initial direct costs incurred, less any lease incentives received. Rental expense associated with operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term, and generally included in occupancy expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. Certain of these leases also have extension or termination options, and we assess the likelihood of exercising such options. If it is reasonably certain that we will exercise the options to extend, then we include the impact in the measurement of our right-of-use assets and lease liabilities.

When readily determinable, the Company uses the rate implicit in the lease to discount lease payments to present value; however, the rate implicit on most of the Company's leases are not readily determinable. Therefore, the Company must discount lease payments based on an estimate of its incremental borrowing rate.

The table below presents the lease related assets and liabilities recorded on the Company's consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2023:

| | <u>Classification on Balance Sheet</u> | <u>March 31, 2023</u> |
|------------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Operating lease assets | Right-of-use assets | \$ 30,345 |
| Total lease assets | | \$ 30,345 |
| Liabilities | | |
| Operating lease liability | Operating lease obligations | \$ 30,320 |
| Total lease liability | | \$ 30,320 |

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.**NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023****(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)**

The following table presents as of March 31, 2023, the annual maturities of the lease liabilities:

| | | |
|---|----|---------------|
| Twelve months ending March 31, | | |
| 2024 | \$ | 9,413 |
| 2025 | | 7,971 |
| 2026 | | 7,543 |
| 2027 | | 6,629 |
| 2028 | | 4,766 |
| Thereafter | | 4,199 |
| Total payments | | 40,521 |
| Less: amounts representing interest | | (10,201) |
| Lease liability | \$ | 30,320 |
| Weighted average remaining lease term (in months) | | 21 |
| Weighted average discount rate | | 13 % |

Lease commitments for short-term operating leases as of March 31, 2023 was approximately \$457. The Company's rent expense for office space was \$2,038 for the year ended March 31, 2023, \$1,026 for the year ended March 31, 2022 and \$624 for the year ended March 31, 2021 respectively.

The company has leases that involve variable payments tied to an index, which are considered in the measurement of operating lease right-of-use (ROU) assets and operating lease liabilities.

NOTE 29 - ACQUISITIONS OF SUBSIDIARIES

On May 17, 2022, the Company acquired two insurance companies in Kazakhstan, a life insurance company, Freedom Life, and a direct insurance carrier, Freedom Insurance, which provides compulsory insurance, medical insurance, apartment insurance, and auto insurance. Prior to acquiring these companies, each was wholly owned by controlling shareholder, chairman and chief executive officer, Timur Turlov, who acquired Freedom Finance Life on March 14, 2018 and Freedom Finance Insurance on August 22, 2018 from a non-related party. The Company acquired these companies from him at the historical cost paid by him plus amounts he has contributed as additional paid in capital since his purchase. These companies were not initially acquired directly by the Company because at the time they were put on the market for sale by their prior owner they did not have audit reports conforming to U.S. GAAP standards and had not demonstrated sustained profitability. The purchase price for Freedom Insurance was \$13,977 and the purchase price for Freedom Life was \$12,611.

Acquisition of Freedom Life

When preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023, management determined that this acquisition should be accounted for under the pooling of interest method and as a result recasted the comparative financial information. The acquisition from Timur Turlov was deemed to be under common control with the Company since it was acquired on February 28, 2018. The transaction has been accounted for as a restructuring transaction and all the assets and liabilities of Freedom Life were transferred to the Company at their respective carrying amounts on the date of transaction.

As of the acquisition date by Timur Turlov, the fair value of Freedom Life was \$12,076. The total purchase price was allocated as follows:

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| | Purchase price allocation As of February 28, 2018 |
|---|--|
| ASSETS | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 3,494 |
| Due from banks | 2,514 |
| Loans issued | 2 |
| Other assets | 1,671 |
| Assets from insurance activity | 3,729 |
| Deferred acquisition costs | 542 |
| Available-for-sale securities, at fair value | 15,842 |
| Fixed assets | 171 |
| Intangible assets | 5,823 |
| Deferred tax assets | 141 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 33,929 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | 47 |
| Other liabilities | 139 |
| Liabilities from insurance activity | 21,667 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 21,853 |
| Net assets acquired | 12,076 |
| Goodwill | 526 |
| Total purchase price | 7,009 |
| Fair value of non-controlling interest at acquisition | 5,593 |

For more information on how the acquisition impacted the Company's consolidated financial statements for the comparative years, please refer to Note 3 "Recast" to these consolidated financial statements.

Acquisition of Freedom Insurance

When preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023, management determined that this acquisition should be accounted for under the pooling of interest method and as a result recasted the comparative financial information. The acquisition from Timur Turlov was deemed to be an entity under common control with the Company since it was acquired on August 22, 2018. The transaction has been accounted for as a restructuring transaction and all the assets and liabilities of Freedom Insurance were transferred to the Company at their respective carrying amounts on the date of transaction.

As of the acquisition date by Timur Turlov, the fair value of Freedom Insurance was \$4,101. The total purchase price was allocated as follows:

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| | Purchase price allocation As of August 22, 2018 |
|--|--|
| ASSETS: | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,224 |
| Due from banks | 1,041 |
| Other assets | 17 |
| Assets from insurance activity | 45 |
| Current income tax asset | 5 |
| Available-for-sale securities, at fair value | 1,846 |
| Fixed assets | 2 |
| Intangible assets | 207 |
| Deferred tax assets | 2 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 4,389 |
| LIABILITIES: | |
| Other liabilities | 214 |
| Liabilities from insurance activity | 74 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 288 |
| Net assets acquired | 4,101 |
| Goodwill | 187 |
| Total purchase price | 4,288 |

For more information on how the acquisition impacted the Company's consolidated financial statements for the comparative years, please refer to Note 3 "Recast" to these consolidated financial statements.

Acquisition of London-Almaty

On September 1, 2022, the Company completed the acquisition of Insurance Company IC "London-Almaty", following receipt of the approval from the Agency of the Republic of Kazakhstan for Regulation and Development of Financial Market, by purchasing 100% of its outstanding shares. The Company acquired IC "London-Almaty" to expand its presence in the insurance sector. This acquisition was accounted for under the purchase accounting method as it was not an acquisition of entities under common control.

As of September 1, 2022, the date of the acquisition of IC "London-Almaty", the fair value of IC "London-Almaty" was \$15,858. The total purchase price was allocated as follows:

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NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| | As of September 1, 2022 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| ASSETS | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 8,077 |
| Due from banks | 2,176 |
| Trading securities | 6,178 |
| Value of business acquired | 1,677 |
| Assets from insurance activities | 3,401 |
| Fixed assets | 806 |
| Intangible assets | 127 |
| Other assets | 1,505 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 23,947 |
| Insurance reserves | 6,380 |
| Liabilities from insurance activity | 1,429 |
| Other liabilities | 280 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 8,089 |
| Net assets acquired | 15,858 |
| Goodwill | 485 |
| Total purchase price | \$ 16,343 |

On December 15, 2022, IC "London-Almaty" was merged into Freedom Insurance and its separate legal existence was terminated. The assets and liabilities of IC "London-Almaty" were transferred to Freedom Insurance at their respective carrying amounts on the date of the merger was completed.

Acquisition of Ticketon

As of September 30, 2022, the date of the acquisition of Ticketon by purchasing 100% of its authorized capital. The Company acquired Ticketon to accelerate its growth in fintech sector. This acquisition was accounted for under the purchase accounting method as it was not an acquisition of entities under common control. The fair value of Ticketon on the date of the acquisition was \$1,233. The total purchase price was allocated as follows:

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NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| | As of September 30, 2022 |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| ASSETS | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 3,079 |
| Brokerage and other receivables | 175 |
| Fixed assets | 47 |
| Intangible assets | 1,424 |
| Right-of-use asset | 63 |
| Other assets | 627 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 5,415 |
| LIABILITIES | |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | 36 |
| Lease liability | 79 |
| Other liabilities | 4,067 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 4,182 |
| Net assets acquired | 1,233 |
| Goodwill | 1,771 |
| Total purchase price | \$ 3,004 |

Acquisition of Paybox

On February 10, 2023, the Company completed the acquisition Kazakhstan company Paybox Technologies LLP and its subsidiaries ("Paybox") in order to expand activities in the field of financial technologies. The purchase price for the acquisition of Paybox was \$11,659. This acquisition was accounted for under the purchase accounting method as it was not an acquisition of entities under common control.

As of February 10, 2023, at the date of the acquisition the fair value of Paybox Technologies LLP and its subsidiaries was \$1,659. The total purchase price was allocated as follows:

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023
(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| | As of February 10, 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|
| ASSETS | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 5,429 |
| Trading securities | 3,838 |
| Brokerage and other receivables | 1,726 |
| Fixed assets | 1,080 |
| Intangible assets | 3,288 |
| Right-of-use asset | 341 |
| Goodwill | 932 |
| Other assets | 454 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 17,088 |
| Securities repurchase agreement obligations | 3,037 |
| Trade payables | 799 |
| Lease liability | 993 |
| Other liabilities | 600 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 5,429 |
| Net assets acquired | 11,659 |
| Goodwill | — |
| Total purchase price | 11,659 |

Acquisition of LD Micro

As of March 2, 2023, the date of acquisition, the fair value of LD Micro comprised \$2,526. This acquisition was accounted for under the purchase accounting method as it was not an acquisition of entities under common control. The total purchase price was allocated as follows:

| | As of March 2, 2023 |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| ASSETS | |
| Intangible assets | 2,540 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 2,540 |
| Trade payables | 14 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 14 |
| Net assets acquired | 2,526 |
| Goodwill | 5,774 |
| Total purchase price | 8,300 |

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NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

NOTE 30 - ASSETS AND LIABILITIES HELD FOR SALE

In the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, the Company announced its plans to divest its interests in its Russian securities brokerage and complementary banking operations in Russia (the "Russia Segment"). On October 17, 2022, the Company entered into an agreement with Maxim Povalishin for the divestiture of 100% of the share capital of the companies comprising the Russia Segment. Maxim Povalishin, the purchaser, was at the time of the transaction the Deputy General Director and a member of the Board of Directors of Freedom RU. The transaction was approved by the Central Bank of the Russian Federation on February 10, 2023, and the divestiture was completed on February 28, 2023 (disposal date).

The consideration for the purchase of the Russian Subsidiaries consists of the following:

- Mr. Povalishin was assigned the Company's obligation to Freedom RU under an outstanding deferred payment in the amount of approximately RUB6.6 billion (approximately \$88.5 million) (the "Deferred Payment Obligation") which resulted from the purchase by the Company of 90.43% of the share capital of Freedom RU's Kazakhstan subsidiary Freedom Finance JSC ("Freedom KZ") (with its subsidiaries) from Freedom RU as part of a corporate restructuring, as a result of which the Company has become the 100% direct owner of Freedom KZ. The agreement for the purchase of Freedom KZ was entered on September 13, 2022, that was approved by regulatory body and finalized during November 2022; and
- Mr. Povalishin paid cash in an amount equal to (x) \$40 million less (y) the amount of the Deferred Payment Obligation as translated into U.S. dollars at the official exchange rate on the closing date.

In addition, in July 2022, Freedom RU established a Russian subsidiary Freedom Finance Auto LLC. In January 2023, Freedom RU concluded an agreement to divest this new subsidiary to Mr. Povalishin for RUB 50 million (approximately \$695 based on the applicable currency exchange rate on the reporting date). On February 7, 2023, the sale of Freedom Finance Auto LLC was completed.

The Company has classified the Russia Segment as discontinued operations as of March 31, 2022 and for the years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, because the subsidiaries sold in this transaction met the held for sale criteria as of March 31, 2022.

In accordance with US GAAP, the cumulative translation adjustment attributable to the Russia Segment of \$25,415 was reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss within the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of disposal date to Loss from Disposal of Discontinued Operations within Consolidated Statements of Operations and Other Comprehensive Income.

In accordance with US GAAP, the Company has reported separately the discontinued operations in the consolidated financial statements. As of disposal date and March 31, 2022, the major classes of assets and liabilities from discontinued operations included the following:

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NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023
(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| | <u>February 28, 2023</u> | <u>March 31, 2022</u> |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | 593,953 | 428,480 |
| Restricted cash | 6,033 | 28,406 |
| Trading securities | 113,845 | 122,497 |
| Margin lending, brokerage and other receivables, net | 257,184 | 210,087 |
| Loans issued | 23,169 | 2,395 |
| Other assets | 32,398 | 33,554 |
| Total assets held for sale | <u>1,026,582</u> | <u>825,419</u> |
| Customer liabilities | 776,425 | 701,584 |
| Securities repurchase agreement obligations | 33,275 | 32,469 |
| Debt securities issued | 34,379 | 64,637 |
| Other liabilities | 16,385 | 13,788 |
| Total liabilities held for sale | <u>860,464</u> | <u>812,478</u> |

The results of operations for discontinued operations for the eleven months ended February 28, 2023 and for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, consist of the following:

| | <u>For The Eleven Months Ended February 28, 2023</u> | <u>For The Year Ended March 31, 2022</u> | <u>For The Year Ended March 31, 2021</u> |
|--|--|--|--|
| Fee and commission income | 77,109 | 69,742 | 52,780 |
| Net gain/(loss) on trading securities | 22,045 | (78,674) | 20,275 |
| Net loss on derivative | (44) | — | 39 |
| Interest income | 53,410 | 28,399 | 11,221 |
| Net gain/(loss) on foreign exchange operations | 45,859 | (39,672) | 2,285 |
| TOTAL REVENUE, NET | <u>198,379</u> | <u>(20,205)</u> | <u>86,600</u> |
| Payroll and bonuses | 58,971 | 39,114 | 24,827 |
| Professional services | 620 | 467 | 239 |
| Stock compensation expense | 1,743 | 7,887 | 1,033 |
| Advertising expense | 14,945 | 7,085 | 1,881 |
| General and administrative expense | 26,031 | 18,476 | 14,001 |
| Interest expense | 15,051 | 10,450 | 8,760 |
| Fee and commission expense | 10,467 | 7,988 | 7,122 |
| Provision for impairment losses | 1,566 | 779 | 45 |
| Other (income)/expense, net | 825 | 4,748 | 174 |
| TOTAL EXPENSE | <u>130,219</u> | <u>96,994</u> | <u>58,082</u> |
| INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX | <u>68,160</u> | <u>\$ (117,199)</u> | <u>\$ 28,518</u> |

The net cash flows used in operating and investing activities for discontinued operations for the eleven months ended February 28, 2023 and for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, consist of the following:

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NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| | For The Eleven Months Ended February 28, 2023 | For The Year Ended March 31, 2022 | For The Year Ended March 31, 2021 |
|--|--|--|--|
| | | (Recasted) | (Recasted) |
| Cash Flows From Operating Activities | | | |
| Net income/(loss) from discontinued operations | \$ 12,424 | \$ (104,195) | \$ 21,783 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income used in operating activities: | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 2,103 | 2,035 | 1,745 |
| Noncash lease expense | 5,772 | 4,932 | 3,826 |
| Change in deferred taxes | 8,203 | (12,634) | 1,170 |
| Impairment of FFIN Bank goodwill | — | 723 | — |
| Impairment of Zerich goodwill | — | 810 | — |
| Stock compensation expense | 1,743 | 7,887 | 1,033 |
| Unrealized loss/(gain) on trading securities | (35,244) | 51,652 | (425) |
| Net change in accrued interest | (276) | 354 | (1,921) |
| Client base write-off | — | 3,125 | — |
| Allowances for receivables | 1,871 | 771 | 41 |
| Loss from divestiture of Russian subsidiaries | 51,533 | — | — |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | |
| Trading securities | 62,100 | (39,354) | (100,133) |
| Margin lending, brokerage and other receivables | (23,325) | (218,852) | 28,845 |
| Other assets | (2,684) | (3,684) | (1,292) |
| Securities sold, not yet purchased – at fair value | 182 | 239 | 23 |
| Customer liabilities | (106,396) | 198,608 | 392,855 |
| Current income tax liability | 1 | (637) | 658 |
| Margin lending and trade payables | (15) | (370) | 230 |
| Lease liabilities | (5,763) | (5,166) | (3,854) |
| Other liabilities | 3,676 | 1,256 | 2,433 |
| Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities from discontinued operations | (24,095) | (112,500) | 347,017 |
| Cash Flows Used In Investing Activities | | | |
| Purchase of fixed assets | (4,421) | (3,438) | (2,137) |
| Proceeds from sale of fixed assets | — | — | 76 |
| Net change in loans issued to customers | (25,331) | (945) | (171) |
| Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash disposed from divestiture of Russia segment | (599,986) | — | — |
| Net cash flows used in investing activities from discontinued operations | (629,738) | (4,383) | (2,232) |

The following table presents reconciliation of loss from disposal of discontinued operations as of disposal date:

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NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| | February 28, 2023 |
|--|--------------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | 593,953 |
| Restricted cash | 6,033 |
| Trading securities | 113,845 |
| Margin lending, brokerage and other receivables, net | 257,184 |
| Loans issued | 23,169 |
| Other assets | 32,398 |
| Total assets of discontinued operations | \$ 1,026,582 |
| Customer liabilities | 776,425 |
| Securities repurchase agreement obligations | 33,275 |
| Debt securities issued | 34,379 |
| Other liabilities | 16,385 |
| Total liabilities of discontinued operations | \$ 860,464 |
| Net assets of discontinued operations | \$ 166,118 |
| Reclassification of unrealized loss from cumulative translation adjustment | 25,415 |
| Adjusted net assets of discontinued operations | \$ 191,533 |
| Consideration received | 140,000 |
| Loss from divestiture of discontinued operations | \$ (51,533) |

NOTE 31 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Freedom Bank KZ is a party to certain off-balance sheet financial instruments. These financial instruments include guarantees and unfunded commitments under existing lines of credit. These commitments expose the Company to varying degrees of credit and market risk which are essentially the same as those involved in extending loans to customers, and are subject to the same credit policies used in underwriting loans. Collateral may be obtained based on the Company's credit evaluation of the counterparty. The Company's maximum exposure to credit loss is represented by the contractual amount of these commitments.

Unfunded commitments under lines of credit

Unfunded commitments under lines of credit include commercial, commercial real estate, home equity and consumer lines of credit to existing customers. These commitments may mature without being fully funded.

Unfunded commitments under lines of guarantees

Unfunded commitments under lines of guarantees are conditional commitments issued by Freedom Bank KZ to provide bank guarantees to customers. These commitments may mature without being fully funded.

Bank guarantees

Bank guarantees are conditional commitments issued by Freedom Bank KZ to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. These guarantees are primarily issued to support trade transactions or guarantee arrangements. The credit risk involved in issuing guarantees is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan facilities to customers.

A significant portion of the issued guarantees are collateralized by cash. Total lending related commitments outstanding at March 31, 2023 and 2022, were as follows:

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023
(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| | As of March 31, 2023 | As of March 31, 2022 (Recasted) |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Unfunded commitments under lines of credit | \$ 20,617 | \$ 11,292 |
| Bank guarantees | 7,001 | 6,384 |
| Total | \$ 27,618 | \$ 17,676 |

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

NOTE 32 - SEGMENT REPORTING

We have historically operated as a single operating segment. With the restructuring of our operations and the divestiture of our Russian subsidiaries, coupled with our continued expansion, during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2022 we elected to reorganize our operations geographically into five regional segments: Central Asia and Eastern Europe, Europe, excluding Eastern Europe, United States, Russia and Middle East/Caucasus. As a result of the divestiture of our Russian subsidiaries, which was completed in February 2023, we now have four regional segments. These operating segments are based on how our CODM is making decisions about allocating resources and assessing performance. The total revenue, net associated with our segments is summarized in the following table:

The following tables summarize the Company's Statement of operation by its geographic segments. There are no revenues from transactions between the segments and intercompany balances were eliminated for separate:

| STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS | Year ended March 31, 2023 | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | Central Asia and Eastern Europe | Europe, excluding Eastern Europe | US | Middle East/Caucasus | Total |
| Fee and commission income ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 106,982 | \$ 215,408 | \$ 4,825 | \$ — | \$ 327,215 |
| Net gain/(loss) on trading securities | 92,330 | (22,693) | 1,447 | — | 71,084 |
| Interest income | 257,285 | 26,090 | 11,289 | 31 | 294,695 |
| Insurance underwriting income | 115,371 | — | — | — | 115,371 |
| Net gain/(loss) on foreign exchange operations | 58,908 | (2,287) | (4,479) | 12 | 52,154 |
| Net loss on derivative | (64,826) | — | — | — | (64,826) |
| TOTAL REVENUE, NET | 566,050 | 216,518 | 13,082 | 43 | 795,693 |
| Fee and commission expense | \$ 34,939 | \$ 29,426 | \$ 1,238 | \$ 57 | \$ 65,660 |
| Interest expense | 172,326 | 22,042 | 14,579 | — | 208,947 |
| Insurance claims incurred, net of reinsurance | 77,329 | — | — | — | 77,329 |
| Payroll and bonuses | 56,774 | 16,090 | 7,818 | 1,137 | 81,819 |
| Professional services | 1,594 | 7,397 | 7,875 | 140 | 17,006 |
| Stock compensation expense | 6,582 | 550 | 2,161 | — | 9,293 |
| Advertising expense | 7,847 | 5,900 | 186 | 126 | 14,059 |
| General and administrative expense | 34,754 | 20,496 | 4,095 | 626 | 59,971 |
| Provision for impairment losses | 12,522 | 15,070 | 1,527 | — | 29,119 |
| Other (income)/expense, net | (4,485) | 1,101 | (14) | (50) | (3,448) |
| TOTAL EXPENSE | 400,182 | 118,072 | 39,465 | 2,036 | 559,755 |
| INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | \$ 165,868 | \$ 98,446 | \$ (26,383) | (1,993) | \$ 235,938 |
| Income tax expense | (625) | (21,813) | (20,278) | (60) | (42,776) |
| NET INCOME/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | \$ 165,243 | \$ 76,633 | \$ (46,661) | (2,053) | \$ 193,162 |

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS | Year ended March 31, 2022 (Recasted) | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | Central Asia and Eastern Europe | Europe, excluding Eastern Europe | US | Middle East/Caucasus | Total |
| Fee and commission income ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 23,652 | \$ 307,014 | \$ 4,545 | \$ — | \$ 335,211 |
| Net gain on trading securities | 10,511 | 142,195 | 2,546 | — | 155,252 |
| Interest income | 107,075 | 14,051 | 483 | — | 121,609 |
| Insurance underwriting income | 72,981 | — | — | — | 72,981 |
| Net gain/(loss) on foreign exchange operations | 7,824 | (5,598) | 1,565 | — | 3,791 |
| Net gain on derivative | 946 | — | — | — | 946 |
| TOTAL REVENUE, NET | 222,989 | 457,662 | 9,139 | — | 689,790 |
| Fee and commission expense | 20,610 | 64,519 | 780 | — | 85,909 |
| Interest expense | 66,392 | 8,747 | 1,808 | — | 76,947 |
| Insurance claims incurred, net of reinsurance | 54,447 | — | — | — | 54,447 |
| Payroll and bonuses | 32,562 | 9,419 | 4,224 | 83 | 46,288 |
| Professional services | 1,773 | 5,540 | 5,295 | 74 | 12,682 |
| Stock compensation expense | 4,768 | 677 | 2,414 | — | 7,859 |
| Advertising expense | 4,684 | 7,217 | 9 | 6 | 11,916 |
| General and administrative expense | 16,770 | 4,894 | 1,749 | 120 | 23,533 |
| Provision for impairment losses | 2,441 | 61 | — | — | 2,502 |
| Other expense/(income), net | 3,138 | 7 | 872 | (3) | 4,014 |
| TOTAL EXPENSE | 207,585 | 101,081 | 17,151 | 280 | 326,097 |
| INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | \$ 15,404 | \$ 356,581 | \$ (8,012) | (280) | \$ 363,693 |
| Income tax (expense)/benefit | 1,195 | (26,786) | (12,988) | 9 | (38,570) |
| NET INCOME/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | \$ 16,599 | \$ 329,795 | \$ (21,000) | (271) | \$ 325,123 |

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NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

| STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS | Year ended March 31, 2021 (Recasted) | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | Central Asia and Eastern Europe | Europe, excluding Eastern Europe | US | Middle East/Caucasus | Total |
| Fee and commission income ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 20,567 | \$ 194,311 | \$ 1,130 | \$ — | \$ 216,008 |
| Net gain on trading securities | 21,310 | 8 | 7,489 | — | 28,807 |
| Interest income | 34,158 | 3,634 | 682 | — | 38,474 |
| Insurance underwriting income | 62,951 | — | — | — | 62,951 |
| Net gain/(loss) on foreign exchange operations | 1,072 | (300) | (215) | — | 557 |
| Net gain on derivative | 86 | — | — | — | 86 |
| TOTAL REVENUE, NET | 140,144 | 197,653 | 9,086 | — | 346,883 |
| Fee and commission expense | 7,412 | 62,430 | 695 | — | 70,537 |
| Interest expense | 16,608 | 3,663 | 2,173 | — | 22,444 |
| Insurance claims incurred, net of reinsurance | 52,405 | — | — | — | 52,405 |
| Payroll and bonuses | 16,878 | 5,398 | 1,156 | 3 | 23,435 |
| Professional services | 685 | 769 | 2,975 | 1 | 4,430 |
| Stock compensation expense | — | 56 | 58 | — | 114 |
| Advertising expense | 3,566 | 3,386 | 19 | — | 6,971 |
| General and administrative expense | 8,036 | 2,518 | 553 | 11 | 11,118 |
| Provision for impairment losses | 1,086 | 108 | 396 | — | 1,590 |
| Other expense/(income), net | 2,052 | (3) | (15) | — | 2,034 |
| TOTAL EXPENSE | 108,728 | 78,325 | 8,010 | 15 | 195,078 |
| INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | \$ 31,416 | \$ 119,328 | \$ 1,076 | (15) | \$ 151,805 |
| Income tax (expense)/benefit | 111 | (13,859) | (9,559) | — | (23,307) |
| NET INCOME/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | \$ 31,527 | \$ 105,469 | \$ (8,483) | (15) | \$ 128,498 |

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NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023
(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

⁽¹⁾ All trading of U.S. and European exchange traded and OTC securities by all Freedom securities brokerage firms, excluding PrimeEx, are routed to and executed through Freedom EU and all fee and commission income for those transactions is recognized at subsidiary received the initial order from external client.

The following tables summarize the Company's total asset and total liabilities by its geographic segments. Intercompany balances were eliminated for separate disclosure:

| | March 31, 2023 | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|---|------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | Central Asia and Eastern Europe | Europe, excluding Eastern Europe | US | Middle East/ Caucasus | Held for sale | Total |
| Total assets | \$ 4,303,126 | \$ 677,425 | \$ 101,365 | \$ 2,642 | | \$ 5,084,558 |
| Total liabilities | 3,868,326 | 384,921 | 60,198 | 377 | | 4,313,822 |
| Net assets | \$ 434,800 | \$ 292,504 | \$ 41,167 | \$ 2,265 | | \$ 770,736 |

| | March 31, 2022 (Recasted) | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|---|-------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | Central Asia and Eastern Europe | Europe, excluding Eastern Europe | US | Middle East/ Caucasus | Held for sale | Total |
| Total assets | \$ 1,466,214 | \$ 765,698 | \$ 172,661 | \$ 355 | \$ 825,419 | \$ 3,230,347 |
| Total liabilities | 1,206,084 | 489,884 | 175,121 | 172 | 812,478 | 2,683,739 |
| Net assets | \$ 260,130 | \$ 275,814 | \$ (2,460) | \$ 183 | \$ 12,941 | \$ 546,608 |

Central Asia and Eastern Europe Segment

Operations in Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Uzbekistan, and Ukraine, along with our headquarters in Kazakhstan, form our Central Asia and Eastern Europe segment. Within this segment, the Company conduct business under different securities licenses as required by the respective jurisdictions in the Central Asia and Eastern Europe region.

Central Asia and Eastern Europe segment provides comprehensive financial solutions, including lending such as digital auto loans ad digital mortgage loans, payments, asset management products, bank guarantees, on demand and time deposits, various types of insurance coverage to meet the needs of our customers and small businesses. Our insurance offerings include life insurance, obligatory insurance, tourist medical health insurance and auto insurance. These insurance products are designed to offer comprehensive coverage and tailored solutions to protect individuals, property, auto and businesses in the event of unforeseen events or risks.

Europe excluding Eastern Europe Segment

Europe excluding Eastern Europe offers a broad suite of market-making, prime brokerage, lending, and treasury and securities products and services to a global client base of corporations, investors, financial institutions, merchants, government and municipal entities.

It caters to clients from the European Union by offering comprehensive solutions to support their investment needs. Our services encompass direct access to the world's largest stock exchanges, providing our clients with a gateway to global investment opportunities. Additionally, our offerings include professional securities analytics, empowering clients with

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

NOTES TO AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

valuable insights and market intelligence to make informed investment decisions. To ensure a seamless experience, it provides user-friendly trading applications that offer convenience and flexibility.

US segment

US segment provides a wide range of services to meet the needs of its clients. The segment offers a full array of investment banking and capital markets advisory services, including initial public offerings, mergers, and acquisitions, debt and equity financing, corporate banking, trading, hedging, and research, equity research, delivering in-depth analysis, insights into individual stocks and sectors. It provides macro-economic strategy research to help clients navigate the broader economic landscape and make informed investment decisions.

To ensure clients are well-informed, the segment offers a daily morning note that covers key market updates, trends, and potential opportunities. It also provides technical research, focusing on chart patterns and technical indicators to assist clients in identifying potential entry and exit points in the market.

In addition, the US segment conducts research in specific sectors such as energy and consumer, offering valuable insights into industry trends and company analysis. It facilitates corporate access research, enabling clients to gain access to top management and industry experts for a deeper understanding of specific companies or sectors.

Middle East/ Caucasus segment

Middle East/Caucasus segment offers securities broker- dealer services, financials educational center services, financial intermediary center services and financial consulting services. The segment is currently in the developmental stage and does not generate profit at the moment. As a developing segment, the focus is on establishing a strong presence, building strategic relationships, and expanding client base in the region.

NOTE 33 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has performed an evaluation of subsequent events through the time of filing this annual report on Form 10-K with the SEC. Other than as disclosed below, during this period the Company did not have any additional material recognizable subsequent events.

On April 26, 2023, the Company acquired Kazakhstan company Arbuz Group LLP for \$16,509. On June 14, 2023, the Company acquired two Kazakhstan companies Aviata LLP and Internet-Tourism LLP, the purchase price for the acquisitions of Aviata LLP and Internet-Tourism LLP were \$30,411 and \$1,896, respectively. On July 26, 2023, the Company acquired Kazakhstan company ReKassa PCI Reader for \$2,500.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K, our management, under the supervision and with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”)) are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission’s rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the company’s management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Based upon that evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that, as of March 31, 2023, due to the material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting described below, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective.

Notwithstanding the identified material weaknesses, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer believe the consolidated financial statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K fairly represent, in all material respects, our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows as of and for the periods presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”).

Management’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f). Internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. In addition, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

The Company acquired Freedom Life JSC, Freedom Finance Insurance JSC, and Paybox Technologies LLP (and its subsidiaries) (together, the “Acquired Companies”) on May 17, 2022, May 17, 2022 and February 10, 2023, respectively, and management excluded from its assessment of the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2023, the internal controls of the Acquired Companies, which represent total assets of \$494,666 (or 10% of total consolidated assets) and total revenues of \$176,329 (or 22% of total consolidated revenues) included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2023, respectively.

Management conducted an assessment of our internal control over financial reporting as of the end of the period covered by this annual report based on the framework established by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013). Based on this assessment and the criteria set forth by COSO in 2013, management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was not effective as of March 31, 2023 because of the material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting described below. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Management identified a material weakness due to a deficiency in one of the principles associated with the Control Environment component of the COSO framework, specifically relating to a lack of a sufficient complement of qualified technical accounting and financial reporting personnel to perform control activities in support of preparing the financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

The Control Environment material weakness contributed to other material weaknesses, either individually or in the aggregate, related to the design of our controls over:

- the application of U.S. GAAP to complex transactions;
- the classification of certain loans and deposits from banking institutions within the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows;
- the classification of certain interest income from margin lending within the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Other Comprehensive Income;
- the classification of funds received under the Kazakhstan state program for financing of mortgage loans “7-20-25” within the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows; and
- the review and timely identification of misstatements in the notes to the Consolidation Financial Statements.

The Company’s independent registered public accounting firm, Deloitte LLP an independent registered public accounting firm based in Kazakhstan, who audited the consolidated financial statements included this in Annual Report on Form 10-K, issued an adverse opinion on the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control over financial reporting. Deloitte LLP’s report is included herein.

Remediation Plan for the Material Weaknesses

Management’s remediation plan to address the material weaknesses existing as of March 31, 2023, includes the following:

- Providing training on U.S. GAAP to employees responsible for preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- Hiring qualified accounting professionals with the appropriate level of expertise in U.S. GAAP and ability to design, maintain and improve procedures and controls focused on the application of U.S. GAAP to complex transactions and preventing and detecting material misstatements in the presentation and disclosures of the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- Engaging an external consulting firm to assist the Company in maintaining compliance with its U.S. GAAP reporting requirements.

The material weaknesses cannot be considered remediated until the newly designed control activities operate for a sufficient period of time and management has concluded, through testing, that the controls are designed and operating effectively.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Except for the identification of the material weaknesses described above, there was no change in our internal control over financial reporting during the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2023, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information

None.

Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections

Not applicable.

PART III

Except as otherwise provided herein, the information required by Items 10 through 14 of this annual report is, pursuant to General Instruction G(3) of Form 10-K, incorporated by reference herein from our definitive proxy statement for our 2023 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be filed with SEC (the "2022 Proxy Statement") within 120 days of the end of our fiscal year.

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

The following is a brief biography, as of the date of this Form 10-K, of the nominees for Class I directors and each person whose term as a Class II or Class III director will continue after the Annual Meeting.

Timur Turlov

Age: 35
Class III Director Since:
November 2015

Continuing in office until the 2025 annual meeting Non-independent

Committee Memberships:
Nominating and Corporate Governance
Risk

Mr. Turlov has served as the chief executive officer and chairman of the board since November 2015. He graduated from Russia State Technic University (named after Tsiolkovsky) in 2009 with a Bachelor of Science degree in economics and management. Mr. Turlov holds a management certificate in stock exchange operations and securities broker and dealer management granted by the Russian National Securities Market Association and has more than 10 years of experience in various areas in the international securities industry. From May 2012 through January 2013, Mr. Turlov served as the Chairman of the Board of Directors of JSC Nomad Finance, where he oversaw the business setup and acquisition of large clients. From July 2013 to July 2017, Mr. Turlov served as the Advisor to the Chairman of the Board of Freedom Finance JSC. In that capacity, Mr. Turlov was primarily responsible for strategic management, public and investor relations events, investment and sales strategy, and government relations. In July 2017, Mr. Turlov became Chairman of the Board of Directors of Freedom Finance JSC (Almaty, Kazakhstan). Since July 2014, Mr. Turlov has served as a President at Freedom Securities Trading Inc. (Belize), where he carries out the general management of the company, elaborates the development strategy, and controls the cash flow within the company. Currently, Mr. Turlov is a Member of YPO Kazakhstan (Young Presidents Organisation), which unites young businessmen and top managers from all over the world. In addition, Mr. Turlov is President of the Kazakhstan Chess Federation, President of the Kazakhstan Football Federation and a participant of the IQanat educational project. Mr. Turlov also serves as a Member and Chairman of the Board of Directors in Life Insurance Company "Freedom Finance Insurance" JSC, Insurance Company "Freedom Finance Life" JSC, and "Bank Freedom Finance Kazakhstan" JSC, Kcell JSC. Mr. Turlov owns interests in other businesses, including other securities brokerage firms.

Skills and Qualifications: Mr. Turlov was selected as a nominee for director based on his in-depth knowledge of the business of the Company and capital markets, his professional experience and his educational background in economics and management.

Jason Kerr

Age: 52
Class III Director Since:
May 2008

[Continuing in office until the 2025 annual meeting](#)
Independent

Committee Memberships:
Compensation
Nominating and Corporate Governance
Risk

Mr. Kerr earned his Bachelor of Science degree in economics in 1995 and a Juris Doctorate in 1998 from the University of Utah, where he was named the William H. Leary Scholar. In 2011, Mr. Kerr founded the law firm Price, Parkinson & Kerr, where he practices commercial litigation. From 2006 to 2011, Mr. Kerr was the associate general counsel of Basic Research, LLC, concentrating in intellectual property litigation. Before joining Basic Research, Mr. Kerr was a partner with the law firm of Plant, Christensen & Kanell in Salt Lake City, Utah. Mr. Kerr was employed with Plant, Christensen & Kanell from 1996 through 2001 and from 2004 to 2006. From 2001 through 2004, Mr. Kerr was employed as a commercial litigator with the Las Vegas office of Lewis and Roca.

Skills and Qualifications: Mr. Kerr was selected as a nominee for director based on his educational background in economics, his managerial and business management skills, and his extensive professional experience as both in-house and outside legal counsel.

Leonard Stillman

Age: 80
Class II Director Since:
October 2006 [Continuing in office until the 2024 annual meeting](#)

Independent

Committee Memberships:
Audit Compensation
Nominating and Corporate Governance

Mr. Stillman earned his Bachelor of Science degree in mathematics from Brigham Young University and Master of Business Administration from the University of Utah. He began his career in 1963 with Sperry UNIVAC as a programmer developing trajectory analysis software for the Sergeant Missile system. Mr. Stillman spent many years as a designer and teacher of computer language classes at Brigham Young University, where he developed applications for the Administrative Department including the school's first automated teacher evaluation system. During that time, he was also a vice-president of Research and Development for Automated Industrial Data Systems, Inc. and the owner of World Data Systems Company, which provided computerized payroll services for companies such as Boise Cascade. Mr. Stillman has over 45 years of extensive business expertise, including strategic planning, venture capital financing, budgeting, manufacturing planning, cost controls, personnel management, quality planning and management, and the development of standards, policies, and procedures. He has extensive skills in the design and development of computer software systems and computer evaluation. Mr. Stillman helped found Stillman George, Inc. in 1993 and founded Business Plan Tools, LLC in 2004. He was employed with Stillman George, Inc. until 2010, where his primary responsibilities included managing information, technical development, and financial analysis projects and development, as well as general company management and consulting activities. From 2008 to 2009 Mr. Stillman served as the interim Chief Financial Officer of BMB Munai, Inc., the predecessor to the Company. He is currently employed by Business Plan Tools, LLC, which provides cloud-based SaaS business planning software. From January 2020 through April 2021, Mr. Stillman served as a director, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer of Pipergy, Inc., an oil and gas pipeline maintenance company based in Newcastle, Wyoming. Pipergy, Inc. is an SEC reporting issuer.

Skills and Qualifications: Mr. Stillman was selected as a director because of his significant background in business management, strategic planning, corporate finance, and information management.

Amber Williams

Age: 42
Class II Director Since:
November 2020 Continuing in office until the 2024 annual meeting

Independent

Committee Memberships:
Audit
Nominating and Corporate Governance
Risk

Ms. Williams earned a Bachelor of Science degree in accounting from the University of Utah in 2004, and a Masters of Accounting degree from the University of Utah in 2005. Since 2012, Ms. Williams has provided accounting and chief financial officer consulting services to companies. Ms. Williams is a Certified Public Accountant, having earned licensure in 2010. Since 2019 Ms. Williams has been self-employed. From 2018 to 2019, she was employed as a Manager with Brixey & Meyer, an Ohio based CPA firm. In that position she managed a team of accountants providing companies with chief financial officer, accounting and human resource functions. From 2004 to 2012, Ms. Williams was employed in various accounting and finance positions with Grant Thornton, Basic Research, Goldman Sachs and PricewaterhouseCoopers, where her responsibilities included: planning and managing audit functions for public and private companies, domestically and internationally, including audit planning, fieldwork and internal control testing; assisting with product launch; serving as a member of a management team in conjunction with the sale of a business unit; and process improvement.

Skills and Qualifications: Ms. Williams was selected as a director based on her professional experience in accounting, auditing, finance and internal controls and her background as a licensed CPA.

Boris Cherdabayev

Age: 69
Class I Director Since:
February 2019

Continuing in office until the 2023 Annual Meeting

Independent

Committee Memberships:
Audit
Compensation

Mr. Cherdabayev graduated from Ufa Oil Institute (Russia) in 1976. In 2011, he completed the Advanced Management Program offered by Harvard Business School. In 2002 he completed the Columbia Senior Executive Program at Columbia University and in 2000 he completed the Chevron Advanced Management Program at Chevron Corporation in San Francisco, California. From 1994 to 1997 Mr. Cherdabayev was employed with JSC MangistauMunaiGaz, as a Member of the Managing Board and Vice President. From June 1998 to March 2000 he was employed with KazakhOil National Oil and Gas Company where he was a Member of the Managing Board and Vice President for Exploration and Production. During the same period, he also served as the Chairman of the Board for KazakhOil subsidiaries UzenMunaiGaz, KazakhOil-Emba, and KazakhstanCaspiShelf, as chairman of the Joint Operating Committee for the Karachaganak Project, and as a member of the JV TengizChevroil LLP Partnership Council. From March 2000 to March 2003, Mr. Cherdabayev was the General Manager of JV TengizChevroil LLP. From November 2003 to November 2015 he served as the chairman of the board of directors of BMB Munai, Inc. He also served as chief executive officer of BMB Munai from November 2003 through August 2007. In 2006 BMB Munai became the first Kazakh and CIS company listed on the NYSE American Stock Exchange. From October 2012 to the present time he has served as a Counsellor to the Chairman of the management board of Weatherford-CER JV. From May 2022 to the present time he has also served as an independent member of the board of directors of Kazakhstan Qazaq Gas JSC.

Skills and Qualifications: Mr. Cherdabayev was selected as a director because of his extensive executive management and board experience with both private companies and U.S. public companies.

Askar Tashtitov

Age: 44
Class I Director Since:
May 2008

Continuing in office until the 2023 Annual Meeting

Non-independent

Committee Memberships:
None

Mr. Tashtitov has served as president of the Company since June 2018 and leads our investment banking activities. He has served as a director of the Company since May 2008 and was employed with BMB Munai, Inc., the predecessor of the Company, from 2004 through 2015, serving as the president from May 2006 to November 2015. From 2011 to 2015 Mr. Tashtitov was engaged in private equity projects. From 2002 to 2004 Mr. Tashtitov was a management consultant with PA Government Services Inc. Mr. Tashtitov earned a Bachelor of Arts degree from Yale University in economics and history in 2002.

Skills and Qualifications: Mr. Tashtitov was selected as a director because he has over 15 years of experience in the public company arena, with particular expertise in interfacing with equity and debt financing professionals, as well as investment banking and significant business management experience.

No director, nominee for director or executive officer has any family relationship to any other director, nominee for director or executive officer.

Mr. Stillman served as a director of Pipergy, Inc., an oil and gas pipeline maintenance company based in Newcastle, Wyoming from January 2020 through April 2021. Pipergy, Inc. became an SEC reporting issuer in September 2020. No other director or nominee for director served as a director of an SEC reporting issuer during the past five years.

There are no arrangements or understandings with any other person pursuant to which any director or nominee for director was selected as a director or nominee.

No director, nominee for director or executive officer or, to our knowledge, any owner of record or beneficially of more than five percent of our common stock, or any associate of any such director, officer, affiliate of the Company, or security holder is a party adverse to us or any of our subsidiaries or has a material interest adverse to us or any of our subsidiaries.

Information about our Executive Officers

The following table sets forth information regarding our executive officers:

| Name | Age | Position |
|------------------|-----|---|
| Timur Turlov | 35 | Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board |
| Askar Tashtitov | 44 | President |
| Evgeny Ler | 40 | Chief Financial Officer |
| Renat Tukanov | 43 | Chief Technology Officer |
| Liudmila Kiriaku | 41 | Vice President of Compliance |

As Messrs. Turlov and Tashtitov are also Company directors, their biographical information appears above.

Evgeny Ler – Mr. Ler has served as the chief financial officer of the Company since November 2015. Prior to that time, he served as chief financial officer of BMB Munai, Inc., the predecessor of the Company from April 2009 to November 2015. BMB Munai, Inc. was listed on the NYSE American Stock Exchange (AMEX). Mr. Ler joined BMB Munai in 2006 and served in several capacities including finance manager and reporting manager before being appointed chief financial officer. During 2013 and 2014 Mr. Ler was engaged in private equity projects. From 2003 to 2006 Mr. Ler was an auditor at Deloitte Kazakhstan. In 2003 Mr. Ler was awarded a Bachelor's degree in financial management from the Kazakh-American University located in Almaty, Kazakhstan.

Renat Tukanov - Mr. Tukanov is the Chief Technology Officer (CTO) of the Company since August 2022. In his role, Mr. Tukanov is responsible for strengthening the Company's technological direction and ensuring effective collaboration between the member companies (FRHC) and corporate governance in the field of information technology and information security. Before joining the Company, Mr. Tukanov worked as a Counselor to the Chairman of the Management Board at Freedom Finance JSC, a 100% subsidiary of the Company. Currently, he also holds the position of

Chief Executive Officer at Freedom Finance Global PLC, a 100% subsidiary of the Company, and Deputy Chairman of the Board at Freedom Finance JSC. As the CTO, Mr. Tukanov is responsible for the creation, adoption, and implementation of the Company's Technology strategy including, among other things, information security, product development, implementation, maintenance, and support. He earned his BA in Marketing and Commerce from Turan University (Almaty, Kazakhstan) in 2005 and has over 15 years of experience in the information technology sector, including more than a decade in leadership positions. Before joining the Company, Mr. Tukanov served as the General Director of a system integrator company from 2011 to 2015 where he focused on business development in Kazakhstan and led information system projects in areas such as ERP and BI. Subsequently, from around 2015 to 2016 Mr. Tukanov worked as an IT Director in a subsidiary of the Ministry of Energy in the Republic of Kazakhstan. In this role, he oversaw the launch of a countrywide project called the Oil Accounting Information System and managed the operations of the IT department, including the implementation of a Business Intelligence System.

Liudmila Kiriaku – Mrs. Kiriaku has served as the vice president of compliance of the Company since October 2021. From February 2021 to October 2021, she served as the Director of Regulatory Affairs of Freedom Finance Europe Limited, our Cyprus broker dealer subsidiary ("Freedom EU"). Since 2008 Mrs. Kiriaku has worked for regulated investment firms and regulated private funds in Cyprus and other jurisdictions, developing and establishing policies for international financial companies. Prior to joining Freedom EU, Mrs. Kiriaku was employed as Head of Compliance by eToro Europe Ltd. from November 2017 through January 2020. From March 2017 to November 2017, Mrs. Kiriaku served as Executive Director, AMLCO, Regulatory Compliance Officer and Risk Manager for General Capital Brokers, Ltd. where she took the company through the license application and activation process and assisted in launching the company's operations. Mrs. Kiriaku also has experience leading companies through regulatory audits by Cyprus, EU and other regulators on compliance matters. Since March 2021 Mrs. Kiriaku has served as a member of the Compliance Committee of the Association for Financial Markets in Europe (AFME). She is also a member of the Association of Certified Sanctions Specialists (ACSS). Mrs. Kiriaku was awarded a master's degree in Management from the Russian Academy for Tourism, Moscow, Russia in 2003; she received an Advanced Certificate for provision of professional investment services in Cyprus from CySEC in 2009; in 2013 she completed the Risk Management qualification by The Chartered Institute for Securities and Investment (CISI).

There are no arrangements or understandings between any of our executive officers and any other person pursuant to which such individual was selected as an executive officer.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Director Independence

Our common stock is listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market and the Board relies upon the listing requirements and rules of the Nasdaq Stock Market to assist it in its determinations of director independence. Because Timur Turlov owns approximately 71.2% of our common stock and holds greater than 50% of the voting power for election of directors, the Company is a "Controlled Company" as defined by Rule 5615 of the Nasdaq Stock Market rules. As such, we are not required to have a majority of independent directors on our Board, nor are we required to have a majority of independent directors on our nominating committee, compensation committee or the Risk Committee of our Board (the "risk committee"). While our Board is presently staffed by a majority of independent directors, that may not always be the case. Our audit committee and compensation committee are currently staffed solely by independent directors. Timur Turlov, who is not independent, currently serves on our nominating committee and our risk committee. For so long as the Company remains a Controlled Company, we anticipate we will take advantage of the exemptions to the independence requirements available to Controlled Companies.

The nominating committee and the full Board review the independence of all members of the Board for purposes of determining which Board members are deemed independent. The nominating committee and the full Board affirmatively determined that Messrs. Cherdabayev, Kerr and Stillman and Ms. Williams are independent based on the director independence standards of the Nasdaq Stock Market and Nasdaq Rule 5605. In making this determination, our nominating committee and Board considered the current and prior relationships that each of the directors has with our Company and all other facts and circumstances our nominating committee and Board deemed relevant in determining their independence, including the beneficial ownership of our capital stock by each non-employee director and other transactions, relationships, and arrangements that are not required to be disclosed in this proxy statement.

During fiscal 2023 the Company paid the law firm Price, Parkinson & Kerr ("PPK") \$35,369 and less than 5% of PPK's gross revenues for legal services provided to the Company. Mr. Kerr is a partner at PPK. The services were provided in the ordinary course of the Company's business and at market rates. In determining that relationship did not interfere with Mr. Kerr's ability to exercise independent judgment, the nominating committee and full board specifically

considered the Company's relationship with PPK, as well as the guidance in subpart (D) of IM-5605, under Nasdaq Rule 5605(a)(2).

Communication with the Board

The Board encourages communication from our stockholders. Any stockholder who wishes to communicate with the directors should send any such communication to the Corporate Secretary by email to ir@freedomholdingcorp.com or by mail to 1930 Village Center Cir. #3-6972, Las Vegas, Nevada 89134. All such stockholder communication will be reviewed by the Corporate Secretary who will determine the appropriate response or course of action.

BOARD LEADERSHIP STRUCTURE

Board Leadership

The Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of the Company is Timur Turlov, our controlling stockholder. Mr. Turlov, along with the senior management team, is responsible for setting our strategic direction and our day-to-day leadership and performance, while the Board is responsible for holding management accountable for execution of strategy once developed. The Board believes that it is currently in the best interest of the Company and our stockholders for Mr. Turlov to serve as Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board. Our directors bring different perspectives, experience, insight and expertise from outside the Company while Mr. Turlov brings Company specific experience and expertise, in addition to being the Company's controlling shareholder. The Board believes that the combined role of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer also facilitates the flow of information between the Board and management.

The Board currently consists of six members; our Chief Executive Officer, our President and four non-employee directors, all of whom are independent. Members of the Board are kept informed of our operations by reviewing materials provided to them, speaking to our executives, employees and legal counsel and by attending meetings of the Board and the various committees they may serve on. During fiscal 2023 Amber Williams was appointed as lead independent director. Our non-management directors met in executive sessions without the attendance or participation of our Chief Executive Officer and President several times during fiscal 2023.

The Role of the Board in Oversight of Risk

Our Chief Executive Officer and senior management are responsible for identifying and assessing our exposure to risk and developing risk controls related to significant business activities and Company objectives, developing programs to determine the sufficiency of risk identification, balancing of potential risk to potential reward and the appropriate manner in which to control risk. It is the responsibility of our management to develop and implement our short-term and long-term objectives and to identify, evaluate, manage and mitigate the risks inherent in seeking to achieve those objectives. The Board's responsibility is to oversee and monitor the Company's risk management processes and efforts of senior management within the Company's risk framework as informed by the Company's strategy and available resources. As described in more detail below, this is carried out primarily through various board committees which report to our full board. The Board coordinates with the audit committee, risk committee and management regarding the Company's cyber and technology security and related risks.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The table below sets forth the standing committees of our Board. As noted above, as a Controlled Company we are exempt from certain board and committee independence requirements of the Nasdaq Stock Market. Our audit committee and compensation committee consist of all independent directors. Our nominating committee and our risk committee are each staffed by two independent directors and one non-independent director.

The memberships of each committee as of the date of this proxy statement are listed below:

| Name | Audit Committee | Compensation Committee | Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee | Risk Committee |
|-------------------|-----------------|------------------------|---|----------------|
| Boris Cherdabayev | X | X | | |
| Jason Kerr | | C | | C |
| Leonard Stillman | X | X | X | |
| Askar Tashtitov* | | | | |
| Timur Turlov* | | | C | X |
| Amber Williams | C | | X | X |

“X” indicates membership on the committee.

“C” indicates that the director serves as the chair of the committee.

* Mr. Turlov and Mr. Tashtitov do not meet the independence standards of the Nasdaq Stock Market.

Audit Committee

The purpose of the audit committee is to oversee our accounting and financial reporting processes and the audit of our financial statements. The Audit Committee Charter provides that the audit committee is primarily responsible for the integrity of our accounting and financial reporting processes, our compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the independence, qualifications and performance of our independent registered public accounting firm, and performance of internal audit functions. Specifically, these duties include: selecting, retaining, compensating, overseeing, and if necessary, terminating our independent registered public accounting firm and any other registered public accounting firm, as necessary; approving audit and non-audit services provided to us by the independent registered public accounting firm; approving all audit engagement fees and terms; reviewing the scope of the audit to be conducted by such firm, including the firm’s internal quality control procedures, and issues raised by the most recent peer review or public company accounting oversight board (United States) (“PCAOB”) review or inspection, as well as the results of its audit; evaluating, at least annually, the qualifications, performance and independence of the independent auditors; reviewing and discussing with the independent auditors any audit problems, difficulties and disagreements, and management’s responses to same; overseeing our financial reporting activities, including annual and quarterly reports and the accounting standards and principles followed; reviewing and approving the design and implementation of internal audit functions; reviewing and approving related-party transactions; overseeing legal and regulatory compliance; overseeing disclosure and internal controls, including establishing and overseeing procedures to address concerns about the same; and preparing the report of the audit committee, as required by the rules and regulations of the SEC, included in this proxy statement.

Each member of the audit committee is financially literate. Ms. Williams, Messrs. Cherdabayev and Stillman each meet the independent director definition of Nasdaq Rule 5605. The Board has determined that Ms. Williams qualifies as an “audit committee financial expert” as defined in Item 407(d)(5)(ii) of Regulation S-K. Ms. Williams serves as the Chair of the audit committee. The Audit Committee Charter provides that the audit committee will meet at least four times annually. During fiscal 2023 the audit committee met eight times.

Report of the Audit Committee

The audit committee oversees our financial reporting process on behalf of the Board. Management is responsible for our internal controls, financial reporting process and compliance with laws, regulations and ethical business standards. Our independent registered public accounting firm is responsible for performing an integrated audit of our consolidated financial statements and of our internal control over financial reporting in accordance with standards of the PCAOB, and to issue opinions thereon. The audit committee’s responsibility is to monitor and oversee these processes. In this capacity, the audit committee provides advice, counsel, and direction to management and the auditors on the basis of the information it receives, discussions with management and the auditors, and the experience of the audit committee’s members in business, financial and accounting matters.

The audit committee reviewed and discussed with management and Deloitte, LLP our independent registered public accounting firm, our audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023. The audit committee reviewed and discussed with management and Deloitte, LLP management’s assessment of the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control over financial reporting and Deloitte, LLP’s opinion about the effectiveness of the Company’s

internal control over financial reporting. The audit committee discussed with Deloitte, LLP the matters required to be discussed by applicable requirements of the PCAOB as currently in effect. The audit committee also received the written disclosures and the letter from Deloitte, LLP required by applicable requirements of the PCAOB regarding auditor-audit committee communications concerning independence and discussed with Deloitte, LLP its independence from Freedom Holding Corp. and Freedom Holding Corp's management.

In reliance on the reviews and discussions referred to above, the audit committee recommended to the Board, and the Board approved, that our audited financial statements be included in the Company's Annual Report. These are the same financial statements that appear in our Annual Report that has been filed with the SEC.

Members of the Audit Committee:

Amber Williams, Chair
Leonard Stillman
Boris Cherdabayev

Compensation Committee

The Compensation Committee Charter provides that the primary function of the compensation committee is to carry out the duties assigned to it by the Board relating to the review and determination of executive compensation. The Compensation Committee Charter assigns the compensation committee the following authority and responsibilities: reviewing and approving corporate goals and objectives applicable to the compensation of the Chief Executive Officer and evaluation of the Chief Executive Officer's performance to determine and approve Chief Executive Officer compensation; reviewing and approving the compensation of all other executive officers; reviewing, approving and, when appropriate, recommending to the Board for approval, incentive compensation plans and equity-based plans, and where appropriate or required, recommending such plans for approval by our stockholders; reviewing with management executive compensation disclosure to be included, as required by SEC rules and regulations, in our annual reports on Form 10-K and/or proxy statements; reviewing, approving and, when appropriate, recommending to the Board for approval, any employment agreements and severance arrangements or plans, including any benefits to be provided in connection with a change in control, and any amendments or terminations thereto; determining stock ownership guidelines for executive officers and monitoring compliance with such guidelines; reviewing incentive compensation arrangements and the relationship between risk management policies and practices and compensation policies and practices; reviewing and recommending to the Board for approval the frequency of Say on Pay votes; reviewing all director compensation and benefits; and overseeing engagement with stockholders and, as applicable, proxy advisory firms on matters of executive compensation.

The Compensation Committee Charter authorizes the compensation committee to access, at our expense, such internal and external resources, including retaining, legal, financial and other advisors, such as compensation consultants, as the compensation committee deems necessary or appropriate to fulfill its responsibilities. As described in more detail elsewhere in the proxy statement, during fiscal 2023, the compensation committee retained the services of NFP Compensation Consulting ("NFPCC" or "Independent Consultant"). The Compensation Committee Charter authorizes the compensation committee to delegate any of its responsibilities and authority to one or more subcommittees as it deems appropriate.

Mr. Kerr is the Chair of the compensation committee and Messrs. Cherdabayev and Stillman are members of the committee. Each meets the independent director definition of Nasdaq Rule 5605. To the extent securities laws or other laws, rules or regulations require approval by the full Board, or by the independent members of the Board, such matters will be submitted for appropriate approval. The compensation committee met four times during fiscal 2023.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

During fiscal 2023, the compensation committee was composed of Messrs. Kerr (Chair), Cherdabayev and Stillman. None of the members of the compensation committee during fiscal 2023 were either an officer or employee of the Company. Mr. Cherdabayev served as the CEO of the Company's predecessor, BMB Munai, Inc., from November 2003 to August 2007 and as Chairman of the Board from November 2003 to November 2015. Mr. Stillman served as the interim CFO of BMB Munai, Inc. from June 2008 to April 2009. During fiscal 2023, no executive officer of the Company served as a director or as a member of the compensation committee of the board of directors of another company which had an executive officer serving as a director of the Company or as a member of the compensation committee. In addition, during fiscal 2023, no member of the compensation committee engaged in any related party or other transaction of a type that is required to be disclosed pursuant to Item 404 of SEC Regulation S-K.

Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee Charter provides that the nominating committee's responsibilities include, among other things: determining the qualifications, qualities, skills, and other expertise required to be a director; identifying individuals qualified to become Board members; recommending to the Board nominees to stand for election or to fill vacancies; developing and recommending corporate governance guidelines; overseeing our corporate governance practices and procedures; developing, subject to approval by the Board, processes for annual evaluation of the Board and its committees and overseeing the conduct of annual evaluations; reviewing the Board's committee structure and composition and making recommendations to the Board regarding the appointment of directors to serve as members of each committee; developing and recommending to the Board for approval director standards for determining whether a director has a material relationship with the Company that would impair his or her independence; as necessary, amending and updating our Code of Ethics and Business Conduct; monitoring compliance with, investigating any alleged breach or violation of, and enforcing the provisions of our Code of Ethics and Business Conduct; with senior management, developing and recommending to the Board for approval an officer succession plan; and reviewing all tendered director resignation letters and evaluating and recommending to the Board whether such resignations should be accepted.

In discharging its responsibilities to nominate candidates for election to the Board, neither the Board, nor the nominating committee, has at this time, specified minimum qualifications for serving on the Board. We believe that our directors should have the highest professional and personal ethics and values, consistent with our values and standards. They should be committed to enhancing stockholder value and should have sufficient time to carry out their duties and to provide insight and practical wisdom based on experience. Their service on other boards of public companies should be limited to a number that permits them, given their individual circumstances, to perform responsibly all director duties for us. When considering potential director candidates, the nominating committee also considers the candidate's character, judgment, diversity, age and skills, including financial literacy and experience in the context of our needs and the needs of the Board.

There is no assurance that all stockholder proposed candidates will be fully considered, that all candidates will be considered equally, or that the proponent of a proposed candidate, or any candidate, will be contacted by the Company, the Board or the nominating committee, and no undertaking to do so is implied by the willingness to consider candidates proposed by stockholders.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Charter authorizes the nominating committee to access, at our expense, such internal and external resources, including retaining, legal, financial and other advisors, such as the nominating committee deems necessary or appropriate to fulfill its responsibilities.

Mr. Turlov is the Chair of the nominating committee and Mr. Stillman and Ms. Williams are members of the committee. As our CEO, Mr. Turlov does not qualify as an independent director under Nasdaq Rule 5605. Mr. Stillman and Ms. Williams do qualify as independent directors under Nasdaq Rule 5605. As the controlling shareholder of the Company, holding more than 70% of its outstanding common shares, the board believes inclusion of Mr. Turlov in the deliberations and determinations of the nominating committee is in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. To the extent securities laws or other laws, rules or regulations require approval by the full Board, or by the independent members of the Board, such matters will be submitted for appropriate approval. The nominating committee met once during fiscal 2023.

Risk Committee

The Board has approved the creation of a risk committee as described below. The risk committee has met to review the current state of risk management activities conducted in the Company, discuss the scope of oversight activities to be made by the committee and drafted a Risk Committee Charter, which has been circulated to the full Board for review and approval. It is the responsibility of our Chief Executive Officer and senior management to identify and assess the Company's exposure to risk. The risk committee is responsible for meeting periodically with senior management to review the Company's risk management, compliance activities and potential risk exposures and to carry out its other duties set forth in the Risk Committee Charter.

The Risk Committee Charter tasks the risk committee to assist the Board in its oversight and monitoring of our senior management and risk managers in carrying out their responsibilities for enterprise risk management ("ERM"). This includes oversight of financial management, risk profile, financial risk and return, legal and regulatory and strategic planning and alignment. The risk committee is responsible for oversight and review with senior management of the Company's capital planning process, capital position, capital adequacy, capital structure, and certain policies relating to financial management of the Company and its subsidiaries, as well as overseeing implementation of such policies. The risk committee will periodically review the Company's funding and liquidity requirements and contingency funding plan and is

tasked with overseeing senior management's establishment of an independent ERM framework. The risk committee will work with senior management to: recommend a risk profile of the Company to the Board; review and monitor risk elements associated with the Company's business; oversee and review the Company's ERM charter, policies and procedures for assessing and managing exposure, including exposure to cybersecurity risk; and receive and review reports regarding the Company's overall state of legal and regulatory compliance. The risk committee will oversee senior management's establishment of the Company's overall strategic planning process and alignment of the Company's risk profile with its strategic plan, goals and objectives. The risk committee is also responsible for reviewing material strategic transactions, principal investments or dispositions where the aggregate consideration to be paid or received exceeds limits specified by the Board.

The Risk Committee Charter authorizes the risk committee to select, retain and terminate special risk management, legal, financial, accounting, audit and other professional advisors, at our expense, to assist the risk committee in discharging its responsibilities. This authority excludes selecting, retaining or terminating the Company's independent registered public accounting firm, which is the responsibility of the audit committee. The risk committee has engaged risk management consultants to evaluate and integrate the Company's risk management activities with existing operations.

The Risk Committee Charter provides that the risk committee shall be comprised of at least three members and a majority of the members of the risk committee must be independent according to the standards of the Nasdaq Stock Market and the Company (to the extent the Company maintains a more stringent standard). Messrs. Kerr and Turlov and Ms. Williams have been appointed by the Board to serve on the risk committee. Mr. Kerr and Ms. Williams qualify as independent directors under Nasdaq Rule 5605. Mr. Turlov does not qualify as an independent director. The Risk Committee met four times during fiscal 2023.

Policy Against Hedging and Pledging

During fiscal 2023 the Company adopted a formal policy prohibiting directors, executive officers and certain other employees ("covered persons") and their family members from engaging in short sale transactions, transactions in derivatives securities on an exchange or in any other organized market, holding Company securities in margin accounts to cover margin call or pledging Company securities as collateral for a loan, hedging or otherwise engaging in monetization transaction involving securities of the Company. Covered persons that held Company securities in a margin account or pledged as collateral for a loan prior to adoption of the policy, were granted a one-year grace period to repay such loans and release all Company securities from the margin account or loan transaction.

Stockholder Nominees for Director

Our nominating committee will consider qualified director nominees recommended by stockholders when such recommendations are submitted in accordance with applicable SEC requirements, our By-laws, Nevada state corporate law and any other applicable law, rule or regulation regarding director nominations. Under our By-laws, nominations of persons for election to the Board may be made at an annual meeting of stockholders by any stockholder who was a stockholder of record as of the record date and at the time of giving of the notice provided for in our By-laws and at the time of the annual meeting; and provides timely notice and otherwise complies with the procedures set forth in our By-laws.

No candidates for director nominations were submitted to the nominating committee by any stockholder in connection with our Annual Meeting. Any stockholder desiring to present a nomination for consideration by the nominating committee prior to the 2024 Annual Meeting must do so in accordance with our By-laws and policies as described in more detail in "Stockholder Proposals for the 2024 Annual Meeting," elsewhere in this proxy statement.

Advance Notice Provisions

To be timely, a stockholder's notice pursuant to the advance notice provisions of our By-laws must be in writing and delivered to us at our address listed below not later than the close of business on the 90th day, nor earlier than the close of business on the 120th day, in advance of the anniversary of the previous year's annual meeting if such meeting is to be held on a day which is not more than 30 days in advance of the anniversary of the previous year's annual meeting or not later than 60 days after the anniversary of the previous year's annual meeting; and with respect to any other annual meeting of stockholders, including in the event that no annual meeting was held in the previous year, not earlier than the close of business on the 120th day prior to the annual meeting and not later than the close of business on the later of: (1) the 90th day prior to the annual meeting and (2) the tenth day following the day on which public announcement of the date of such meeting is first made. A stockholder's notice pursuant to the advance notice provisions of our By-Laws should be delivered to: Chairman of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee do Corporate Secretary, Freedom Holding Corp, 1930 Village Ctr. Cir., #3-6972, Las Vegas, Nevada 89134.

To be in proper form, a stockholder's notice pursuant to the advance notice provisions of our By-laws must set forth, as to the stockholder giving the notice and the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the nomination is made:

- the name and address of the stockholder as they appear on our books and of the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the nomination is being made;
- the class and number of our shares which are owned by the stockholder (beneficially and of record) and owned by the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the nomination is being made, as of the date of the notice, and a representation that the stockholder will notify us in writing of the class and number of such shares owned of record and beneficially by the stockholder as of the record date for the meeting within five business days after the record date for such meeting;
- a description of any agreement, arrangement, or understanding with respect to such nomination between or among the stockholder or the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the nomination is being made and any of their affiliates or associates, and any others (including their names) acting in concert with any of the foregoing, and a representation that the stockholder will notify us in writing of any such agreement, arrangement, or understanding in effect as of the record date for the meeting within five business days after the record date for such meeting;
- a description of any agreement, arrangement, or understanding (including any derivative or short positions, profit interests, options, hedging transactions, and borrowed or loaned shares) that has been entered into as of the date of the notice by, or on the stockholder's behalf, or the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the nomination is being made and any of their affiliates or associates, the effect or intent of which is to mitigate loss to, manage risk or benefit of share price changes for, or increase or decrease the voting power of such person or any of their affiliates or associates with respect to shares of our stock, and a representation that the stockholder will notify us in writing of any such agreement, arrangement, or understanding in effect as of the record date for the meeting within five business days after the record date for such meeting;
- a representation that the stockholder is a holder of record of our shares entitled to vote at the meeting and intends to appear in person or by proxy at the meeting to nominate the person or persons specified in the notice, and
- a representation whether the stockholder intends to deliver a proxy statement and/or form of proxy to holders of at least the percentage of our outstanding capital stock required to approve the nomination and/or otherwise to solicit proxies from stockholders in support of the nomination. We may require any proposed nominee to furnish such other information as we may reasonably require to determine the eligibility of such proposed nominee to serve as an independent director or that could be material to a reasonable stockholder's understanding of the independence, or lack thereof, of such nominee.

The stockholder's notice must provide the nominating committee the following:

- the name, age, business address, and residence address of each proposed nominee;
- the principal occupation or employment of each such nominee;
- the class and number of shares of our capital stock which are owned of record and beneficially by each such nominee (if any);
- such other information concerning each such nominee as would be required to be disclosed in a proxy statement soliciting proxies for the election of such nominee as a director in an election contest (even if an election contest is not involved) or that is otherwise required to be disclosed, under Section 14(a) of the Exchange Act;
- a written questionnaire with respect to the background and qualification of such proposed nominee (which questionnaire shall be provided by the Corporate Secretary upon written request), and a written statement and agreement executed by each such nominee acknowledging that such person:
 - consents to being named in the Company's proxy statement as a nominee and to serving as a director if elected;
 - intends to serve as a director for the full term for which such person is standing for election; and
 - makes the following representations: (1) that the nominee has read and agrees to adhere to our Code of Ethics and Business Conduct and other corporate governance policies and guidelines applicable to directors, (2) that the nominee is not and will not become a party to any agreement, arrangement, or understanding with, and has not given any commitment or assurance to, any person or entity as to how such person, if elected as a director, will act or vote on any issue or question, (3) that the nominee is not and will not become a party to any agreement, arrangement, or understanding with any person or entity other than the Company with respect to any direct or indirect compensation, reimbursement, or indemnification in connection with such person's nomination for director or service as a director.

Proxy Access Provisions

Pursuant to the proxy access provisions of our By-laws, a stockholder, or a group of not more than 20 stockholders, that has continuously owned for at least three years a number of shares that represents at least 3% of our outstanding voting shares can nominate for inclusion in the Company's proxy statement a number of nominees not to exceed 20% of the number of directors in office as of the last day on which notice of a nomination may be delivered to the Company, or if such amount is not a whole number, the closest whole number less than 20%, provided that the stockholder(s) and the stockholder nominee(s) satisfy the requirements specified in our By-laws. Such requirements include the timely delivery of a stockholder's notice to our Corporate Secretary.

To be timely, a stockholder's notice pursuant to the proxy access provisions must be delivered to our Corporate Secretary at our principal executive offices not later than 120 days nor more than 150 days prior to the first anniversary of the date the definitive proxy statement was first sent to stockholders in connection with the preceding year's annual meeting; provided, however, that in the event that the date of the annual meeting is advanced more than 30 days or delayed more than 60 days from the anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting, or if no annual meeting was held in the preceding year, the notice must be delivered not earlier than the close of business on the 150th day prior to such annual meeting and not later than the close of business on the later of (i) the 120th day prior to such annual meeting or the tenth day following the day on which public announcement of the date of such meeting is first made.

A stockholder's notice pursuant to the proxy access provisions must set forth, as to the stockholder giving the notice and the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the nomination is made:

- the information required in a stockholder's notice pursuant to the advance notice provisions of our By-laws;
- a statement of the stockholder (a) setting forth and certifying to the number of shares of the Company the stockholder owns and has owned continuously for at least three years as of the date of the notice and (b) agreeing to continue to own such shares through the applicable annual meeting;
- a copy of the Schedule 14N that has been or concurrently is filed with the SEC as required by Rule 14a-18 under the Exchange Act;
- the details of any relationship that existed within the past three years and that would have been described pursuant to Item 6(e) of Schedule 14N if the relationship existed on the date of submission of the Schedule 14N; and
- written agreements of the stockholder(s) setting forth certain additional agreements, representations and warranties specified in our By-laws.

Meeting Attendance

The Board met fourteen times during fiscal 2023. Each director attended at least 75% of the meetings of the Board. In addition to participation in Board meetings, our directors discharged their responsibilities throughout the year through personal meetings and other communications, including telephone contact on any matters of interest and concern.

We do not have a formal policy requiring members of the Board to attend the annual meeting, although all directors are encouraged to attend if available. All the members of our Board attended the 2022 annual meeting of stockholders, which was held virtually.

Indemnification

As permitted by Nevada state corporate law, our Restated Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws authorize and require us to indemnify our officers and directors to the fullest extent permitted under Nevada law.

Other Corporate Governance Resources

The charters of each committee of our Board and our Code of Ethics and Business Conduct are available on the Investor Relations Section of our website, <https://ir.freedomholdingcorp.com/corporate-governance>.

DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

On March 31, 2023, the last day of our 2023 fiscal year, and as of the date of this proxy statement, we had six directors, four of which were non-employee directors. Our non-employee directors receive an annual cash retainer, which is paid quarterly. For the period from April 1, 2022 to March 31, 2023, each non-employee director received a quarterly payment of \$25,000. Board members do not receive separate retainers for committee service, including serving as a

committee chair, nor do they receive Board meeting, committee meeting or stockholder meeting attendance fees. Board member are reimbursed for reasonable travel expenses incurred in connection with required in-person attendance at such meetings. We reserve the right to change the manner and amount of compensation to our directors at any time. Directors who are employees do not receive annual cash retainers or fees for services on the Board.

The following table provides information concerning the compensation of each of our independent directors who served in fiscal 2023. Compensation of Messrs. Turlov and Tashtitov, who are directors and executive officers of the Company, is described under the heading “Executive Compensation” elsewhere in this proxy statement. Messrs. Turlov and Tashtitov did not receive any compensation for their service on the Board or any Board committee.

| Name | Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (\$) | Stock Awards (\$) | All Other Compensation (\$) | Total (\$) |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| Boris Cherdabayev | 100,000 | — | — | 100,000 |
| Jason Kerr | 100,000 | — | — | 100,000 |
| Leonard Stillman | 100,000 | — | — | 100,000 |
| Amber Williams | 100,000 | — | — | 100,000 |

As of March 31, 2023, none of the non-employee members of our Board held any outstanding stock options or other equity awards. We do not currently have a fixed plan for the award of equity compensation to our non-employee directors. Any equity grants to non-employee directors will be granted at a price equal to the fair market value of our common stock on the date of grant. We did not award any equity compensation to our non-employee directors during fiscal 2023. The compensation committee and the board have the authority to award equity grants to our non-employee directors at their discretion. During fiscal year 2024, the compensation committee and the Board approved annual non-employee director fees in addition to the \$100,000 base non-employee annual director fees for certain Board and Board committee assignments, including \$75,000 per year for the audit committee chair, \$50,000 per year for the compensation committee chair, \$50,000 for the risk committee chair and \$75,000 per year for the lead independent director.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

Summary Compensation Table

The table below summarizes compensation paid to or earned by our named executive officers for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021.

| Name and Principal Position | Year | Salary (\$) ⁽¹⁾ | Bonus (\$) | Stock Awards (\$) | All Other Compensation (\$) ⁽²⁾ | Total (\$) ⁽³⁾ |
|--|------|----------------------------|------------|-------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Timur Turlov CEO and Chairman ⁽⁴⁾ | 2023 | 1,048,015 | — | — | 106,284 | 1,154,299 |
| | 2022 | 1,235,306 | — | — | 19,708 | 1,255,014 |
| | 2021 | 279,525 | — | — | 22,189 | 301,714 |
| Askar Tashtitov President ⁽⁴⁾ | 2023 | 280,476 | 442,034 | 632,959 | 47,840 | 1,403,309 |
| | 2022 | 292,436 | 417,701 | 797,068 | 90,477 | 1,597,682 |
| | 2021 | 154,539 | — | — | 22,905 | 177,444 |
| Evgeny Ler CFO | 2023 | 275,750 | 348,260 | 477,705 | 48,509 | 1,150,224 |
| | 2022 | 292,436 | 316,585 | 601,561 | 77,726 | 1,288,308 |
| | 2021 | 180,157 | — | — | 25,758 | 205,915 |
| Renat Tukanov CTO ⁽⁵⁾ | 2023 | 121,937 | 22,765 | 179,139 | 27,539 | 351,380 |
| | 2021 | — | — | — | — | — |
| Liudmila Kiriaku VP of Compliance | 2023 | 143,410 | — | 175,978 | 41,091 | 360,479 |
| | 2022 | 100,397 | — | 808 | 33,710 | 134,915 |

⁽¹⁾ Annual salary is net of all salary-related income taxes, mandatory contributions to the nationally-sponsored pension program, social insurance and obligatory medical insurance required under the laws of the Russian

Federation, the Republic of Kazakhstan and the Republic of Cyprus, which are legally the responsibility of the employer for all employees in those countries, not just our NEOs.

- (2) Includes: (i) salary-related income taxes, mandatory contributions to the nationally-sponsored pension program, social insurance and obligatory medical insurance of \$106,284, \$9,972 and \$17,534, and a car and travel allowance of \$0, \$9,736 and \$4,655 for Mr. Turlov during the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively; (ii) salary-related income taxes, mandatory contributions to the nationally-sponsored pension program, and social insurance of \$47,840, \$90,447 and \$22,905 for Mr. Tashtitov during the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively; (iii) salary-related income taxes, mandatory contributions to the nationally-sponsored pension program, and social insurance of \$48,509, \$77,726 and \$25,785 and for Mr. Ler during the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively; (iv) salary-related income taxes, mandatory contributions to the nationally-sponsored pension program, and social insurance of \$27,539 for Mr. Tukanov during the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, (v) salary-related income taxes, social insurance and obligatory medical insurance of \$41,091 and \$33,625 for Mrs. Kiriaku during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023 and 2022.
- (3) Mr. Turlov, Mr. Ler and Mr. Tashtitov are paid in Kazakhstan tenge. Mrs. Kiriaku is paid in both Euros and Kazakhstan tenge. In the fiscal years ended March 31, 2021 and 2022, Mr. Turlov also received compensation in Russian rubles. The U.S. dollar amounts shown in the table above were calculated using the average annual exchange rates for the period from April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022, of Kazakhstan tenge to Russian ruble, Russian ruble to U.S. dollar and the Euro to U.S. dollar as reported by the Central Bank of Russia and for the period from April 1, 2022 to March 2023 were calculated using the average annual exchange rates of Kazakhstan tenge to U.S. dollar and the Euro to U.S. dollar as reported by the National Bank of Kazakhstan.
- (4) Mr. Turlov and Mr. Tashtitov are also Company directors. They receive no compensation for their service on our Board.
- (5) Mr. Tukanov began serving as CTO of the Company in September 2022, but was employed by a Company subsidiary prior to September 2022. The compensation amounts reflect her total compensation for the full 2023 fiscal year.

Grants of Plan-Based Awards

The table below provides information regarding the grants of plan-based awards made to the named executive officers during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023.

| Name | Grant date | All other stock awards: Number of shares of stock (#) | Grant date fair value of stock awards (\$) ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------------------------------|------------|---|---|
| Timur Turlov ⁽¹⁾ | 05/18/2021 | — | — |
| Askar Tashtitov ⁽²⁾ | 05/18/2021 | 46,379 | 2,101,432 |
| Askar Tashtitov ⁽³⁾ | 05/18/2021 | 6,621 | 299,998 |
| Evgeny Ler ⁽²⁾ | 05/18/2021 | 33,379 | 1,512,042 |
| Evgeny Ler ⁽³⁾ | 05/18/2021 | 6,621 | 299,998 |
| Renat Tukanov ⁽²⁾ | 05/18/2021 | 15,000 | 679,650 |
| Liudmila Kiriaku | 03/30/2022 | 7,500 | 459,325 |

⁽¹⁾ Mr. Turlov did not receive an equity incentive award for fiscal 2023 as he, the compensation committee and the Board believe his approximately 71.1% ownership of the Company provides sufficient incentive to align his interest with those of the Company and our shareholders. This decision does not preclude Mr. Turlov from receiving equity incentive awards in the future.

⁽²⁾ On May 18, 2021, the compensation committee approved discretionary grants of performance-based restricted stock awards to Messrs. Tashtitov, Ler and Tukanov.

⁽³⁾ On May 18, 2021, the compensation committee approved discretionary equity grants to Messrs. Tashtitov and Ler. The awards vested in full on March 31, 2022.

⁽⁴⁾ Reflects the grant date fair value of awards as determined pursuant to FASB ASC Topic 718. For valuation assumptions

of the awards, see Note 25 to the consolidated financial statements in our 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End

The table below provides certain information concerning stock awards held by the named executive officers that were outstanding as of March 31, 2023. None of our named executive officers held outstanding stock options as of March 31, 2023.

| Name | Stock Awards | |
|------------------|---|--|
| | Number of shares or units of stock that have not vested (#) ⁽¹⁾ | Market value of shares or units of stock that have not vested (\$) ⁽²⁾ |
| Timur Turlov | — | — |
| Askar Tashtitov | 46,379 | 3,332,795 |
| Evgeny Ler | 33,379 | 2,398,615 |
| Renat Tukanov | 12,000 | 862,320 |
| Liudmila Kiriaku | 7,500 | 538,950 |

⁽¹⁾ The outstanding stock awards as of March 31, 2023 are subject to vesting. For additional details regarding the vesting conditions and vesting schedule of these stock awards see “*Performance-based Restricted Stock*” and “*Restricted Stock Vesting Schedule*” above.

⁽²⁾ The market value for unvested stock awards is based on the closing price of the common stock as of March 31, 2023, which was \$71.86, and is rounded to the nearest dollar.

Option Exercises and Stock Vested

The table below provides certain information concerning restricted stock awards that vested during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023. No options were exercised by any of our NEOs during fiscal 2023.

| Name | Stock Awards | |
|------------------|---|--|
| | Number of shares acquired on vesting (#) | Value realized on vesting (\$) ⁽¹⁾ |
| Timur Turlov | — | — |
| Askar Tashtitov | 6,621 | 475,785 |
| Evgeny Ler | 6,621 | 475,785 |
| Renat Tukanov | 3,000 | 215,580 |
| Liudmila Kiriaku | — | — |

⁽¹⁾ The value realized is based on the closing price of the common stock on the vesting date, March 31, 2023, of \$71.86, and is rounded to the nearest dollar.

Executive Employment Agreements

At this time Freedom Holding Corp does not have employment agreements with Messrs. Turlov, Tashtitov or Ler. Mr. Turlov has a standard statutorily required employment agreement for all employees in the Republic of Kazakhstan with our subsidiary Freedom Finance Global PLC (“Freedom Global”). Mr. Tashtitov, Mr. Ler and Mr. Tukanov have standard statutorily required employment agreement for all employees in the Republic of Kazakhstan with our subsidiary Freedom KZ. These standard statutorily required employment agreements primarily provide for statutory rights relating to employees, employers, base salary, and payment of salary-related taxes and dues, including personal income taxes and pension fund obligations. Each of Messrs. Turlov, Tashtitov, Ler and Tukanov and Mrs. Kiriaku provide services to the Company on an at-will basis.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

As of August 01, 2023, the record date, we had 59,659,191 shares of common stock issued and outstanding. The following table sets forth the outstanding shares of common stock owned of record or beneficially by each person that owned of record, or was known to us to own beneficially, more than 5% of our issued and outstanding stock, and the name and stock holdings of each director and nominee for director, named executive officer, and the stock holdings of all of the directors, nominees and named executive officers as a group:

| Name of Person or Group ⁽¹⁾ | Shares Beneficially Owned | |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------|
| | Amount | Percent ⁽²⁾ |
| Greater than 5% Stockholders: | | |
| Timur Turlov | 42,405,112 | 71.1 % |
| Directors, Nominees and Named Executive Officers: | | |
| Timur Turlov | 42,405,112 | 71.1 % |
| Askar Tashtitov | 130,200 ⁽³⁾ | * |
| Evgeny Ler | 60,000 ⁽⁴⁾ | * |
| Renat Tukanov | 12,006 ⁽⁵⁾ | * |
| Liudmila Kiriaku | 7,500 ⁽⁶⁾ | * |
| Boris Cherdabayev | — | — |
| Jason Kerr | — | — |
| Leonard Stillman | — | — |
| Amber Williams | — | — |
| All Directors, Nominees and Named Executive Officers, as a Group (8 persons) | 42,614,818 | 71.1 % |

* Less than 1%.

⁽¹⁾ Unless otherwise indicated, the mailing address of each beneficial owner in the table above is do Freedom Holding Corp., “Esentai Tower” BC, Floor 7, 77/7 Al Farabi Ave., Almaty, 050040, Republic of Kazakhstan. The information provided in the table above is based on our records, information filed with the SEC, and information provided to us, except where otherwise noted.

⁽²⁾ The amounts and percentages of shares beneficially owned are reported on the basis of SEC regulations governing the determination of beneficial ownership of securities. Under SEC rules, a person is deemed to be a “beneficial” owner of a security if that person has or shares voting power or investment power, which includes the power to dispose of or to direct the disposition of such security. A person is also deemed to be a beneficial owner of any securities of which that person has a right to acquire beneficial ownership within 60 days.

⁽³⁾ Includes 31,800 restricted shares granted to Mr. Tashtitov as equity incentive compensation. Vesting of these shares is contingent upon Mr. Tashtitov’s continuous service with us through the applicable vesting dates described below, and satisfaction of the continuous service requirement notwithstanding, if the weighted average closing price of our common shares for the 20 trading days prior to a vesting date is less than 70% of the weighted average closing price of our common shares for the 20 trading days prior to the vesting date, then the common shares scheduled to vest on the vesting date shall not vest but shall be automatically forfeited on the stated vesting date and we shall have no further obligations to Mr. Tashtitov as to that portion of the restricted stock award forfeited. Assuming satisfaction of the foregoing vesting conditions, vesting of the 31,800 shares will occur as follows: 10,600 shares on May 18, 2024, 10,600 shares on May 18, 2025, and 10,600 shares on May 18, 2026. During the vesting periods, Mr. Tashtitov will be the record owner of the restricted stock and he will be entitled to all the rights of a stockholder of the Company, including the right to vote and receive dividends or other distributions on the shares, provided, however, that dividend payments or other distributions on unvested shares shall be held in custody by the Company and subject to the same restrictions that apply to unvested shares. The shares will not be delivered until they vest, and he has no rights to assign, alienate, pledge, attach, sell or otherwise transfer or encumber the shares until such shares vest, except as otherwise provided in the applicable grant agreement or the Freedom Holding Corp. 2019 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2019 Plan”). To the extent he forfeits shares of restricted stock for failure to satisfy an applicable vesting condition,

- he will no longer be entitled to any rights as a stockholder of the Company, including the rights to vote or receive dividends or other distributions on such forfeited shares.
- (4) Includes 24,000 restricted shares granted to Mr. Ler as equity incentive compensation. Vesting of the 24,000 shares is contingent upon Mr. Ler's continuous service with us through the applicable vesting dates described below, and satisfaction of the continuous service requirement notwithstanding, if the weighted average closing price of our common shares for the 20 trading days prior a vesting date is less than 70% of the weighted average closing price of our common shares on the immediately prior vesting date, then the common shares scheduled to vest on the vesting date shall not vest but shall be automatically forfeited on the stated vesting date and we shall have no further obligations to Mr. Ler as to that portion of the restricted stock award forfeited. Assuming satisfaction of the foregoing vesting conditions, vesting of the 24,000 shares will occur as follows: 8,000 shares on May 18, 2024, 8,000 shares on May 18, 2025, and 8,000 shares on May 18, 2026. During the vesting periods, Mr. Ler will be the record owner of the restricted stock and he will be entitled to all the rights of a stockholder of the Company, including the right to vote and receive dividends or other distributions on the shares, provided, however, that dividend payments or other distributions on unvested shares shall be held in custody by the Company and subject to the same restrictions that apply to unvested shares. The shares will not be delivered until they vest, and he has no rights to assign, alienate, pledge, attach, sell or otherwise transfer or encumber the shares until such shares vest, except as otherwise provided in the applicable grant agreement or the 2019 Plan. To the extent he forfeits shares of restricted stock for failure to satisfy and applicable vesting condition, he will no longer be entitled to any rights as a stockholder of the Company, including the rights to vote or receive dividends or other distributions on such forfeited shares.
- (5) Includes 9,000 restricted shares granted to Mr. Tukanov as equity incentive compensation. Vesting of the 12,000 shares is contingent upon Mr. Ler's continuous service with us through the applicable vesting dates described below, and satisfaction of the continuous service requirement notwithstanding, if the weighted average closing price of our common shares for the 20 trading days prior a vesting date is less than 70% of the weighted average closing price of our common shares on the immediately prior vesting date, then the common shares scheduled to vest on the vesting date shall not vest but shall be automatically forfeited on the stated vesting date and we shall have no further obligations to Mr. Ler as to that portion of the restricted stock award forfeited. Assuming satisfaction of the foregoing vesting conditions, vesting of the 12,000 shares will occur as follows: 3,000 shares on May 18, 2024, 3,000 shares on May 18, 2025, and 3,000 shares on May 18, 2026. During the vesting periods, Mr. Tukanov will be the record owner of the restricted stock and he will be entitled to all the rights of a stockholder of the Company, including the right to vote and receive dividends or other distributions on the shares, provided, however, that dividend payments or other distributions on unvested shares shall be held in custody by the Company and subject to the same restrictions that apply to unvested shares. The shares will not be delivered until they vest, and he has no rights to assign, alienate, pledge, attach, sell or otherwise transfer or encumber the shares until such shares vest, except as otherwise provided in the applicable grant agreement or the 2019 Plan. To the extent he forfeits shares of restricted stock for failure to satisfy and applicable vesting condition, he will no longer be entitled to any rights as a stockholder of the Company, including the rights to vote or receive dividends or other distributions on such forfeited shares.
- (6) Includes 4,500 restricted shares granted to Mrs. Kiriaku as equity incentive compensation. Vesting of the 4,500 shares is contingent upon Mrs. Kiriaku's continuous service with us through the applicable vesting dates described below, and satisfaction of the continuous service requirement notwithstanding, if the weighted average closing price of our common shares for the 20 trading days prior to a vesting date is less than 70% of the weighted average closing price of our common shares on the immediately prior vesting date, then the common shares scheduled to vest on the vesting date shall not vest but shall be automatically forfeited on the stated vesting date and we shall have no further obligations to Mrs. Kiriaku as to that portion of the restricted stock award forfeited. Assuming satisfaction of the foregoing vesting conditions, vesting of the 4,500 shares will occur as follows: 1,500 shares on May 18, 2024, 1,500 shares on May 18, 2025, and 1,500 shares on May 18, 2026. During the vesting periods, Mrs. Kiriaku will be the record owner of the restricted stock and she will be entitled to all the rights of a stockholder of the Company, including the right to vote and receive dividends or other distributions on the shares, provided, however, that dividend payments or other distributions on unvested shares shall be held in custody by the Company and subject to the same restrictions that apply to unvested shares. The shares will not be delivered until they vest, and she has no rights to assign, alienate, pledge, attach, sell or otherwise transfer or encumber the shares until such shares vest, except as otherwise provided in the applicable grant agreement or the 2019 Plan. To the extent she forfeits shares of restricted stock for failure to satisfy and applicable vesting condition, she will no longer be entitled to any rights as a stockholder of the Company, including the rights to vote or receive dividends or other distributions on such forfeited shares.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions and Director Independence

Review, Approval or Ratification of Transactions with Related Persons

In accordance with our Audit Committee Charter, our audit committee, all members of which are independent, is responsible for reviewing, approving and overseeing any transaction between the Company, including its subsidiaries, and any related person (as defined in Item 404 of SEC Regulation S-K) and any other potential conflict of interest situations on an ongoing basis. Item 404 identifies a "related person" as any person who is: (i) an executive officer, director or nominee

for director of the registrant; (ii) any holder of greater than 5% of any class of the registrant's voting securities; and (iii) any immediate family member of any of the foregoing. Consistent with the requirements of the Audit Committee Charter and the Company's policies and procedures, at least quarterly the audit committee reviews, and as appropriate approves or ratifies, all transactions in which a related party may have a direct or indirect material interest in which the amount involved in such transaction or proposed transaction would exceed \$120,000 in a single year. Based on all the relevant facts and circumstances, the audit committee decides whether a related-person transaction is appropriate, and in our best interests, and conforms with SEC rules prohibiting personal loans to executive officers and directors. At least quarterly the audit committee also monitors ongoing, previously-approved or ratified transactions with related parties.

Transactions with Related Persons

In addition to the compensation arrangements discussed in "Executive Compensation" elsewhere in this proxy statement, the following is a description of transactions between the Company and related persons since April 1, 2022, that exceeded or are anticipated to exceed \$120,000 in a single year.

Certain of our executive officers, directors, greater than 5% stockholders and persons or entities affiliated with them have brokerage, banking and/or other discretionary accounts with our subsidiary companies and engage in transactions with those entities in the ordinary course of business involving brokerage, banking and investment banking services. Such transactions are made on substantially the same terms and conditions as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with similarly situated customers and eligible employees. In connection with these accounts, our subsidiaries may extend credit in the ordinary course of business to certain of our directors, executive officers, greater than 5% stockholders and persons or entities affiliated with them. These extensions of credit may be in connection with margin lending or other extensions of credit by our subsidiaries in the ordinary course of business, on substantially the same terms, including interest rates and collateral, as those prevailing at the time for comparable extensions of credit with similarly situated unaffiliated third parties and do not involve more than the normal risk of collectability or present other unfavorable features.

Transactions with Timur Turlov

During fiscal 2023 we derived approximately \$198 million, or approximately 99.7%, of our total fee and commission income from entities owned or controlled by Mr. Turlov, including approximately \$197 million from FST Belize and its customers, \$585,000 from Mr. Turlov personally and \$126,000 from Freedom Mobile World LLP. Also, during fiscal 2023 we paid commission expense to FST Belize of approximately \$680,000 and earned interest income from FST Belize of approximately \$23 million. We also paid approximately \$412,000 to Mr. Turlov personally and \$248,000 in interest expense to FFIN Credit. The foregoing transactions were performed in the ordinary course of our brokerage and banking businesses and such transactions were made on substantially the same terms and conditions as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with similarly unaffiliated third parties.

FST Belize

FST Belize is a corporation registered in and licensed as a broker dealer in Belize to service the investment needs of customers desiring broader investments options in international securities markets. FST Belize was formed in 2014 and is owned personally by Mr. Turlov; it is not part of our group of companies. FST Belize has its own brokerage customers, which include individuals, some entities and three institutional market-makers. FST Belize holds several transparent omnibus brokerage account holder with Freedom EU. The majority of the order flow from FST Belize relates to customer activities within the FST Belize's omnibus accounts. Our relationship with FST Belize has also provided us and our customers with a substantial liquidity pool for trading. We expect FST Belize will continue to process brokerage transactions for its customers through us, so long as such business is not prohibited by U.S., UK, or EU sanctions or prohibited by Russian counter sanctions. To date, the government of Belize has not issued any economic sanctions against Russia or any other jurisdiction.

Microfinance organization Freedom Finance Credit

As of March 31, 2023, the Company had loans issued in the amount of \$121 million which includes uncollateralized bank customer loans purchased by Freedom Bank KZ from a related party, microfinance organization Freedom Finance Credit ("FFIN Credit"), a company outside of the FRHC group which is controlled by Timur Turlov. These loans were purchased at a discount to their nominal value by the Company's subsidiary Freedom Bank KZ. FFIN Credit is a non-bank credit institution that issues loans in Kazakhstan under simplified lending procedures. The principal operations of FFIN Credit are providing loans to customers online using biometric identification and its proprietary scoring process. While Freedom Bank KZ has legal ownership of the uncollateralized retail loans purchased from FFIN Credit, in accordance with U.S. GAAP requirements, the Company does not recognize those loans as uncollateralized bank customer loans because effective control over the transferred loans is maintained by FFIN Credit. Instead, the Company recognizes

the loans receivable from FFIN Credit on the consolidated balance sheets as right of claims for purchased retail loans, within loans issued.

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

Pre-Approval of Services

The audit committee annually engages our independent registered public accounting firm and pre-approves their services related to the annual audit and interim quarterly reviews of our financial statements and all reasonably related assurance services. All non-audit services are also considered for pre-approval by the audit committee. Audit committee pre-approval of audit and non-audit services is not required if the engagement for the services is entered into pursuant to pre-approval policies and procedures established by the audit committee regarding our engagement of the independent registered public accounting firm.

Audit Fees, Related Fees and Tax Fees

Deloitte, LLP served as our independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023. Prior thereto, the firm of WSRP, LLC served as our independent registered public accounting firm since March 2017. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, Deloitte, LLP served as an independent registered public accounting firm of certain of the Company's subsidiaries.

The fees for professional services billed to us and our subsidiaries by Deloitte, LLP for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 in connection with services provided in such fiscal years were as follows:

| Fee Type | For the year ended March 31, 2023 (\$) | For the year ended March 31, 2022 (\$) |
|--------------------|---|---|
| Audit fees | 5,555,733 | 244,081 |
| Audit-related fees | 76,101 | — |
| Tax fees | — | — |
| All other fees | — | — |
| Total | 5,631,834 | 244,081 |

Audit Fees. Audit fees were for professional services rendered in connection with the audit of the financial statements included in our annual report on Form 10-K and review of the financial statements included in our quarterly reports of Form 10-Q and for services normally provided by our independent registered public accounting firm in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements and fees for Sarbanes-Oxley 404 audit work. Audit fees also include the separate entity audits of Freedom EU, Freedom Technologies, Freedom KZ, Freedom Global, Freedom Bank KZ, Freedom Life and Freedom Insurance.

Audit-Related Fees. Audit-related fees during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023 were primarily comprised of fees billed by Deloitte, LLP for professional services related to non-U.S. statutory reporting and document review.

Tax Fees. There were no fees billed to us or our subsidiaries by Deloitte, LLP for professional services rendered for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022.

All of the services provided by Deloitte, LLP described above were approved by our audit committee pursuant to our audit committee's pre-approval policies.

The audit committee has determined that the provision of services described above was compatible with Deloitte, LLP maintaining its independence.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules

(a) The following documents are filed as part of this annual report:

Financial Statements

The consolidated audited financial statements required to be filed in this annual report are included in Part II, Item 8 hereof.

Exhibits

| Exhibit No. | Exhibit Description |
|-------------|--|
| 3.01 | Restated Articles of Incorporation of Freedom Holding Corp. ⁽¹⁾ |
| 3.02 | By-Laws of Freedom Holding Corp. (as amended through February 4, 2019) ⁽¹⁾ |
| 4.01 | Description of Registrant's Securities Registered under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ⁽²⁾ |
| 4.03 | Guarantee Agreement dated August 10, 2021, between Freedom Holding Corp. and Freedom Finance SPC Ltd. in relation to U.S.\$200,000,000 Bond Program of Freedom Finance SPC Ltd. ^{(8)9%} |
| 4.04 | Offer Terms of the 5.5% Coupon US\$66,000,000 Bonds Due October 21, 2026 issued by Freedom Finance SPC Ltd ⁽⁹⁾ |
| 10.01 | Freedom Holding Corp., 2019 Equity Incentive Plan ^{(4)±} |
| 10.02 | Employment contract dated February 1, 2021 between Freedom Finance Global PLC and Timur Turlov ^{*±} |
| 10.03 | Agreement with Member of the Board of Directors dated July 24, 2020 Freedom Finance Global PLC and Askar Tashtitov ^{*±} |
| 10.04 | Employment Agreement No. 18-107/1 dated November 1, 2018 between Freedom Finance Joint Stock Company and Askar Tashtitov ^{(2)±9%#} |
| 10.05 | Supplementary Agreement to an Employment Contract No. 18-107/1 from 01 November 2018 between Freedom Finance Joint Stock Company and Askar Tashtitov ^{12)±9%#} |
| 10.06 | Agreement with Member of the Board of Directors dated July 24, 2020 Freedom Finance Global PLC and Evgeniy Ler ^{*±} |
| 10.07 | Agreement dated February 9, 2015 between Freedom Finance Joint Stock Company and Evgeniy Ler ^{*±} |
| 10.08 | Supplementary Agreement dated January 25, 2016 to the Employment Contract No. 15-128 dated February 9, 2015 between Freedom Finance Joint Stock Company and Evgeniy Ler ^{12)±9%#} |
| 10.09 | Supplementary Agreement to an Employment Contract No. 15-128 from 09 February 2015 between Freedom Finance Joint Stock Company and Evgeniy Ler ^{12)±9%#} |
| 10.10 | Employment Agreement No. 16-217 dated August 1, 2016 between Freedom Finance Joint Stock Company and Renat Tukanov ^{*±} |
| 10.11 | Employment contract dated September 14, 2020 between Freedom Finance Global PLC and Renat Tukanov ^{*±} |
| 10.12 | Offer of Employment, dated September 23, 2021, between Freedom Holding Corp. and Liudmila Kiriaku ⁽¹¹⁾ |
| 10.13 | Employment contract dated February 1, 2021 between Freedom Finance Global PLC and Liudmila Kiriaku ^{*±} |
| 10.14 | Restricted Stock Award Agreement, effective May 18, 2021, between Freedom Holding Corp. and Renat Tukanov ^{*±} |
| 10.15 | Restricted Stock Award Agreement, effective March 30, 2022, between Freedom Holding Corp. and Liudmila Kiriaku ⁽¹¹⁾ |
| 10.16 | Long Term Equity Incentive Compensation Agreement, effective May 18, 2021, between Freedom Holding Corp. and Askar Tashtitov ^{(7)±} |
| 10.17 | Long Term Equity Incentive Compensation Agreement, effective May 18, 2021, between Freedom Holding Corp. and Evgeniy Ler ^{(7)±} |

| | |
|-------|--|
| 10.18 | Purchase and Sale Agreement of 100% Interest in Authorized Capital of Freedom Finance Investment Company Limited Liability Company dated October 17, 2022 between Freedom Holding Corp. and Mr. Maksim Sergeevich Povalishin (Portions of this agreement have been redacted in compliance with Regulation S-K Item 601(b)(10))⁽¹⁰⁾ |
| 10.19 | Membership Interest Purchase Agreement, effective February 15, 2023, between Freedom Holding Corp., Maxim Partners LLC, MJR Holdings, Inc., Wallace LLC, Michael Rabinowitz and Maxim Financial Advisors LLC* |
| 14.01 | Code of Ethics⁽⁵⁾ |
| 21.01 | Schedule of Subsidiaries⁺ |
| 23.01 | Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (WSRP, LLC)⁺ |
| 23.02 | Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (Deloitte LLP)⁺ |
| 31.01 | Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002⁺ |
| 31.02 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002⁺ |
| 32.01 | Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002⁺ |
| | The following Freedom Holding Corp. financial information for the year ended March 31, 2022, formatted in XBRL (eXtensive Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Operations, (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.* |
| 101 | |
| 104 | Cover page formatted in inline XBRL (included in Exhibit 101).* |

- * Filed herewith.
- + Indicates management contract, compensatory plan or arrangement of the Company.
- % Certain portions of this exhibit (indicated by "[***]") have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(a)(6) of Regulation S-K.
- # This exhibit is an English translation of a foreign language document. The Company hereby agrees to furnish to the SEC, upon request, a copy of the foreign language document.
- (1) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 6, 2019.
 - (2) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's original Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on July 14, 2020.
 - (3) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on February 10, 2020.
 - (4) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on September 21, 2018.
 - (5) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 27, 2018.
 - (6) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on December 29, 2020.
 - (7) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 21, 2021.
 - (8) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 22, 2021.
 - (9) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on February 9, 2022.
 - (10) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on November 15, 2022.
 - (11) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's original Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on May 31, 2022.

Item 16. FORM 10-K SUMMARY

None.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

Date: August 4, 2023

By: /s/ Timur Turlov
Timur Turlov
Chief Executive Officer
(Duly Authorized Representative)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the date indicated.

| <u>Signatures</u> | <u>Title</u> | <u>Date</u> |
|---|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| <u>/s/ Timur Turlov</u> Timur Turlov | Chief Executive Officer and Chairman | August 4, 2023 |
| <u>/s/ Evgeniy Ler</u> Evgeniy Ler | Chief Financial Officer | August 4, 2023 |
| <u>/s/ Askar Tashtitov</u> Askar Tashtitov | President and Director | August 4, 2023 |
| <u>/s/ Boris Cherdabayev</u> Boris Cherdabayev | Director | August 4, 2023 |
| <u>/s/ Jason Kerr</u> Jason Kerr | Director | August 4, 2023 |
| <u>/s/ Leonard Stillman</u> Leonard Stillman | Director | August 4, 2023 |
| <u>/s/ Amber Williams</u> Amber Williams | Director | August 4, 2023 |

Certain portions of this exhibit (indicated by “[***]”) have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(a)(6) of Regulation S-K.
This exhibit is an English translation of a foreign language document. The Company hereby agrees to furnish to the SEC, upon request, a copy of the foreign language document.

EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT № 21-38/1

THIS EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT is entered into force on 01 February 2021 (the Contract) BETWEEN:

(1) Freedom Finance Global PLC, a private company duly registered in the Registrar of Companies of Astana Financial Services Authority and licensed under the commercial number AFSA-A-LA-2020-0019 and the identification number 200240900095, having its registered office at: 010017, the Republic of Kazakhstan, Nur-Sultan, Mangilik El ave., 55/20, block C4.1., Office 141

(hereinafter referred to as the Company); and

(2) Full name: Timur Ruslanovich Turlov
Nationality:
Registration address:*****

Residence address: *****

Contact telephone numbers: *****

Identity document, passport: *****

IIN: *****

(hereinafter referred to as the Employee).

WHEREAS:

- a) The Company has made an employment offer to the Employee.
 - b) The Employee has accepted a job offer in accordance with the terms of this Contract.
- The Parties have agreed as follows:

1. TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

1.1. In this Contract, unless the context requires otherwise, the following expressions shall have the following meanings:

AIFC means the Astana International Financial Centre, the area within the City of Astana determined by the President of the Republic of Kazakhstan as the area where the special legal regime in the financial sphere established by the Constitutional Statute of the Republic of Kazakhstan “On the Astana International Financial Centre” as of December 7, 2015 applies.

AFSA means Astana Financial Services Authority, an independent regulator of the Astana International Financial Centre;

Commencement Date means employment relations commencing date - 01.02.2021;

AIFC Employment Regulations mean the Employment Regulations of AIFC, adopted by the Governor under Article 4 of the Constitutional Statute and subparagraph 3) of paragraph 9 of the Management Council Resolution on AIFC Bodies on December 20, 2017 as amended;

Registrar of Companies means the Registrar of Companies of Astana Financial Services Regulator;

Parties means the Parties to this Contract, and the expression Party means any of the Parties;

Kazakhstan means the Republic of Kazakhstan;

Year means the 12-month period by the Gregorian calendar beginning on January 1 and ending on December 31;

Group of Persons means the Company, its customers, founders, other employees of the Company, except for the Employee, contractual counterparties, other persons associated with the Company, including related and affiliated legal entities and individuals.

1.2. In this Contract, unless otherwise stated, reference to:

- a) "includes" and "including" means included but not limited to;
- b) "text", "paragraphs", "unnumbered paragraphs" or "graphs" mean the texts, articles and paragraphs of the Contract;
- c) words used in singular include plural and vice versa, and words using the word "gender" include any gender; and
- d) time of the day, unless otherwise stated, is a reference to time in Nur-Sultan, the Republic of Kazakhstan.

2. CONTRACT TERM

2.1. The Company hires the Employee as **President** for a period of 1 year in accordance with the terms and conditions of this **Contract** to perform the functions specified in the job description of the Employee. Upon the expiration of this **Contract**, if neither Party has stated its willingness to extend the **Contract** for a specified period, no later than 7 calendar days before the expiration of the **Contract**, the **Contract** shall be deemed extended for an indefinite period.

2.2. The Employee shall come into office from the date of the Contract conclusion and continues to work until it is terminated or extended in accordance with this Contract.

3. TIMETABLES AND SCHEDULES

3.1. Timetables and schedules are part of the current provisions of this Contract, and references to this Contract should contain references to timetables and schedules, unless the context requires otherwise.

4. RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE PARTIES

4.1. The Employee shall be obliged to:

1) provide the Company with the following documents for the conclusion of the Contract:

- Identity card or passport;

- residence permit of a foreigner in the Republic of Kazakhstan or stateless person certificate (for foreigners and stateless persons permanently residing in the territory of the Republic of Kazakhstan) OR refugee identity card;

- a certificate of education, qualifications, the availability of special skills or professional training when concluding an Employment Contract for a job requiring relevant expertise, knowledge and skills;

- proof of professional experience, (for experienced workers);

- other documents at the request of the Company.

2) perform employment duties in accordance with agreements, this Contract, Collective Employment Contract (if any), acts of the Company;

3) accept workplace discipline, namely, to observe and properly fulfill the obligations established by this Contract, Job Descriptions and internal documents of the Company;

4) comply with the requirements of occupational safety and health, fire safety and occupational sanitation at the workplace;

5) take reasonable care of the Company's property and use any equipment necessary and (or) transferred to for the performance of official duties for intended purpose. The Employee is obliged to compensate the damage caused by the violation of this obligation, in the amount of real loss;

6) inform the Company of a situation that constitutes a threat to the life and health of people, the safety of the property of the Company and employees, as well as the occurrence of downtime;

7) The Employee shall admit that any deliberate non-compliance or gross violation of the requirements provided for in this Contract, as well as permanent or single violations that cause losses and harm to the business or property of the Company, may lead to the use of disciplinary actions against the Employee by the Company or termination of employment;

8) not to disclose information constituting official, commercial, other legally protected secret, which became known to him in connection with the performance of employment duties;

9) after completion of professional training, retraining and professional improvement at the expense of the Company, to work in the Company for the period agreed in the training agreement. In the event of the Contract termination before the term established by the training agreement, at the initiative of the Employee or at the initiative of the Company due to the fault of the Employee, the Employee shall reimburse the Company for the costs associated with its training, in proportion to the unfinished working time;

10) in case of any change in the personal data, no later than 10 (ten) working days from the date of their change, notify the Company in writing. In case of a change of surname, the Employee is obliged to provide the Company with documents for a new

- surname (identity card, etc.) and a document confirming the reasons for the change of surname (marriage certificate, certificate of surname change, certificate of divorce, etc.);
- 11) immediately inform the Company or the organizer of the work about each workplace injury and other personal injuries of the employees, signs of occupational disease (poisoning), as well as about a situation that poses a threat to life and health of people;
 - 12) inform the Company of the disablement diagnosis or other deterioration of health that impedes the continuation of employment duties;
 - 13) comply with the requirements of the government labor inspector, occupational safety inspector, internal control specialists and the medical and health precautions prescribed by medical institutions;
 - 14) undergo training, briefing and testing of knowledge on occupational health and safety in the manner determined by the Company;
 - 15) perform other duties stipulated by the internal documents of the Company.

4.2. The Employee has the right:

- 1) to enter into, amend, supplement and terminate this Contract pursuant to the procedure established by the Contract;
- 2) to require the Company to fulfill the terms of this Contract;
- 3) to safe and healthy working conditions, as defined by this Contract;
- 4) to obtain complete and adequate information about the state of working conditions and occupational safety;
- 5) to protect their rights and legitimate interests by all means unless prohibited by law;
- 6) to timely and full payment of wages in accordance with the terms of the Contract;
- 7) to vacation, including paid annual leave;
- 8) to compensation for harm caused to health in connection with the performance of employment duties;
- 9) to compulsory social insurance;
- 10) to accident insurance in the performance of employment (official) duties;
- 11) to guarantees and compensatory payments provided for by this Contract;
- 12) to equal payment for equal work on a non-discriminatory basis;
- 13) for providing with means of personal and collective safety equipment;
- 14) for ensuring the protection of personal data stored in the Company;
- 15) to a workplace equipped in accordance with the occupational health and safety requirements;
- 16) for providing with sanitary and amenity facilities, personal and collective safety equipment in accordance with the occupational health and safety requirements;
- 17) to refuse to perform the work if the Company does not provide the Employee with personal and (or) collective safety equipment and in the event of a situation that poses a threat to his health or life, with written notification of this to the immediate supervisor or the Company;
- 18) for education and professional training necessary for the safe performance of employment duties, in the manner prescribed by the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 19) to obtain an adequate information from the Company about the characteristics of the workplace and the Company's territory, the occupational health and safety conditions, the existing risk of injury to health, as well as measures to protect it from the influence of dangerous and (or) harmful operational factors;

4.3. The Company shall be obliged to:

- 1) conclude a Contract with the Employee upon entry into employment;
- 2) provide the Employee with the work stipulated by the Contract;
- 3) acquaint the Employee with the Internal Labour Rules And Regulations in the Company, other acts of the Company that are directly related to the work (employment function) of the Employee, and the Collective Contract (if any);
- 4) provide the Employee with normal conditions;
- 5) provide the Employee with equipment, tools, technical documentation and other means necessary for the performance of employment duties at its own expense;
- 6) pay the Employee wages and other payments provided for by this Contract on time and in full;
- 7) carry out internal control of occupational health and safety;
- 8) suspend the work if its continuation poses a threat to the life and health of the Employee and other persons;
- 9) carry out compulsory social insurance of the Employee and make contributions for compulsory medical insurance;
- 10) insure the Employee against accidents while in the performance of employment (official) duties;
- 11) provide the Employee with paid annual leave;
- 12) to warn the Employee about harmful and (or) dangerous working conditions and the possibility of occupational disease;
- 13) take measures to prevent risks at workplaces and in engineering processes, carry out preventive work taking into account production and scientific-technological progress;
- 14) maintain records of the working time, including overtime work, in harmful and (or) dangerous working conditions, in heavy work performed by the Employee;
- 15) compensate the harm caused to the life and health of the employee in the performance of his employment (official) duties;
- 16) require, upon entry into employment, the documents necessary for concluding the Contract;
- 17) collect, process and protect the personal data of the Employee in accordance with the AIFC legislation on personal data and their protection.

4.4. The Company shall have the right:

- 1) to freedom of choice upon entry into employment;
- 2) to amend, supplement, terminate the Contract with the Employee in the manner provided for by this Contract;
- 3) within the limits of its powers to issue acts of the Company, including orders, instructions, regulations, labour regulations and other internal documents;
- 4) to require the Employee to fulfill the terms of the Contract, the Collective Employment Contract (if any), the labor regulations and other acts of the Company;
- 5) to encourage employees, impose disciplinary sanctions, hold employees financially liable;
- 6) for compensation for harm caused to the Employee in the performance of employment duties;
- 7) to establish a probation period for the Employee;
- 8) to reimburse its costs associated with training the Employee in educational institutions in the direction of the Company, in accordance with the agreement on education (Training Agreement);
- 9) to discharge from employment and bring the Employee to disciplinary liability in case of violation of occupational health and safety requirements;
- 10) enjoy other rights provided by the current AIFC legislation.

5. LABOUR ROUTINE

5.1. The working hours, rest time, work schedule and break time for the Employee shall be set as follows: a normal working day lasts from 09.00 to 18.00 with a break from 13.00 to 14.00 for rest and meals. In agreement with the Company - a different work time schedule may be set for the Employee according to work schedules approved by the Company.

6. PROBATION PERIOD

6.1. Probation period is not provided.

7. EMPLOYMENT PLACE

7.1. The Employee's place of employment will be in the city of Almaty.

8. WAGES AND ALLOWANCES

8.1. The rate of the monthly wage is indicated by the parties in the Annex No. 1 hereto.

8.2. Wages shall be paid to the Employee by the 5th (fifth) day of the month following completed month of service. If the payroll day coincides with weekends or holidays, payment shall be made the day before. The Company has the right to pay wages to the Employee earlier than the specified date, including by dividing the total amount of wages into several parts paid on different days, but no later than the deadline set by the Contract, based on the applications of the Employee.

8.3. The method and place of payment of wages and other payments to the Employee are determined by the Employer. By decision of the Employer, payments to the Employee may be made in cash or by transferring money to the Employee's account in a bank (card or other account).

8.4. For work on weekends and/or holidays, the Employee, at his discretion, is given another day of rest or payment is made at a time-and-a-half rate, based on the daily (hourly) rate of the Employee.

8.5. To strengthen the interest of the Employee in improving the efficiency of production and the quality of work performed, the Company has the right to introduce bonus systems and other forms of labour stimulation, and also has the right, at its discretion, to pay the Employee lump sum incentive payments in accordance with the procedure and under the terms provided for by the acts of the Employer.

8.6. Upon termination of the Contract, payment of the amounts due to the Employee shall be made no later than 14 calendar days after its termination.

8.7. The Party to the Contract that has stated its willingness to terminate the Contract by agreement of the Parties shall send a written notice to the other Party. The Party that received such notice is obliged to inform the other Party of the decision made within 3 (three) working days in writing. The date of termination of the Contract by agreement of the Parties shall be determined by agreement between the Employer and the Employer in accordance with the current AIFC legislation.

9. BENEFITS AND COMPENSATIONS, SOCIAL ALLOWANCES

9.1. By an additional agreement of the Parties, when the Employee uses personal property in the interests of the Company and with his consent, the Company makes a compensatory payment for the use, depreciation (amortization) of the tools, personal vehicle, other technical means and the costs of their operation.

9.2. The Company shall make compensatory payments due to the loss of work in the amount of the average monthly wage in the following cases: 1) upon termination of the Contract at the initiative of the Company in the event of winding-up of the Company as a legal entity; 2) upon termination of the Contract at the initiative of the Company in the event of a downsizing in the number or staff of employees; 3) upon termination of the Contract at the initiative of the Employee in the event of failure by the Company to fulfill the conditions of the Employment Contract.

10. ANNUAL AND ADDITIONAL LEAVE ENTITLEMENT

10.1. The Employee has the right to 28 calendar days of annual leave every year, in addition to the national holidays of the Republic of Kazakhstan, declared as public holidays. Additionally, the Employee has the right to 2 days of paid time-off if he has used 28 guaranteed days of leave.

10.2. Annual leave is provided according to the vacation schedule. The Employee shall notify the Employer of his intention to go on leave no later than 10 (ten) working days before the date of leave; the Company shall pay the leave payment no later than 5 (five) working days before the start of the leave.

10.3. An annual leave may be interrupted by the Employer only with the written consent of the Employee. Refusal of the Employee from the offer of the Employer is not a violation of labour discipline.

10.4. Unused part of paid annual leave by agreement of the Parties to the Contract is granted during the current year or in the following working years at any time, and a part of unused paid annual leave in connection with the recalling is added to paid annual leave for the next working years.

10.5. The Company has the right to establish certain days of leave for the Employee, having previously sent the appropriate written notice to the Employer at least 15 working days in advance.

10.6. Upon application, the Employee may be granted an unpaid leave for the duration determined by agreement of the Parties.

10.7. Upon termination of this Contract, the Employee has the right to receive a leave compensation amount.

10.8. Based on a written application from the Employee, the Company shall provide the Employee with a leave without pay for up to 5 (five) calendar days when:
marriage registration of the Employee;
birth of the child of the Employee;

10.9. Paid annual leave shall be transferred in whole or in part in cases of temporary incapacity of the Employee for work.

10.10. The Employer shall provide the Employee with a job-protected maternity leave for a period of at least 12 months.

10.11. Based on a written application from an Employee, the Company shall provide additional paid annual leave:

- 1) To the first and second-degree disabled people with a duration of at least six calendar days.
- 2) To other categories of employees where the duration of the additional annual leave is established by the laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

11. SICKNESS BENEFIT

11.1. The Employee has the right to receive sickness and temporary disability benefits in accordance with the Employee's Employment Contract.

The basis for the payment of sickness and temporary disability benefits shall be the sheets of temporary disability issued and executed in the manner determined by the authorized body of the Republic of Kazakhstan on health care.

11.2. Sickness and temporary disability benefits are paid to employees from the first day of disability until the day of vocational rehabilitation or until disability is established in accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan for the working days when the Employee is absent from the workplace.

11.3. Sickness and temporary disability benefits shall not be paid:

- 1) to an employee whose temporary disability has occurred as a result of workplace injuries, sustained in the commission of a criminal offense, in the event of the determination of guilt by a court decision that has entered into legal force;

- 2) during the compulsory medical treatment of an employee on the basis of a court determination (except for the mentally disabled);
- 3) during the time the employee is under arrest and during the forensic medical investigation in the event that his guilt has been determined by a court verdict or decision that has entered into legal force;
- 4) in case of temporary disability of the employee from diseases or workplace injuries resulting from the use of alcohol, narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances, their analogues and precursors;
- 5) for days of disease and temporary disability which fall on paid annual leave;
- 6) for days of temporary disability which fall on leave without pay;

11.4. The amounts of sickness and temporary disability benefits shall be determined by the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the procedure for the appointment and payment - by the authorized state body on labour.

11.5. If the Employee is on sick leave continuously for more than 60 days during any 12-month period, the Company has the right to immediately terminate the Employment Contract with the Employee by notifying the Employee in writing.

11.6 The Company may, at all reasonable times during disease, require the Employee to undergo a medical examination at the expense of the Company by a medical practitioner appointed by the Company with the mandatory provision of the relevant documents. A copy of any medical report prepared by such medical practitioner should be available to the Employee.

12. CONFLICT OF INTERESTS

12.1. An Employee shall not, during [his/her] employment without the prior written consent of the Company, engage in or be interested in, launch or show interest in any activity or profession that is fully or partially similar to the activities of the Company.

12.2. An Employee has no the right to receive directly or indirectly any discount, commission, gift or compensation for his work or assistance from suppliers, partners, other organizations without the prior written consent of the Company.

12.3. The Employee acknowledges and agrees that any violation of paragraphs 9.1 and/or 9.2 shall be the reason for dismissal without notice and/or payment instead of notice.

13. COMPANY POLICIES AND RULES

13.1. The Employee shall undertake to comply with the Company's rules, policies, regulations, instructions and other internal documents of the Company in relation to employment, which may be further amended, revised at the discretion of the Company.

13.2. The Employee shall always comply with additional duties and obligations, which may be changed by the Company from time to time at its own discretion in writing by sending a Notice to the Employee. Failure to comply with these paragraphs is a violation of this Contract, and may be the reason for termination of the Contract without notice or payment instead of notice.

14. INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

14.1. The Employee undertakes to immediately disclose to the Company all inventions, discoveries, ideas, innovations, developments, improvements and all processes related to the operations or business of the Company that were created or conceived by the Employee alone or together with others during the term of this Contract, regardless of whether they were drafted or conceived during or outside normal working hours, and all this is the exclusive property of the Company.

14.2. At the Company's request made during or after the dismissal of the Employee, the Employee agrees to execute all the documents necessary for filing applications for a trademark, patent or any other registration, both in the Republic of Kazakhstan and in a foreign country, as indicated in paragraph 14.1 above.

14.3. The Employee agrees not to make claims against the Company on the issues mentioned in paragraphs 14.1 and 14.2 above.

14.4. Section 14 shall remain in force after the termination of this Contract and the termination of employment relations with the Employee.

15. CONFIDENTIALITY AND NON-DISCLOSURE

15.1. The Employer's confidential information is any information constituting commercial, financial, official secrets, undisclosed information, secrets and production technology, results of intellectual activity and items of intellectual property and copyright, any information about partners, information about the management structure of the Company, tax planning and tax optimization methods, other protected information of any member of the Group of Persons (as defined). Confidential information includes, but is not limited to, information about the personality, as well as financial, commercial and other activities of any member of the Group of Persons, information about the official duties of the Employee, the amount of his salary and remuneration, personal data of employees of the Group of Persons, as well as any other information, defined by the Company as confidential and the disclosure of which may be considered by the Company as an activity that damages the Company (or) its customers, partners, or related to commercial transactions and other activities of the Company and (or) its customers, including documents prepared by

the Employee in the course of his employment activities (Documentation) shall be intended for use only by the Company and shall be its exclusive property.

15.2. Neither the Company nor members of the Group of Persons are required to indicate the information specified in paragraph as Confidential Information so that it is qualified as such.

15.3. Documentation is any records, staff reports, information, data, items of intellectual property and copyright, electronic media, movies, photographs, plans, drawings, product samples, in any design and in any form (paper, electronic, other) related to any member of the Group of Persons, including, but not limited to, related to their activities, production products, technological processes, software and software codes, information about customers and their brokerage accounts/investment portfolios, commercial transactions and other matters prepared by any person (including but not limited to the Employee). The documentation is the exclusive property of the Company, unless it is the property of another member of the Group of Persons.

15.4. The use of Confidential Information includes: any use, practical use, study, disclosure, transfer, publication of Confidential Information (any part of it) by an Employee, providing by the Employee to the persons other than the relevant copyright holder with an access to the Confidential Information (to any part of it), using for personal advantage, other actions and inaction on the part of the Employee, which may lead to a violation of the legitimate interests of any member of the Group of Persons in relation to Confidential Information.

15.5. The Employee shall be obliged to keep Confidential Information secret and cannot use the Confidential Information in any way, except for the cases: for official use in the interests of the Company and when the disclosure of Confidential Information is mandatory for the Employee at the request of authorized state bodies. The Employee shall immediately notify the Company of the need for disclosure and any disclosure of Confidential Information.

15.6. The Employee shall be prohibited from taking the Documentation outside the office of the Company and using Confidential Information, including sending it by e-mail and copying it to any media, using fax, etc. or otherwise allow its disclosure and (or) distribution without the appropriate permission of the Company.

15.7. In the event of termination of the Contract and the employment relations for any reason, the Employee shall immediately and without delay within 2 (two) days deliver (provide) to the Employer all the Documentation and other property owned by the Company, its affiliates, which is at the disposal of the Employee or under his control, and he shall not keep copies of these documents.

15.8. Article 15 shall remain in force for 10 years after the termination of this Contract.

16. RESTRICTIVE CONDITIONS

16.1. The Employee and the Company shall agree that, subject to the above facts and circumstances, the restrictive conditions in paragraphs 14 and 15 are reasonable and necessary to protect the Company and its related business, and that, given these circumstances, these Agreements are fair and reasonable, and the Employee refuses from all protective measures for their application.

16.2. The Company and the Employee shall agree that the conditions of paragraphs 14 and 15 will continue to apply regardless of the method or reasons for the Employee's work discontinuation and regardless of whether the Employee's employment was terminated with or without notice.

17. BUSINESS TRIPS AND TRANSFERS

17.1. The Employee shall agree that he may sometimes be sent on a business trip to other regions of the Republic of Kazakhstan and beyond its limits in the interests of the Employer for the performance of duties arising from this Contract.

17.2. In the event that the Employee is sent on a business trip to another locality, the Company shall compensate the Employee in accordance with the internal regulatory documents of the Company:

- 1) daily subsistence allowance (per diems) for calendar days on a business trip, including travel time;
- 2) the cost of travel to the destination and back;
- 3) accommodation costs;
- 4) other expenses, as agreed by the Parties.

18. CONTRACT EXPIRATION AND TERMINATION

18.1. This Contract may be terminated in the manner on the following grounds:

- 1) by agreement of the Parties;
- 2) in connection with the expiration of the Contract;

- 3) at the initiative of the Employer;
- 4) in connection with the transfer of the Employee to another employer;
- 5) at the initiative of the Employee;
- 6) when circumstances arise that are not dependent on the will of the Parties;
- 7) in case of refusal of the Employee to continue the employment relations;
- 8) in case of violation of the conditions for concluding the Contract.

18.2. the Company may terminate the employment relations stipulated in this Employment Contract with an immediate effect in the following cases:

- 1) for the reason that the Employee has committed a violation that constitutes grounds for dismissal in accordance with the provisions of Article 57 (1) of the AIFC Labour Rules; or
- 2) if the Employee has violated any of the conditions and provisions of this Contract, and the Employee could not eliminate this violation within 60 days after the Employee received a written notice from the Company indicating the violation; or
- 3) The Employee is on a probation period referred to in paragraph 4;

18.3. Upon dismissal from work under this Contract, the Employee shall:

- 1) cooperate in the revocation of his employment visa for work in the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 2) transfer to the Company all documents produced, compiled or acquired by [him/her] that are in [his/her] possession, storage, maintaining or control as a direct result of [his/her] employment, including (but not limited to) business cards, credit and payment cards, security and computer permits, or other data storage media related to the business or affairs of the Company;

18.4. Termination of the Contract shall be executed by the act of the Employer, which indicates the basis for termination of the Contract. A copy of the Employer's act of termination of the Contract is handed to the Employee or sent to him by letter with a notice within three days.

18.5. The date of termination of the Contract shall be the last day of work, with the exception of cases of violation of the AIFC Rules and internal regulations of the Company. On the day of termination of the Contract, the Company shall be obliged to issue a document confirming the Employee's employment.

19. NOTIFICATIONS

19.1. Any notification submitted under this Contract shall be in writing. Notifications may be sent by any Party by personal delivery, by mail or by fax, addressed to the other Party (in the case of the Company), to its registered office at the present time and in the case of the last known addressee of [his / her] Employee. Any such notification sent by letter or facsimile shall be deemed delivered in proper time when the notification was delivered in person or transferred, and if sent by mail - transmitted to the postal company.

20. FULL AGREEMENT

20.1. This Contract shall supersede all previous agreements and arrangements (if any) between the Company and the Employee regarding [his/her] work in the Company, which are terminated by mutual agreement, and the Employee shall agree that [he/she] has no claims at all against the Company regarding such termination.

21. AMENDMENTS

21.1. No changes and amendments to this Contract shall enter into force unless such changes and amendments are made in writing and signed by or on behalf of both Parties. The exception is changes that are aimed at improving the conditions for the Employee - in this case, the Company shall send a notification to the Employer of such changes, the signing of an additional agreement is not required.

22. LAWS

22.1. If it is determined that in the course of any court proceedings any part of this Contract is void or legally invalid, it will be considered separated from the rest of this Contract for the purposes of only a specific proceedings. This Contract will be valid in all other respects.

22.2. If any provision or part of any provision of this Contract for any reason is or becomes void or legally invalid, this will not affect the validity of this provision or any remaining provisions of this Contract in this or any other jurisdiction, and this provision can be separable. And if any provision is deemed valid and effective, if part of the wording has been deleted, it should be applied with such changes as are necessary in order to make it valid and effective.

23. APPLICABLE LAW

23.1. This Contract shall be governed and construed in accordance with the laws, regulations and rules applicable in the Astana International Financial Centre, the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan in relation to taxation and mandatory contributions. The Parties hereto submit to the exclusive jurisdiction of the court of the Astana International Financial Centre.

**JOINT STOCK COMPANY
«FREEDOM FINANCE GLOBAL PLC»**

Legal address:
010017, Republic of Kazakhstan,
Nur-Sultan, Mangilik ave 55/20, block C4.1., office 141

BIN *****

Bank details:

JSC «Bank «CenterCredit»

BIK: *****

Kbe **

EMPLOYEE: TIMUR RUSLANOVICH TURLOV

_____ (Surname in full)

_____ (First name in full)

_____ (Middle name in full)

**DIRECTOR OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEPARTMENT
KASHKEMBAYEVA Z. H.**

/ _____ / **KASHKEMBAYEVA Z. H.**
(signature/stamp)

/ _____ / **Timur R. Turlov**
(signature)

Certain portions of this exhibit (indicated by “[***]”) have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(a)(6) of Regulation S-K. This exhibit is an English translation of a foreign language document. The Company hereby agrees to furnish to the SEC, upon request, a copy of the foreign language document.

EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT No.

Nur-Sultan

July 24, 2020

The Parties hereto:

EMPLOYER: Freedom Finance Global PLC, a private company duly registered in the Registry of Companies of the Astana Financial Services Authority and licensed under the commercial number AFSA-A-LA-2020- 0019 and Business Identification Number 200240900095 (hereinafter referred to as the Company) having its registered office at: 010017, the Republic of Kazakhstan, Nur-Sultan city, Mangilik Ave., building 55/17 represented by Chairman of the Board, Mr. Sergey Lukyanov, acting on the basis of Charter of the Company and the Resolution of Shareholder Freedom Holding Corp. as of July 24, 2020, and

EMPLOYEE: Mr. Askar Tashtitov, citizen of the Republic of Kazakhstan, holder of identity card No. [***], issued by the Ministry of Internal Affairs dated on [***] (hereinafter referred to as the Director, member of the Board of Directors), acting on the basis of the resolution of the Shareholder of the Company dated [***], on the other hand, hereinafter referred to as the Parties, have entered into this agreement (hereinafter referred to as the Agreement) as follows:

1. Subject Matter

1.1. This Agreement governs relationship between the Company and the Member of the Board of Directors related to the exercise of the powers of the Member of the Board of Directors, which are determined by the current Laws of the Astana International Financial Center (hereinafter referred to as the AIFC Laws), the Articles and internal documents of the Company.

1.2. This Agreement sets out the obligation of the Company to pay remuneration to the member of the Board of Directors and compensate for expenses related to the performance of duties in accordance with this Agreement and resolutions of the Shareholder.

1.3. When fulfilling their obligations, the Parties are guided by the AIFC Laws, and, in terms unregulated by the AIFC Laws, this Agreement, the Articles or internal documents of the Company, the Laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

2. Rights and Powers of the Director, member of the Board of Directors

2.1. The Director, member of the Board of Directors has right, is authorized or entitled to:

- 1) execute, amend, supplement, terminate and cancel this Agreement in the manner prescribed hereby;
- 2) request and/or timely receive any information necessary to perform his functions from officials, as well as employees of the Company, taking into account the requirements of the Law;
- 3) use the office space, communication facilities, other property provided by the Company for the performance of his duties;
- 4) 28 calendar days of annual vacation leave in each year, in addition to the national holidays of the Republic of Kazakhstan declared as public holidays. Additionally, he is entitled to 2 days of paid leave if he has used 28 guaranteed vacation leave days;
- 5) receive annual vacation leave in two months after signing this Agreement in proportion to the time worked. Subsequent annual leave is taken at such times as may be most appropriate for the Board of Directors:
 - if the Director, member of the Board of Directors wishes to take vacation leave, the Director, member of the Board of Directors must give the Company represented by its Chief Executive Officer at least ten (10) Business Days prior written notice, the Company pays the vacation leave allowance no later than five (5) Business Days before the vacation leave;
 - annual vacation leave may be cut short by the Company only with the written consent of the Director, member of the Board of Directors;
 - by agreement of the Parties hereto, the unused part of the paid annual leave is provided during the current year or in the next working years at any time, and a part of the unused paid annual leave, due to the cut short, is added to the paid annual leave for the following working years;
 - at the request of the Director, member of the Board of Directors, he may be granted unpaid leave for the duration determined by agreement of the Parties;

- upon termination of this Agreement, the Director, member of the Board of Directors is entitled to a payment in lieu of unused days of the vacation leave.
- 6) compulsory social insurance and insurance against accidents in the performance of labor (official) duties in accordance with the current Laws;
- 7) education and training necessary for the safe performance of labor duties, in accordance with the procedure established by the current Laws;
- 8) compensation for expenses related to the performance of the duties of the Director, member of the Board of Directors in the manner prescribed by the Articles of the Company, resolutions of the Shareholder, the Board of Directors and this Agreement. In case of the Director, member of the Board of Directors business trip to another location, the Company should compensate the Director, member of the Board of Directors for daily subsistence allowance for each calendar day of the business trip, including travel time; travel expenses to and from the destination; housing rental expenses; as well as other expenses, as agreed by the Parties in accordance with the following standards: air travel - economy or business class; railway transport - first-class saloon; housing rental limits;
- 9) timely and full payment of remuneration in accordance with the requirements of this Agreement;
- 10) on the basis of a written application, unpaid leave up to five (5) calendar days in case of registration of marriage or birth of a child;
- 11) sickness and temporary incapacity for work benefits in accordance with the Agreement. The basis for the payment of such benefits is the temporary incapacity for work sheet issued and executed in the manner determined by the Health-Care Authorized Body of the Republic of Kazakhstan. The sickness and temporary incapacity for work benefits are paid from the first day of the incapacity for work until the day of the rehabilitation or until disability is confirmed in accordance with the Laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan for business days when the Director, member of the Board of Directors is absent from the workplace;
- 12) express his opinion on the issues under consideration at the meetings of the Board of Directors, or written opinions in case of impossibility of personal attendance, vote on the issues of the agenda of the meeting of the Board of Directors in the manner prescribed by the Articles and internal documents of the Company;
- 13) get acquainted with the resolutions of the Shareholder, minutes of meetings and resolutions of the Board of Directors, minutes of meetings of the Board of Directors committees, and audit reports;
- 14) initiate the convocation of an extraordinary meeting of the Board of Directors, as well as make proposals on the formation of or amendments to the Board of Directors Work Plan;
- 15) introduce issues into the agenda for consideration at meetings of the Board of Directors of the Company;
- 16) exercise other rights stipulated by the Laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the AIFC Laws, the Articles and other internal documents of the Company.

3. Obligations of the Director, member of the Board of Directors

- 3.1. When exercising his rights and fulfilling his duties, the Director, member of the Board of Directors must act in the interests of the Company and its Shareholder, in good faith, reasonably and fairly, with due diligence, and make decisions objectively in the interests of the Company observing the requirements of the AIFC Laws and internal documents of the Company, moral and business ethics principles.
- 3.2. The core principles of the Director, member of the Board of Directors are professionalism, rationality, discretion, honesty and objectivity in the fulfillment of his duties.
- 3.3. The Director, member of the Board of Directors is obliged to:
- 1) fulfill his duties, taking into account the requirements of the Laws, the Articles, the corporate governance structure and other internal documents of the Company, facilities provided to the regulator of the AIFC (telephone, video conference, etc.); notify in advance about the impossibility to attend the meeting of the Board of Directors and/or its committee (if any), indicating the reasons;
 - 2) if a poll is demanded at a meeting of the Board of Directors, submit signed ballot form on issues considered at meetings to the Board of Directors and, in case of any comments and objections, submit his written opinion within designated period;
 - 3) execute resolutions of the Shareholder, the Board of Directors of the Company, provided that such resolutions are consistent with the Laws, the Articles, the interests of the Shareholder and/or the Company;
 - 4) analyze information and the state of affairs of the Company on issues within the competence of the Board of Directors of the Company, and present the findings in documented form;
 - 5) properly prepare for the meetings of the Board of Directors, in particular: get acquainted with the materials related to the meetings in advance, collect and analyze the necessary information, prepare his opinions, conclusions, recommendations for making an informed decision;
 - 6) after the expiration of the term of office, including early termination, or termination/ cancellation of this Agreement, transfer within five (5) business days all documents and property of the Company, office premises and keys thereto, if any were provided to him in connection with the fulfillment of the duties of the Chairman of the Board of Directors, to a person designated by the Company; such transfer should be formalized by related acceptance certificate;
 - 7) at the request of the Shareholder of the Company, provide any information within the scope of the Board of Directors competence, except personal and confidential information;

- 8) devote a sufficient time to fulfill the tasks assigned to the Board of Directors as a whole, and the functions assigned directly to the Chairman of the Board of Directors;
- 9) control the activity of the Board of Directors in accordance with the procedure established by Law, share responsibility with all members of the Board of Directors for the effective management of the Company within the scope of the Board of Directors competence, and depending on the opinion expressed during voting at a meeting of the Board of Directors;
- 10) not to use the property of the Company or allow to be used in contradiction with the Articles of the Company and resolutions of the Shareholder and the Board of Directors, as well as for personal purposes and abuse it when making transactions with its affiliates;
- 11) act in the interests of the Company, ensure the growth of the long-term value of the Company, treat the Shareholder fairly and take into account the principles of sustainable development, make an objective independent judgment on all issues, based on a deep analysis of the information and materials received;
- 12) not work or hold positions in companies (entities that carry out brokerage activities or customers' investment portfolio management), except in cases agreed with the Company;
- 13) have no financial interest in competing companies;
- 14) notify the Chairman of the Board of Directors in advance of new proposals for combining work and positions in other entities (commercial and non-commercial);
- 15) refrain from behavior that may lead to possible conflict of interest, neither in relation to himself (or related persons), nor in relation to others;
- 16) refrain from actions that may lead to conflict of interest;
- 17) refrain from making decisions on issues on which there is a conflict of interest;
- 18) immediately inform the Board of Directors of the Company about any personal commercial or other interest (direct or indirect), in actual or possible transactions, contracts, projects related to the Company, in the manner prescribed by the internal documents of the Company;
- 19) inform the Board of Directors in a timely manner and not participate in consideration and voting on the issue(s) of the agenda of the meeting of the Board of Directors, in which there is an interest;
- 20) not accept any gift, service or any advantage from individuals or legal entities that represent or may be considered as remuneration for decisions or actions taken or performed as the Director, member of the Board of Directors;
- 21) not disclose confidential, insider and other information that became known in connection with the fulfillment of the duties of the Chairman of the Board of Directors to persons who do not have access to such information, as well as use it in his own interests or the interests of third parties, during the holding office of the Chairman of the Board of Directors, and within five (5) years after the expiration of this Agreement, as well as within the period specified in the documents (information) that have become known, unless a longer period is stipulated by the documents of the Company;
- 22) when working in the premises of the Company, observe the rules and procedures stipulated by the internal documents of the Company related to the security regime and handling confidential information of the Company;
- 23) regularly provide information about his affiliates within the time frame designated by the documents of the Company;
- 24) comply with the provisions of the Conflicts of Interest Regulations and the Code of Business Ethics of the Company;
- 25) exclude cases of dominance, influencing members of the Board of Directors, as well as other officials of the Company when making decisions on a particular issue, discourage a "tick-box" approach to risks and decision-making, exclude pursuing personal interests, blocking decision-making by the Board of Directors;
- 26) submit at least two (2) months advance notice of the intention to retire from the Board of Directors, except cases due to force majeure circumstances, family reasons, sickness, accidents, or death.
Force majeure circumstances means circumstances that have arisen as a result of extraordinary events that cannot be foreseen by the Parties and do not depend on them, including, but not limited to, man-made and environmental disasters, natural destructive events and disasters, fire, floods, epidemics, earthquakes, military actions, riots, decisions or resolutions of state authorities that prevent the Parties from fulfilling their contractual obligations;
- 27) for execution of this Agreement, provide the Company with a copy of the ID card or passport, a copy of the residence permit of a foreigner in the Republic of Kazakhstan or a certificate of a stateless person (for foreigners and stateless persons permanently residing in the Republic of Kazakhstan) or a copy of a refugee certificate;
- 28) in case of any changes in the personal data, inform the Company in writing about such changes no later than ten (10) business days from the moment when such changes have occurred. If the surname is changed, the Chairman of the Board of Directors is obliged to provide the Company with documents for the new surname (ID card, etc.) and a document confirming the reasons for such changing (marriage certificate, certificate of surname change, divorce certificate, etc.);
- 29) undergo training, instruction and testing of knowledge on health and safety requirements in the manner determined by the Company;
- 30) comply with the health and safety, fire safety and industrial sanitation at the workplace requirements;
- 31) take reasonable care of any of the Company's property and use any equipment necessary and (or) transferred to him for the performance of official duties, carefully and as intended. The Director, member of the Board of Directors is obliged to compensate the damage caused by the breach of this obligation in the amount of actual damage;
- 32) inform the Company about situation that poses a threat to the life and health of people, the safety of the Company's and employees' property, as well as about the occurrence of idle time;
- 33) perform other duties stipulated by the Astana International Financial Center Laws, the Articles, other internal documents of the Company and this Agreement.

3. Rights and Powers of the Company

4.1. The Company has right, is authorized or entitled to:

- 1) require the Director, member of the Board of Directors to properly fulfill the duties stipulated by Laws, the Articles, other internal documents of the Company and this Agreement;
- 2) terminate this Agreement by one month termination notice given to the Director, member of the Board of Directors in writing;
- 3) if the Shareholder makes a decision on early termination of the powers of the Board of Directors of the Company, all expenses and compensations not paid by the date of termination hereof must be paid in proportion to the period of work;
- 4) carry out, within the limits of authority, the collection and processing of data (information related to the Director, member of the Board of Directors recorded on electronic, paper and (or) other material media), including the transfer of data to the Shareholder, in writing or in the form of an electronic document or otherwise using elements of protective actions that do not contradict the AIFC Laws;
- 5) exercise other rights stipulated by the AIFC Laws, the Articles, other internal documents of the Company and this Agreement.

4. Obligations of the Company

5.1. The Company is obliged to:

- 1) timely and in full pay the remuneration to the Director, member of the Board of Directors in accordance with Annex No. 1 hereto, and other payments provided by this Agreement, as well as compensate for the costs associated with the performance of his duties as a member of the Board of Directors of the Company according to the terms and conditions of this Agreement and other resolutions of the Shareholder;
- 2) ensure compulsory social insurance and insurance against accidents when the Director, member of the Board of Directors performs labor (official) duties, as well as make contributions for compulsory health insurance;
- 3) provide the Director, member of the Board of Directors with annual paid vacation leave;
- 4) compensate for harm caused to the life and health of the Director, member of the Board of Directors, while performing his labor (official) duties;
- 5) timely provide the Director, member of the Board of Directors with reliable and complete information, materials and documents necessary for the proper performance of his duties, taking into account the requirements of the Law, the Articles and other internal documents of the Company;
- 6) if necessary, provide the Director, member of the Board of Directors with translation services, premises, communication facilities and other necessary technical assistance to perform his duties when personal attending a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company;
- 7) collect, process and protect the personal data of the Director, member of the Board of Directors in accordance with the AIFC Laws on personal data and its protection;
- 8) provide the Director, member of the Board of Directors with equipirient, tools, technical documentation and other facilities necessary for the performance of the official duties at Company own expense;
- 9) perform internal control over the labor safety and health;
- 10) suspend work if its continuation poses a threat to the life and health of the Director, member of the Board of Directors or other persons;
- 11) warn the Director, member of the Board of Directors about harmful and (or) dangerous working conditions and the possibility of an occupational disease;
- 12) compensate for harm caused to the life and health of the Director, member of the Board of Directors in the performance of his labor (official) duties;
- 13) perform other duties stipulated by the Law, the Articles, and other internal documents of the Company.

5. Remuneration and compensation paid to the Director, member of the Board of Directors

5.1. For performing the duties of the Director, member of the Board of Directors of the Company, the Director, member of the Board of Directors receives a fixed amount of remuneration excluding taxes, contributions and other mandatory deductions and payments to the budget in accordance with clause 5.1., Annex No. 1 hereto, the Laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan and the AIFC Laws. Payment of taxes, contributions and other mandatory deductions from the amount of the remuneration is made by the Company independently in accordance with the Laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan and the AIFC Laws without any deduction from the income of the Director, member of the Board of Directors.

5.2. The remuneration is paid by the fifth (5th) day of the month following the completed month of work. If the day of the remuneration payment coincides with day-off or holiday, the payment is made on the eve of such day. Based on the applications of the Director, member of the Board of Directors, the Company may pay remuneration earlier than the designated date, including by dividing the total amount of remuneration into several parts paid on different days, but not later than the day designated herein.

5.3. The Director, member of the Board of Directors is reimbursed for expenses related to business trips in accordance with the limits and rules established by the internal documents of the Company.

5.4. By an additional agreement of the Parties, when the Director, member of the Board of Directors uses its own property in the interests of the Company and with his consent, the Company makes a compensation payment for such use, depreciation (amortization) of tools, personal vehicles, other technical equipment and the costs of their operation.

5.5. Upon termination of this Agreement, the Director, member of the Board of Directors shall:

- 1) cooperate in cancellation of his employment visa for employment in the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 2) transfer to the Company all documents produced, compiled or acquired by [him / her] that are in [his / her] possession, storage, care or control as a direct result of [his / her] employment, including (but not limited to) business cards, credit and payment cards, security and computer passes, or other media on which information related to the business or affairs of the Company is stored.

6.6. If the powers of the Director, member of the Board of Directors are terminated due to his negligence, breach of the terms and conditions of his appointment and this Agreement, or due to document satisfactory evidencing deliberately misleading (deceiving) the Company or the Shareholder, or deliberate neglect of his duties, then in such cases the Director, member of the Board of Directors receives payments for the period of work prior to such incident (when it became known) and/or until the term of termination of the powers.

6.7. The remuneration and compensation to the Director, member of the Board of Directors shall be paid via wire-transfer to the bank account designated in Article 10 hereof.

6. Liability of the Parties

7.1. The Director, member of the Board of Directors is liable to the Company for losses caused to the Company by misconduct (omission) of the Director, member of the Board of Directors, including if the Director, member of the Board of Directors breaches the requirements of this Agreement, unless other grounds and extent of liability are established by the Laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the AIFC or the judicial authorities.

7.2. The Director, member of the Board of Directors shall not be liable if he voted against the decision or abstained, which adoption caused losses to the Company, or did not participate in such vote for valid reasons (absence from a meeting due to vacation leave, sickness or other valid reasons).

7.3. When determining the grounds and extent of liability of the Director, member of the Board of Directors, the usual terms of business and other circumstances relevant to the case should be taken into account.

7. Duration and Termination of the Agreement

7.1. The Agreement comes into force from July 01, 2020 and is valid until the date of termination of the powers of the Director, member of the Board of Directors.

7.2. The Director, member of the Board of Directors has the right, on his own initiative, to terminate the Agreement at any time by notifying the Shareholder of the Company in writing in accordance with the established procedure.

8.3. The date of termination of this Agreement is the earliest of the following dates: (1) the date of termination of the powers of the Board of Directors of the Company in accordance with the resolution of the Shareholder of the Company, (2) the date of the resolution (or the date specified in the resolution) of the Shareholder of the Company on the issue of early termination of the powers of the Director, member of the Board of Directors, or (3) the date of receipt (or the date specified in the notice) by the Shareholder of the Company (by the Shareholder himself) of the retirement notice of the Director, member of the Board of Directors about the early termination of his powers on his own initiative.

8.4. The Agreement may be amended and/or supplemented by mutual agreement of the Parties.

8.5. All amendments and supplements hereto must be executed in writing, signed by the Parties and be an integral part of this Agreement.

9. Final Provisions

9.1. This Agreement is executed in two counterparts of equal legal force, one copy in Russian and English for each of the Parties.

9.2. In case of re-election of the Director, member of the Board of Directors, the Company enters into a new agreement with him for the period determined by the resolution of the Shareholder in accordance with the established procedure.

9.3. All other issues not regulated by this Agreement shall be settled in accordance with the Astana International Financial Center Laws, the Articles and other internal documents of the Company.

10. Addresses, Banking Details and Signatures of the Parties

Company:

Freedom Finance Global PLC Registered address:
010017, Republic of Kazakhstan,
Nur-Sultan, Mangilik El Avenue 55/17 BIN 200240900095
Bank details:
Acc. No.[***]
JSC KASSA NOVA BANK (SB of the ForteBank
JSC)
BIC: [***]

Beneficiary Code: 15

Mr. S.N Lukyanov
Chairman of the Board of

Director, member of the Board of Directors: Mr. A.Tashtitov

Republic of Kazakhstan, [***]

Mob.: [***]

identity card No. [***]

issued by MIA RoK as of [***]

Mr. A.Tashtitov

Certain portions of this exhibit (indicated by “[***]”) have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(a)(6) of Regulation S-K. This exhibit is an English translation of a foreign language document. The Company hereby agrees to furnish to the SEC, upon request, a copy of the foreign language document.

**Agreement with
Member of the Board of Directors of Freedom Finance Global PLC**

Nur-Sultan July 24, 2020

Freedom Finance Global PLC, a private company duly registered in the Registry of Companies of the Astana Financial Services Authority and licensed under the commercial number *** and Business Identification Number 200240900095 (hereinafter referred to as the Company) having its registered office at: 010017, the Republic of Kazakhstan, Nur-Sultan city, Mangilik Ave., building 55/17 represented by Chairman of the Board, Mr. Sergey Lukyanov, acting on the basis of Charter of the Company and the Resolution of Shareholder Freedom Holding Corp. as of July 24, 2020, on the one hand, and Mr. Yevgeniy Ler, citizen of the Republic of Kazakhstan, holder of identity card No. ***, issued by the Ministry of Internal Affairs on *** (hereinafter referred to as the Director, member of the Board of Directors), acting on the basis of the resolution of the Shareholder of the Company dated July 24, 2020, on the other hand, hereinafter referred to as the Parties, have entered into this agreement (hereinafter referred to as the Agreement) as follows:

1. Subject Matter

1.1. This Agreement governs relationship between the Company and the Member of the Board of Directors related to the exercise of the powers of the Member of the Board of Directors, which are determined by the current Laws of the Astana International Financial Center (hereinafter referred to as the AIFC Laws), the Articles and internal documents of the Company.

1.2. This Agreement sets out the obligation of the Company to pay remuneration to the member of the Board of Directors and compensate for expenses related to the performance of duties in accordance with this Agreement and resolutions of the Shareholder.

1.3. When fulfilling their obligations, the Parties are guided by the AIFC Laws, and, in terms unregulated by the AIFC Laws, this Agreement, the Articles or internal documents of the Company, the Laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

2. Rights and Powers of the Director, member of the Board of Directors

2.1. The Director, member of the Board of Directors has right, is authorized or entitled to:

- 1) execute, amend, supplement, terminate and cancel this Agreement in the manner prescribed hereby;
 - 2) request and/or timely receive any information necessary to perform his functions from officials, as well as employees of the Company, taking into account the requirements of the Law;
 - 3) use the office space, communication facilities, other property provided by the Company for the performance of his duties;
 - 4) in accordance with Part 4 of the AIFC Employment Regulations, the Director, member of the Board of Directors is entitled to 28 calendar days of annual vacation leave in each year, in addition to the national holidays of the Republic of Kazakhstan declared as public holidays. Additionally, he is entitled to 2 days of paid leave if he has used 28 guaranteed vacation leave days;
 - 5) receive annual vacation leave in two months after signing this Agreement in proportion to the time worked. Subsequent annual leave is taken at such times as may be most appropriate for the Board of Directors:
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- if the Director, member of the Board of Directors wishes to take vacation leave, the Director, member of the Board of Directors must give the Company represented by its Chief Executive Officer at least ten (10) Business Days prior written notice, the Company pays the vacation leave allowance no later than five (5) Business Days before the vacation leave;
- annual vacation leave may be cut short by the Company only with the written consent of the Director, member of the Board of Directors;
- by agreement of the Parties hereto, the unused part of the paid annual leave is provided during the current year or in the next working years at any time, and a part of the unused paid annual leave, due to the cut short, is added to the paid annual leave for the following working years;
- at the request of the Director, member of the Board of Directors, he may be granted unpaid leave for the duration determined by agreement of the Parties;
- upon termination of this Agreement, the Director, member of the Board of Directors is entitled to a payment in lieu of unused days of the vacation leave.

6) compulsory social insurance and insurance against accidents in the performance of labor (official) duties in accordance with the current Laws;

7) education and training necessary for the safe performance of labor duties, in accordance with the procedure established by the current Laws;

8) upon termination of the Agreement, the Director, member of the Board of Directors is entitled to a payment in lieu of the unused vacation leave in accordance with the AIFC Employment Regulations;

9) compensation for expenses related to the performance of the duties of the Director, member of the Board of Directors in the manner prescribed by the Articles of the Company, resolutions of the Shareholder, the Board of Directors and this Agreement. In case of the Director, member of the Board of Directors business trip to another location, the Company should compensate the Director, member of the Board of Directors for daily subsistence allowance for each calendar day of the business trip, including travel time; travel expenses to and from the destination; housing rental expenses; as well as other expenses, as agreed by the Parties in accordance with the following standards:

air travel - economy or business class;

railway transport - first-class saloon;

housing rental limits:

| Republic of Kazakhstan, CIS countries | Russian Federation, Republic of Uzbekistan | Ukraine | European countries | USA |
|---------------------------------------|--|---------|--------------------|---------|
| 73 000 | 65 000 | 76 400 | 96 000 | 118 000 |

daily subsistence allowance -

| Category | Amount by destination (tenge) | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------|---|--------------|---------------|---------|--------------------|-------|
| | Republic of Kazakhstan | | Russian Federation | | CIS countries | Ukraine | European countries | USA |
| | Nur-Sultan, Almaty, Atyrau | other cities | Moscow, St. Petersburg, Novosibirsk, Yekaterinburg, Vladivostok, Khabarovsk | other cities | | | | |
| Per day | 10000 | 8500 | 15000 | 9000 | 10000 | 15000 | 32000 | 32000 |
| Allowance for the first and last days of business trip | 7000 | 6000 | 10000 | 9000 | 10000 | 10000 | 44000 | 60000 |

10) timely and full payment of remuneration in accordance with the applicable provisions of the AIFC Employment Regulations and this Agreement;

11) on the basis of a written application, unpaid leave up to five (5) calendar days in case of registration of marriage or birth of a child;

12) sickness and temporary incapacity for work benefits in accordance with the Agreement. The basis for the payment of such benefits is the temporary incapacity for work sheet issued and executed in the manner determined by the Health-Care Authorized Body of the Republic of Kazakhstan. The sickness and temporary incapacity for work benefits are paid from the first day of the incapacity for work until the day of the rehabilitation or until disability is confirmed in accordance with the Laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan for business days when the Director, member of the Board of Directors is absent from the workplace;

13) express his opinion on the issues under consideration at the meetings of the Board of Directors, or written opinions in case of impossibility of personal attendance, vote on the issues of the agenda of the meeting of the Board of Directors in the manner prescribed by the Articles and internal documents of the Company;

14) get acquainted with the resolutions of the Shareholder, minutes of meetings and resolutions of the Board of Directors, minutes of meetings of the Board of Directors committees, and audit reports;

15) initiate the convocation of an extraordinary meeting of the Board of Directors, as well as make proposals on the formation of or amendments to the Board of Directors Work Plan;

16) introduce issues into the agenda for consideration at meetings of the Board of Directors of the Company;

17) exercise other rights stipulated by the Laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the AIFC Laws, the Articles and other internal documents of the Company.

3.Obligations of the Director, member of the Board of Directors

3.1. When exercising his rights and fulfilling his duties, the Director, member of the Board of Directors must act in the interests of the Company and its Shareholder, in good faith, reasonably and fairly, with due diligence, and make decisions objectively in the interests of the Company observing the requirements of the AIFC Laws and internal documents of the Company, moral and business ethics principles.

3.2. The core principles of the Director, member of the Board of Directors are professionalism, rationality, discretion, honesty and objectivity in the fulfillment of his duties.

3.3. The Director, member of the Board of Directors is obliged to:

- 1) fulfill his duties, taking into account the requirements of the Laws, the Articles, the corporate governance structure and other internal documents of the Company, facilities provided to the regulator of the AIFC (telephone, video conference, etc.); notify in advance about the impossibility to attend the meeting of the Board of Directors and/or its committee (if any), indicating the reasons;
 - 2) if a poll is demanded at a meeting of the Board of Directors, submit signed ballot form on issues considered at meetings to the Board of Directors and, in case of any comments and objections, submit his written opinion within designated period;
 - 3) execute resolutions of the Shareholder, the Board of Directors of the Company, provided that such resolutions are consistent with the Laws, the Articles, the interests of the Shareholder and/or the Company;
 - 4) analyze information and the state of affairs of the Company on issues within the competence of the Board of Directors of the Company, and present the findings in documented form;
 - 5) properly prepare for the meetings of the Board of Directors, in particular: get acquainted with the materials related to the meetings in advance, collect and analyze the necessary information, prepare his opinions, conclusions, recommendations for making an informed decision;
 - 6) after the expiration of the term of office, including early termination, or termination/ cancellation of this Agreement, transfer within five (5) business days all documents and property of the Company, office premises and keys thereto, if any were provided to him in connection with the fulfillment of the duties of the Chairman of the Board of Directors, to a person designated by the Company; such transfer should be formalized by related acceptance certificate;
 - 7) at the request of the Shareholder of the Company, provide any information within the scope of the Board of Directors competence, except personal and confidential information;
 - 8) devote a sufficient time to fulfill the tasks assigned to the Board of Directors as a whole, and the functions assigned directly to the Chairman of the Board of Directors;
 - 9) control the activity of the Board of Directors in accordance with the procedure established by Law, share responsibility with all members of the Board of Directors for the effective management of the Company within the scope of the Board of Directors competence, and depending on the opinion expressed during voting at a meeting of the Board of Directors;
 - 10) not to use the property of the Company or allow to be used in contradiction with the Articles of the Company and resolutions of the Shareholder and the Board of Directors, as well as for personal purposes and abuse it when making transactions with its affiliates;
 - 11) act in the interests of the Company, ensure the growth of the long-term value of the Company, treat the Shareholder fairly and take into account the principles of sustainable development, make an objective independent judgment on all issues, based on a deep analysis of the information and materials received;
 - 12) not work or hold positions in companies (entities that carry out brokerage activities or customers' investment portfolio management), except in cases agreed with the Company;
 - 13) have no financial interest in competing companies;
 - 14) notify the Chairman of the Board of Directors in advance of new proposals for combining work and positions in other entities (commercial and non-commercial);
 - 15) comply with the labor regulations of the Company, as well as internal documents adopted by the Company;
 - 16) refrain from behavior that may lead to possible conflict of interest, neither in relation to himself (or related persons), nor in relation to others;
 - 17) refrain from actions that may lead to conflict of interest;
 - 18) refrain from making decisions on issues on which there is a conflict of interest;
 - 19) immediately inform the Board of Directors of the Company about any personal commercial or other interest (direct or indirect), in actual or possible transactions, contracts, projects related to the Company, in the manner prescribed by the internal documents of the Company;
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- 20) inform the Board of Directors in a timely manner and not participate in consideration and voting on the issue(s) of the agenda of the meeting of the Board of Directors, in which there is an interest;
 - 21) not accept any gift, service or any advantage from individuals or legal entities that represent or may be considered as remuneration for decisions or actions taken or performed as the Director, member of the Board of Directors;
 - 22) not disclose confidential, insider and other information that became known in connection with the fulfillment of the duties of the Chairman of the Board of Directors to persons who do not have access to such information, as well as use it in his own interests or the interests of third parties, during the holding office of the Chairman of the Board of Directors, and within five (5) years after the expiration of this Agreement, as well as within the period specified in the documents (information) that have become known, unless a longer period is stipulated by the documents of the Company;
 - 23) when working in the premises of the Company, observe the rules and procedures stipulated by the internal documents of the Company related to the security regime and handling confidential information of the Company;
 - 24) regularly provide information about his affiliates within the time frame designated by the documents of the Company;
 - 25) comply with the provisions of the Conflicts of Interest Regulations and the Code of Business Ethics of the Company;
 - 26) exclude cases of dominance, influencing members of the Board of Directors, as well as other officials of the Company when making decisions on a particular issue, discourage a "tick-box" approach to risks and decision-making, exclude pursuing personal interests, blocking decision-making by the Board of Directors;
 - 27) submit at least two (2) months advance notice of the intention to retire from the Board of Directors, except cases due to force majeure circumstances, family reasons, sickness, accidents, or death.
Force majeure circumstances means circumstances that have arisen as a result of extraordinary events that cannot be foreseen by the Parties and do not depend on them, including, but not limited to, man-made and environmental disasters, natural destructive events and disasters, fire, floods, epidemics, earthquakes, military actions, riots, decisions or resolutions of state authorities that prevent the Parties from fulfilling their contractual obligations;
 - 28) for execution of this Agreement, provide the Company with a copy of the ID card or passport, a copy of the residence permit of a foreigner in the Republic of Kazakhstan or a certificate of a stateless person (for foreigners and stateless persons permanently residing in the Republic of Kazakhstan) or a copy of a refugee certificate;
 - 31) upon completing professional training, retraining and advanced training at the expense of the Company, and work in the Company for the period agreed in the training agreement. In case of termination of the Agreement before the period designated in the training agreement, on the initiative of the Chairman of the Board of Directors or on the initiative of the Company due to the fault of the Employee, the Employee shall reimburse the Company for the costs associated with or related to his training, in proportion to the unfinished working period;
 - 29) in case of any changes in the personal data, inform the Company in writing about such changes no later than ten (10) business days from the moment when such changes have occurred. If the surname is changed, the Chairman of the Board of Directors is obliged to provide the Company with documents for the new surname (ID card, etc.) and a document confirming the reasons for such changing (marriage certificate, certificate of surname change, divorce certificate, etc.);
 - 30) undergo training, instruction and testing of knowledge on health and safety requirements in the manner determined by the Company;
 - 31) comply with the health and safety, fire safety and industrial sanitation at the workplace requirements;
 - 32) take reasonable care of any of the Company's property and use any equipment necessary and (or) transferred to him for the performance of official duties, carefully and as intended. The Director, member of the Board of Directors is obliged to compensate the damage caused by the breach of this obligation in the amount of actual damage;
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- 33) inform the Company about situation that poses a threat to the life and health of people, the safety of the Company's and employees' property, as well as about the occurrence of idle time;
- 34) perform other duties stipulated by the Astana International Financial Center Laws, the Articles, other internal documents of the Company and this Agreement.

4.Rights and Powers of the Company

4.1. The Company has right, is authorized or entitled to:

- 1) require the Director, member of the Board of Directors to properly fulfill the duties stipulated by Laws, the Articles, other internal documents of the Company and this Agreement;
- 2) terminate this Agreement by one month termination notice given to the Director, member of the Board of Directors in writing;
- 3) if the Shareholder makes a decision on early termination of the powers of the Board of Directors of the Company, all expenses and compensations not paid by the date of termination hereof must be paid in proportion to the period of work;
- 4) carry out, within the limits of authority, the collection and processing of data (information related to the Director, member of the Board of Directors recorded on electronic, paper and (or) other material media), including the transfer of data to the Shareholder, in writing or in the form of an electronic document or otherwise using elements of protective actions that do not contradict the AIFC Laws;
- 5) exercise other rights stipulated by the AIFC Laws, the Articles, other internal documents of the Company and this Agreement.

5.Obligations of the Company

5.1. The Company is obliged to:

- 1) timely and in full pay the remuneration to the Director, member of the Board of Directors in accordance with Annex No. 1 hereto, and other payments provided by this Agreement, as well as compensate for the costs associated with the performance of his duties as a member of the Board of Directors of the Company according to the terms and conditions of this Agreement and other resolutions of the Shareholder;
 - 2) ensure compulsory social insurance and insurance against accidents when the Director, member of the Board of Directors performs labor (official) duties, as well as make contributions for compulsory health insurance;
 - 3) provide the Director, member of the Board of Directors with annual paid vacation leave;
 - 4) compensate for harm caused to the life and health of the Director, member of the Board of Directors, while performing his labor (official) duties;
 - 5) timely provide the Director, member of the Board of Directors with reliable and complete information, materials and documents necessary for the proper performance of his duties, taking into account the requirements of the Law, the Articles and other internal documents of the Company;
 - 6) if necessary, provide the Director, member of the Board of Directors with translation services, premises, communication facilities and other necessary technical assistance to perform his duties when personal attending a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company;
 - 7) collect, process and protect the personal data of the Director, member of the Board of Directors in accordance with the AIFC Laws on personal data and its protection;
 - 8) provide the Director, member of the Board of Directors with equipment, tools, technical documentation and other facilities necessary for the performance of the official duties at Company own expense;
 - 9) perform internal control over the labor safety and health;
 - 10) suspend work if its continuation poses a threat to the life and health of the Director, member of the Board of Directors or other persons;
 - 11) ensure compulsory social insurance of the Director, member of the Board of Directors and make contributions to compulsory medical insurance;
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- 12) insure the Director, member of the Board of Directors against accidents during the performance of his labor (official) duties;
- 13) warn the Director, member of the Board of Directors about harmful and (or) dangerous working conditions and the possibility of an occupational disease;
- 14) compensate for harm caused to the life and health of the Director, member of the Board of Directors in the performance of his labor (official) duties;
- 15) perform other duties stipulated by the Law, the Articles, and other internal documents of the Company.

6. Remuneration and compensation paid to the Director, member of the Board of Directors

6.1. For performing the duties of the Director, member of the Board of Directors of the Company, the Director, member of the Board of Directors receives a fixed amount of remuneration excluding taxes, contributions and other mandatory deductions and payments to the budget in accordance with clause 5.1., Annex No. 1 hereto, the Laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan and the AIFC Laws. Payment of taxes, contributions and other mandatory deductions from the amount of the remuneration is made by the Company independently in accordance with the Laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan and the AIFC Laws without any deduction from the income of the Director, member of the Board of Directors.

The Director, member of the Board of Directors hereby gives the Company his consent to collect and process his personal data (*information relating to the Director, member of the Board of Directors recorded on electronic, paper and (or) other material media*), including the transfer of data to the Shareholder, in writing or in the form of an electronic document or otherwise using elements of protective actions that do not contradict the Laws.

6.2. The remuneration is paid by the fifth (5th) day of the month following the completed month of work. If the day of the remuneration payment coincides with day-off or holiday, the payment is made on the eve of such day. Based on the applications of the Director, member of the Board of Directors, the Company may pay remuneration earlier than the designated date, including by dividing the total amount of remuneration into several parts paid on different days, but not later than the day designated herein.

6.3. The Director, member of the Board of Directors is reimbursed for expenses related to business trips in accordance with the limits and rules established by the internal documents of the Company.

6.4. By an additional agreement of the Parties, when the Director, member of the Board of Directors uses its own property in the interests of the Company and with his consent, the Company makes a compensation payment for such use, depreciation (amortization) of tools, personal vehicles, other technical equipment and the costs of their operation.

6.5. The Company makes severance pay in the amount of the average monthly salary in the following cases: 1) upon termination of the Agreement on the initiative of the Company in the event of liquidation of the Company as a legal entity; 2) termination of the Agreement on the initiative of the Director, member of the Board of Directors in case of the Company's default in fulfillment of the terms and conditions of the Agreement.

6.6. In the event of termination of the powers of the Director, member of the Board of Directors (including early) before the end of the month, the Director, member of the Board of Directors is paid remuneration and compensations for the period of his actual membership in the Board of Directors of the Company, no later than one month after the expiration of the term of office, the adoption of the relevant resolution by the Shareholder or submission of retirement notice by the Director, member of the Board of Directors.

6.7. Upon dismissal hereunder, the Director, member of the Board of Directors shall:

- 1) cooperate in cancellation of his employment visa for employment in the Republic of Kazakhstan;
 - 2) transfer to the Company all documents produced, compiled or acquired by [him / her] that are in [his / her] possession, storage, care or control as a direct result of [his / her] employment, including (but not limited to) business cards, credit and payment cards, security and computer passes, or other media on which information related to the business or affairs of the Company is stored.
-

6.8. If the powers of the Director, member of the Board of Directors are terminated due to his negligence, breach of the terms and conditions of his appointment and this Agreement, or due to document satisfactory evidencing deliberately misleading (deceiving) the Company or the Shareholder, or deliberate neglect of his duties, then in such cases the Director, member of the Board of Directors receives payments for the period of work prior to such incident (when it became known) and/or until the term of termination of the powers.

6.9. The remuneration and compensation to the Director, member of the Board of Directors shall be paid via wire-transfer to the bank account designated in Article 10 hereof.

7.Liability of the Parties

7.1. The Director, member of the Board of Directors is liable to the Company for losses caused to the Company by misconduct (omission) of the Director, member of the Board of Directors, including if the Director, member of the Board of Directors breaches the requirements of this Agreement, unless other grounds and extent of liability are established by the Laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the AIFC or the judicial authorities.

7.2. The Director, member of the Board of Directors shall not be liable if he voted against the decision or abstained, which adoption caused losses to the Company, or did not participate in such vote for valid reasons (absence from a meeting due to vacation leave, sickness or other valid reasons).

7.3. When determining the grounds and extent of liability of the Director, member of the Board of Directors, the usual terms of business and other circumstances relevant to the case should be taken into account.

8.Duration and Termination of the Agreement

8.1. The Agreement comes into force from _____, 2020 and is valid until the date of termination of the powers of the Director, member of the Board of Directors.

8.2. The Director, member of the Board of Directors has the right, on his own initiative, to terminate the Agreement at any time by notifying the Shareholder of the Company in writing in accordance with the established procedure.

8.3. The date of termination of this Agreement is the earliest of the following dates: (1) the date of termination of the powers of the Board of Directors of the Company in accordance with the resolution of the Shareholder of the Company, (2) the date of the resolution (or the date specified in the resolution) of the Shareholder of the Company on the issue of early termination of the powers of the Director, member of the Board of Directors, or (3) the date of receipt (or the date specified in the notice) by the Shareholder of the Company (by the Shareholder himself) of the retirement notice of the Director, member of the Board of Directors about the early termination of his powers on his own initiative.

8.4. The Agreement may be amended and/or supplemented by mutual agreement of the Parties.

8.5. All amendments and supplements hereto must be executed in writing, signed by the Parties and be an integral part of this Agreement.

9.Final Provisions

9.1. This Agreement is executed in two counterparts of equal legal force, one copy in Russian and English for each of the Parties.

9.2. In case of re-election of the Director, member of the Board of Directors, the Company enters into a new agreement with him for the period determined by the resolution of the Shareholder in accordance with the established procedure.

9.3. All other issues not regulated by this Agreement shall be settled in accordance with the Astana International Financial Center Laws, the Articles and other internal documents of the Company.

10.Addresses, Banking Details and Signatures of the Parties

Company:

Freedom Finance Global PLC
Registered address:
010017, Republic of Kazakhstan,
Nur-Sultan, Mangilik El Avenue 55/17
BIN 200240900095
Bank details:
Acc. No. ***
BIC: ***
Beneficiary Code: ***

Mr. S.N. Lukyanov
Chairman of the Board of Directors

Director, member of the Board of Directors:
Mr. Ye. Ler

Republic of Kazakhstan, Almaty

Mob.: ***
identity card No. ***
issued by MIA RoK as of ***
IIN***

Mr. Ye. Ler

**Annex No. 1
to Agreement with
Director, member of the Board of Directors
of the Freedom Finance Global PLC
dated 24 July, 2020**

1. The Company sets the following remuneration for the Director, member of the Board of Directors:

The monthly remuneration is _____ (_____) tenge (excluding contributions to compulsory social health insurance, compulsory pension contributions to the accumulative pension fund and other compulsory payments to the budget in the manner determined by the Laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan and the AIFC).

Director, member of the Board of Directors:

Mr. Ye. Ler

(Signature)

Company:
Freedom Finance Global PLC

Mr. S.N. Lukyanov
Chairman of the Board of Directors

/ _____ /
(Signature / Seal)
(Signature / Seal)

Certain portions of this exhibit (indicated by "[***]") have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(a)(6) of Regulation S-K. This exhibit is an English translation of a foreign language document. The Company hereby agrees to furnish to the SEC, upon request, a copy of the foreign language document.

EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT No. 15-128

Almaty

February 9, 2015

The Parties hereto:

EMPLOYER: Freedom Finance Joint Stock Company, located at: 77/7, al-Farabi ave., "Nurly Tau" BC 4B, Floor 17, office 04, (Certificate of state re-registration issued on September 09, 2013), represented by the Chairman of the Management Board Minikeyev Roman Damirovich, acting based on the Charter, and

EMPLOYEE: Mr. Ler Evgeniy Oskarovich, ID number [***] issued by the Ministry of Internal Affairs dated [***], IIN [***], residing at the address: [***], hereinafter jointly referred to as the Parties, have concluded this employment contract (hereinafter - the Contract) as follows:

1. THE SUBJECT OF THE CONTRACT

- 1.1. The employment relationship between the Employer and the Employee are stipulated and regulated hereby.
- 1.2. The Employer accepts the Employee for employment, and the Employee agrees to be accepted by the Employer on the terms hereof.
- 1.3. The Employer accepts the Employee for the position of Deputy Chairman of the Management Board, Member of the Management Board of Freedom Finance JSC in accordance with the decision of the Board of directors Minute No.02/09 dated February 9,2015.
- 1.4. Place of work: 17, al-Farabi ave., "Nurly Tau" BC 4B, Floor 17, office 04, Almaty.
- 1.5. The starting date for the work is: February 9, 2015.
- 1.6. Hereunder the Employee undertakes to carry out the work personally, observe the rules of the Employer's work schedule, and the Employer undertakes to provide the Employee with scope of work under stipulated labor function, to provide working conditions stipulated by the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan and by Employer's acts, to pay the salary timely and completely to the Employee.
- 1.7. The Parties recognize that their rights and obligations are regulated by this Contract, Employer's acts and current legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

2. TERMS OF THE CONTRACT

- 2.1. This Contract is concluded for a definite period from February 9, 2015 by February 8, 2016.
- 2.2. Upon the expiry of the terms of the Contract stipulated in paragraph 2.1. hereof, Parties have the right to extend it for an indefinite or definite period but not less than one year.
- 2.3. If upon the expiration of the terms of the Contract stipulated in paragraph 2.1. hereof, neither of the Parties has notified in writing about the termination of the employment relationship within the last working day, this Contract is considered to be extended for the same term as previously concluded.
- 2.4. The Employer has the right to extend the Contract for a definite period of not less than one year not more than two times. Upon continuation of the employment relationship this contract is considered to be concluded for an indefinite period.
- 2.5. If the Employee has reached retirement age and at the same time has a high professional and qualification level and taking into account his efficiency, the contract may be extended annually without the restriction provided in paragraph 2.4. hereof.

3. ACCEPTANCE FOR EMPLOYMENT

- 3.1. The acceptance the Employee for employment is formalized by the Employer's act to be issued based on the Contract.
- 3.2. In order to verify the compliance of the qualification of the Employee with the entrusted work the Employee is given a probation period of **1 month since agreement date**. The Employee is subject to the norms of the current legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan during the probation period.
- 3.3. The Employer is entitled to terminate the Contract notifying the Employee in writing, indicating the reasons of such termination if the Employee's work results are negative during the probation period.

3.4. If the probation period has expired and neither Party has notified about the termination hereof, the Employee is considered to have passed the probationary period.

4. WORK AND REST SCHEDULE

4.1. The Employee's work and rest schedule is regulated by the terms of this Contract and the current labor legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, in with connection, the normal duration of working time is established for Employee in accordance with p.1 of cl.68 and p.1 of cl. 71 of the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan:

- 1) a five-day working week with two days off - Saturday and Sunday;
- 2) an eight-hour working day - from 09.00 hours to 18.00 hours;
- 3) one hour of a break for rest and meals - from 13.00 to 14.00, the employee is entitled to use this time at own discretion

4.2. The Employee is provided with the following types of paid annual labor leaves:

4.2.1. The main paid annual labor leave is 30 (thirty) calendar days (excluding holidays within the days of paid annual leave, regardless of using operating modes and shift schedules) with preservation of the place of work, position and average salary;

4.2.2. Additional paid annual labor leave in accordance with cl. 89 of the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

4.3. The employee's paid annual labor leave for the first and subsequent years of work is granted at any time during working year by agreement of the Parties.

4.4. The paid annual leave can be divided into parts by agreement of the Parties. In this case one part of the paid annual labor leave must be at least two calendar weeks.

4.5. The paid annual labor leave can be interrupted by the Employer in case of operational needs only with the Employee's written consent. The unused due to recall part of the paid annual labor leave is granted during the current year or next working year at any time or joins with paid annual labor leave for the next working year under agreement of the Parties. When Employee's recalling from a paid annual labor leave, the Employee can be compensated for the unused days of paid annual labor leave instead of providing an unused part of the leave at another time by agreement between the Employee and the Employer.

4.6. The Employee is also provided with the following types of social labor leaves:

4.6.1. Leave without pay;

4.6.2. Educational leave;

4.6.3. Leave in connection with pregnancy and childbirth (children), adoption of a newborn child (children), on the basis of a temporary incapacity for work sheet, with duration established by the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan;

4.6.4. Leave without pay to care for the child until he reaches the age of three, based on the Employer's application and the birth certificate or other document confirming the birth of the child.

4.7. The Employer is obliged to grant leave without pay for up to five calendar days upon the registration of marriage, the birth of a child and the death of close relatives based on a written application of the Employee.

4.8. In case of good excuse the leave without pay may be granted to the Employee by the decision of the Employer based on a written application.

4.9. The Employee has the right for other types of labor leaves upon reasons provided by the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

5. TERMS OF WAGES PAYMENT

5.1. The salary is to be paid to the Employee for actually worked time recorded in the documents of the Employer for the recording of working hours.

5.2. A set wage is established to the Employee in the amount prescribed by Annex No. 1 hereto.

5.3. The salary is paid to the Employee once a month not later than the 10th (tenth) date of the next month following the reporting (settlement) month, by transferring money to the Employee's bank account. At the same time, the advance payments can be made in the order established by the internal documents of the Employer.

5.4. The Employee may be awarded in the manner and in the amount established by the Employer depending on the specific contribution to the development of the Employer, upon the results of work or by other reasons.

5.5. The salary of the Employee can be increased for conscientious fulfillment of duties by the Employee, improvement of professional qualification, observance of the terms of this Contract, creative initiative.

5.6. Periods of temporary disability of the Employee, confirmed by official medical documents, are paid by the Employer in accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

5.7. Payment for overtime work and work on holidays and weekends is fulfilled in accordance with the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

5.8. Deductions from the Employee salary to pay off his debt to the Employer may be fulfilled based on the Employer's Act with written notice to the Employee. The amount of the monthly deduction cannot exceed 50% of the salary due to the Employee. The Employer has the right to make deductions from the salary without the written consent of the Employee in the following cases:

5.8.1. For repayment of unspent and timely non-refunded money received in connection with a business trip, as well as in the case of failure to provide documents confirming the charges related to the business trip;

5.8.2. In cases providing reimbursement to the Employer the costs related to the Employee training (subject to the existence of a training agreement) in proportion to the unworked part of the set term upon the termination of the employment contract before its expiry;

5.8.3. For reimbursement of an unearned advance paid to an employee in the wage bill;

5.8.4. In cases of defer the paid annual labor leave or recall of the Employee, with the exception of paragraph 3 of Clause 95 of the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan;

5.8.5. In other cases, with the Employee written consent.

6. CHARACTERISTIC OF WORKING CONDITIONS

6.1. The Employee working conditions are normal and are characterized as follows:

- 1) the Employee is provided with a workplace in the office that meets the requirements of safety and labor protection;
- 2) the office is provided with sanitary facilities and the necessary sanitary and hygienic conditions are created;
- 3) the work does not refer to heavy ones and is not performed in harmful (especially harmful) and (or) dangerous conditions.

6.2. The Employer provides the Employee with the necessary conditions for performing his duties: equipped workplace, necessary documentation, information, sets tasks and gives the orders within Employee's duties.

6.3. The Employee duties are regulated by the Contract, the duty regulations, the Employer Acts.

6.4. In cases of operational needs, the Employer has the right to recruit the Employee to work on weekends and holidays with his written consent, except for the cases provided in Cl. 86 of the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan, and workers working on the schedule of shifts.

6.5. The Employer has the right to move the Employee without his consent to another workplace or to another structural unit in the same locality or to entrust him with work within the limits of his title, specialty, profession, qualification, stipulated by the Contract. The change in the name of the title (work) of the Employee, the structural unit, the change in the management structure, which do not entail a change in the working conditions for the Employee, can be carried out by the Employer without the Employee consent.

6.6. The Employer, in the event of operational needs, including temporary replacement of the absent employee, has the right to transfer the Employee without his consent for up to three months within a calendar year to another work not stipulated hereby and not contraindicated to him for health reasons, with payment for performed work, but not lower than the average salary for the previous work.

6.7. In case of idle time the Employer has the right to transfer the Employee without his consent to another job, not contra-indicated for health reasons, for the whole period of idle time. While temporarily transferring to another job in case of idle time, the wages of the Employee is to be paid for the performed work.

6.8. In connection with the changes in the Employer's production related to the reorganization or changes in economic, technological conditions, the conditions of the organization of work and (or) the reduction of the scope of work, the Employee working conditions may be changed while continuing to work in accordance with his specialty or profession corresponding to his qualification. When the working conditions change, the appropriate amendments and supplementary are made hereto.

6.9. The Employee may be sent both within the Republic of Kazakhstan and abroad to perform job assignments related to the performance of his official duties, with observance of restrictions established by the labor legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

7. RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE EMPLOYEE

7.1. The Employee has the rights:

- 7.1.1. To conclude, to amend, to supplement, to terminate and to cancel hereof in the manner and under the terms stipulated by the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 7.1.2. To require of the Employer to fulfill the terms and condition hereof;
- 7.1.3. For safety and labor protection;
- 7.1.4. Of obtaining complete and reliable information about working conditions and labor protection;
- 7.1.5. For timely and full payment of wages in accordance with the provisions hereof;
- 7.1.6. For payment of idle time in accordance with the current legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 7.1.7. To rest, including paid annual labor leave;
- 7.1.8. Of association, including the right to establish a trade union, as well as membership in, to provide protection of their labor rights, unless otherwise provided by the laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 7.1.9. Of participation through representatives in collective bargaining and the drafting of a collective agreement, as well as acquaintance with the signed collective agreement;
- 7.1.10. Of compensation for harm caused to health in connection with the performance of labor duties;
- 7.1.11. Of Compulsory social insurance;
- 7.1.12. Accident insurance while performance the labor duties;
- 7.1.13. For guarantees and compensation payments;
- 7.1.14. For protection of own rights and interests by all legal methods;
- 7.1.15. For Equal pay for equal work without any discrimination;
- 7.1.16. To appeal for the resolution of an individual labor dispute consistently in the conciliation commission, the court in the manner prescribed by the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 7.1.17. For workplace equipped in accordance with the requirements of safety and labor protection;
- 7.1.18. Provision with individual and collective protection equipment, special clothing in accordance with the requirements provided for by the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, as well as this Contract;
- 7.1.19. To refuse to perform the work in the event of a situation that threat to his health or life, with a immediate notice to the manager or representative of the Employer;
- 7.1.20. To appeal to the authorized state labor authority and (or) the local labor inspectorate to conduct a survey of safety and health conditions in the workplace, as well as to participate in the verification and review of issues related to the improvement of work conditions, safety and labor protection;
- 7.1.21. To appeal against the actions (inaction) of the Employer in the sphere of labor and directly related relations;

- 7.1.22. For payment for work in accordance with the qualifications, complexity of work, the quantity and quality of the work performed, as well as work conditions;
- 7.1.23. For resolution of individual and collective labor disputes, including the right to strike, in the manner prescribed by the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 7.1.24. For ensuring the protection of personal data stored by the Employer.
- 7.2. The Employee is obliged:
- 7.2.1. To start fulfilling own obligations hereunder from the date of its signing;
- 7.2.2. To perform labor duties conscientiously, timely and qualitatively in accordance with this Contract, duty regulations, work plans, Acts of the Employer;
- 7.2.3. To observe labor discipline;
- 7.2.4. To observe the requirements for safety and labor protection, fire safety, industrial safety and industrial sanitation at the workplace;
- 7.2.5. To inform the Employer about a situation that poses a threat to the life and health of people, the safety of the Employer other employees property, and the occurrence of idle time;
- 7.2.6. Not to disclose information constituting state secrets, official, commercial or other secret protected by law, which became known to him in connection with the performance of his duties;
- 7.2.7. To compensate the Employer for the harm caused within the limits established by the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 7.2.8. To observe the Employer's Labor Rules and labor discipline;
- 7.2.9. To use the working time productively;
- 7.2.10. to have official business trips by the instructions of the Employer;
- 7.2.11. To develop the relations of comradely cooperation and mutual assistance;
- 7.2.12. To refrain from property damage to the Employer in the course of the work, to take care of the Employer and employees property, including the office equipment and equipment in the Employee use, to ensure the safety of the material values and documentation entrusted to him;
- 7.2.13. Maintain and enhance the reputation of the Employer;
- 7.2.14. In case of conclusion an agreement of full liability between the Parties, to be liable in accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan and the Employer's Acts;
- 7.2.15. To keep confidential and not disclose during the validity and after termination hereof, the following information became known to him during his work at the Employer and intended for official use:
- 1) the legal, technical and special documentation available to the Employer, including statistical documentation;
 - 2) information related to financial transactions, both the Employer and its business partners;
 - 3) information related to the performance of own labor duties, including the amount of wages;
 - 4) information related to the activities of the Employer and its partners, as well as information on its personnel;
 - 5) other information constituting official or commercial secret in accordance with the acts of the Employer, and other secret protected by law.
- 7.2.16. To sign the Non-disclosure of Employer confidential information Agreement and to observe its requirements;
- 7.2.17. In the case of training at the expense of the Employer, to work out the period specified in the training agreement, or in case of termination of this Contract in the manner prescribed by law, to reimburse the Employer the costs related to such training, in proportion to the unworked part of the set term;
- 7.2.18. To perform other duties in accordance with the current legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

8. RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE EMPLOYER

- 8.1. The Employer has the right:
- 8.1.1. For freedom of choice when hiring;
- 8.1.2. To amend, to supplement, to terminate and to cancel the Contract with the Employee in the manner and on the reasons established by the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 8.1.3. To issue Acts within its authority;
- 8.1.4. To establish and to join associations in order to represent and protect own rights and interests;
- 8.1.5. To demand the Employee to fulfill the terms and conditions hereof, rules of labor regulations and other acts of the Employer;
- 8.1.6. To encourage the Employee, to impose a disciplinary sanction, to bring the Employee to material liability in cases and in the manner prescribed by the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 8.1.7. For compensation of damage caused by the Employee during performance of its duties;
- 8.1.8. To appeal to the court in order to protect its rights and legitimate interests in the sphere of labor;
- 8.1.9. To set a probationary period for the Employee;
- 8.1.10. To provide workers with professional training, retraining and raising their qualification in accordance with the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 8.1.11. For reimbursement of their costs related to the Employee training in accordance with the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 8.1.12. To appeal consistently to the conciliation commission, the court for the resolution of an individual labor dispute in the manner prescribed by the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 8.1.13. Other rights provided by the current legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.
- 8.2. The Employer is obliged to:
- 8.2.1. Observe the requirements of the labor legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, this Contract and the issued own Acts;

- 8.2.2. When hiring, to conclude a contract with an employee in the manner and on the terms established by the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 8.2.3. When hiring, to require documents necessary for the conclusion of the employment contract, in accordance with Clause 32 of the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 8.2.4. Provide the Employee with the work stipulated hereby;
- 8.2.5. Pay the Employee wages and other payments timely and full amount provided for by regulatory legal acts of the Republic of Kazakhstan, this Contract, Acts of the Employer;
- 8.2.6. Familiarize the Employee with the Rules of the Labor Procedure, other Employer's Acts that are directly related to the work (labor function) of the Employee;
- 8.2.7. Consider the proposals of employees' representatives of and provide employees' representatives with complete and reliable information necessary for collective bargaining, conclusion of collective agreements and monitoring of their fulfillment;
- 8.2.8. Conduct collective bargaining in the order established by the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan, to conclude a collective agreement;
- 8.2.9. Provide the Employee with working conditions in accordance with the labor legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan and this Contract;
- 8.2.10. Provide the Employee with equipment, tools, technical documentation and other means necessary for the performance of labor duties, at the expense of Employer's funds;
- 8.2.11. Provide the authorized body on employment with information in accordance with the requirements of the labor legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 8.2.12. Follow the instructions of state labor inspectors;
- 8.2.13. Suspend work if its continuation creates a threat to life, the health of the Employee and other persons;
- 8.2.14. Provide compulsory social insurance of the Employee;
- 8.2.15. Provide the Employee's accident insurance while performing the labor (official) duties;
- 8.2.16. Provide the Employee with the paid annual labor leave;
- 8.2.17. Ensure the preservation and delivery to the state archive of documents confirming the work activity of the Employee and information about withholding and deduction of money for his pension provision;
- 8.2.18. Warn the Employee about harmful and (or) dangerous working conditions and the possibility of occupational disease;
- 8.2.19. Take measures to prevent risks at the workplaces and in technological processes, to carry out preventive work with a sheet of production and scientific and technological progress;
- 8.2.20. Keep records of working hours, including overtime, work in harmful and (or) dangerous working conditions, and heavy work performed by the Employee;
- 8.2.21. Compensate for the harm caused to the life and health of the Employee when performing his labor (official) duties in accordance with the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan and other laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 8.2.22. Provide officials of the authorized state labor authority and local labor inspectorate, representatives of employees, technical inspectors for labor protection with free access to conduct safety inspections, inspections of conditions and labor protection in organizations and compliance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, as well as to investigate accidents related to work activity and occupational diseases;
- 8.2.23. Ensure the maintenance of registers or other documents, which indicate the name, surname, patronymic (if it is specified in the identity document) and the date of birth of Employees under the age of eighteen;
- 8.2.24. To collect, process and protect the personal data of the Employee in accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan on personal data and its protection;
- 8.2.25. Fulfill internal control over the safety and labor protection;
- 8.2.26. Perform other duties provided by the current legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

9. ALTERATION AND TERMINATION OF THE CONTRACT

- 9.1. Amendments and supplements hereto, including when movement to another job, are carried out by the Parties by signing of supplementary agreements hereto in the manner and under the terms and conditions provided in p. 2 of cl. 33 of the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan.
- 9.2. Notification of amendments in the terms and conditions of the employment contract is applied by one of the Parties hereto and is considered by the other Party within five working days from the date of its application. The Party received such notification of the amendments in the terms and conditions hereof, including when movement to another job, is obliged to inform the other Party about the decision taken within the time specified in this clause.
- 9.3. Grounds for termination of the Contract:
 - 9.3.1. termination by agreement of the Parties;
 - 9.3.2. Contract expiry;
 - 9.3.3. termination by the initiative of the Employer;
 - 9.3.4. due to movement of the Employee to another Employer;
 - 9.3.5. termination by the initiative of the Employee;
 - 9.3.6. due to the occurrence of circumstances beyond the control of the Parties;
 - 9.3.7. the Employee's refusal to continue the labor relations;
 - 9.3.8. movement of the Employee to elective work (position) or appointment to a position excluding the possibility of continuing labor relations, except for cases stipulated by the laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
 - 9.3.9. breaching the terms and conditions hereof.

- 9.4. The Contract can be terminated by agreement of the Parties. A Party expressed a desire to terminate the Contract by mutual agreement of the Parties shall notify the other Party hereto. The Party received such notification shall inform the other Party in writing about the decision taken within three business days. The date of termination of the Contract by mutual agreement of the Parties is determined by appropriate agreement between the Employee and the Employer.
- 9.5. The Employee agrees that the Employer has the right to terminate the employment contract without observing the requirements set forth in Clause 9.4. hereof, with a compensation payment in the amount of 2 (two) monthly salaries of the Employee.
- 9.6. The contract concluded for a definite period terminates due to its expiry. The date of expiry of the Contract concluded for the period of fulfillment of a certain work is the day of the works completion. The date of expiry of the Contract concluded for the time of replacement of the temporarily absent employee is the day of the employee's work whose place of work (position) was retained.
- 9.7. The Contract can be terminated on the initiative of the Employer under following grounds:
- 9.7.1. Liquidation of the Employer;
 - 9.7.2. Reduction in the number or staff of workers;
 - 9.7.3. Decrease in the volume of production, work performed and services rendered, which led to worsening of the Employer economic standing;
 - 9.7.4. Inconsistencies of the Employee of the position held or the work performed due to insufficient qualification;
 - 9.7.5. Repeated failure to verify knowledge on safety and labor protection or industrial safety by the Employee responsible for ensuring the safety and protection of the work of the organization carrying out production activities;
 - 9.7.6. Inconsistencies of the Employee of the position held or work performed due to the state of health, which prevents the continuation of the work and excludes the possibility of its continuation;
 - 9.7.7. Negative work results during the probation period;
 - 9.7.8. Absence of the Employee at work without a good reason for three or more consecutive hours in a single working day (working shift);
 - 9.7.9. The presence of the Employee at work in the conditions of alcohol, narcotic, psychotropic, intoxicant intoxication (their analogues), including in cases of use of substances causing a conditions of alcohol, narcotic, toxicomaniac intoxication (their analogues) during the working day;
 - 9.7.10. Refusal of medical examination to certify the fact of using substances that cause a condition of alcohol, narcotic, toxicomaniac intoxication, confirmed by the relevant act;
 - 9.7.11. Breaching of the rules of labor protection or fire safety or traffic safety in transport by the Employee, which entailed or could entail grave consequences, including industrial injuries and accidents;
 - 9.7.12. theft of property (including minor larceny), deliberate its destruction or damage by the Employee at the place of work, established by a sentence or court order came into legal force;
 - 9.7.13. the commission of the guilty actions or inaction of the Employee serving monetary or commodity values, if these actions or inaction give grounds for the loss of confidence from the side of the Employer;
 - 9.7.14. The commission of an immoral offense by an employee performing educational functions, incompatible with the continuation of such work;
 - 9.7.15. Disclosure by the Employee of information constituting state secrets and other secrets protected by law), which became known to him in connection with the performance of his duties;
 - 9.7.16. Repeated non-fulfillment or repeated improper fulfillment of labor duties without good reasons by the Employee who already has a disciplinary sanction;
 - 9.7.17. Presentation by the Employer of the Employer of knowingly false documents or information when concluding the employment contract or movement to another job, if the original documents or information could be grounds for refusing to conclude the contract or movement to another job;
 - 9.7.18. Breaching of labor duties by the head of the executive body of the Employer, his deputy or the head of the Employer's branch (branches, representative offices and other subdivisions of the Employer defined by the Employer's Act), which caused material damage to the Employer;
 - 9.7.19. Termination of the Employee's access to state secrets in cases stipulated by the laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
 - 9.7.20. Non-attendance of the Employee at work for more than two consecutive months due to temporary incapacity for work, except for cases when the Employee is on maternity leave, and if the disease is on the list of diseases for which a longer period of incapacity for work is established, approved by the authorized state health authority;
 - 9.7.21. The Employee commits a corruption offense that excludes the possibility of further work in accordance with the legal act entered into legal force, with the exception of cases directly stipulated by the laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
 - 9.7.22. Continuation of the Employee's participation in the strike after bringing to his attention the court's decision to recognize the strike as illegal or to suspend the strike;
 - 9.7.23. Termination of the powers of the head of the executive body, members of the collegial executive body of the legal entity, and also internal audit service employees and the corporate secretary in accordance with the Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan "On Joint Stock Companies" upon the decision of the owner of the property of the legal entity or the person authorized by the owner (body) or authorized body of the legal entity;
 - 9.7.24. Achievements by the Employer of the retirement age established by the Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan "On Pensions in the Republic of Kazakhstan", with the right of annual extension of the term of the employment contract by mutual agreement of the Parties;
 - 9.7.25. Non-attendance of the Employee at work for more than one month by reasons unknown to the Employer;

9.8. The Employee has the right to terminate the Contract by his own initiative, notifying the Employer in writing at least one month in advance. The Contract can be terminated by the initiative of the Employee before the expiry of the notice period according to the agreement with the Employer.

9.9. Upon termination of the Contract by the initiative of the Employee, the latter is obliged to complete the work entrusted to him. In the event that the Employer's property (documentation) is not received and transferred due to the fault of the Employee, the day of termination of the Contract is considered to be the day of completion of the acceptance/transfer of the Employer's property (documentation).

9.10. The procedure for termination of the Contract is regulated by the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

9.11. Termination of the Contract is formalized by the Employer's Act.

10. RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PARTIES

10.1. For breach of the terms and conditions hereof, the Parties bear the responsibility provided hereby and the current legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

10.2. In case of the Employee disciplinable offense, the Employer has the right to apply the following types of disciplinary sanctions: admonition, reprimand, severe reprimand, termination of the Contract by the initiative of the Employer on the grounds provided in sp. 8-18 p. 1 cl. 52 of the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

10.3. The Employee is liable for loss (damage) caused by loss or damage to the Employer's property, for damage resulting from the Employer's action (inaction), including in case of disclosure of confidential information (commercial and other secrets).

10.4. The Employer bears material liability to the Employee in the following cases:

10.4.1. For damage caused by unlawful deprivation of the Employee of the opportunity to work at his workplace in accordance with the requirements of the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

10.4.2. for damage caused to the property of the Employee

10.4.3. for damage caused to the life or (and) health of the Employee

10.5. The liability of the parties is excluded only by force majeure circumstances

11. LABOR DISPUTES

11.1. All issues that are not regulated by the agreement, but arising from it, are regulated by the current legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan or are subject to settlement through negotiations between the Parties.

11.2. If it is impossible to resolve by negotiation, all disputes and disagreements are resolved in a judicial proceeding in accordance with the current legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

12. OTHER CONDITIONS

12.1. Any results of intellectual creative activity created by the Employee in the course of work and / or related to the functions of the Employee under the Contract are an official work. The employee shall notify the Employer of his plans for the creation of the official work, after creation, shall provide the Employer for consideration, and shall render full assistance in the registration of exclusive rights to the official work.

12.2. The Agreement is signed in two copies having the same legal force, one copy for each of the Parties. All applications and supplementary agreements to it are its integral part.

12.3. The content of the contract is not subject to disclosure to third parties.

12.4. Annexes 1 and 2 to this Agreement are its integral parts.

13. DETAILS AND SIGNATURES OF THE PARTIES

| | |
|---|---|
| <p>The Employer Freedom Finance Joint Stock Company 17, al-Farabi ave., "Nurly Tau" BC 4B, Floor 17, office 04 Almaty TRN [***] BIN 061140003010 BIK [***]</p> <p>Chairman of the Management Board</p> <p><u>/s/ Minikeyev R.D</u> Mr. Minikeyev R.D (signature and company seal)</p> | <p>The Employee Mr. Ler E.O ID [***] issued on _____ IIN [***] residing at: _____</p> <p><u>/s/ Ler E.O</u> Mr. Ler E.O (personal signature)</p> |
|---|---|

Translation of the company seal:
/Republic of Kazakhstan, Almaty
Freedom Finance Joint Stock Company/

Certain portions of this exhibit (indicated by "[***]") have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(a)(6) of Regulation S-K. This exhibit is an English translation of a foreign language document. The Company hereby agrees to furnish to the SEC, upon request, a copy of the foreign language document.

EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT No. 16-217

Almaty

August 1, 2016

The Parties hereto:

EMPLOYER: Freedom Finance Joint Stock Company, located at: 77/7, al-Farabi ave., "Nurly Tau" BC 4B, Floor 17, office 04, (Certificate of state re-registration issued on September 09, 2013), represented by the Chief executive officer Lukyanov Sergey Nikolaevich, acting based on the Charter, and

EMPLOYEE: Mr. Tukanov Renat Sautzhanovich, ID number [***] issued by the Ministry of Internal Affairs dated [***], IIN [***], residing at the address: [***], hereinafter jointly referred to as the Parties, have concluded this employment contract (hereinafter - the Contract) as follows:

1. THE SUBJECT OF THE CONTRACT

- 1.1. The employment relationship between the Employer and the Employee are stipulated and regulated hereby.
- 1.2. The Employer accepts the Employee for employment, and the Employee agrees to be accepted by the Employer on the terms hereof.
- 1.3. The Employer accepts the Employee for the position of Managing Director on investment banking of the Freedom Finance Joint Stock Company, to fulfill the duties established by the duty regulations and the Employer's internal documents regulating its activities.
- 1.4. Place of work: 17, al-Farabi ave., "Nurly Tau" BC 4B, Floor 17, office 04, Almaty.
- 1.5. The starting date for the work is: August 1, 2016.
- 1.6. Hereunder the Employee undertakes to carry out the work personally, observe the rules of the Employer's work schedule, and the Employer undertakes to provide the Employee with scope of work under stipulated labor function, to provide working conditions stipulated by the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan and by Employer's acts, to pay the salary timely and completely to the Employee.
- 1.7. The Parties recognize that their rights and obligations are regulated by this Contract, Employer's acts and current legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

2. TERMS OF THE CONTRACT

- 2.1. This Contract is concluded for a definite period from August 1, 2016 by July 31, 2017.
- 2.2. Upon the expiry of the terms of the Contract stipulated in paragraph 2.1. hereof, Parties have the right to extend it for an indefinite or definite period but not less than one year.
- 2.3. If upon the expiration of the terms of the Contract stipulated in paragraph 2.1. hereof, neither of the Parties has notified in writing about the termination of the employment relationship within the last working day, this Contract is considered to be extended for the same term as previously concluded.
- 2.4. The Employer has the right to extend the Contract for a definite period of not less than one year not more than two times. Upon continuation of the employment relationship this contract is considered to be concluded for an indefinite period.
- 2.5. If the Employee has reached retirement age and at the same time has a high professional and qualification level and taking into account his efficiency, the contract may be extended annually without the restriction provided in paragraph 2.4. hereof.

3. ACCEPTANCE FOR EMPLOYMENT

- 3.1. The acceptance the Employee for employment is formalized by the Employer's act to be issued based on the Contract.
- 3.2. In order to verify the compliance of the qualification of the Employee with the entrusted work the Employee is given a probation period of **3 months since agreement date**. The Employee is subject to the norms of the current legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan during the probation period.
- 3.3. The Employer is entitled to terminate the Contract notifying the Employee in writing, indicating the reasons of such termination if the Employee's work results are negative during the probation period.

3.4. If the probation period has expired and neither Party has notified about the termination hereof, the Employee is considered to have passed the probationary period.

4. WORK AND REST SCHEDULE

4.1. The Employee's work and rest schedule is regulated by the terms of this Contract and the current labor legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, in with connection, the normal duration of working time is established for Employee in accordance with p.1 of cl.68 and p.1 of cl. 71 of the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan:

- 1) a five-day working week with two days off - Saturday and Sunday;
- 2) an eight-hour working day - from 09.00 hours to 18.00 hours;
- 3) one hour of a break for rest and meals - from 13.00 to 14.00, the employee is entitled to use this time at own discretion

4.2. The Employee is provided with the following types of paid annual labor leaves:

4.2.1. The main paid annual labor leave is 30 (thirty) calendar days (excluding holidays within the days of paid annual leave, regardless of using operating modes and shift schedules) with preservation of the place of work, position and average salary;

4.2.2. Additional paid annual labor leave in accordance with cl. 89 of the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

4.3. The employee's paid annual labor leave for the first and subsequent years of work is granted at any time during working year by agreement of the Parties.

4.4. The paid annual leave can be divided into parts by agreement of the Parties. In this case one part of the paid annual labor leave must be at least two calendar weeks.

4.5. The paid annual labor leave can be interrupted by the Employer in case of operational needs only with the Employee's written consent. The unused due to recall part of the paid annual labor leave is granted during the current year or next working year at any time or joins with paid annual labor leave for the next working year under agreement of the Parties. When Employee's recalling from a paid annual labor leave, the Employee can be compensated for the unused days of paid annual labor leave instead of providing an unused part of the leave at another time by agreement between the Employee and the Employer.

4.6. The Employee is also provided with the following types of social labor leaves:

4.6.1. Leave without pay;

4.6.2. Educational leave;

4.6.3. Leave in connection with pregnancy and childbirth (children), adoption of a newborn child (children), on the basis of a temporary incapacity for work sheet, with duration established by the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan;

4.6.4. Leave without pay to care for the child until he reaches the age of three, based on the Employer's application and the birth certificate or other document confirming the birth of the child.

4.7. The Employer is obliged to grant leave without pay for up to five calendar days upon the registration of marriage, the birth of a child and the death of close relatives based on a written application of the Employee.

4.8. In case of good excuse the leave without pay may be granted to the Employee by the decision of the Employer based on a written application.

4.9. The Employee has the right for other types of labor leaves upon reasons provided by the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

5. TERMS OF WAGES PAYMENT

5.1. The salary is to be paid to the Employee for actually worked time recorded in the documents of the Employer for the recording of working hours.

5.2. A set wage is established to the Employee in the amount prescribed by Annex No. 1 hereto.

5.3. The salary is paid to the Employee once a month not later than the 10th (tenth) date of the next month following the reporting (settlement) month, by transferring money to the Employee's bank account. At the same time, the advance payments can be made in the order established by the internal documents of the Employer.

5.4. The Employee may be awarded in the manner and in the amount established by the Employer depending on the specific contribution to the development of the Employer, upon the results of work or by other reasons.

5.5. The salary of the Employee can be increased for conscientious fulfillment of duties by the Employee, improvement of professional qualification, observance of the terms of this Contract, creative initiative.

5.6. Periods of temporary disability of the Employee, confirmed by official medical documents, are paid by the Employer in accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

5.7. Payment for overtime work and work on holidays and weekends is fulfilled in accordance with the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

5.8. Deductions from the Employee salary to pay off his debt to the Employer may be fulfilled based on the Employer's Act with written notice to the Employee. The amount of the monthly deduction cannot exceed 50% of the salary due to the Employee. The Employer has the right to make deductions from the salary without the written consent of the Employee in the following cases:

5.8.1. For repayment of unspent and timely non-refunded money received in connection with a business trip, as well as in the case of failure to provide documents confirming the charges related to the business trip;

5.8.2. In cases providing reimbursement to the Employer the costs related to the Employee training (subject to the existence of a training agreement) in proportion to the unworked part of the set term upon the termination of the employment contract before its expiry;

5.8.3. For reimbursement of an unearned advance paid to an employee in the wage bill;

5.8.4. In cases of defer the paid annual labor leave or recall of the Employee, with the exception of paragraph 3 of Clause 95 of the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan;

5.8.5. In other cases, with the Employee written consent.

6. CHARACTERISTIC OF WORKING CONDITIONS

6.1. The Employee working conditions are normal and are characterized as follows:

- 1) the Employee is provided with a workplace in the office that meets the requirements of safety and labor protection;
- 2) the office is provided with sanitary facilities and the necessary sanitary and hygienic conditions are created;
- 3) the work does not refer to heavy ones and is not performed in harmful (especially harmful) and (or) dangerous conditions.

6.2. The Employer provides the Employee with the necessary conditions for performing his duties: equipped workplace, necessary documentation, information, sets tasks and gives the orders within Employee's duties.

6.3. The Employee duties are regulated by the Contract, the duty regulations, the Employer Acts.

6.4. In cases of operational needs, the Employer has the right to recruit the Employee to work on weekends and holidays with his written consent, except for the cases provided in Cl. 86 of the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan, and workers working on the schedule of shifts.

6.5. The Employer has the right to move the Employee without his consent to another workplace or to another structural unit in the same locality or to entrust him with work within the limits of his title, specialty, profession, qualification, stipulated by the Contract. The change in the name of the title (work) of the Employee, the structural unit, the change in the management structure, which do not entail a change in the working conditions for the Employee, can be carried out by the Employer without the Employee consent.

6.6. The Employer, in the event of operational needs, including temporary replacement of the absent employee, has the right to transfer the Employee without his consent for up to three months within a calendar year to another work not stipulated hereby and not contraindicated to him for health reasons, with payment for performed work, but not lower than the average salary for the previous work.

6.7. In case of idle time the Employer has the right to transfer the Employee without his consent to another job, not contra-indicated for health reasons, for the whole period of idle time. While temporarily transferring to another job in case of idle time, the wages of the Employee is to be paid for the performed work.

6.8. In connection with the changes in the Employer's production related to the reorganization or changes in economic, technological conditions, the conditions of the organization of work and (or) the reduction of the scope of work, the Employee working conditions may be changed while continuing to work in accordance with his specialty or profession corresponding to his qualification. When the working conditions change, the appropriate amendments and supplementary are made hereto.

6.9. The Employee may be sent both within the Republic of Kazakhstan and abroad to perform job assignments related to the performance of his official duties, with observance of restrictions established by the labor legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

7. RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE EMPLOYEE

7.1. The Employee has the rights:

- 7.1.1. To conclude, to amend, to supplement, to terminate and to cancel hereof in the manner and under the terms stipulated by the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 7.1.2. To require of the Employer to fulfill the terms and condition hereof;
- 7.1.3. For safety and labor protection;
- 7.1.4. Of obtaining complete and reliable information about working conditions and labor protection;
- 7.1.5. For timely and full payment of wages in accordance with the provisions hereof;
- 7.1.6. For payment of idle time in accordance with the current legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 7.1.7. To rest, including paid annual labor leave;
- 7.1.8. Of association, including the right to establish a trade union, as well as membership in, to provide protection of their labor rights, unless otherwise provided by the laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 7.1.9. Of participation through representatives in collective bargaining and the drafting of a collective agreement, as well as acquaintance with the signed collective agreement;
- 7.1.10. Of compensation for harm caused to health in connection with the performance of labor duties;
- 7.1.11. Of Compulsory social insurance;
- 7.1.12. Accident insurance while performance the labor duties;
- 7.1.13. For guarantees and compensation payments;
- 7.1.14. For protection of own rights and interests by all legal methods;
- 7.1.15. For Equal pay for equal work without any discrimination;
- 7.1.16. To appeal for the resolution of an individual labor dispute consistently in the conciliation commission, the court in the manner prescribed by the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 7.1.17. For workplace equipped in accordance with the requirements of safety and labor protection;
- 7.1.18. Provision with individual and collective protection equipment, special clothing in accordance with the requirements provided for by the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, as well as this Contract;
- 7.1.19. To refuse to perform the work in the event of a situation that threat to his health or life, with a immediate notice to the manager or representative of the Employer;
- 7.1.20. To appeal to the authorized state labor authority and (or) the local labor inspectorate to conduct a survey of safety and health conditions in the workplace, as well as to participate in the verification and review of issues related to the improvement of work conditions, safety and labor protection;
- 7.1.21. To appeal against the actions (inaction) of the Employer in the sphere of labor and directly related relations;

- 7.1.22. For payment for work in accordance with the qualifications, complexity of work, the quantity and quality of the work performed, as well as work conditions;
- 7.1.23. For resolution of individual and collective labor disputes, including the right to strike, in the manner prescribed by the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 7.1.24. For ensuring the protection of personal data stored by the Employer.
- 7.2. The Employee is obliged:
- 7.2.1. To start fulfilling own obligations hereunder from the date of its signing;
- 7.2.2. To perform labor duties conscientiously, timely and qualitatively in accordance with this Contract, duty regulations, work plans, Acts of the Employer;
- 7.2.3. To observe labor discipline;
- 7.2.4. To observe the requirements for safety and labor protection, fire safety, industrial safety and industrial sanitation at the workplace;
- 7.2.5. To inform the Employer about a situation that poses a threat to the life and health of people, the safety of the Employer other employees property, and the occurrence of idle time;
- 7.2.6. Not to disclose information constituting state secrets, official, commercial or other secret protected by law, which became known to him in connection with the performance of his duties;
- 7.2.7. To compensate the Employer for the harm caused within the limits established by the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 7.2.8. To observe the Employer's Labor Rules and labor discipline;
- 7.2.9. To use the working time productively;
- 7.2.10. to have official business trips by the instructions of the Employer;
- 7.2.11. To develop the relations of comradely cooperation and mutual assistance;
- 7.2.12. To refrain from property damage to the Employer in the course of the work, to take care of the Employer and employees property, including the office equipment and equipment in the Employee use, to ensure the safety of the material values and documentation entrusted to him;
- 7.2.13. Maintain and enhance the reputation of the Employer;
- 7.2.14. In case of conclusion an agreement of full liability between the Parties, to be liable in accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan and the Employer's Acts;
- 7.2.15. To keep confidential and not disclose during the validity and after termination hereof, the following information became known to him during his work at the Employer and intended for official use:
- 1) the legal, technical and special documentation available to the Employer, including statistical documentation;
 - 2) information related to financial transactions, both the Employer and its business partners;
 - 3) information related to the performance of own labor duties, including the amount of wages;
 - 4) information related to the activities of the Employer and its partners, as well as information on its personnel;
 - 5) other information constituting official or commercial secret in accordance with the acts of the Employer, and other secret protected by law.
- 7.2.16. To sign the Non-disclosure of Employer confidential information Agreement and to observe its requirements;
- 7.2.17. In the case of training at the expense of the Employer, to work out the period specified in the training agreement, or in case of termination of this Contract in the manner prescribed by law, to reimburse the Employer the costs related to such training, in proportion to the unworked part of the set term;
- 7.2.18. To perform other duties in accordance with the current legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

8. RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE EMPLOYER

- 8.1. The Employer has the right:
- 8.1.1. For freedom of choice when hiring;
- 8.1.2. To amend, to supplement, to terminate and to cancel the Contract with the Employee in the manner and on the reasons established by the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 8.1.3. To issue Acts within its authority;
- 8.1.4. To establish and to join associations in order to represent and protect own rights and interests;
- 8.1.5. To demand the Employee to fulfill the terms and conditions hereof, rules of labor regulations and other acts of the Employer;
- 8.1.6. To encourage the Employee, to impose a disciplinary sanction, to bring the Employee to material liability in cases and in the manner prescribed by the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 8.1.7. For compensation of damage caused by the Employee during performance of its duties;
- 8.1.8. To appeal to the court in order to protect its rights and legitimate interests in the sphere of labor;
- 8.1.9. To set a probationary period for the Employee;
- 8.1.10. To provide workers with professional training, retraining and raising their qualification in accordance with the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 8.1.11. For reimbursement of their costs related to the Employee training in accordance with the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 8.1.12. To appeal consistently to the conciliation commission, the court for the resolution of an individual labor dispute in the manner prescribed by the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 8.1.13. Other rights provided by the current legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.
- 8.2. The Employer is obliged to:
- 8.2.1. Observe the requirements of the labor legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, this Contract and the issued own Acts;

- 8.2.2. When hiring, to conclude a contract with an employee in the manner and on the terms established by the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 8.2.3. When hiring, to require documents necessary for the conclusion of the employment contract, in accordance with Clause 32 of the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 8.2.4. Provide the Employee with the work stipulated hereby;
- 8.2.5. Pay the Employee wages and other payments timely and full amount provided for by regulatory legal acts of the Republic of Kazakhstan, this Contract, Acts of the Employer;
- 8.2.6. Familiarize the Employee with the Rules of the Labor Procedure, other Employer's Acts that are directly related to the work (labor function) of the Employee;
- 8.2.7. Consider the proposals of employees' representatives of and provide employees' representatives with complete and reliable information necessary for collective bargaining, conclusion of collective agreements and monitoring of their fulfillment;
- 8.2.8. Conduct collective bargaining in the order established by the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan, to conclude a collective agreement;
- 8.2.9. Provide the Employee with working conditions in accordance with the labor legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan and this Contract;
- 8.2.10. Provide the Employee with equipment, tools, technical documentation and other means necessary for the performance of labor duties, at the expense of Employer's funds;
- 8.2.11. Provide the authorized body on employment with information in accordance with the requirements of the labor legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 8.2.12. Follow the instructions of state labor inspectors;
- 8.2.13. Suspend work if its continuation creates a threat to life, the health of the Employee and other persons;
- 8.2.14. Provide compulsory social insurance of the Employee;
- 8.2.15. Provide the Employee's accident insurance while performing the labor (official) duties;
- 8.2.16. Provide the Employee with the paid annual labor leave;
- 8.2.17. Ensure the preservation and delivery to the state archive of documents confirming the work activity of the Employee and information about withholding and deduction of money for his pension provision;
- 8.2.18. Warn the Employee about harmful and (or) dangerous working conditions and the possibility of occupational disease;
- 8.2.19. Take measures to prevent risks at the workplaces and in technological processes, to carry out preventive work with a sheet of production and scientific and technological progress;
- 8.2.20. Keep records of working hours, including overtime, work in harmful and (or) dangerous working conditions, and heavy work performed by the Employee;
- 8.2.21. Compensate for the harm caused to the life and health of the Employee when performing his labor (official) duties in accordance with the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan and other laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 8.2.22. Provide officials of the authorized state labor authority and local labor inspectorate, representatives of employees, technical inspectors for labor protection with free access to conduct safety inspections, inspections of conditions and labor protection in organizations and compliance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, as well as to investigate accidents related to work activity and occupational diseases;
- 8.2.23. Ensure the maintenance of registers or other documents, which indicate the name, surname, patronymic (if it is specified in the identity document) and the date of birth of Employees under the age of eighteen;
- 8.2.24. To collect, process and protect the personal data of the Employee in accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan on personal data and its protection;
- 8.2.25. Fulfill internal control over the safety and labor protection;
- 8.2.26. Perform other duties provided by the current legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

9. ALTERATION AND TERMINATION OF THE CONTRACT

- 9.1. Amendments and supplements hereto, including when movement to another job, are carried out by the Parties by signing of supplementary agreements hereto in the manner and under the terms and conditions provided in p. 2 of cl. 33 of the Labor Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan.
- 9.2. Notification of amendments in the terms and conditions of the employment contract is applied by one of the Parties hereto and is considered by the other Party within five working days from the date of its application. The Party received such notification of the amendments in the terms and conditions hereof, including when movement to another job, is obliged to inform the other Party about the decision taken within the time specified in this clause.
- 9.3. Grounds for termination of the Contract:
 - 9.3.1. termination by agreement of the Parties;
 - 9.3.2. Contract expiry;
 - 9.3.3. termination by the initiative of the Employer;
 - 9.3.4. due to movement of the Employee to another Employer;
 - 9.3.5. termination by the initiative of the Employee;
 - 9.3.6. due to the occurrence of circumstances beyond the control of the Parties;
 - 9.3.7. the Employee's refusal to continue the labor relations;
 - 9.3.8. movement of the Employee to elective work (position) or appointment to a position excluding the possibility of continuing labor relations, except for cases stipulated by the laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
 - 9.3.9. breaching the terms and conditions hereof.

- 9.4. The Contract can be terminated by agreement of the Parties. A Party expressed a desire to terminate the Contract by mutual agreement of the Parties shall notify the other Party hereto. The Party received such notification shall inform the other Party in writing about the decision taken within three business days. The date of termination of the Contract by mutual agreement of the Parties is determined by appropriate agreement between the Employee and the Employer.
- 9.5. The Employee agrees that the Employer has the right to terminate the employment contract without observing the requirements set forth in Clause 9.4. hereof, with a compensation payment in the amount of 2 (two) monthly salaries of the Employee.
- 9.6. The contract concluded for a definite period terminates due to its expiry. The date of expiry of the Contract concluded for the period of fulfillment of a certain work is the day of the works completion. The date of expiry of the Contract concluded for the time of replacement of the temporarily absent employee is the day of the employee's work whose place of work (position) was retained.
- 9.7. The Contract can be terminated on the initiative of the Employer under following grounds:
- 9.7.1. Liquidation of the Employer;
 - 9.7.2. Reduction in the number or staff of workers;
 - 9.7.3. Decrease in the volume of production, work performed and services rendered, which led to worsening of the Employer economic standing;
 - 9.7.4. Inconsistencies of the Employee of the position held or the work performed due to insufficient qualification;
 - 9.7.5. Repeated failure to verify knowledge on safety and labor protection or industrial safety by the Employee responsible for ensuring the safety and protection of the work of the organization carrying out production activities;
 - 9.7.6. Inconsistencies of the Employee of the position held or work performed due to the state of health, which prevents the continuation of the work and excludes the possibility of its continuation;
 - 9.7.7. Negative work results during the probation period;
 - 9.7.8. Absence of the Employee at work without a good reason for three or more consecutive hours in a single working day (working shift);
 - 9.7.9. The presence of the Employee at work in the conditions of alcohol, narcotic, psychotropic, intoxicant intoxication (their analogues), including in cases of use of substances causing a conditions of alcohol, narcotic, toxicomaniac intoxication (their analogues) during the working day;
 - 9.7.10. Refusal of medical examination to certify the fact of using substances that cause a condition of alcohol, narcotic, toxicomaniac intoxication, confirmed by the relevant act;
 - 9.7.11. Breaching of the rules of labor protection or fire safety or traffic safety in transport by the Employee, which entailed or could entail grave consequences, including industrial injuries and accidents;
 - 9.7.12. theft of property (including minor larceny), deliberate its destruction or damage by the Employee at the place of work, established by a sentence or court order came into legal force;
 - 9.7.13. the commission of the guilty actions or inaction of the Employee serving monetary or commodity values, if these actions or inaction give grounds for the loss of confidence from the side of the Employer;
 - 9.7.14. The commission of an immoral offense by an employee performing educational functions, incompatible with the continuation of such work;
 - 9.7.15. Disclosure by the Employee of information constituting state secrets and other secrets protected by law), which became known to him in connection with the performance of his duties;
 - 9.7.16. Repeated non-fulfillment or repeated improper fulfillment of labor duties without good reasons by the Employee who already has a disciplinary sanction;
 - 9.7.17. Presentation by the Employer of the Employer of knowingly false documents or information when concluding the employment contract or movement to another job, if the original documents or information could be grounds for refusing to conclude the contract or movement to another job;
 - 9.7.18. Breaching of labor duties by the head of the executive body of the Employer, his deputy or the head of the Employer's branch (branches, representative offices and other subdivisions of the Employer defined by the Employer's Act), which caused material damage to the Employer;
 - 9.7.19. Termination of the Employee's access to state secrets in cases stipulated by the laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
 - 9.7.20. Non-attendance of the Employee at work for more than two consecutive months due to temporary incapacity for work, except for cases when the Employee is on maternity leave, and if the disease is on the list of diseases for which a longer period of incapacity for work is established, approved by the authorized state health authority;
 - 9.7.21. The Employee commits a corruption offense that excludes the possibility of further work in accordance with the legal act entered into legal force, with the exception of cases directly stipulated by the laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
 - 9.7.22. Continuation of the Employee's participation in the strike after bringing to his attention the court's decision to recognize the strike as illegal or to suspend the strike;
 - 9.7.23. Termination of the powers of the head of the executive body, members of the collegial executive body of the legal entity, and also internal audit service employees and the corporate secretary in accordance with the Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan "On Joint Stock Companies" upon the decision of the owner of the property of the legal entity or the person authorized by the owner (body) or authorized body of the legal entity;
 - 9.7.24. Achievements by the Employer of the retirement age established by the Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan "On Pensions in the Republic of Kazakhstan", with the right of annual extension of the term of the employment contract by mutual agreement of the Parties;
 - 9.7.25. Non-attendance of the Employee at work for more than one month by reasons unknown to the Employer;

Certain portions of this exhibit (indicated by “[*]”) have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(a)(6) of Regulation S-K. This exhibit is an English translation of a foreign language document. The Company hereby agrees to furnish to the SEC, upon request, a copy of the foreign language document.**

EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT № 21-139/1

THIS EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT is entered into force on 01 October 2021 (the Contract) BETWEEN:

(1) Freedom Finance Global PLC, a private company duly registered in the Registrar of Companies of Astana Financial Services Authority and licensed under the commercial number AFSA-A-LA-2020-0019 and the identification number 200240900095, having its registered office at: Republic of Kazakhstan, Nur-Sultan, Esil district, Dostyk street, building 16, vnp. 2 (Talan Towers Offices) (hereinafter referred to as the Company); and

(2) Full name: Luidmila Kiriaku
Nationality: XXX
Registration address: XXX
Residence address: XXX
Contact telephone numbers: XXX
Identity document, passport: XXX
IIN/ ИИИ: XXX
(hereinafter referred to as the Employee).

WHEREAS:

- a) The Company has made an employment offer to the Employee.
 - b) The Employee has accepted a job offer in accordance with the terms of this Contract.
- The Parties have agreed as follows:

1. TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

1.1. In this Contract, unless the context requires otherwise, the following expressions shall have the following meanings:

AIFC means the Astana International Financial Centre, the area within the City of Astana determined by the President of the Republic of Kazakhstan as the area where the special legal regime in the financial sphere established by the Constitutional Statute of the Republic of Kazakhstan “On the Astana International Financial Centre” as of December 7, 2015 applies.

AFSA means Astana Financial Services Authority, an independent regulator of the Astana International Financial Centre;

Commencement Date means employment relations commencing date - 01.10.2021;

AIFC Employment Regulations mean the Employment Regulations of AIFC, adopted by the Governor under Article 4 of the Constitutional Statute and subparagraph 3) of paragraph 9 of the Management Council Resolution on AIFC Bodies on December 20, 2017 as amended;

Registrar of Companies means the Registrar of Companies of Astana Financial Services Regulator;

Parties means the Parties to this Contract, and the expression Party means any of the Parties;

Kazakhstan means the Republic of Kazakhstan;

Year means the 12-month period by the Gregorian calendar beginning on January 1 and ending on December 31;

Group of Persons means the Company, its customers, founders, other employees of the Company, except for the Employee, contractual counterparties, other persons associated with the Company, including related and affiliated legal entities and individuals.

1.2. In this Contract, unless otherwise stated, reference to:

- a) "includes" and "including" means included but not limited to;
- b) "text", "paragraphs", "unnumbered paragraphs" or "graphs" mean the texts, articles and paragraphs of the Contract;
- c) words used in singular include plural and vice versa, and words using the word "gender" include any gender; and
- d) time of the day, unless otherwise stated, is a reference to time in Nur-Sultan, the Republic of Kazakhstan.

2. CONTRACT TERM

2.1. The Company hires the Employee as a Vice President for a period of 1 year in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Contract to perform the functions specified in the job description of the Employee. Upon the expiration of this Contract, if neither Party has stated its willingness to extend the Contract for a specified period, no later than 7 calendar days before the expiration of the Contract, the Contract shall be deemed extended for an indefinite period.

2.2. The Employee shall come into office from the date of the Contract conclusion and continues to work until it is terminated or extended in accordance with this Contract.

3. TIMETABLES AND SCHEDULES

3.1. Timetables and schedules are part of the current provisions of this Contract, and references to this Contract should contain references to timetables and schedules, unless the context requires otherwise.

4. RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE PARTIES

4.1. The Employee shall be obliged to:

1) provide the Company with the following documents for the conclusion of the Contract:

- Identity card or passport;

- residence permit of a foreigner in the Republic of Kazakhstan or stateless person certificate (for foreigners and stateless persons permanently residing in the territory of the Republic of Kazakhstan) or refugee identity card;

- a certificate of education, qualifications, the availability of special skills or professional training when concluding an Employment Contract for a job requiring relevant expertise, knowledge and skills;

- proof of professional experience, (for experienced workers);

- other documents at the request of the Company.

2) perform employment duties in accordance with agreements, this Contract, Collective Employment Contract (if any), acts of the Company;

3) accept workplace discipline, namely, to observe and properly fulfill the obligations established by this Contract, Job Descriptions and internal documents of the Company;

4) comply with the requirements of occupational safety and health, fire safety and occupational sanitation at the workplace;

5) take reasonable care of the Company's property and use any equipment necessary and (or) transferred to for the performance of official duties for intended purpose. The Employee is obliged to compensate the damage caused by the violation of this obligation, in the amount of real loss;

6) inform the Company of a situation that constitutes a threat to the life and health of people, the safety of the property of the Company and employees, as well as the occurrence of downtime;

7) The Employee shall admit that any deliberate non-compliance or gross violation of the requirements provided for in this Contract, as well as permanent or single violations that cause losses and harm to the business or property of the Company, may lead to the use of disciplinary actions against the Employee by the Company or termination of employment;

8) not to disclose information constituting official, commercial, other legally protected secret, which became known to him in connection with the performance of employment duties;

9) after completion of professional training, retraining and professional improvement at the expense of the Company, to work in the Company for the period agreed in the training agreement. In the event of the Contract termination before the term established by the training agreement, at the initiative of the Employee or at the initiative of the Company due to the fault of the Employee, the Employee shall reimburse the Company for the costs associated with its training, in proportion to the unfinished working time;

10) in case of any change in the personal data, no later than 10 (ten) working days from the date of their change, notify the Company in writing. In case of a change of surname, the Employee is obliged to provide the Company with documents for a new surname (identity card, etc.) and a document confirming the reasons for the change of surname (marriage certificate, certificate of surname change, certificate of divorce, etc.);

11) immediately inform the Company or the organizer of the work about each workplace injury and other personal injuries of the employees, signs of occupational disease (poisoning), as well as about a situation that poses a threat to life and health of people;

12) inform the Company of the disablement diagnosis or other deterioration of health that impedes the continuation of employment duties;

13) comply with the requirements of the government labor inspector, occupational safety inspector, internal control specialists and the medical and health precautions prescribed by medical institutions;

14) undergo training, briefing and testing of knowledge on occupational health and safety in the manner determined by the Company;

15) perform other duties stipulated by the internal documents of the Company.

4.2. The Employee has the right:

1) to enter into, amend, supplement and terminate this Contract pursuant to the procedure established by the Contract;

2) to require the Company to fulfill the terms of this Contract;

3) to safe and healthy working conditions, as defined by this Contract;

4) to obtain complete and adequate information about the state of working conditions and occupational safety;

5) to protect their rights and legitimate interests by all means unless prohibited by law;

6) to timely and full payment of wages in accordance with the terms of the Contract;

7) to vacation, including paid annual leave;

8) to compensation for harm caused to health in connection with the performance of employment duties;

9) to compulsory social insurance;

10) to accident insurance in the performance of employment (official) duties;

11) to guarantees and compensatory payments provided for by this Contract;

12) to equal payment for equal work on a non-discriminatory basis;

13) for providing with means of personal and collective safety equipment;

14) for ensuring the protection of personal data stored in the Company;

15) to a workplace equipped in accordance with the occupational health and safety requirements;

16) for providing with sanitary and amenity facilities, personal and collective safety equipment in accordance with the occupational health and safety requirements;

17) to refuse to perform the work if the Company does not provide the Employee with personal and (or) collective safety equipment and in the event of a situation that poses a threat to his health or life, with written notification of this to the immediate supervisor or the Company;

18) for education and professional training necessary for the safe performance of employment duties, in the manner prescribed by the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan;

19) to obtain an adequate information from the Company about the characteristics of the workplace and the Company's territory, the occupational health and safety conditions, the existing risk of injury to health, as well as measures to protect it from the influence of dangerous and (or) harmful operational factors;

4.3. The Company shall be obliged to:

1) conclude a Contract with the Employee upon entry into employment;

2) provide the Employee with the work stipulated by the Contract;

3) acquaint the Employee with the Internal Labour Rules And Regulations in the Company, other acts of the Company that are directly related to the work (employment function) of the Employee, and the Collective Contract (if any);

4) provide the Employee with normal conditions;

5) provide the Employee with equipment, tools, technical documentation and other means necessary for the performance of employment duties at its own expense;

6) pay the Employee wages and other payments provided for by this Contract on time and in full;

7) carry out internal control of occupational health and safety;

8) suspend the work if its continuation poses a threat to the life and health of the Employee and other persons;

9) carry out compulsory social insurance of the Employee and make contributions for compulsory medical insurance;

10) insure the Employee against accidents while in the performance of employment (official) duties;

- 11) provide the Employee with paid annual leave;
- 12) to warn the Employee about harmful and (or) dangerous working conditions and the possibility of occupational disease;
- 13) take measures to prevent risks at workplaces and in engineering processes, carry out preventive work taking into account production and scientific-technological progress;
- 14) maintain records of the working time, including overtime work, in harmful and (or) dangerous working conditions, in heavy work performed by the Employee;
- 15) compensate the harm caused to the life and health of the employee in the performance of his employment (official) duties;
- 16) require, upon entry into employment, the documents necessary for concluding the Contract;
- 17) collect, process and protect the personal data of the Employee in accordance with the AIFC legislation on personal data and their protection.

4.4. The Company shall have the right:

- 1) to freedom of choice upon entry into employment;
- 2) to amend, supplement, terminate the Contract with the Employee in the manner provided for by this Contract;
- 3) within the limits of its powers to issue acts of the Company, including orders, instructions, regulations, labour regulations and other internal documents;
- 4) to require the Employee to fulfill the terms of the Contract, the Collective Employment Contract (if any), the labor regulations and other acts of the Company;
- 5) to encourage employees, impose disciplinary sanctions, hold employees financially liable;

- 6) for compensation for harm caused to the Employee in the performance of employment duties;
- 7) to establish a probation period for the Employee;
- 8) to reimburse its costs associated with training the Employee in educational institutions in the direction of the Company, in accordance with the agreement on education (Training Agreement);
- 9) to discharge from employment and bring the Employee to disciplinary liability in case of violation of occupational health and safety requirements;
- 10) enjoy other rights provided by the current AIFC legislation.

5. LABOUR ROUTINE

5.1. The working hours, rest time, work schedule and break time for the Employee shall be set as follows: a normal working day lasts from 09.00 to 18.00 with a break from 13.00 to 14.00 for rest and meals. In agreement with the Company - a different work time schedule may be set for the Employee according to work schedules approved by the Company.

6. PROBATION PERIOD

6.1. Employment of the Employee will be on probation for three months from the date of commencement of work. An Employee may be dismissed at any time during this probation period without giving any reason on the basis of a notice one week before the date of dismissal.

7. EMPLOYMENT PLACE

7.1. The Employee carries out the work process remotely outside the employer's location using information and communication technologies from Limassol, Cyprus.

8. WAGES AND ALLOWANCES

8.1. The rate of the monthly wage is indicated by the parties in the Annex No. 1 hereto.

8.2. Wages shall be paid to the Employee by the 5th (fifth) day of the month following completed month of service. If the payroll day coincides with weekends or holidays, payment shall be made the day before. The Company has the right to pay wages to the Employee earlier than the specified date, including by dividing the total amount of wages into several parts paid on different days, but no later than the deadline set by the Contract, based on the applications of the Employee.

8.3. The method and place of payment of wages and other payments to the Employee are determined by the Employer. By decision of the Employer, payments to the Employee may be made in cash or by transferring money to the Employee's account in a bank (card or other account).

8.4. For work on weekends and/or holidays, the Employee, at his discretion, is given another day of rest or payment is made at a time-and-a-half rate, based on the daily (hourly) rate of the Employee.

8.5. To strengthen the interest of the Employee in improving the efficiency of production and the quality of work performed, the Company has the right to introduce bonus systems and other forms of labour stimulation, and also has the right, at its discretion, to pay the Employee lump sum incentive payments in accordance with the procedure and under the terms provided for by the acts of the Employer.

8.6. Upon termination of the Contract, payment of the amounts due to the Employee shall be made no later than 14 calendar days after its termination.

8.7. The Party to the Contract that has stated its willingness to terminate the Contract by agreement of the Parties shall send a written notice to the other Party. The Party that received such notice is obliged to inform the other Party of the decision made within 3 (three) working days in writing. The date of termination of the Contract by agreement of the Parties shall be determined by agreement between the Employer and the Employee in accordance with the current AIFC legislation.

9. BENEFITS AND COMPENSATIONS. SOCIAL ALLOWANCES

9.1. By an additional agreement of the Parties, when the Employee uses personal property in the interests of the Company and with his consent, the Company makes a compensatory payment for the use, depreciation (amortization) of the tools, personal vehicle, other technical means and the costs of their operation.

9.2. The Company shall make compensatory payments due to the loss of work in the amount of the average monthly wage in the following cases: 1) upon termination of the Contract at the initiative of the Company in the event of winding-up of the Company as a legal entity; 2) upon termination of the Contract at the initiative of the Company in the event of a downsizing in the number or staff of employees; 3) upon termination of the Contract at the initiative of the Employee in the event of failure by the Company to fulfill the conditions of the Employment Contract.

10. ANNUAL AND ADDITIONAL LEAVE ENTITLEMENT

10.1. The Employee has the right to 28 calendar days of annual leave every year, in addition to the national holidays of the Republic of Kazakhstan, declared as public holidays. Additionally, the Employee has the right to 2 days of paid time-off if he has used 28 guaranteed days of leave.

10.2. Annual leave is provided according to the vacation schedule. The Employee shall notify the Employer of his intention to go on leave no later than 10 (ten) working days before the date of leave; the Company shall pay the leave payment no later than 5 (five) working days before the start of the leave.

10.3. An annual leave may be interrupted by the Employer only with the written consent of the Employee. Refusal of the Employee from the offer of the Employer is not a violation of labour discipline.

10.4. Unused part of paid annual leave by agreement of the Parties to the Contract is granted during the current year or in the following working years at any time, and a part of unused paid annual leave in connection with the recalling is added to paid annual leave for the next working years.

10.5. The Company has the right to establish certain days of leave for the Employee, having previously sent the appropriate written notice to the Employer at least 15 working days in advance.

10.6. Upon application, the Employee may be granted an unpaid leave for the duration determined by agreement of the Parties.

10.7. Upon termination of this Contract, the Employee has the right to receive a leave compensation amount.

10.8. Based on a written application from the Employee, the Company shall provide the Employee with a leave without pay for up to 5 (five) calendar days when:
marriage registration of the Employee;
birth of the child of the Employee;

10.9. Paid annual leave shall be transferred in whole or in part in cases of temporary incapacity of the Employee for work.

10.10. The Employer shall provide the Employee with a job-protected maternity leave for a period of at least 12 months.

10.11. Based on a written application from an Employee, the Company shall provide additional paid annual leave:

1) To the first and second-degree disabled people with a duration of at least six calendar days.

2) To other categories of employees where the duration of the additional annual leave is established by the laws of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

11. SICKNESS BENEFIT

11.1 The Employee has the right to receive sickness and temporary disability benefits in accordance with the Employee's Employment Contract.

The basis for the payment of sickness and temporary disability benefits shall be the sheets of temporary disability issued and executed in the manner determined by the authorized body of the Republic of Kazakhstan on health care.

11.2. Sickness and temporary disability benefits are paid to employees from the first day of disability until the day of vocational rehabilitation or until disability is established in accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan for the working days when the Employee is absent from the workplace.

11.3. Sickness and temporary disability benefits shall not be paid:

- 1) to an employee whose temporary disability has occurred as a result of workplace injuries, sustained in the commission of a criminal offense, in the event of the determination of guilt by a court decision that has entered into legal force;
- 2) during the compulsory medical treatment of an employee on the basis of a court determination (except for the mentally disabled);
- 3) during the time the employee is under arrest and during the forensic medical investigation in the event that his guilt has been determined by a court verdict or decision that has entered into legal force;
- 4) in case of temporary disability of the employee from diseases or workplace injuries resulting from the use of alcohol, narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances, their analogues and precursors;
- 5) for days of disease and temporary disability which fall on paid annual leave;
- 6) for days of temporary disability which fall on leave without pay;

11.4. The amounts of sickness and temporary disability benefits shall be determined by the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the procedure for the appointment and payment - by the authorized state body on labour.

11.5. If the Employee is on sick leave continuously for more than 60 days during any 12-month period, the Company has the right to immediately terminate the Employment Contract with the Employee by notifying the Employee in writing.

11.6. The Company may, at all reasonable times during disease, require the Employee to undergo a medical examination at the expense of the Company by a medical practitioner appointed by the Company with the mandatory provision of the relevant documents. A copy of any medical report prepared by such medical practitioner should be available to the Employee.

12. CONFLICT OF INTERESTS

12.1. An Employee shall not, during [his/her] employment without the prior written consent of the Company, engage in or be interested in, launch or show interest in any activity or profession that is fully or partially similar to the activities of the Company.

12.2. An Employee has no the right to receive directly or indirectly any discount, commission, gift or compensation for his work or assistance from suppliers, partners, other organizations without the prior written consent of the Company.

12.3. The Employee acknowledges and agrees that any violation of paragraphs 9.1 and/or 9.2 shall be the reason for dismissal without notice and/or payment instead of notice.

13. COMPANY POLICIES AND RULES

13.1. The Employee shall undertake to comply with the Company's rules, policies, regulations, instructions and other internal documents of the Company in relation to employment, which may be further amended, revised at the discretion of the Company.

13.2. The Employee shall always comply with additional duties and obligations, which may be changed by the Company from time to time at its own discretion in writing by sending a Notice to the Employee. Failure to comply with these paragraphs is a violation of this Contract, and may be the reason for termination of the Contract without notice or payment instead of notice.

14. INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

14.1. The Employee undertakes to immediately disclose to the Company all inventions, discoveries, ideas, innovations, developments, improvements and all processes related to the operations or business of the Company that were created or conceived by the Employee alone or together with others during the term of this Contract, regardless of whether they were drafted or conceived during or outside normal working hours, and all this is the exclusive property of the Company.

14.2. At the Company's request made during or after the dismissal of the Employee, the Employee agrees to execute all the documents necessary for filing applications for a trademark, patent or any other registration, both in the Republic of Kazakhstan and in a foreign country, as indicated in paragraph 14.1 above.

14.3. The Employee agrees not to make claims against the Company on the issues mentioned in paragraphs 14.1 and 14.2 above.

14.4. Section 14 shall remain in force after the termination of this Contract and the termination of employment relations with the Employee.

15. CONFIDENTIALITY AND NON-DISCLOSURE

15.1. The Employer's confidential information is any information constituting commercial, financial, official secrets, undisclosed information, secrets and production technology, results of intellectual activity and items of intellectual property and copyright, any information about partners, information about the management structure of the Company, tax planning and tax optimization methods, other protected information of any member of the Group of Persons (as defined). Confidential information includes, but is not limited to, information about the personality, as well as financial, commercial and other activities of any member of the Group of Persons, information about the official duties of the Employee, the amount of his salary and remuneration, personal data of employees of the Group of Persons, as well as any other information, defined by the Company as confidential and the disclosure of which may be considered by the Company as an activity that damages the Company (or) its customers, partners, or related to commercial transactions and other activities of the Company and (or) its customers, including documents prepared by the Employee in the course of his employment activities (Documentation) shall be intended for use only by the Company and shall be its exclusive property.

15.2. Neither the Company nor members of the Group of Persons are required to indicate the information specified in paragraph 15.1 as Confidential Information so that it is qualified as such.

15.3. Documentation is any records, staff reports, information, data, items of intellectual property and copyright, electronic media, movies, photographs, plans, drawings, product samples, in any design and in any form (paper, electronic, other) related to any member of the Group of Persons, including, but not limited to, related to their activities, production products, technological processes, software and software codes, information about customers and their brokerage accounts/investment portfolios, commercial transactions and other matters prepared by any person (including but not limited to the Employee). The documentation is the exclusive property of the Company, unless it is the property of another member of the Group of Persons.

15.4. The use of Confidential Information includes: any use, practical use, study, disclosure, transfer, publication of Confidential Information (any part of it) by an Employee, providing by the Employee to the persons other than the relevant copyright holder with an access to the Confidential Information (to any part of it), using for personal advantage, other actions and inaction on the part of the Employee, which may lead to a violation of the legitimate interests of any member of the Group of Persons in relation to Confidential Information.

15.5. The Employee shall be obliged to keep Confidential Information secret and cannot use the Confidential Information in any way, except for the cases: for official use in the interests of the Company and when the disclosure of Confidential Information is mandatory for the Employee at the request of authorized state bodies. The Employee shall immediately notify the Company of the need for disclosure and any disclosure of Confidential Information.

15.6. The Employee shall be prohibited from taking the Documentation outside the office of the Company and using Confidential Information, including sending it by e-mail and copying it to any media, using fax, etc. or otherwise allow its disclosure and (or) distribution without the appropriate permission of the Company.

15.7. In the event of termination of the Contract and the employment relations for any reason, the Employee shall immediately and without delay within 2 (two) days deliver (provide) to the Employer all the Documentation and other property owned by the Company, its affiliates, which is at the disposal of the Employee or under his control, and he shall not keep copies of these documents.

15.8. Article 15 shall remain in force for 10 years after the termination of this Contract.

16. RESTRICTIVE CONDITIONS

16.1. The Employee and the Company shall agree that, subject to the above facts and circumstances, the restrictive conditions in paragraphs 14 and 15 are reasonable and necessary to protect the Company and its related business, and that, given these circumstances, these Agreements are fair and reasonable, and the Employee refuses from all protective measures for their application.

16.2. The Company and the Employee shall agree that the conditions of paragraphs 14 and 15 will continue to apply regardless of the method or reasons for the Employee's work discontinuation and regardless of whether the Employee's employment was terminated with or without notice.

17. BUSINESS TRIPS AND TRANSFERS

17.1. The Employee shall agree that he may sometimes be sent on a business trip to other regions of the Republic of Kazakhstan and beyond its limits in the interests of the Employer for the performance of duties arising from this Contract.

17.2. In the event that the Employee is sent on a business trip to another locality, the Company shall compensate the Employee in accordance with the internal regulatory documents of the Company:

- 1) daily subsistence allowance (per diems) for calendar days on a business trip, including travel time;
- 2) the cost of travel to the destination and back;
- 3) accommodation costs;
- 4) other expenses, as agreed by the Parties.

18. CONTRACT EXPIRATION AND TERMINATION

18.1. This Contract may be terminated in the manner on the following grounds:

- 1) by agreement of the Parties;
- 2) in connection with the expiration of the Contract;
- 3) at the initiative of the Employer;
- 4) in connection with the transfer of the Employee to another employer;
- 5) at the initiative of the Employee;
- 6) when circumstances arise that are not dependent on the will of the Parties;
- 7) in case of refusal of the Employee to continue the employment relations;
- 8) in case of violation of the conditions for concluding the Contract.

18.2. the Company may terminate the employment relations stipulated in this Employment Contract with an immediate effect in the following cases:

- 1) for the reason that the Employee has committed a violation that constitutes grounds for dismissal in accordance with the provisions of Article 57 (1) of the AIFC Labour Rules; or
- 2) if the Employee has violated any of the conditions and provisions of this Contract, and the Employee could not eliminate this violation within 60 days after the Employee received a written notice from the Company indicating the violation; or
- 3) The Employee is on a probation period referred to in paragraph 4;

18.3. Upon dismissal from work under this Contract, the Employee shall:

- 1) cooperate in the revocation of his employment visa for work in the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- 2) transfer to the Company all documents produced, compiled or acquired by [him/her] that are in [his/her] possession, storage, maintaining or control as a direct result of [his/her] employment, including (but not limited to) business cards, credit and payment cards, security and computer permits, or other data storage media related to the business or affairs of the Company;

18.4. Termination of the Contract shall be executed by the act of the Employer, which indicates the basis for termination of the Contract. A copy of the Employer's act of termination of the Contract is handed to the Employee or sent to him by letter with a notice within three days.

18.5. The date of termination of the Contract shall be the last day of work, with the exception of cases of violation of the AIFC Rules and internal regulations of the Company. On the day of termination of the Contract, the Company shall be obliged to issue a document confirming the Employee's employment.

19. NOTIFICATIONS

19.1. Any notification submitted under this Contract shall be in writing. Notifications may be sent by any Party by personal delivery, by mail or by fax, addressed to the other Party (in the case of the Company), to its registered office at the present time and in the case of the last known addressee of [his / her] Employee. Any such notification sent by letter or facsimile shall be deemed delivered in proper time when the notification was delivered in person or transferred, and if sent by mail - transmitted to the postal company.

20. FULL AGREEMENT

20.1. This Contract shall supersede all previous agreements and arrangements (if any) between the Company and the Employee regarding [his/her] work in the Company, which are terminated by mutual agreement, and the Employee shall agree that [he/she] has no claims at all against the Company regarding such termination.

21. AMENDMENTS

21.1. No changes and amendments to this Contract shall enter into force unless such changes and amendments are made in writing and signed by or on behalf of both Parties. The exception is changes that are aimed at improving the conditions for the Employee - in this case, the Company shall send a notification to the Employer of such changes, the signing of an additional agreement is not required.

22. LAWS

22.1. If it is determined that in the course of any court proceedings any part of this Contract is void or legally invalid, it will be considered separated from the rest of this Contract for the purposes of only a specific proceedings. This Contract will be valid in all other respects.

Restricted Stock Award Agreement

This Restricted Stock Award Agreement (this “**Agreement**”) is made and entered into as of May 18, 2021, (the “**Grant Date**”) by and between Freedom Holding Corp., a Nevada corporation (the “**Company**”) and Renat Tukanov (the “**Grantee**”).

WHEREAS, the Company has adopted the Freedom Holding Corp. 2019 Equity Incentive Plan (the “**Plan**”) pursuant to which awards of Restricted Stock may be granted; and

WHEREAS, the Committee has determined that it is in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders to grant the award of Restricted Stock provided for herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties hereto, intending to be legally bound, agree as follows:

1. **Grant of Restricted Stock.** Pursuant to Section 7.2 of the Plan, the Company hereby issues to the Grantee on the Grant Date a Restricted Stock Award consisting of, in the aggregate, 15,000 shares of Common Stock of the Company (the “**Restricted Stock**”), on the terms and conditions and subject to the restrictions set forth in this Agreement and the Plan. Capitalized terms that are used but not defined herein have the meaning ascribed to them in the Plan.

2. **Consideration.** The grant of the Restricted Stock is made in consideration of the services to be rendered by the Grantee to the Company.

3. **Restricted Period: Vesting.**

3.1 Except as otherwise provided herein, provided that the Grantee remains in Continuous Service through the applicable vesting date, and further provided that any additional conditions and performance goals set forth in this Section 3 have been satisfied, the Restricted Stock will vest in accordance with the following schedule:

| Vesting Date | Shares of Common Stock |
|--------------|--|
| May 18, 2022 | 20 % of the aggregate Restricted Stock |
| May 18, 2023 | 20 % of the aggregate Restricted Stock |
| May 18, 2024 | 20 % of the aggregate Restricted Stock |
| May 18, 2025 | 20 % of the aggregate Restricted Stock |
| May 18, 2026 | 20 % of the aggregate Restricted Stock |

The period over which the Restricted Stock vests is referred to as the “**Restricted Period**”.

3.2 The foregoing vesting schedule notwithstanding, if the weighted average closing price of Company common shares for the 20 trading days prior to the first vesting date is less than 70% of the closing price of the common shares on the Grant Date, and as to any subsequent vesting date, if the weighted average closing price of Company common shares for the 20 trading days prior to the vesting date is less than 70% of the weighted average closing price of the common shares on the immediately prior vesting date, then the common shares scheduled to vest on the vesting date shall not vest but shall be automatically forfeited on the stated vesting date and neither the Company nor any Affiliate shall have any further obligations to the Grantee as to any portion of the Restricted Shares forfeited.

3.3 The foregoing vesting schedule notwithstanding, if the Grantee’s Continuous Service terminates for any reason at any time before all of his or her Restricted Stock has vested, the Grantee’s unvested Restricted Stock shall be automatically forfeited upon such termination of Continuous Service and neither the Company nor any Affiliate shall have any further obligations to the Grantee under this Agreement, unless otherwise determined by the Committee.

3.4 Unless otherwise determined by the Committee at the time of a Change in Control, a Change in Control shall have no effect on the Restricted Stock.

4. **Restrictions.** Subject to any exceptions set forth in this Agreement or the Plan, during the Restricted Period, the Restricted Stock or the rights relating thereto may not be assigned, alienated, pledged, attached, sold or otherwise transferred or encumbered by the Grantee. Any attempt to assign, alienate, pledge, attach, sell or otherwise transfer or encumber the Restricted Stock or the rights relating thereto during the Restricted Period shall be wholly ineffective and, if any such attempt is made, the Restricted Stock will be forfeited by the Grantee and all of the Grantee’s rights to such shares shall immediately terminate without any payment or consideration by the Company.

5. Rights as Shareholder: Dividends

5.1 The Grantee shall be the record owner of the Restricted Stock until the shares of Common Stock are sold or otherwise disposed of, and shall be entitled to all of the rights of a shareholder of the Company including, without limitation, the right to vote such shares and receive all dividends or other distributions paid with respect to such shares. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any dividends or other distributions shall be subject to the same restrictions on transferability as the shares of Restricted Stock with respect to which they were paid.

5.2 The Company may issue stock certificates or evidence the Grantee's interest by using a restricted book entry account with the Company's transfer agent. Physical possession or custody of any stock certificates that are issued shall be retained by the Company until such time as the Restricted Stock vests.

5.3 If the Grantee forfeits any rights he or she has under this Agreement in accordance with Section 3, the Grantee shall, on the date of such forfeiture, no longer have any rights as a shareholder with respect to the Restricted Stock forfeited and shall no longer be entitled to vote or receive dividends on such shares.

6. No Right to Continued Service. Neither the Plan nor this Agreement shall confer upon the Grantee any right to be retained in any position, as an Employee, Consultant or Director of the Company. Further, nothing in the Plan or this Agreement shall be construed to limit the discretion of the Company to terminate the Grantee's Continuous Service at any time, with or without Cause.

7. Adjustments. If any change is made to the outstanding Common Stock or the capital structure of the Company, if required, the shares of Common Stock shall be adjusted or terminated in any manner as contemplated by Section 11 of the Plan.

8. Tax Liability and Withholding

8.1 The Grantee shall be required to pay to the Company, and the Company shall have the right to deduct from any compensation paid to the Grantee pursuant to the Plan, the amount of any required withholding taxes in respect of the Restricted Stock and to take all such other action as the Committee deems necessary to satisfy all obligations for the payment of such withholding taxes. The Committee may permit the Grantee to satisfy any federal, state or local tax withholding obligation by any of the following means, or by a combination of such means:

(a) tendering a cash payment.

(b) authorizing the Company to withhold shares of Common Stock from the shares of Common Stock otherwise issuable or deliverable to the Grantee as a result of the vesting of the Restricted Stock; provided, however, that no shares of Common Stock shall be withheld with a value exceeding the maximum amount of tax required to be withheld by law.

(c) delivering to the Company previously owned and unencumbered shares of Common Stock.

8.2 Notwithstanding any action the Company takes with respect to any or all income tax, social insurance, payroll tax, or other tax-related withholding (**Tax-Related Items**"), the ultimate liability for all Tax-Related Items is and remains the Grantee's responsibility and the Company (a) makes no representation or undertakings regarding the treatment of any Tax-Related Items in connection with the grant or vesting of the Restricted Stock or the subsequent sale of any shares; and (b) does not commit to structure the Restricted Stock to reduce or eliminate the Grantee's liability for Tax-Related Items.

9. Section 83(b) Election. The Grantee may make an election under Code Section 83(b) (a "**Section 83(b) Election**") with respect to the Restricted Stock. Any such election must be made within thirty (30) days after the Grant Date. If the Grantee elects to make a Section 83(b) Election, the Grantee shall provide the Company with a copy of an executed version and satisfactory evidence of the filing of the executed Section 83(b) Election with the US Internal Revenue Service. The Grantee agrees to assume full responsibility for ensuring that the Section 83(b) Election is actually and timely filed with the US Internal Revenue Service and for all tax consequences resulting from the Section 83(b) Election.

10. Non-competition and Non-solicitation

10.1 In consideration of the Restricted Stock, the Grantee agrees and covenants not to:

(a) contribute his or her knowledge, directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, as an employee, officer, owner, manager, advisor, consultant, agent, partner, director, shareholder, volunteer, intern or in any other similar capacity to an entity engaged in the same or similar business as the Company and its Affiliates, including those engaged in the business of financial services for a period of one year following the Grantee's termination of Continuous Service;

(b) directly or indirectly, solicit, hire, recruit, attempt to hire or recruit, or induce the termination of employment of any employee of the Company or its Affiliates for two years following the Grantee's termination of Continuous Service; or

(c) directly or indirectly, solicit, contact (including, but not limited to, e-mail, regular mail, express mail, telephone, and instant message), attempt to contact or meet with the current, former or prospective customers of the Company or any of its Affiliates for purposes of offering or accepting goods or services similar to or competitive with those offered by the Company or any of its Affiliates for a period of one year following the Grantee's termination of Continuous Service.

10.2 If the Grantee breaches any of the covenants set forth in Section 10.1:

(a) all unvested Restricted Stock shall be immediately forfeited; and

(b) the Grantee hereby consents and agrees that the Company shall be entitled to seek, in addition to other available remedies, a temporary or permanent injunction or other equitable relief against such breach or threatened breach from any court of competent jurisdiction, without the necessity of showing any actual damages or that money damages would not afford an adequate remedy, and without the necessity of posting any bond or other security. The aforementioned equitable relief shall be in addition to, not in lieu of, legal remedies, monetary damages or other available forms of relief.

11. Compliance with Law. The issuance and transfer of shares of Common Stock shall be subject to compliance by the Company and the Grantee with all applicable requirements of federal and state securities laws and with all applicable requirements of any stock exchange on which the Company's shares of Common Stock may be listed. No shares of Common Stock shall be issued or transferred unless and until any then applicable requirements of state and federal laws and regulatory agencies have been fully complied with to the satisfaction of the Company and its counsel. The Grantee understands that the Company is under no obligation to register the shares of Common Stock with the Securities and Exchange Commission, any state securities commission, any stock exchange or any foreign securities regulatory authority to effect such compliance.

12. Legends. A legend may be placed on any certificate(s) or other document(s) delivered to the Grantee indicating restrictions on transferability of the shares of Restricted Stock pursuant to this Agreement or any other restrictions that the Committee may deem advisable under the rules, regulations and other requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission, any applicable federal or state securities laws or any stock exchange on which the shares of Common Stock are then listed or quoted.

13. Notices. Any notice required to be delivered to the Company under this Agreement shall be in writing and addressed to the Secretary of the Company at the Company's principal corporate offices. Any notice required to be delivered to the Grantee under this Agreement shall be in writing and addressed to the Grantee at the Grantee's address as shown in the records of the Company. Either party may designate another address in writing (or by such other method approved by the Company) from time to time.

14. Governing Law. This Agreement will be construed and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of Nevada without regard to conflict of law principles.

15. Interpretation. Any dispute regarding the interpretation of this Agreement shall be submitted by the Grantee or the Company to the Committee for review. The resolution of such dispute by the Committee shall be final and binding on the Grantee and the Company.

16. Restricted Stock Subject to Plan. This Agreement is subject to the Plan as approved by the Company's shareholders. The terms and provisions of the Plan as it may be amended from time to time are hereby incorporated herein by reference. In the event of a conflict between any term or provision contained herein and a term or provision of the Plan, the applicable terms and provisions of the Plan will govern and prevail.

17. Successors and Assigns. The Company may assign any of its rights under this Agreement. This Agreement will be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the successors and assigns of the Company. Subject to the restrictions on transfer set forth herein, this Agreement will be binding upon the Grantee and the Grantee's beneficiaries, executors, administrators and the person(s) to whom the Restricted Stock may be transferred by will or the laws of descent or distribution.

18. Severability. The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision of the Plan or this Agreement shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision of the Plan or this Agreement, and each provision of the Plan and this Agreement shall be severable and enforceable to the extent permitted by law.

19. Discretionary Nature of Plan. The Plan is discretionary and may be amended, cancelled or terminated by the Company at any time, in its discretion. The grant of the Restricted Stock in this Agreement does not create any contractual right or other right to receive any Restricted Stock or other Awards in the future. Future Awards, if any, will be at the sole discretion of the Company. Any amendment, modification, or termination of the Plan shall not constitute a change or impairment of the terms and conditions of the Grantee's employment with the Company.

20. Amendment. The Committee has the right to amend, alter, suspend, discontinue or cancel the Restricted Stock, prospectively or retroactively; provided, that, no such amendment shall adversely affect the Grantee's material rights under this Agreement without the Grantee's consent.

21. No Impact on Other Benefits. The value of the Grantee's Restricted Stock is not part of his or her normal or expected compensation for purposes of calculating any severance, retirement, welfare, insurance or similar employee benefit.

22. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original but all of which together will constitute one and the same instrument. Counterpart signature pages to this Agreement transmitted by facsimile transmission, by electronic mail in portable document format (.pdf), or by any other electronic means intended to preserve the original graphic and pictorial appearance of a document, will have the same effect as physical delivery of the paper document bearing an original signature.

23. Acceptance. The Grantee hereby acknowledges receipt of a copy of the Plan and this Agreement. The Grantee has read and understands the terms and provisions thereof, and accepts the Restricted Stock subject to all of the terms and conditions of the Plan and this Agreement. The Grantee acknowledges that there may be adverse tax consequences upon the grant or vesting of the Restricted Stock or disposition of the underlying shares and that the Grantee has been advised to consult a tax advisor prior to such grant, vesting or disposition.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement as of the date first above written.

Freedom Holding Corp.

By: /s/ Adam R. Cook
Name: Adam R. Cook
Title: Secretary

Renat Tukanov
By: /s/ Renat Tukanov
Name: Renat Tukanov

MEMBERSHIP INTEREST PURCHASE AGREEMENT

among

WALLACE LLC,

THE SELLERS IDENTIFIED HEREIN,

THE SELLERS' REPRESENTATIVE

and

FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.

dated as of

February __, 2023

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MEMBERSHIP INTEREST PURCHASE AGREEMENT

This Membership Interest Purchase Agreement (this “**Agreement**”), dated as of February __, 2023, is entered into by and among Maxim Partners LLC, a New York limited liability company (“**Partners**”), MJR Holdings, Inc., a New York corporation (“**MJR Corp.**,” and together with Partners, “**Sellers**”), Wallace LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the “**Company**”), Michael Rabinowitz as the Sellers’ Representative and Freedom Holding Corp., a Nevada corporation (“**Buyer**”), who together with Sellers are individually a “**Party**” and collectively the “**Parties**.”

RECITALS

WHEREAS, as of the date hereof, (i) Partners owns approximately ninety-two percent (92%) of Maxim Group LLC, a New York limited liability company (“**Maxim**”) and Maxim Financial Advisors LLC, a New York limited liability company (“**MFA**”) and MJR Corp. owns the balance of approximately eight percent (8%) of Maxim and MFA;

WHEREAS, Maxim and MFA are treated as partnerships for U.S. federal income purposes that are owned by the Sellers;

WHEREAS, prior to the Closing Date, Sellers shall effect the Pre-Closing Restructuring (as defined herein) in the manner and on the timeline as set forth in Schedule A, such that immediately following the Pre-Closing Restructuring and immediately prior to the Closing (as defined herein), (i) Sellers shall contribute all of the membership interests of Maxim and MFA to the Company (with such contributions treated as a merger of partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 708 of the Code (as defined herein)) and (ii) immediately thereafter such contributions, the Company shall own beneficially and of record all of the outstanding membership interests of Maxim and MFA;

WHEREAS, on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth herein, (i) Sellers wish to sell to Buyer, and Buyer wishes to purchase from Sellers, all of the membership interests of the Company described as Class A Units and (ii) contemporaneously with such sale, Sellers wish to exchange, in a nonrecognition transaction, their retained membership interests in the Company for membership interests that are exchangeable for Buyer Shares (as defined herein), described as the Class B Common Units (the “**Class B Units**”);

WHEREAS, simultaneously with the Closing, Sellers and Buyer shall enter into an Amended and Restated Operating Agreement, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A (the “**Amended Operating Agreement**”);

WHEREAS, simultaneously with the Closing, Buyer and Sellers shall enter into a Registration Rights Agreement (the “**Registration Rights Agreement**”), substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B;

WHEREAS, simultaneously with the Closing, Buyer and Sellers shall enter into Lock-Up Agreements (the “**Lock-Up Agreements**”), substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit C;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants and agreements hereinafter set forth and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties hereto agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1

DEFINITIONS

The following terms have the meanings specified or referred to in this ARTICLE I:

“**Action**” means any claim, action, cause of action, demand, lawsuit, arbitration, inquiry, audit, notice of violation, proceeding (excluding ex parte prosecution proceedings for Intellectual Property), litigation, citation, summons, subpoena or investigation of any nature, civil, criminal, administrative, regulatory or otherwise, whether at law or in equity. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, in the case of a regulatory or self-regulatory investigation, such investigation must have been referred to the enforcement division of a Government Authority to be deemed an “Action”.

“**Adjustment Amount**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.03(a)(ii).

“**Adjustment Shares**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.03(a)(ii)(B).

“**Affiliate**” of a Person means any other Person that directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, such Person. The term “control” (including the terms “controlled by” and “under common control with”) means the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a Person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise.

“**Agreement**” has the meaning set forth in the preamble to this Agreement.

“**Allocable Amount**” has the meaning set forth in Section 6.07.

“**Allocation**” has the meaning set forth in Section 6.07.

“**Allocated Securities**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.12.

“**Amended Operating Agreement**” has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

“**Ancillary Documents**” means: (a) the Amended Operating Agreement, (b) the Class A Units Assignment, (c) the Lock-Up Agreements, (d) the Registration Rights Agreement, and (e) the Employment Letters and Non-Compete Agreements.

“**Audited Financial Statements**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.06.

“**Balance Sheet**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.06.

“**Balance Sheet Date**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.06.

“**Basket**” has the meaning set forth in Section 8.04(a).

“**Benefit Plan**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.18(a).

“**Books and Records**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.21.

“**Business Day**” means any day except Saturday, Sunday or any other day on which commercial banks located in New York are authorized or required by Law to be closed for business.

“**Buyer**” has the meaning set forth in the preamble to this Agreement.

“**Buyer Acquisition Proposal**” has the meaning set forth in Section 5.03(b).

“**Buyer Capitalization Date**” has the meaning set forth in Section 4.07(a).

“**Buyer Indemnitees**” has the meaning set forth in Section 8.02.

“**Buyer Share Price**” means the volume weighted average of the daily closing sales prices of a share of Buyer Shares as reported on the Nasdaq Capital Market for the twenty (20) consecutive trading days ending five (5) days immediately preceding the Closing Date.

“**Buyer Shares**” means the shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value per share, of Buyer.

“**Buyer’s Accountants**” means Deloitte LLP.

“**Buyer’s Plans**” has the meaning set forth in Section 5.13(b).

“**Buyer’s Transfer Agent**” means Pacific Stock Transfer.

“**Calculation Period**” means each of the First Earnout Period and the Second Earnout Period, as applicable.

“**Cap**” has the meaning set forth in Section 8.04(a).

“**Cash Earnout Amount**” means \$4,000,000.

“**Class A Units Assignment**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.03(b)(i).

“**Class B Units**” has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

“**Clearing Deposit**” means cash in the amount of \$500,000, deposited with the Maxim’s clearing firm, Pershing LLC.

“**Clearing Deposit Balance Certificate**” means a certificate executed by the Chief Financial Officer of Maxim certifying that as of the close of business on the Closing Date Maxim has deposited the Clearing Deposit with its clearing firm together with a list of each account with such clearing firm where such clearing deposit or deposits are held.

“**Closing**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.04.

“**Closing Balance Sheet**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.05(b)(i).

“**Closing Buyer Shares**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.03(a)(ii).

“**Closing Date**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.04.

“**Closing Date Payment**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.05(a)(i)(E).

“**Closing Equity Amount**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.03(a)(ii).

“**Closing Indebtedness Certificate**” means a certificate executed by the Chief Financial Officer of Maxim certifying on behalf of the Company Group an itemized list of all outstanding

Indebtedness as of the close of business on the Closing Date and the Person to whom such outstanding Indebtedness is owed and an aggregate total of such outstanding Indebtedness.

“**Closing Payment**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.03(a)(i).

“**Closing Transaction Expenses Certificate**” means a certificate executed by the Chief Financial Officer of Maxim certifying the amount of Transaction Expenses remaining unpaid or unaccrued as of the close of business on the Closing Date (including an itemized list of each such unpaid or unaccrued Transaction Expense with a description of the nature of such expense and the person to whom such expense is owed).

“**Closing Working Capital**” means: (a) the Current Assets of the Company Group, less (b) the Current Liabilities of the Company Group, determined as of 11:59 p.m. Eastern Standard Time or Eastern Daylight Time on the Closing Date.

“**Closing Working Capital Statement**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.05(b)(i).

“**Code**” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

“**Company**” has the meaning set forth in the preamble to this Agreement.

“**Company Group**” means the Company, Maxim, and MFA.

“**Company Intellectual Property**” means all Intellectual Property that is owned by the Company Group.

“**Company IP Agreements**” means all licenses, sublicenses, consent to use agreements, settlements, coexistence agreements, covenants not to sue, waivers, releases, permissions and other Contracts, whether written or oral, relating to Company Intellectual Property.

“**Company IP Registrations**” means all Company Intellectual Property that is subject to any issuance, registration or application by, to or with any Governmental Authority or authorized private registrar in any jurisdiction, including issued patents, registered trademarks, domain names and copyrights, and pending applications for any of the foregoing.

“**Company IT Systems**” means all software, computer hardware, servers, networks, platforms, peripherals, and similar or related items of automated, computerized, or other information technology (IT) networks and systems (including telecommunications networks and systems for voice, data, and video) owned, leased, licensed, or used (including through cloud-based or other third-party service providers) by the Company Group.

“**Company Revenue**” means, as of the relevant date of determination, annual revenue received by the Company Group, including any new revenues or clients from current or former Company employees, Buyer revenue that is accretive to the Company Group, net of any co-broker commissions, referral fees, placement fees or other related client acquisition and servicing charges paid or payable to a third party, and excluding revenue received from the sale of products and services unrelated to securities brokerage, but including revenue received from the sale of securities brokerage-related products and services that are moved or transferred by Buyer from the Company Group to an entity other than a member of the Company Group and products and services of Buyer or its Affiliates derived from the securities brokerage-related products and services offered by the Company Group, calculated in accordance with GAAP applied using the same accounting methods, practices, principles, policies and procedures, with consistent classifications, judgments and valuation and estimation methodologies that were used in the preparation of the Audited Financial Statements for the most recent fiscal year end as if such

accounts were being prepared and audited as of a fiscal year end, except as otherwise explicitly provided herein.

“**Confidential Disclosure Schedules**” means the Confidential Disclosure Schedules referenced in this Agreement and to be delivered by Sellers and Buyer prior to the execution and delivery of this Agreement.

“**Continuing Employee**” has the meaning set forth in Section 5.13(a).

“**Contracts**” means all contracts, leases, deeds, mortgages, licenses, instruments, notes, commitments, undertakings, indentures, joint ventures and all other agreements, commitments and legally binding arrangements, whether written or oral.

“**Current Assets**” means net accounts receivable (i.e., gross accounts receivable less deductibles for allowances, rebates, discounts, receivables from clearing brokers and receivables outstanding more than ninety (90) days), inventory and prepaid expenses, assets related to Taxes, but excluding (a) cash and cash equivalents, (b) Lease Deposits, (c) the Clearing Deposit, (d) the portion of any prepaid expense of which Buyer will not receive the benefit following the Closing, (e) deferred Tax assets, and (f) receivables from any of the Company Group’s Affiliates, managers, employees, officers or members and any of their respective Affiliates, determined in accordance with GAAP applied using the same accounting methods, practices, principles, policies and procedures, with consistent classifications, judgments and valuation and estimation methodologies that were used in the preparation of the Audited Financial Statements for the most recent fiscal year end as if such accounts were being prepared and audited as of a fiscal year end, except as otherwise explicitly provided herein.

“**Current Liabilities**” means accounts payable, accrued expenses, Liabilities related to Taxes and Sellers’ share of accounts payable under any expense sharing agreement between Sellers and the Company Group, but excluding payables to any of the Company Group’s Affiliates, managers, employees, officers or members and any of their respective Affiliates, deferred Tax Liabilities, Transaction Expenses that have not been paid or accrued and any outstanding Indebtedness of the Company Group, determined in accordance with GAAP applied using the same accounting methods, practices, principles, policies and procedures, with consistent classifications, judgments and valuation and estimation methodologies that were used in the preparation of the Audited Financial Statements for the most recent fiscal year end as if such accounts were being prepared and audited as of a fiscal year end, except as otherwise explicitly provided herein.

“**Deferred Buyer Shares**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.06(d).

“**Deferred Equity Amount**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.06(d).

“**Deferred Payment Adjustment Amount**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.06(d).

“**Deferred Payment Adjustment Shares**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.06(d)(B).

“**Deferred Payments**” means the First Deferred Payment and Second Deferred Payment.

“**Direct Claim**” has the meaning set forth in Section 8.05(a).

“**Direct Competitor**” means a full-service investment bank that is primarily dedicated to the small-cap public market and that provides strategic and/or financial advisory services to principally emerging growth companies and their investors.

“**Disputed Amounts**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.05(c)(iii).

“**Dollars**” or “**\$**” means the lawful currency of the United States.

“**Draft Allocation Schedule**” has the meaning set forth in Section 6.07.

“**Due Date**” has the meaning set forth in 2.07(d).

“**Earnout Amount**” means the Cash Earnout Amount and the Equity Earnout Amount.

“**Earnout Adjustment Amount**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.07(e).

“**Earnout Adjustment Shares**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.07(e)(B).

“**Earnout Buyer Shares**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.07(e).

“**Earnout Calculation**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.07(a).

“**Earnout Calculation Statement**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.07(a).

“**Employer Plan**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.18(a).

“**Employment Letter and Non-Compete Agreement**” means the (i) Executive Employment Agreement and Employee Non-Compete Agreement or Letter of Continuing Employment and Employee Non-Compete Agreement substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit D.

“**Encumbrance**” means any charge, claim, community property interest, pledge, condition, equitable interest, lien (statutory or other), option, security interest, mortgage, easement, encroachment, right of way, right of first refusal, or restriction of any kind, including any restriction on use, voting, transfer, receipt of income or exercise of any other attribute of ownership, excluding non-exclusive licenses in and to Intellectual Property.

“**Environmental Claim**” means any Action, Governmental Order, lien, fine, penalty, or, as to each, any settlement or judgment arising therefrom, by or from any Person alleging liability of whatever kind or nature (including liability or responsibility for the costs of enforcement proceedings, investigations, cleanup, governmental response, removal or remediation, natural resources damages, property damages, personal injuries, medical monitoring, penalties, contribution, indemnification and injunctive relief) arising out of, based on or resulting from: (a) the presence, Release of, or exposure to, any Hazardous Materials; or (b) any actual or alleged non-compliance with any Environmental Law or term or condition of any Environmental Permit.

“**Environmental Law**” means any applicable Law, and any Governmental Order or binding agreement with any Governmental Authority: (a) relating to pollution (or the cleanup thereof) or the protection of natural resources, endangered or threatened species, human health or safety, or the environment (including ambient air, soil, surface water or groundwater, or subsurface strata); or (b) concerning the presence of, exposure to, or the management, manufacture, use, containment, storage, recycling, reclamation, reuse, treatment, generation, discharge, transportation, processing, production, disposal or remediation of any Hazardous Materials. The term “Environmental Law” includes, without limitation, the following (including their implementing regulations and any state analogs): the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, 42 U.S.C. §§ 9601 et seq.; the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, as amended by the

Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of 1984, 42 U.S.C. §§ 6901 et seq.; the Federal Water Pollution Control Act of 1972, as amended by the Clean Water Act of 1977, 33 U.S.C. §§ 1251 et seq.; the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976, as amended, 15 U.S.C. §§ 2601 et seq.; the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986, 42 U.S.C. §§ 11001 et seq.; the Clean Air Act of 1966, as amended by the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990, 42 U.S.C. §§ 7401 et seq.; and the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 651 et seq.

“**Environmental Notice**” means any written directive, written notice of violation or infraction, or written notice respecting any Environmental Claim relating to actual or alleged non-compliance with any Environmental Law or any term or condition of any Environmental Permit.

“**Environmental Permit**” means any Permit, letter, clearance, consent, waiver, closure, exemption, decision or other action required under or issued, granted, given, authorized by or made pursuant to Environmental Law.

“**Equity Earnout Amount**” means the number of Buyer Shares equal to \$6,000,000 divided by the Buyer Share Price.

“**ERISA**” means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

“**ERISA Affiliate**” means all employers (whether or not incorporated) that would be treated together with the Company Group or any of its Affiliates as a “single employer” within the meaning of Section 414 of the Code or Section 4001 of ERISA.

“**Estimated Closing Working Capital**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.05(a)(ii).

“**Estimated Closing Working Capital Statement**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.05(a)(ii).

“**Excluded Taxes**” has the meaning set forth in Section 6.03(a).

“**Financial Statements**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.06.

“**FINRA**” means the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority.

“**First Cash Deferred Payment**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.06(a).

“**First Company Revenue Target**” means \$220,000,000.

“**First Deferred Payment**” means \$20,000,000.

“**First Deferred Payment Date**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.06(a).

“**First Earnout Period**” means the date that begins the day after the Closing Date and ends on the first anniversary of the Closing Date.

“**First Retention Payment Date**” means the date that is the one year anniversary of the Closing Date.

“**Foreign Interests**” has the meaning set forth in Section 4.14(c).

“**GAAP**” means United States generally accepted accounting principles in effect from time to time.

“**Government Contracts**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.09(a)(vii).

“**Governmental Authority**” means any federal, state, local or foreign government or political subdivision thereof, or any agency or instrumentality of such government or political subdivision, or any self-regulated organization or other non-governmental regulatory authority or quasi-governmental authority (to the extent that the rules, regulations or orders of such organization or authority have the force of Law), or any arbitrator, court or tribunal of competent jurisdiction.

“**Governmental Order**” means any order, writ, judgment, injunction, decree, stipulation, determination or award entered by or with any Governmental Authority.

“**Hazardous Materials**” means: (a) any material, substance, chemical, waste, product, derivative, compound, mixture, solid, liquid, mineral or gas, in each case, whether naturally occurring or manmade, that is hazardous, acutely hazardous, toxic, or words of similar import or regulatory effect under Environmental Laws; and (b) any petroleum or petroleum-derived products, radon, radioactive materials or wastes, asbestos in any form, lead or lead-containing materials, urea formaldehyde foam insulation, and polychlorinated biphenyls.

“**Health Plan**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.18(h).

“**HSR Act**” means the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended.

“**Immediate Family Member**” means, with respect to any natural person, (i) such person’s spouse, parents and grandparents, (ii) children, grandchildren and siblings of such person or any natural person described in the foregoing clause (i), (iii) spouses of such person’s children, grandchildren and siblings, and (iv) estates, trusts, partnerships and other entities of which a majority of the interests are held directly or indirectly by the foregoing.

“**Indebtedness**” means, without duplication and with respect to the Company Group, all (a) indebtedness for borrowed money; (b) obligations for the deferred purchase price of property or services (other than Current Liabilities taken into account in the calculation of Closing Working Capital); (c) long or short-term obligations evidenced by notes, bonds, debentures or other similar instruments, (d) obligations under any interest rate, currency swap or other hedging agreement or arrangement; (e) capital lease obligations (including all assigned lease agreements); (f) reimbursement obligations under any letter of credit, banker’s acceptance or similar credit transactions; (g) guarantees made by any member of the Company Group on behalf of any third party in respect of obligations of the kind referred to in the foregoing clauses (a) through (f); and (h) any unpaid or unaccrued interest, prepayment penalties, premiums, costs and fees that would arise or become due as a result of the prepayment of any of the obligations referred to in the foregoing clauses (a) through (g).

“**Indemnified Party**” has the meaning set forth in Section 8.05.

“**Indemnifying Party**” has the meaning set forth in Section 8.05.

“**Independent Accountant**” means an independent accountant, mutually acceptable to the Sellers’ Representative and Buyer, with the expertise and qualifications to make asset allocation determinations in accordance with Section 1060 of the Code.

“**Individual Holders**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.03(d).

“**Insurance Policies**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.14.

“**Intellectual Property**” means any and all intellectual property rights and industrial property rights, pursuant to the Laws of any jurisdiction throughout the world, arising from or associated with any and all: trademarks, service marks, trade names, and similar indicia of source or origin; websites and domain names, social media sites and pages, and all related content and data; designs and design registrations; copyrights and works of authorship, whether or not copyrightable; Trade Secrets, inventions, technology, and other confidential and proprietary information, whether or not patentable; and patents (including all reissues, divisionals, continuations, continuations-in-part, and extensions thereof), and all registrations, applications for registration, and renewals of such rights, and the goodwill connected with the use of and symbolized by any of the foregoing.

“**Intended Tax Treatment**” has the meaning set forth in Section 6.08.

“**Interim Balance Sheet**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.06.

“**Interim Balance Sheet Date**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.06.

“**Interim Financial Statements**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.06.

“**IP Agreements**” means all licenses, sublicenses, consent to use agreements, settlements, coexistence agreements, covenants not to sue, waivers, releases, permissions and other Contracts, whether written or oral, relating to Intellectual Property that is owned by a third Person, excluding Contracts for Off-the-Shelf Software, Contracts for Open Source Software, Contracts that include an implied license or other implied right to use such Intellectual Property, and any Contracts that do not impose upon Company Group any ongoing royalty or other fee in connection with the use of such Intellectual Property (e.g., any Contracts with customers containing provisions permitting the use of a customer’s trademark in connection with marketing materials).

“**Knowledge of Buyer or Buyer’s Knowledge**” or any other similar knowledge qualification, means the actual knowledge of the Chief Executive Officer, President or Chief Financial Officer of Buyer or the knowledge such individuals should have had after reasonable inquiry of their direct reports.

“**Knowledge of Sellers or Sellers’ Knowledge**” or any other similar knowledge qualification, means the actual knowledge of Michael Rabinowitz, Edward L. Rose, or Timothy G. Murphy, or the knowledge such individuals should have had after reasonable inquiry of such individual’s direct reports.

“**Law**” means any statute, law, ordinance, regulation, rule, code, order, constitution, treaty, common law, judgment, decree, other requirement or rule of law of any Governmental Authority.

“**Liabilities**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.07.

“**Lease Deposits**” means those security deposits under real property leases of the Company Group in the amount set forth in Section 2.05(a)(i)(B) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules.

“**Leased Real Property**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.10(c).

“**Licensed Intellectual Property**” means all Intellectual Property in which the Company Group holds any rights or interests granted by other Persons, including Sellers or any of their Affiliates.

“**Lock-Up Agreement**” has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

“**Lock-Up Period**” shall have the meaning as defined in the Lock-Up Agreement.

“**Losses**” means losses, damages, liabilities, deficiencies, Actions, judgments, interest, awards, penalties, fines, costs or expenses of whatever kind, including reasonable attorneys’ fees and the cost of enforcing any right to indemnification hereunder and the cost of pursuing any insurance providers; provided, however, that “Losses” shall not include consequential, diminution in value, incidental, remote punitive or exemplary damages, except to the extent actually awarded to a Governmental Authority or other third party related to the actions of the Company Group or Sellers prior to the Closing.

“**Material Adverse Effect**” means, with respect to any Party or the Company Group, any event, occurrence, fact, condition or change that is, or could reasonably be expected to become, individually or in the aggregate, materially adverse to (a) the business, results of operations, condition (financial or otherwise) or assets of such Person, or (b) the ability of such Person to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby on a timely basis; provided, however, that “Material Adverse Effect” shall not include any event, occurrence, fact, condition or change, directly or indirectly, arising out of or attributable to: (i) general economic or political conditions; (ii) conditions generally affecting the industries in which such Person operates; (iii) any changes in financial or securities markets in general, including changes in prevailing interest rates, credit markets and credit availability and liquidity, currency exchange rates, and price levels or trading volumes in the United States or foreign securities markets affecting other companies in the financial services industry; (iv) acts of war (whether or not declared), armed hostilities or terrorism, or the escalation or worsening thereof; (v) acts of God, weather events, floods, earthquakes, and natural disasters, (vi) the effects of the COVID-19 or any other pandemic, epidemic, disease, or other health emergency; (vii) any action required or permitted by this Agreement, or any action taken or not taken with the prior written consent of the other Party; (viii) any changes in applicable Laws or accounting rules, including GAAP; or (ix) the public announcement, pendency or completion of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement; provided further, however, that any event, occurrence, fact, condition or change referred to in clauses (i) through (vi) immediately above shall be taken into account in determining whether a Material Adverse Effect has occurred or could reasonably be expected to occur to the extent that such event, occurrence, fact, condition or change has a disproportionate effect on such Person compared to other participants in the industries in which such Person conducts its businesses.

“**Material Clients**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.13(a).

“**Material Contracts**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.09(a).

“**Material Suppliers**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.13(b).

“**Maxim**” has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

“**MFA**” has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

“**MJR Corp.**” has the meaning set forth in the preamble to this Agreement.

“**Multiemployer Plan**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.18(c).

“Net Capital Cash” means the total of all cash accounts (including accounts at Capital One Bank, JP Morgan Chase, Webster Bank, Community Bank), Receivable Clearing Firm (net of Clearing Deposit) of the Company Group plus securities owned by the Company Group, less securities sold by the Company Group.

“Net Capital Cash Certificate” means a certificate executed by the Chief Financial Officer of the Company certifying on behalf of the Company that as of 11:59 p.m. Eastern Standard Time or Eastern Daylight Time on the Closing Date, the Company has Net Capital Cash in an amount to be determined by the Parties in good faith prior to the Closing and an itemized list of the account or accounts where such Net Capital Cash is held.

“Off-the-Shelf Software” means commercially available software, including software as a service, platform as a service, desktop as a service, and infrastructure as a service, available on standard commercial terms.

“Open Source Software” means any software that is distributed as, or that contains, or is derived in any manner (in whole or in part) from, any “free software,” “open source software” or under similar licensing or distribution terms, including the GNU General Public License (GPL), GNU Lesser General Public License (LGPL), Mozilla Public License (MPL), BSD licenses, the Apache License and any license identified as an open source license by the Open Source Initiative (www.opensource.org) or the Free Software Definition (as promulgated by the Free Software Foundation), or any substantially similar license, including but not limited to any license approved by the Open Source Initiative or any Creative Commons License.

“Organizational Documents” means (a) in the case of a Person that is a corporation, its articles or certificate of incorporation and its by-laws, regulations or similar governing instruments required by the laws of its jurisdiction of formation or organization; (b) in the case of a Person that is a partnership, its articles or certificate of partnership, formation or association, and its partnership agreement (in each case, limited, limited liability, general or otherwise); (c) in the case of a Person that is a limited liability company, its articles or certificate of formation or organization, and its limited liability company agreement or operating agreement; and (d) in the case of a Person that is none of a corporation, partnership (limited, limited liability, general or otherwise), limited liability company or natural person, its governing instruments as required or contemplated by the laws of its jurisdiction of organization.

“Partners” has the meaning set forth in the preamble to this Agreement.

“Party” or **“Parties”** has the meaning set forth in the preamble to this Agreement.

“PEO Plan” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.18(a).

“Permits” means all permits, licenses, franchises, approvals, authorizations, registrations, certificates, variances and similar rights obtained, or required to be obtained, from Governmental Authorities.

“Permitted Encumbrances” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.10(a).

“Person” means an individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company, Governmental Authority, unincorporated organization, trust, association, or other entity.

“Platform Agreements” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.11(h).

“Post-Closing Adjustment” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.05(b)(ii).

“**Post-Closing Tax Period**” means any taxable period beginning after the Closing Date and, with respect to any Straddle Period, the portion of such taxable period beginning after the Closing Date as determined under Section 6.04.

“**Post-Closing Taxes**” means Taxes of the Company Group for any Post-Closing Tax Period.

“**PPACA**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.18(h).

“**Pre-Closing Restructuring**” means the restructuring to be completed in the manner and on the timeline as set forth in Schedule A.

“**Pre-Closing Tax Period**” means any taxable period ending on or before the Closing Date and, with respect to any Straddle Period, the portion of such taxable period ending on and including the Closing Date as determined under Section 6.04.

“**Pre-Closing Taxes**” means Taxes of the Company Group for any Pre-Closing Tax Period.

“**Purchase Price**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.02.

“**Qualified Benefit Plan**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.18(c).

“**Real Property**” means the real property owned, leased, subleased or licensed by the Company Group, together with all buildings, structures and facilities located thereon.

“**Registration Rights Agreement**” has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

“**Regulatory Reports**” has the meaning set forth in Section 4.06(a).

“**Related Party Contract**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.25.

“**Related Person**” means, with respect to any Person, (a) any Affiliate of such Person, (b) any officer, director, manager or equityholder of such Person or any Affiliate of such Person, or (c) any Immediate Family Member of such Person or any such Affiliate.

“**Release**” means any actual or threatened release, spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, discharging, injecting, escaping, leaching, dumping, abandonment, disposing or allowing to escape or migrate into or through the environment (including, without limitation, ambient air (indoor or outdoor), surface water, groundwater, land surface or subsurface strata or within any building, structure, facility or fixture).

“**Representative**” means, with respect to any Person, any and all directors/managing members, managers, officers, employees, consultants, financial advisors, counsel, accountants and other agents of such Person.

“**Resolution Period**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.05(c)(ii).

“**Restricted Business**” means lines of business in the financial services sector offered by the Company Group as of the Closing Date.

“**Restricted Party Lists**” means the Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons list and all other sanctions lists administered by the United States Department of the Treasury, Office of Foreign Assets Control; any list of Persons subject to restrictions or prohibitions under

United States export controls; and all other applicable lists of specially designated persons, groups and entities subject to international trade and financial sanctions, including those administered by the UK Office of Financial Sanctions Implementation, the European Commission and the United Nations Security Council.

“**Restricted Period**” has the meaning set forth in Section 5.07(a).

“**Retention Participants**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.08.

“**Retention Payments**” means the sum of \$80,000,000.

“**Revenue Target**” means the First Company Revenue Target or the Second Company Revenue Target, as applicable.

“**Sanctioned Person**” means any Person that (i) has been named on any Restricted Party Lists; (ii) is located in, organized under the laws of, headquartered in, a blocked national of, or resident in any country or territory subject to comprehensive economic sanctions or trade embargoes administered by the United States government; (iii) is the government or any agency or instrumentality of the government of a country or territory which is currently or has in the last five (5) years been itself the subject or target of economic sanctions imposed by the United States government, or (iv) is owned by, controlled by, acting for or on behalf of, or providing assistance, support, sponsorship or services of any kind to, or otherwise associated with any of the Persons referred to or described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii).

“**Sarbanes-Oxley Act**” means the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as amended.

“**SEC**” means the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

“**Second Cash Deferred Payment**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.06(b).

“**Second Company Revenue Target**” means \$256,000,000.

“**Second Deferred Payment**” means \$20,000,000.

“**Second Deferred Payment Date**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.06(b).

“**Second Earnout Period**” means the date that begins the day after end of the First Earnout Period and ends on the second anniversary of the Closing Date.

“**Second Retention Payment Date**” means the date that is the second anniversary of the Closing Date.

“**Securities Act**” means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

“**Securities Exchange Act**” means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

“**Seller Acquisition Proposal**” has the meaning set forth in Section 5.03(a).

“**Seller Indemnitees**” has the meaning set forth in Section 8.03.

“**Seller Percentages**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.02.

“**Sellers**” has the meaning set forth in the preamble to this Agreement.

“**Sellers’ Representative**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.10(a).

“**Single Employer Plan**” means a pension plan which is a “single-employer plan” as defined in Section 4001 of ERISA.

“**Statement of Objections**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.05(c)(ii).

“**Straddle Period**” has the meaning set forth in Section 6.04.

“**Subsequent Adjustment Amount**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.03(a)(ii)(B).

“**Subsequent Adjustment Date**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.03(a)(ii)(B).

“**Subsequent Deferred Payment Adjustment Amount**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.06(d)(B).

“**Subsequent Deferred Payment Adjustment Date**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.06(d)(B).

“**Subsequent Earnout Adjustment Amount**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.07(e)(B).

“**Subsequent Earnout Adjustment Date**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.07(e)(B).

“**Subsidiary**” means, when used with reference to any other Person, any other Person of which securities or other ownership interests having ordinary voting power to elect a majority of the board of directors or other governing body or Persons performing similar functions, or more than fifty percent (50%) of the outstanding voting securities of which, are owned, directly or indirectly, by such first Person or (ii) any other Person with respect to which such first Person has voting control or controls the management.

“**Target Working Capital**” means \$4,500,000.

“**Tax Benefit**” has the meaning set forth in Section 8.04(c).

“**Tax Claim**” has the meaning set forth in Section 6.05.

“**Tax Reserves**” means the aggregate liability for Taxes included in the calculation of Closing Working Capital (as increased or decreased, as the case may be, to reflect any adjustments finally agreed upon pursuant to Section 2.05).

“**Tax Return**” means any return, declaration, report, claim for refund, information return, or statement or other document relating to Taxes, including any schedule or attachment thereto, and including any amendment thereof.

“**Taxes**” means all federal, state, local, foreign and other income, gross receipts, sales, use, production, ad valorem, transfer, franchise, registration, profits, license, lease, service, service use, withholding, payroll, employment, unemployment, estimated, excise, severance, environmental, stamp, occupation, premium, property (real or personal), real property gains, windfall profits, customs, duties or other taxes, fees, assessments or charges of any kind whatsoever, together with any interest, additions or penalties with respect thereto and any interest in respect of such additions or penalties.

“**Termination Fee**” has the meaning set forth in Section 9.02.

“**Territory**” means States where the Company Group has offices as of the Closing Date.

“**Third Party Claim**” has the meaning set forth in Section 8.05(c).

“**Third Retention Payment Date**” means the date that is the third anniversary of the Closing Date.

“**Trade Secrets**” means trade secrets, know-how, inventions (whether or not patentable), discoveries, improvements, technology, business and technical information, databases, data compilations and collections, tools, methods, processes, techniques and other confidential and proprietary information and all rights therein, in each case to the extent any of the foregoing derives economic value (actual or potential) from not being generally known to, and not being readily ascertainable by proper means by other persons who can obtain economic value from its disclosure or use and is the subject of reasonable efforts to maintain such secrecy.

“**Transaction Expenses**” means all fees and expenses incurred by the Company Group or Sellers at or prior to the Closing in connection with the preparation, negotiation and execution of this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents, and the performance and consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby.

“**Transfer Date**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.03(a)(ii).

“**Transfer Taxes**” has the meaning set forth in Section 6.01(b).

“**Treasury Regulations**” means the Treasury regulations promulgated under the Code, as such Treasury Regulations may be amended from time to time. Any reference herein to a particular provision of the Treasury Regulations means, where appropriate, the corresponding successor provision.

“**Undisputed Amounts**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.05(c)(iii).

“**Union**” has the meaning set forth in Section 3.19(b).

“**WARN Act**” means the federal Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act of 1988, and similar state, local and foreign laws related to plant closings, relocations, mass layoffs and employment losses.

“**Working Capital Review Period**” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.05(c)(i).

ARTICLE 2

PURCHASE AND SALE

Section 1.0a Purchase and Sale. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein, at the Closing (i) Sellers shall sell to Buyer, and Buyer shall purchase from Sellers, all of the Class A Units of the Company, free and clear of all Encumbrances, for the consideration specified in Section 2.02 and (ii) the Parties shall enter into and agree to be bound by the Amended Operating Agreement.

Section 1.0b Purchase Price. Subject to the terms, conditions and adjustments provided for in this ARTICLE II, the aggregate purchase price for the Class A Units shall consist of (i) the Closing Payment set forth in Section 2.03(a)(i), the Deferred Payments set forth in

Section 2.06 and the Earnout Payments set forth in Section 2.07, each payable in cash and (ii) the rights set forth in Section 2.03(a)(i), Section 2.06 and Section 2.07 to exchange Class B Units for Buyer Shares (the “**Purchase Price**”). Section 2.02 of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules sets forth the percentage of the Purchase Price to be paid to each Seller (the “**Seller Percentages**”).

Section 1.0c Transactions to be Effected at the Closing.

- (i) Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents, at the Closing Buyer, shall:
- (1) deliver to Sellers a “**Closing Payment**” equal to \$168,000,000, subject to the adjustments set forth in Section 2.05. The Closing Payment shall be paid by wire transfer of immediately available funds to Sellers in accordance with the Seller Percentages and to the accounts of Sellers designated in writing by Sellers’ Representative to Buyer no later than two (2) Business Days prior to the Closing Date.
 - (2) cause the Company to issue to the Sellers such number of Class B Units exchangeable for the number of Buyer Shares (rounded up to the nearest whole share) equal to the quotient of \$112,000,000 (“**Closing Equity Amount**”) (not subject to adjustments under Section 2.05(a)) divided by the Buyer Share Price (the “**Closing Buyer Shares**”). In accordance with the terms of the Amended Operating Agreement, the Class B Units shall be exchanged for Buyer Shares on a one (1) to one (1) basis (one Buyer Share for one Class B Unit). Within ten (10) Business Days after the end of the later of the two (2) year anniversary of the expiration of the applicable Lock-Up Period and the date on which the applicable Buyer Shares (i.e., Closing Buyer Shares, Deferred Buyer Shares or Earnout Buyer Shares) shall be registered and be freely tradeable (such date of expiration, the “**Transfer Date**”), in the event that the aggregate amount received by the Sellers from the sale of Closing Buyer Shares during the period between the date hereof and the Transfer Date plus the value of the unsold Closing Buyer Shares based on the closing price of the Buyer Shares at the close of business on the Transfer Date is lower than seventy-five percent (75%) of the Closing Equity Amount (such deficit, the “**Adjustment Amount**”), Buyer shall, in its sole discretion,
 - (a) issue to the Sellers such number of Class B Units exchangeable for the number of Buyer Shares equal to the quotient of (A) the difference between the Closing Equity Amount and the Adjustment Amount (expressed as a positive number) divided by (B) the price of the Buyer Shares at the close of business on the Transfer Date; or
 - (b) pay to Sellers in cash an aggregate amount equal to the difference between the Closing Equity Amount and the Adjustment Amount (expressed as a positive number).

Any Class B Units exchangeable for Buyer Shares issued to Sellers as a result of any adjustment pursuant to this Section 2.03(a)(ii) (“**Adjustment Shares**”) shall be subject to further adjustment at

such time that is two years from the issuance date of such Adjustment Shares (“**Subsequent Adjustment Date**”). In the event that on the Subsequent Adjustment Date, the aggregate value of such Adjustment Shares (determined by the product of the price per share of the Buyer Shares on the Subsequent Adjustment Date multiplied by the number of Adjustment Shares) (“**Subsequent Adjustment Amount**”), shall be less than the Adjustment Amount, Buyer shall, in its sole discretion,

- (i) issue to the Sellers such number of Class B Units exchangeable for the number of Buyer Shares equal to the quotient of (A) the difference between the Adjustment Amount and the Subsequent Adjustment Amount (expressed as a positive number) divided by (B) the price of the Buyer Shares at the close of business on the Subsequent Adjustment Date; or
 - (ii) pay to Sellers in cash an aggregate amount equal to the difference between the Adjustment Amount and the Subsequent Adjustment Amount (expressed as a positive number).
 - (3) deliver to Sellers executed counterparts of the Ancillary Documents by each Seller, as applicable, and all other agreements, documents, instruments or certificates required to be delivered by Buyer at or prior to the Closing pursuant to Section 7.03 of this Agreement;
 - (4) pay, on behalf of the Company Group or Sellers, the following amounts:
 - (a) Outstanding Indebtedness of the Company Group to be paid at Closing, by wire transfer of immediately available funds to the accounts and in the amounts specified on the Closing Indebtedness Certificate. For clarity, the Company Group may pay any outstanding Indebtedness of the Company Group prior to the Closing, so long as such payments do not result in the Company Group having less than the Clearing Deposit amount and the Net Capital Cash amount required at Closing.
 - (b) Any Transaction Expenses unpaid or unaccrued at Closing, by wire transfer of immediately available funds to the accounts and in the amounts specified on the Closing Transaction Expenses Certificate. For clarity, the Company Group or Sellers may pay any Transaction Expenses prior to the Closing, so long as such payments do not result in the Company Group having less than the Clearing Deposit amount and the Net Capital Cash amount required at Closing.
- (ii) At the Closing, Sellers shall deliver to Buyer:

- (1) an assignment of the Class A Units to Buyer in form and substance satisfactory to Buyer (the “**Class A Units Assignment**”), duly executed by Sellers; and
- (2) executed counterparts of the Ancillary Documents by each Seller, as applicable, and all other agreements, documents, instruments or certificates required to be delivered by Sellers at or prior to the Closing pursuant to Section 7.02 of this Agreement.

Section 1.0d Closing. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents, the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby shall take place at a closing (the “**Closing**”) to be held no later than two (2) Business Days after the last of the conditions to Closing set forth in ARTICLE VII have been satisfied or waived (other than conditions which, by their nature, are to be satisfied on the Closing Date), remotely by exchange of documents and signatures (or their electronic counterparts), or at such other time or on such other date or at such other place as Sellers and Buyer may mutually agree upon in writing (the day on which the Closing takes place being the “**Closing Date**”).

Section 1.0e Closing Payment Adjustment.

- (i) Closing Adjustment.
 - (1) At the Closing, the Closing Payment shall be adjusted in the following manner:
 - (a) either (1) an increase by the amount, if any, by which the Estimated Closing Working Capital (as determined in accordance with Section 2.05(a)(ii)) is greater than the Target Working Capital, or (2) a decrease by the amount, if any, by which the Estimated Closing Working Capital is less than the Target Working Capital;
 - (b) an increase by the amount of the Net Capital Cash, the Lease Deposits, and the Clearing Deposit;
 - (c) a decrease by the amount of accrued or unaccrued employee expense including, but not limited to, salary, commissions, bonuses, benefits and profit sharing (plus the employer portion of any employment Taxes payable with respect to such expense to the extent not otherwise included in the calculation of Closing Working Capital, Indebtedness and Transaction Expenses) as of 11:59 p.m. Eastern Standard Time or Eastern Daylight Time on the Closing Date; provided not included in the calculation of the Estimated Closing Working Capital;
 - (d) a decrease by the amount of outstanding Indebtedness of the Company Group paid on behalf of the Company Group pursuant to Section 2.03(a)(iii)(A); and
 - (e) a decrease by the amount of unpaid or unaccrued Transaction Expenses of the Company Group paid on behalf of the Company Group pursuant to Section 2.03(a)(iii)(B).

The net amount after giving effect to the adjustments listed above to the Closing Payment shall be the “**Closing Date Payment**”.

- (2) At least three (3) Business Days before the Closing, Sellers’ Representative shall prepare and deliver to Buyer a statement setting forth its good faith estimate of the Closing Working Capital (the “**Estimated Closing Working Capital**”), which statement shall contain an estimated balance sheet of the Company Group as of the Closing Date (without giving effect to the transactions contemplated herein), a calculation of Estimated Closing Working Capital (the “**Estimated Closing Working Capital Statement**”), and a certificate of the Chief Financial Officer of the Company Group that the Estimated Closing Working Capital Statement was prepared in accordance with GAAP applied using the same accounting methods, practices, principles, policies and procedures, with consistent classifications, judgments and valuation and estimation methodologies that were used in the preparation of the Audited Financial Statements for the most recent fiscal year end as if such Estimated Closing Working Capital Statement was being prepared and audited as of a fiscal year end. Section 2.05(a)(ii) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules sets forth an example of the Estimated Closing Working Capital Statement as if the Closing Date had occurred on December 31, 2022, as well as the calculation of the Closing Date Payment as if the Closing Date had occurred on December 31, 2022; the Parties agree that the same calculation methodologies used in the example will be used for purposes of the actual Estimated Closing Working Capital Statement and the Closing Working Capital Statement, as well as the Closing Date Payment.
- (ii) Post-Closing Adjustment.
- (1) Within ninety (90) days after the Closing Date, Buyer shall prepare and deliver to Sellers’ Representative a statement setting forth its calculation of the Closing Working Capital, which statement shall contain a balance sheet of the Company Group as of the Closing Date (without giving effect to the transactions contemplated herein) (the “**Closing Balance Sheet**”), a calculation of Closing Working Capital (the “**Closing Working Capital Statement**”) and a certificate of the Chief Financial Officer of Buyer that the Closing Working Capital Statement was prepared in accordance with GAAP applied using the same accounting methods, practices, principles, policies and procedures, with consistent classifications, judgments and valuation and estimation methodologies that were used in the preparation of the Audited Financial Statements for the most recent fiscal year end as if such Closing Working Capital Statement was being prepared and audited as of a fiscal year end.
 - (2) The post-closing adjustment shall be an amount equal to the Closing Working Capital minus the Estimated Closing Working Capital (the “**Post-Closing Adjustment**”).
- (iii) Examination and Review.

- (1) Examination. After receipt of the Closing Working Capital Statement, Sellers' Representative shall have thirty (30) days (the "**Working Capital Review Period**") to review the Closing Working Capital Statement. During the Working Capital Review Period, Sellers' Representative and its Representatives shall have full access to the books and records of the Company Group, the personnel of, and work papers prepared by, Buyer and/or Buyer's Accountants to the extent that they relate to the Closing Working Capital Statement and to such historical financial information (to the extent in Buyer's possession) relating to the Closing Working Capital Statement as Sellers' Representative or its Representatives may reasonably request for the purpose of reviewing the Closing Working Capital Statement and to prepare a Statement of Objections (as defined below), provided, that such access shall be in a manner that does not interfere with the normal business operations of Buyer or the Company Group.
- (2) Objection. On or prior to the last day of the Working Capital Review Period, Sellers' Representative may object to the Closing Working Capital Statement by delivering to Buyer a written statement setting forth Sellers' objections in reasonable detail, indicating each disputed item or amount and the basis for Seller's disagreement therewith (the "**Statement of Objections**"). If Sellers' Representative fails to deliver the Statement of Objections before the expiration of the Working Capital Review Period, the Closing Working Capital Statement and the Post-Closing Adjustment, as the case may be, reflected in the Closing Working Capital Statement shall be deemed to have been accepted by Sellers. If Sellers' Representative delivers the Statement of Objections before the expiration of the Working Capital Review Period, Buyer and Sellers shall negotiate in good faith to resolve such objections within thirty (30) days after the delivery of the Statement of Objections (the "**Resolution Period**"), and, if the same are so resolved within the Resolution Period, the Post-Closing Adjustment and the Closing Working Capital Statement with such changes as may have been previously agreed in writing by Buyer and Sellers, shall be final and binding.
- (3) Resolution of Disputes. If Sellers and Buyer fail to reach an agreement with respect to all of the matters set forth in the Statement of Objections before expiration of the Resolution Period, then any amounts remaining in dispute ("**Disputed Amounts**") and any amounts not so disputed, the "**Undisputed Amounts**") shall be submitted for resolution to the office of an Independent Accountant who, acting as an expert and not arbitrator, shall resolve the Disputed Amounts only and make any adjustments to the Post-Closing Adjustment, as the case may be, and the Closing Working Capital Statement. The Parties hereto agree that all adjustments shall be made without regard to materiality. The Independent Accountant shall only decide the specific items under dispute by the Parties and their decision for each Disputed Amount must be within the range of values assigned to each such item in the Closing Working Capital Statement and the Statement of Objections, respectively.

- (4) Fees of the Independent Accountant. The fees and expenses of the Independent Accountant shall be paid by Sellers, on the one hand, and by Buyer, on the other hand, based upon the percentage that the amount actually contested but not awarded to Sellers or Buyer, respectively, bears to the aggregate amount actually contested by Sellers and Buyer.
- (5) Determination by Independent Accountant. The Independent Accountant shall make a determination as soon as practicable within thirty (30) days (or such other time as the Sellers' Representative and Buyer shall agree in writing) after its engagement, and its resolution of the Disputed Amounts and its adjustments to the Closing Working Capital Statement and/or the Post-Closing Adjustment shall be conclusive and binding upon the Parties hereto absent reasonably discernible error.
- (iv) Payments of Post-Closing Adjustment. Except as otherwise provided herein, any payment of the Post-Closing Adjustment shall (A) be due (x) within five (5) Business Days of acceptance of Closing Working Capital Statement or (y) if there are Disputed Amounts, then within five (5) Business Days of the resolution described in clause (v) above; and (B) be paid by wire transfer of immediately available funds to such account as is directed by Buyer or Sellers' Representative, as the case may be. If the Post-Closing Adjustment is a positive number, the Post-Closing Adjustment shall be paid by Buyer to Sellers; if the Post-Closing Adjustment is a negative number, the absolute value of the Post-Closing Adjustment shall be paid by each Seller to Buyer based on each Sellers' Percentage.
- (v) Adjustments for Tax Purposes. Any payments made pursuant to Section 2.05 shall be treated as an adjustment to the Purchase Price by the Parties for Tax purposes, unless otherwise required by Law.

Section 1.0f Deferred Payments. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents, Buyer shall pay Sellers the Deferred Payments as follows:

- (i) The amount of \$8,000,000 of the First Deferred Payment (the "**First Cash Deferred Payment**") shall be paid on the date that is the first anniversary of the Closing Date (the "**First Deferred Payment Date**").
- (ii) The amount of \$8,000,000 of the Second Deferred Payment (the "**Second Cash Deferred Payment**") shall be paid on the date that is the second anniversary of the Closing Date (the "**Second Deferred Payment Date**").
- (iii) The First Cash Deferred Payment and the Second Cash Deferred Payment shall be paid to Sellers in accordance with the Seller Percentages by wire transfer of immediately available funds to an account or accounts designated in writing by Sellers' Representative to Buyer no later than two (2) Business Days prior to the applicable Deferred Payment Date.
- (iv) Following each of the First Deferred Payment Date and the Second Deferred Payment Date the Company shall issue to the Sellers such number of Class B Units exchangeable for the number of Buyer Shares

(rounded up to the nearest whole share) equal to the quotient of \$12,000,000 (each a “**Deferred Equity Amount**”) divided by the Buyer Share Price (each the “**Deferred Buyer Shares**”). Within ten (10) Business Days after the Transfer Date, in the event that the aggregate amount received by the Sellers from the sale of the Deferred Buyer Shares during the period between issuance of such shares and the Transfer Date plus the value of the applicable unsold Deferred Buyer Shares based on the closing price of the Buyer Shares at the close of business on the Transfer Date is lower than seventy-five percent (75%) of the Deferred Equity Amount (such deficit, the “**Deferred Payment Adjustment Amount**”), Buyer shall, in its sole discretion,

- (a) issue to the Sellers such number of Class B Units exchangeable for the number of Buyer Shares equal to the quotient of (A) the difference between the Deferred Equity Amount and the Deferred Payment Adjustment Amount (expressed as a positive number) divided by (B) the price of the Buyer Shares at the close of business on the Transfer Date; or
- (b) pay to Sellers in cash an aggregate amount equal to the difference between the Deferred Equity Amount and the Deferred Payment Adjustment Amount (expressed as a positive number).

Any Class B Units exchangeable for Buyer Shares issued to Sellers as a result of any adjustment pursuant to this Section 2.06(d) (“**Deferred Payment Adjustment Shares**”) shall be subject to further adjustment at such time that is two years from the issuance date of such Deferred Payment Adjustment Shares (“**Subsequent Deferred Payment Adjustment Date**”). In the event that on the Subsequent Deferred Payment Adjustment Date, the aggregate value of such Deferred Payment Adjustment Shares (determined by the product of the price per share of the Buyer Shares on the Deferred Payment Subsequent Adjustment Date multiplied by the number of Adjustment Shares) (“**Subsequent Deferred Payment Adjustment Amount**”), shall be less than the Deferred Payment Adjustment Amount, Buyer shall, in its sole discretion,

- (i) issue to the Sellers such number of Class B Units exchangeable for the number of Buyer Shares equal to the quotient of (A) the difference between the Deferred Payment Adjustment Amount and the Subsequent Deferred Payment Adjustment Amount (expressed as a positive number) divided by (B) the price of the Buyer Shares at the close of business on the Subsequent Deferred Payment Adjustment Date; or
- (ii) pay to Sellers in cash an aggregate amount equal to the difference between the Deferred Payment Adjustment Amount and the Subsequent Deferred Payment Adjustment Amount (expressed as a positive number).

Section 1.0g Earnout Payments. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents,

- (i) As soon as practicable, but in any event within forty five (45) days after the end of each Calculation Period, Buyer shall prepare, or cause to be prepared, and deliver to the Sellers' Representative a written statement (in each case, an "**Earnout Calculation Statement**") setting forth in reasonable detail its determination of Company Revenue for the applicable Calculation Period and the resulting Earnout Amount for such Calculation Period (in each case, an "**Earnout Calculation**").
- (ii) Any dispute with respect to the Earnout Calculation Statement shall be determined, generally, in accordance with the dispute resolution procedures set forth in Section 2.05 as adjusted to conform to this Section 2.07.
- (iii) In the event that the Revenue Target has been achieved for the associated Calculation Period, the Sellers shall be entitled to receive and Buyer shall pay to the Sellers, in accordance with Section 2.07(e), the Cash Earnout Amount and the Equity Earnout Amount. In the event the Revenue Target for any Calculation Period exceeds seventy percent (70%) of the applicable Revenue Target but is less than ninety percent (90%) the Revenue Target, the Sellers shall be entitled to receive and Buyer shall pay to the Sellers, a percentage of the Cash Earnout Amount and the Equity Earnout Amount equal to the percentage of the applicable Revenue Target that was achieved. In the event the Revenue Target for any Calculation Period equals or exceeds ninety percent (90%) the Revenue Target, the Earnout Amount shall be payable in full to the Sellers.
- (iv) Any Earnout Amount that Buyer is required to pay pursuant to Section 2.07(c) hereof shall be paid in full no later than five (5) Business Days following the date upon which the Earnout Calculation Statement for the applicable Calculation Period becomes final and binding upon the parties as provided in Section 2.07(c) (each, a "**Due Date**"). Buyer shall pay to the Sellers, in accordance with their Seller Percentage, the applicable Cash Earnout Amount by wire transfer of immediately available funds to the bank account provided to Buyer by the Sellers' Representative on behalf of the Sellers. If Buyer fails to pay any Earnout Amount on or prior to its Due Date, then, without limiting any other remedy otherwise available to the Sellers, the applicable Earnout Amount will bear interest from its Due Date by the lesser of (A) eight percent (8%) or (B) the maximum rate of interest permitted by applicable Law, in each case on an annual basis until the date of payment of such Earnout Amount in accordance with Section 2.07(c).
- (v) Following each Due Date the Company shall issue to the Sellers such number of Class B Units exchangeable for the number of Buyer Shares (rounded up to the nearest whole share) equal to the quotient of Equity Earnout Amount divided by the Buyer Share Price (each the "**Earnout Buyer Shares**"). Within ten (10) Business Days after the Transfer Date, in the event that the aggregate amount received by the Sellers from the sale of the Earnout Buyer Shares during the period between issuance of such shares and the Transfer Date plus the value of the applicable unsold Earnout Buyer Shares based on the closing price of the Buyer Shares at

the close of business on the Transfer Date is lower than seventy-five percent (75%) of the Earnout Amount (such deficit, the “**Earnout Adjustment Amount**”), Buyer shall, in its sole discretion,

- (a) issue to the Sellers such number of Class B Units exchangeable for the number of Buyer Shares equal to the quotient of (A) the difference between the Earnout Amount and the Earnout Adjustment Amount (expressed as a positive number) divided by (B) the price of the Buyer Shares at the close of business on the Transfer Date; or
- (b) pay to Sellers in cash an aggregate amount equal to the difference between the Earnout Amount and the Earnout Adjustment Amount (expressed as a positive number).

Any Class B Units exchangeable for Buyer Shares issued to Sellers as a result of any adjustment pursuant to this Section 2.07(d) (“**Earnout Adjustment Shares**”) shall be subject to further adjustment at such time that is two (2) years from the issuance date of such Earnout Adjustment Shares (“**Subsequent Earnout Adjustment Date**”). In the event that on the Subsequent Earnout Adjustment Date, the aggregate value of such Earnout Adjustment Shares (determined by the product of the price per share of the Buyer Shares on the Earnout Subsequent Adjustment Date multiplied by the number of Adjustment Shares) (“**Subsequent Earnout Adjustment Amount**”), shall be less than the Earnout Adjustment Amount, Buyer shall, in its sole discretion,

- (i) issue to the Sellers such number of Class B Units exchangeable for the number of Buyer Shares equal to the quotient of (A) the difference between the Earnout Adjustment Amount and Earnout Adjustment Amount (expressed as a positive number) divided by (B) the price of the Buyer Shares at the close of business on the Subsequent Earnout Adjustment Date; or
- (ii) pay to Sellers in cash an aggregate amount equal to the difference between the Earnout Adjustment Amount and the Subsequent Earnout Adjustment Amount (expressed as a positive number).

- (vi) During the Earnout Period Buyer shall not, directly or indirectly, take any actions that have the principal purpose of avoiding or reducing any of the Earnout Amounts hereunder. However, if Buyer proposes to take any action (or causes the Company Group to take any action) outside of the ordinary course of business that could reasonably be expected to have a material adverse impact on Revenue Targets, which shall include Buyer’s decision to consolidate the operations of any direct or indirect business acquired by the Company Group and included in the Revenue Target calculations, then Buyer and the Earnout Recipients shall negotiate in good faith with respect to adjusting the Revenue Target for any affected Calculation Period or otherwise amending the methodology for calculation of the Earnout Amount hereunder to account for such impact.

Section 1.0h Retention Payments. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents, Buyer shall pay Retention Payments to those employees of the Company Group who are mutually agreed upon by Buyer and Sellers (the “**Retention Participants**”). Sellers have provided to Buyer a schedule of recommended Retention Participants which will form the basis of the final schedule of Retention Participants as agreed by Buyer and Sellers. The Retention Payments shall be reflected in a retention agreement or an employment agreement between a member of the Company Group and each Retention Participant. The payment of any Retention Payment to a Retention Participant shall be subject to and conditioned on (i) compliance by the Retention Participant with terms of the employment agreement and (ii) the continued employment of the Retention Participant with a member of the Company Group through the end the applicable Retention Payment Date; provided, however, that Buyer shall not terminate such Retention Participant’s employment solely to avoid or delay making any such Retention Payments and a Retention Participant shall be entitled to retain its Retention Payment if terminated by the Company Group for any reason other than cause (as defined in such Retention Participant’s employment agreement) with payment made on the normal Retention Payment Date. In the event a Retention Participant is not employed by a member of the Company Group at the end of a Retention Payment Date and is no longer entitled to any portion of his or her Retention Payment, Buyer shall have the right, in a manner reasonably acceptable to the Company Group, to reduce or reallocate the former employee’s applicable Retention Payment to one or more other Company Group employees; provided that Buyer shall not be able to retain any amount of the Retention Payment. The Retention Payments shall be allocated for payment on the First Retention Payment Date, the Second Retention Payment Date and the Third Retention Payment Date based on a determination by the Parties in good faith prior to the Closing as to the Retention Participants who will be allocated payments on these dates.

- (i) If earned, Retention Payments shall be paid to Retention Participants forty percent (40%) in cash and sixty percent (60%) in Buyer Shares.
 - (1) The aggregate number of Buyer Shares included in a Retention Payment shall be equal to the quotient of sixty percent (60%) of the Retention Payment, divided by the Buyer Share Price, and all such shares shall be registered and freely tradeable Buyer Shares.
 - (2) Subject to applicable withholdings, the cash portion of Retention Payments shall be paid to Retention Participants in accordance with standard payroll practices promptly following the applicable Retention Payment Dates.
 - (3) Buyer Shares portion of any Retention Payments will be evidenced by written confirmation from Buyer’s Transfer Agent that Buyer Shares pertaining to the Retention Payments have issued in book-entry form to the name of the Retention Participants, subject to a restricted share legend and subject to receipt of investment letters executed by each Retention Participant.

Section 1.0i Buyer Shares Adjustment. Notwithstanding any other provision of this ARTICLE II, if, between the date of this Agreement and the payment of any Deferred Payment, Earnout Payment or Retention Payment, Buyer Shares shall be changed into a different number of shares or a different class of shares by reason of any reclassification, recapitalization, split-up, combination, exchange of shares or readjustment, or if a stock dividend thereof shall be declared with a record date within such period, then the number of Buyer Shares exchangeable for Class B Units held by Sellers or issued to the Retention Participants pursuant to this Agreement will be appropriately and proportionally adjusted so that the number of such Buyer Shares (or such class

of shares into which shares of Buyer Shares have been changed) that will be exchanged for Class B Units or issued as part of a Retention Payment will equal in number of such shares that Sellers or Retention Participants would have received pursuant to such reclassification, recapitalization, split-up, combination, exchange of shares, readjustment or stock dividend had the record date therefore had been immediately following the Deferred Payment, Earnout Payment or Retention Payment.

Section 1.j Sellers' Representative.

- (i) Each Seller, on behalf of itself and its successors and assigns, appoints Michael Rabinowitz as its agent, proxy, attorney-in-fact and representative under this Agreement (in such capacity, the "**Sellers' Representative**") and authorizes and directs the Sellers' Representative to take any and all actions in the name and on behalf of such Seller as may be necessary or appropriate to exercise or perform the rights, powers and obligations of such Seller under this Agreement or any other Ancillary Document and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, with full power of substitution to act in the name, place and stead of such Seller, including (i) bringing, managing, controlling, defending and settling on behalf of a Seller Indemnitee any indemnification claims by or against a Purchaser Indemnitee under ARTICLE VII, including any third party claims, (ii) making on behalf of such Seller any determinations and taking all actions on its behalf relating to the Purchase Price adjustments under Section 2.05, and managing all disputes with respect thereto, and (ii) exercising such rights, power and authority, as are authorized, delegated and granted to the Sellers' Representative on behalf of Sellers pursuant to this Agreement (including the right to receive notices and other documentation pursuant to the terms of this Agreement on behalf of Sellers). By its execution hereof, each Seller hereby authorizes, delegates and grants to the Sellers' Representative authority to take all actions that this Agreement and any Ancillary Document provide are to be taken by such Seller. All decisions and actions by the Sellers' Representative, including any agreement between the Sellers' Representative and Buyer relating to the defense or settlement of any claims for which a Seller may be required to indemnify under this Agreement shall be binding upon all of the Sellers, and no Seller shall have the right to object, dissent, protest or otherwise contest the same, and Buyer is entitled to rely upon the same in all respects and shall have no liability to any individual Seller for any action taken by the Sellers' Representative on behalf of the Sellers in accordance with this Section. The provisions of this Section are irrevocable and coupled with an interest.
- (ii) Each Seller agrees that the Sellers' Representative (i) shall not be liable for any actions taken or omitted to be taken under or in connection with this Agreement or any Ancillary Document or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby and (ii) shall not owe any fiduciary duty or have any fiduciary responsibility to any Seller or the Company as a result of its actions taken as the Sellers' Representative pursuant to this Agreement or any Ancillary Document.
- (iii) Each Seller shall, up to the amount of its Sellers Percentage, indemnify the Sellers' Representative and hold it harmless against any Losses incurred on the part of the Sellers' Representative and arising out of or in connection with the acceptance or administration of the Sellers'

Representative's duties under this Agreement, including the reasonable fees and expenses of any legal counsel retained by the Sellers' Representative. In no event shall the Sellers' Representative in such capacity be liable hereunder or in connection herewith for any indirect, punitive, special or consequential damages. The Sellers' Representative shall be fully protected against the Sellers in relying upon any written notice, demand, certificate or document that it in good faith believes to be genuine, including facsimiles or copies thereof. In connection with the performance of its rights and obligations hereunder, the Sellers' Representative shall have the right at any time and from time to time to select and engage, at the cost and expense of the Sellers, attorneys, accountants, investment bankers, advisors, consultants and clerical personnel and obtain such other professional and expert assistance, maintain such records and incur other out-of-pocket expenses, as the Sellers' Representative may deem necessary or desirable from time to time. All of the indemnities, immunities, releases and powers granted to the Sellers' Representative under this Section shall survive the Closing.

Section 1.k Withholding Tax. Buyer and the Company shall be entitled to deduct and withhold from the Purchase Price and Retention Payments all Taxes that Buyer and the Company Group may be required to deduct and withhold under any provision of Tax Law; provided that, prior to any such deduction or withholding, Buyer or the Company, as applicable, shall provide at least five (5) Business Days' written notice to the Person subject to such deduction or withholding regarding the amount and the nature of such deduction or withholding and shall reasonably cooperate with such Person to lawfully mitigate or eliminate such deduction or withholding. To the extent that Buyer or the Company, as applicable, timely pays the amount so deducted and withheld to the appropriate Governmental Authority, such deducted or withheld amount shall be treated as delivered to the recipient hereunder.

Section 1.l Equity Portfolio. Section 2.12 of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules sets forth (i) a schedule of the portfolio of investment securities owned by or registered in the name of a member of the Company Group as of the date of this Agreement and (ii) the portion of the investment securities that have been committed for allocation to parties other than a member of the Company Group ("**Allocated Securities**"). After the Closing, Buyer shall be entitled to fifty percent (50%) of any of the net proceeds from the liquidation of any of the investment securities listed on Section 2.12 of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules that are not Allocated Securities. For the avoidance of doubt, during the time from the date hereof to the Closing Date, nothing contained herein shall prohibit Sellers from selling, transferring, or otherwise disposing of any of the investment securities.

ARTICLE 3

REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF SELLERS

Except as set forth in the correspondingly numbered Section of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules, Sellers represent and warrant to Buyer that the statements contained in this ARTICLE III are true and correct as of the date hereof.

Section 1.0a Organization and Authority of Sellers. Each Seller that is a limited liability company is duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the Laws of the jurisdiction of its organization and has full limited liability company power and authority to enter into this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents to which it is a party, to carry out its obligations hereunder and thereunder and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby. Each Seller that is a corporation is duly organized, validly existing and in good

standing under the Laws of the jurisdiction of its organization and has full corporate power and authority to enter into this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents to which it is a party, to carry out its obligations hereunder and thereunder and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby. The execution and delivery by each Seller of this Agreement and any Ancillary Document to which such Seller is a party, the performance by such Seller of its obligations hereunder and thereunder, and the consummation by such Seller of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby have been duly authorized by all requisite action on the part of such Seller. This Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by each Seller, and (assuming due authorization, execution, and delivery by Buyer) this Agreement constitutes a legal, valid and binding obligation of such Seller enforceable against such Seller in accordance with its terms. When each Ancillary Document to which each Seller is or will be a party has been duly executed and delivered by such Seller (assuming due authorization, execution, and delivery by each other party thereto), such Ancillary Document will constitute a legal and binding obligation of such Seller enforceable against it in accordance with its terms.

Section 1.0b Organization, Authority and Qualification of the Company. Each member of the Company Group is duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the Laws of the jurisdiction of its organization and has full limited liability company power and authority to own, operate or lease the properties and assets now owned, operated or leased by it and to carry on its business as it has been and is currently conducted. Section 3.02 of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules sets forth each jurisdiction in which each member of Company Group is licensed or qualified to do business, and is duly licensed or qualified to do business and is in good standing in each jurisdiction in which the properties owned or leased by it or the operation of its business as currently conducted makes such licensing or qualification necessary, except where the failure to be so licensed, qualified, or in good standing would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect. All actions required to be taken by the Company Group in connection with this Agreement and the other Ancillary Documents to which such member of the Company Group is a party will be duly authorized on or prior to the Closing. Prior to the Closing, the Pre-Closing Restructuring shall have been completed in accordance with applicable Law and all necessary actions and approvals shall have been taken and received in connection with the Pre-Closing Restructuring. The Amended Operating Agreement shall be duly authorized and executed and shall be in full force and effect and enforceable in accordance with its terms.

Section 1.0c Capitalization.

- (i) As of the date hereof, Partners is sole owner of and has good and valid title to the Class A Units set forth on Schedule B, free and clear of all Encumbrances. Immediately after the Pre-Closing Restructuring, Sellers will be the record owners of and have good and valid title to the Class A Units set forth on Schedule B, free and clear of all Encumbrances. The Class A Units constitute, and will constitute at Closing, one hundred percent (100%) of the total issued and outstanding membership interests in the Company. The Class A Units outstanding as of the date hereof have been duly authorized and are validly issued. Except for the Class A Units, no Seller or any other Person owns, beneficially or otherwise, any membership or other interests in the Company. Upon consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement where a portion of the membership interests of the Company are acquired by Buyer, Buyer shall own all of the Class A Units owned by the Sellers, free and clear of all Encumbrances.
- (ii) The Class A Units were and will be issued in compliance with applicable Laws. The Class A Units were not and will not be issued in violation of

the Organizational Documents of the Company or any other agreement, arrangement, or commitment to which any Seller or the Company is a party and are not subject to or in violation of any preemptive or similar rights of any Person.

- (iii) There are no outstanding or authorized options, warrants, convertible securities or other rights, agreements, arrangements or commitments of any character relating to any membership or other interests in any member of the Company Group or obligating Sellers or the Company Group to issue or sell any membership or other interests in any member of the Company Group. Other than the Organizational Documents, there are no voting trusts, proxies or other agreements or understandings in effect with respect to the voting or transfer of any of the Class A Units.
- (iv) Section 3.03 of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules sets forth the names of the individuals who immediately prior to the Closing Date will own, directly or indirectly through their ownership of interests in the Sellers, fifteen percent (15%) or more of the Class A Units owned by the Sellers immediately prior to the Closing Date (the “**Individual Holders**”).

Section 1.0d Subsidiaries. Other than with respect to the Company’s ownership of Maxim and MFA, none of the members of the Company Group own or have any interest in any shares or has an ownership interest in any other Person.

Section 1.0e No Conflicts; Consents. The execution, delivery and performance by each Seller of this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents to which it is a party, and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, do not and will not: (a) conflict with or result in a violation or breach of, or default under, any provision of the Organizational Documents of such Seller or any member of the Company Group; (b) conflict with or result in a violation or breach of any provision of any Law or Governmental Order applicable to such Seller or any member of the Company Group, except where the conflict, violation, breach, default, acceleration, termination, modification, cancellation, failure to give notice or obtain consent, or Encumbrance would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect; (c) except as set forth in Section 3.05 of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules, require the consent, notice or other action by any Person under, conflict with, result in a violation or breach of, constitute a default or an event that, with or without notice or lapse of time or both, would constitute a default under, result in the acceleration of or create in any party the right to accelerate, terminate, modify or cancel any Contract to which such Seller or any member of the Company Group is a party or by which such Seller or any member of the Company Group is bound or to which any of their respective properties and assets are subject (including any Material Contract) or any Permit affecting the properties, assets or business of any member of the Company Group; or (d) result in the creation or imposition of any Encumbrance other than Permitted Encumbrances on any properties or assets of any member of the Company Group. No consent, approval, Permit, Governmental Order, declaration or filing with, or notice to, any Governmental Authority is required by or with respect to such Seller or any member of the Company Group in connection with the execution and delivery of this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, except for such filings as may be required by FINRA or under the HSR Act.

Section 1.0f Financial Statements. Except as set forth in Section 3.06 of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules, complete copies of each member of the Company Group’s audited financial statements consisting of the balance sheet as at December 31 in each of the years 2021, 2020 and 2019 and the related statements of income and retained earnings, members’ equity and cash flow for the years then ended (the “**Audited Financial Statements**”), and

unaudited financial statements consisting of the balance sheets of the Company Group as at September 30, 2022 and the related statements of income and retained earnings, members' equity and cash flow for the nine (9)-month period then ended (the "**Interim Financial Statements**" and together with the Audited Financial Statements, the "**Financial Statements**") have been delivered to Buyer. The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP applied on a consistent basis throughout the period involved, subject, in the case of the Interim Financial Statements, to normal and recurring year-end adjustments (the effect of which will not be materially adverse) and the absence of notes (that, if presented, would not differ materially from those presented in the Audited Financial Statements). The Financial Statements are based on the books and records of the Company Group, and fairly present in all material respects the financial condition of the Company Group as of the respective dates they were prepared and the results of the operations of the Company Group for the periods indicated. The consolidated balance sheets of the Company Group as of December 31, 2021 are referred to herein as the "**Balance Sheet**" and the date thereof as the "**Balance Sheet Date**." The consolidated balance sheets of the Company Group as of September 30, 2022, are referred to herein as the "**Interim Balance Sheet**" and the date thereof as the "**Interim Balance Sheet Date**." The Company Group maintains a standard system of accounting established and administered in accordance with GAAP.

Section 1.0g Undisclosed Liabilities. The Company Group has no liabilities, obligations or commitments of any nature whatsoever, asserted or unasserted, known or unknown, absolute or contingent, accrued or unaccrued, matured or unmatured, or otherwise ("**Liabilities**"), except (a) those which are adequately reflected or reserved against in the Balance Sheet as of the Balance Sheet Date, (b) those which have been incurred in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice since the Balance Sheet Date, (c) those which would not otherwise be required to be reflected or reserved against in a balance sheet prepared in accordance with GAAP; (d) liabilities related to the future performance of any Material Contract (but excluding any liabilities for breach of contract, breach of warranty, tort, infringement, violation of Law, claim or lawsuit), (e) liabilities incurred in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby, (f) Company Indebtedness and Company Transaction Expenses or amounts that will be discharged or paid in full prior to the Closing Date, and (g) liabilities specifically identified on Section 3.07 of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules.

Section 1.0h Absence of Certain Changes, Events, and Conditions. Except as set forth in Section 3.08 of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules, since the Balance Sheet Date, there has not been, with respect to the Company Group, any:

- (i) event, occurrence or development that has had, or could reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect on the Company Group;
- (ii) amendment of the Organizational Documents of a member of the Company Group;
- (iii) split, combination or reclassification of any membership interests in a member of the Company Group;
- (iv) issuance, sale or other disposition of, or creation of any Encumbrance on, any membership interests in a member of the Company Group, or grant of any options, warrants or other rights to purchase or obtain (including upon conversion, exchange or exercise) any membership interests in a member of the Company Group;

- (v) declaration or payment of any distributions on or in respect of any membership interests in a member of the Company Group or redemption, purchase or acquisition of any member of the Company Group outstanding membership interests;
- (vi) material change in any method of accounting or accounting practice of a member of the Company Group, except as required by GAAP or as disclosed in the notes to the Financial Statements;
- (vii) material change in the Company Group's cash management practices and its policies, practices and procedures with respect to collection of accounts receivable, establishment of reserves for uncollectible accounts (if any), accrual of accounts receivable, inventory control, prepayment of expenses, payment of trade accounts payable, accrual of other expenses, deferral of revenue and acceptance of customer deposits;
- (viii) entry into any Contract that would constitute a Material Contract, other than non-exclusive licenses in and to Intellectual Property;
- (ix) incurrence, assumption or guarantee of any indebtedness for borrowed money except unsecured current obligations and Liabilities incurred in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice;
- (x) transfer, assignment, sale or other disposition of any of the assets shown or reflected in the Balance Sheet or cancellation of any debts or entitlements, except in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice;
- (xi) transfer or assignment of or grant of any license or sublicense under or with respect to any Company Intellectual Property or Company IP Agreements, excluding non-exclusive licenses or sublicenses in and to Company Intellectual Property;
- (xii) unintentional abandonment or lapse of or failure to maintain in full force and effect any Company IP Registration, or failure to take or maintain reasonable measures to protect the confidentiality or value of any Trade Secrets included in the Company Intellectual Property;
- (xiii) material damage, destruction or loss (whether or not covered by insurance) to its property;
- (xiv) any capital investment in, or any loan to, any other Person in excess of \$100,000;
- (xv) acceleration, termination, material modification to or cancellation of any Material Contract;
- (xvi) any material capital expenditures;
- (xvii) imposition of any Encumbrance upon any member of the Company Group's properties or assets, tangible or intangible, excluding non-exclusive licenses in and to Company Intellectual Property, including for the avoidance of doubt, any implied non-exclusive licenses in and to Company Intellectual Property resulting from the sale, lease or other provision of goods or services;

- (xviii) (i) grant of any bonuses, whether monetary or otherwise, or increase in any wages, salary, severance, pension or other compensation or benefits in respect of its current or former employees, officers, managers, managing members, independent contractors or consultants, other than as provided for in any written agreements, in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice or required by applicable Law, (ii) change in the terms of employment (including, but not limited to, any changes in compensation or benefits) for any employee or any termination of any employees for which the aggregate costs and expenses exceed \$100,000, or (iii) action to accelerate the vesting or payment of any compensation or benefit for any current or former employee, officer, manager, managing member, independent contractor or consultant;
- (xix) hiring or promoting any person as or to (as the case may be) as an officer;
- (xx) adoption, modification or termination of any: (i) employment, severance, retention or other agreement with any current or former employee, officer, manager, managing member, independent contractor or consultant other than in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice, (ii) Benefit Plan or (iii) collective bargaining or other agreement with a Union, in each case whether written or oral;
- (xxi) any loan to (or forgiveness of any loan to), or entry into any other transaction with, any of its members or current or former managers, managing members, officers and employees;
- (xxii) entry into a new line of business or abandonment or discontinuance of existing lines of business;
- (xxiii) adoption of any plan of merger, consolidation, reorganization, liquidation or dissolution or filing of a petition in bankruptcy under any provisions of federal or state bankruptcy Law or consent to the filing of any bankruptcy petition against it under any similar Law;
- (xxiv) purchase, lease or other acquisition of the right to own, use or lease any property or assets for an amount in excess of \$50,000, individually (in the case of a lease, per annum) or \$100,000 in the aggregate (in the case of a lease, for the entire term of the lease, not including any option term), except for purchases of inventory or supplies in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice;
- (xxv) acquisition by merger or consolidation with, or by purchase of a substantial portion of the assets, stock or other equity of, or by any other manner, any business or any Person or any division thereof, other than in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice;
- (xxvi) action by any member of the Company Group to make, change or rescind any material Tax election, amend any material Tax Return or take any position on any Tax Return, take any action, omit to take any action or enter into any other transaction that would have the effect of materially increasing the Tax liability or materially reducing any Tax asset of Buyer in respect of any Post-Closing Tax Period; or

(xxvii) any Contract to do any of the foregoing, or any action or omission that would result in any of the foregoing.

Section 1.0i Material Contracts.

- (i) Section 3.09(a) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules lists each of the following Contracts of the Company Group (in the case of Contracts pertaining to the business of the Company Group such Contracts, together with all Contracts concerning the occupancy, management or operation of any Real Property listed or otherwise disclosed in Section 3.10(c) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules and all Company IP Agreements set forth in Section 3.11(b) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules, being “**Material Contracts**”):
- (1) each Contract involving aggregate consideration in excess of \$100,000 per year and which, in each case, cannot be cancelled by any member of the Company Group without penalty or without more than thirty (30) days’ notice;
 - (2) each Contract that expressly provides for the indemnification by any member of the Company Group of any Person or the assumption of any Tax, environmental or other Liability of any Person;
 - (3) each Contract that relates to the acquisition or disposition of any business, a material amount of equity or assets of any other Person or any real property (whether by merger, sale of stock or other equity interests, sale of assets or otherwise);
 - (4) all broker, distributor, dealer, manufacturer’s representative, franchise, agency, sales promotion, market research, marketing consulting and advertising Contracts to which a member of the Company Group is a party;
 - (5) each employment agreement or Contracts with independent contractors or consultants (or similar arrangements) to which any member of the Company Group is a party and which are not cancellable without material penalty or without more than thirty (30) days’ notice;
 - (6) except for Contracts relating to trade payables, all Contracts relating to Indebtedness (including, without limitation, guarantees) of the Company Group;
 - (7) each Contract with any Governmental Authority to which a member of the Company Group is a party (“**Government Contracts**”);
 - (8) any Contract that limits or purports to limit the ability of a member of the Company Group to compete in any line of business or with any Person or in any geographic area or during any period of time;

- (9) any Contract to which a member of the Company Group is a party that provides for any joint venture, partnership or similar arrangement by the Company;
 - (10) each Related Party Contract; and
 - (11) all collective bargaining agreements or Contracts with any Union to which the Company Group is a party.
- (ii) Each Material Contract is valid and binding on the member of the Company Group that is a party thereto in accordance with its terms and is in full force and effect. No member of the Company Group or, to Sellers' Knowledge, any other party thereto is in breach of or default under (or has received written notice alleging that a member of the Company Group is in breach of or default under) or has provided or received any written notice of any intention to terminate, any Material Contract. No event or circumstance has occurred that, with notice or lapse of time or both, would constitute an event of default under any Material Contract or result in a termination thereof or would cause or permit the acceleration or other changes of any right or obligation or the loss of any benefit thereunder. Complete and correct copies of each written Material Contract or in the case of any oral Material Contracts, a complete and correct written description of material terms (including all modifications, amendments, and supplements thereto and waivers thereunder) have been made available to Buyer.

Section 1.j Title to Tangible Personal Assets; Real Property.

- (i) Except as set forth in Section 3.10(a) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules, the Company Group has good and valid title to, or a valid leasehold interest in, all tangible personal property and all real property and other tangible or real assets reflected in the Audited Financial Statements or acquired after the Balance Sheet Date, other than properties and assets sold or otherwise disposed of in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice since the Balance Sheet Date. All such properties and assets (including leasehold interests) are free and clear of Encumbrances except for the following (collectively referred to as "**Permitted Encumbrances**"):
- (1) liens for Taxes, assessments or other governmental charges not yet delinquent or the amount or validity of which is being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings;
 - (2) mechanics, carriers', workmen's, repairmen's or other like liens arising or incurred in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice or amounts that are not delinquent, and which are not, individually or in the aggregate, material to the business of the Company Group or the amount or validity of which is being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings;
 - (3) easements, rights of way, zoning ordinances and other similar encumbrances affecting Real Property which are not, individually or in the aggregate, material to the business of the Company Group;

- (4) liens arising under original purchase price conditional sales contracts and equipment leases with third parties entered into in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice which are not, individually or in the aggregate, material to the business of the Company Group; or
 - (5) all Liens imposed by Laws relating to the offering, solicitation, subscription, sale, resale, issuance, exchange, transfer, distribution or other disposition of securities, including, the Securities Act and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- (ii) No member of the Company Group owns or has ever owned fee interest in any Real Property.
- (iii) Notwithstanding the disclosures provided in Section 3.09(a) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules, Section 3.10(c) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules lists all Contracts of Sellers and the Company Group for the lease, sublease, license or other use or occupancy of Real Property by a member of the Company Group ("**Leased Real Property**"), which list includes: (i) the street address of each parcel of Real Property; (ii) if such property is leased, subleased or licensed, the landlord or licensor, the rental amount currently being paid, and the expiration of the term of such lease, sublease or license for Leased Real Property; and (iii) the current use of such property.
- (iv) With respect to the Leased Real Property:
- (1) Sellers have delivered or made available to Buyer true, complete and correct copies of all Contracts for the Leased Real Property, and all such Contracts are valid, legally binding, enforceable and in full force and effect;
 - (2) no member of the Company Group is in material breach of or default under any Contract for the Leased Real Property;
 - (3) the Company Group is in material compliance with all terms of such Contracts, including but not limited to all insurance requirements thereof;
 - (4) no event has occurred that, with notice, lapse of time or both, would constitute a breach or default by any member of the Company Group pursuant to any Contracts for the Leased Real Property or that would permit early termination by the landlord or licensee thereunder;
 - (5) there are no pending or to the Sellers' Knowledge threatened, in writing, appropriation, condemnation, eminent domain or like proceedings relating to the Leased Real Property;
 - (6) neither Seller nor any member of the Company Group has entered into or assumed and become subject to any written or oral sublease, license, concession, occupancy agreement or other contract granting to any other Person (other than Sellers or the Company Group) the right to use or occupy any Leased Real

Property, and no Person (other than the Company Group) is in possession of any Leased Real Property;

- (7) the use and operation of the Leased Real Property in the conduct of the Company Group's business do not violate in any material respect any Law;
- (8) to the Sellers' Knowledge, no material improvements constituting a part of the Leased Real Property encroach on real property owned or leased by a Person other than a member of the Company Group; and
- (9) there are no Actions pending nor, to the Sellers' Knowledge, threatened against or affecting the Leased Real Property or any portion thereof or interest therein in the nature or in lieu of condemnation or eminent domain proceedings.

Section 1.k Intellectual Property.

- (i) Section 3.11(a) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules contains a correct, current, and complete list of all Company IP Registrations, specifying as to each, as applicable: the title, mark, or design; the record owner and inventor(s), if any; the jurisdiction by or in which it has been issued, registered, or filed; the patent, registration, or application serial number; the issue, registration, or filing date; and the current status.
- (ii) Section 3.11(b) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules contains a correct, current and complete list of all: (i) Company IP Agreements, specifying for each the date, title, and parties thereto, and separately identifying the Company IP Agreements under which a member of the Company Group is a licensor or otherwise grants to any Person any right or interest relating to any Company Intellectual Property, excluding any agreements pertaining to the sale, lease or provisions of goods or services that qualify as a Company IP Agreement solely because they contain an implied non-exclusive right or license to exploit Company Intellectual Property associated with such goods or services; (ii) all IP Agreements, involving aggregate consideration in excess of \$100,000 per year, under which a member of the Company Group is a licensee or otherwise granted any right or interest relating to the Intellectual Property of any Person; and (iii) all IP Agreements which otherwise relate to a member of the Company Group's ownership or use of Intellectual Property, excluding any Contracts with employees or contractors regarding the Company Group's ownership of any Intellectual Property authored, invented or otherwise created or developed by such employees or contractors.
- (iii) The members of the Company Group are the sole and exclusive legal and beneficial owners, and with respect to the Company IP Registrations, record owners of all right, title and interest in and to the Company Intellectual Property, in each case, free and clear of Encumbrances other than Permitted Encumbrances, any non-exclusive licenses in and to Company Intellectual Property including any implied non-exclusive licenses in and to Company Intellectual Property resulting from the sale, lease or other provisions of goods or services. Each member of the Company Group has entered into binding, valid and enforceable, written

Contracts with each current and former employee and independent contractor who is or was involved in or has contributed to the invention, creation or development of any Intellectual Property during the course of employment or engagement with such member of the Company Group whereby such employee or independent contractor (i) acknowledges such member's exclusive ownership of all Intellectual Property invented, created or developed by such employee or independent contractor within the scope of his or her employment or engagement with such member; (ii) grants to a member of the Company Group a present, irrevocable assignment of any ownership interest such employee or independent contractor may have in or to such Intellectual Property, to the extent such Intellectual Property does not constitute a "work made for hire" under applicable Law; and (iii) irrevocably waives any right or interest, including any moral rights, regarding any such Intellectual Property, to the extent permitted by applicable Law. All assignments and other instruments necessary to establish, record, and perfect the Company Group's ownership interest in the Company IP Registrations have been validly executed, delivered, and filed with the relevant Governmental Authorities.

- (iv) Neither the execution, delivery or performance of this Agreement, nor the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereunder, will result in the loss or impairment of, or require the consent of any other Person in respect of, the Company Group's right to own or use any Company Intellectual Property or Licensed Intellectual Property.
- (v) All Company IP Registrations are subsisting, valid and enforceable other than Company IP Registrations that Company Group has determined in the ordinary course of business to allow to go abandoned, become lapsed, or dedicated to the public. The Company Group has taken all commercially reasonable steps to maintain and enforce the material Company Intellectual Property and to preserve the confidentiality of all Trade Secrets included in the Company Intellectual Property, including by requiring all Persons having access thereto to execute binding, written non-disclosure agreements. All required filings and fees related to the Company IP Registrations have been timely submitted with and paid to the relevant Governmental Authorities and authorized registrars.
- (vi) To the Sellers' Knowledge, the conduct of the Company Group's business as currently and formerly conducted, including its current and former use of the Company Intellectual Property and Licensed Intellectual Property in connection therewith, do not infringe, misappropriate or otherwise violate, and, in the past three (3) years have not infringed, misappropriated or otherwise violated, the Intellectual Property or other rights of any Person. To the Sellers' Knowledge, no Person is currently infringing, misappropriating, or otherwise violating or has infringed, misappropriated or otherwise violated any Company Intellectual Property in the past three (3) years.
- (vii) There are no Actions (including any opposition, cancellation, revocation, review or other proceeding), whether settled, pending or threatened in writing (including in the form of written offers to obtain a license in connection with a written assertion of infringement): (i) alleging any infringement, misappropriation or other violation by any member of the Company Group of the Intellectual Property of any Person; (ii)

challenging the validity, enforceability, registrability, patentability or ownership of any Company Intellectual Property; or (iii) by any member of the Company Group alleging any infringement, misappropriation, or other violation by any Person of the Company Intellectual Property. No member of the Company Group is subject to any outstanding Governmental Order or parties to any Action involving a motion or petition for a Government Order that does or could reasonably be expected to restrict or impair the use of any Company Intellectual Property.

- (viii) Section 3.11(h) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules contains a correct, current, and complete list of all social media accounts used in the Company Group's business. The Company Group has complied with all material terms of use, terms of service, and other Contracts and all associated policies and guidelines relating to its use of any social media platforms, sites, or services (collectively, "**Platform Agreements**"). There are no Actions, whether settled, pending, or threatened in writing, alleging any (A) breach or other violation of any Platform Agreement by the Company Group; or (B) defamation, violation of publicity rights of any Person, or any other violation by the Company Group in connection with its use of social media.
- (ix) All Company IT Systems are in good working condition and are sufficient for the operation of the Company Group's business as currently conducted. In the past eighteen (18) months, there has been no malfunction, failure, continued substandard performance, denial-of-service, or other cyber incident, including any cyberattack, or other impairment of the Company IT Systems that has resulted or is reasonably likely to result in disruption or damage to the business of the Company Group and that has not been remedied. The Company Group has taken all commercially reasonable steps to safeguard the confidentiality, availability, security, and integrity of the Company IT Systems, including implementing and maintaining commercially reasonable backup, disaster recovery, and software and hardware support arrangements.
- (x) The Company Group has complied in all material respects with all applicable Privacy Laws and all internal or publicly posted policies, notices, and statements concerning the collection, use, processing, storage, transfer, and security of personal information in the conduct of the Company Group's business. In the past thirty-six (36) months, no member of the Company Group has (i) experienced any material actual data breach or other material security incident involving personal information in its possession or control or (ii) been subject to or received any written notice of any audit, investigation, complaint, or other Action by any Governmental Authority or other Person concerning the Company Group's collection, use, processing, storage, transfer, or protection of personal information or actual, alleged, or suspected violation of any applicable Law concerning privacy, data security, or data breach notification.

Section 1.1 Accounts Receivable. The accounts receivable reflected on the Interim Balance Sheet and the accounts receivable arising after the date thereof (a) have arisen from bona fide transactions entered into by the Company Group involving the sale of goods or the rendering of services in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice; and (b) constitute only valid, undisputed claims of the Company Group not subject to claims of set-off or other

defenses or counterclaims other than normal cash discounts accrued in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice.

Section 1.m Clients and Suppliers.

- (i) Section 3.13(a) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules sets forth (i) the top ten (10) clients based on consideration paid to a member of the Company Group for the twelve-month period ended December 31, 2021 and the nine (9) month period ended September 30, 2022 (collectively, the “**Material Clients**”); and (ii) the amount of consideration paid by each Material Customer during such periods. The Company Group has not received any written notice that any of its Material Clients has ceased or intends to cease after the Closing, to use its services or to otherwise terminate or materially reduce its relationship with a member of the Company Group.
- (ii) Section 3.13(b) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules sets forth (i) the top ten (10) suppliers based on consideration paid directly by a member of the Company Group for the twelve-month period ended December 31, 2021 and the nine (9) month period ended September 30, 2022 (collectively, the “**Material Suppliers**”); and (ii) the amount of purchases from each Material Supplier during such periods. The Company Group has not received any written notice that any of its Material Suppliers has ceased, or intends to cease, to supply goods or services to a member of the Company Group or to otherwise terminate or materially reduce its relationship with a member of the Company Group.

Section 1.n Insurance. Section 3.14 of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules sets forth a true and complete list of all current policies or binders of fire, liability, business interruption, product liability, umbrella liability, real and personal property, workers’ compensation, employer liability, vehicular, directors’ and officers’ liability, fiduciary liability and other casualty and property insurance maintained by the Company Group relating to the assets, business, operations, employees, officers, managing members and managers of the Company Group (collectively, the “**Insurance Policies**”). Such Insurance Policies are in full force and effect and shall remain in full force and effect following the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. No member of the Company Group has received any written notice of cancellation of, premium increase with respect to, or alteration of coverage under, any of such Insurance Policies. All premiums due on such Insurance Policies have either been paid or accrued or, if due and payable prior to Closing, will be paid or accrued prior to Closing in accordance with the payment terms of each Insurance Policy. The Insurance Policies do not provide for any retrospective premium adjustment or other experience-based liability on the part of the Company Group. All such Insurance Policies (a) are valid and binding in accordance with their terms and (b) have not been subject to any lapse in coverage. There are no claims related to the business of the Company Group pending under any such Insurance Policies as to which coverage has been questioned, denied or disputed or in respect of which there is an outstanding reservation of rights. None of the Company Group is in default under, or has otherwise failed to comply with, in any material respect, any provision contained in any such Insurance Policy. The Insurance Policies are of the type and in the amounts customarily carried by Persons conducting a business similar to the Company Group and are sufficient for compliance with all applicable Laws and Contracts to which a member of the Company Group is a party or by which it is bound.

Section 1.o Legal Proceedings; Governmental Orders.

- (i) Except as set forth on Section 3.15(a) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules, there are no Actions pending or, to such Seller's Knowledge, threatened (a) against or by the Company Group affecting any of its properties or assets (or by or against such Seller or any Affiliate thereof and relating to the Company) or (b) against or by the Company Group, such Seller or any Affiliate of such Seller that challenges or seeks to prevent, enjoin or otherwise delay the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.
- (ii) There are no outstanding Governmental Orders and no unsatisfied judgments, penalties or awards against or affecting the Company Group's properties or assets. The Company Group is in compliance with the terms of each Governmental Order set forth in Section 3.15(b) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules.

Section 1.p Compliance With Laws; Permits.

- (i) Each member of the Company Group has complied, and is now complying, in all material respects, with all Laws applicable to it or its business, properties or assets.
- (ii) To the Sellers' Knowledge, no representative or agent of the Company Group has used any funds of the Company Group for: (i) unlawful contributions, gifts, entertainment or other unlawful expenses relating to political activity in violation of applicable Law; (ii) any payment in violation of applicable Law to any foreign or domestic government official or employee or to any foreign or domestic political party or campaign or violated any provision of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, as amended; or (iii) any other payment in violation of applicable Laws.
- (iii) The operations of the Company Group are and have been conducted at all times in material compliance, as applicable, with the Bank Secrecy Act and the Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001 (USA Patriot Act) and money laundering statutes in all applicable jurisdictions and no action involving the Company Group with respect to the foregoing is pending or, to the Sellers' Knowledge, threatened.
- (iv) All material Permits required for the Company Group to conduct its business have been obtained by it and are valid and in full force and effect. All fees and charges with respect to such Permits as of the date hereof have been paid or accrued in full. Section 3.16(d) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules lists all current material Permits issued to the Company Group, including the names of the Permits and their respective dates of issuance and expiration. To the Seller's Knowledge, no event has occurred that, with or without notice or lapse of time or both, would reasonably be expected to result in the revocation, suspension, lapse or limitation of any Permit set forth in Section 3.16(d) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules.

Section 1.q Environmental Matters.

- (i) Each member of the Company Group is, and during the past three (3) years has been in compliance in all material respects with applicable

Environmental Laws; (b) to the Sellers' Knowledge, none of the properties currently or formerly owned, leased or operated by the Company Group (including, without limitation, soils and surface and ground waters) are contaminated with, and no member of the Company Group has released, any Hazardous Materials which requires reporting, investigation, remediation, monitoring or other response action by the Company Group pursuant to applicable Environmental Law; (c) to the Sellers' Knowledge, no member of the Company Group is, in any material respect, actually, potentially or allegedly liable pursuant to applicable Environmental Laws for any off-site contamination by Hazardous Materials; (d) the Company Group has all Environmental Permits, and the Company Group is in compliance in all material respects with such Environmental Permits; and (e) the Company Group is not the subject of any pending or, or to Sellers' Knowledge, threatened Action, nor has the Company Group received any written notice, alleging any material violation of or, or material liability under, Environmental Laws.

- (ii) Sellers have provided or otherwise made available to Buyer (i) any and all environmental reports, studies, audits, records, sampling data, site assessments, risk assessments, economic models and other similar documents with respect to the business or assets of the Company Group or any currently or formerly owned, operated or leased real property which are in the possession or control of the Company Group related to compliance with Environmental Laws, Environmental Claims or an Environmental Notice or the Release of Hazardous Materials; and (ii) any and all material documents concerning planned or anticipated capital expenditures required to reduce, offset, limit or otherwise control pollution and/or emissions, manage waste or otherwise ensure compliance with current or future Environmental Laws (including, without limitation, costs of remediation, pollution control equipment and operational changes).

Section 1.r Employee Benefit Matters.

- (i) Section 3.18(a) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules contains a true and complete list of each material pension, benefit, retirement, compensation, employment, consulting, profit-sharing, deferred compensation, incentive, bonus, performance award, equity, phantom equity or other equity-based compensation, change in control, retention, severance, vacation, paid time off (PTO), medical, vision, dental, disability, life insurance, welfare, Code Section 125 cafeteria, fringe benefit and other similar agreement, plan, policy, program or arrangement (and any amendments thereto), in each case whether or not reduced to writing and whether funded or unfunded, including each "employee benefit plan" within the meaning of Section 3(3) of ERISA, whether or not tax-qualified and whether or not subject to ERISA, which is or has been maintained, sponsored, contributed to, or required to be contributed to by the Company Group or Sellers for the benefit of any current or former employee, officer, manager, managing member, retiree, independent contractor or consultant of a member of the Company Group or any spouse or dependent of such individual, or under which such member of the Company Group or any of its ERISA Affiliates has or may have any Liability, or with respect to which Buyer or any of its Affiliates would reasonably be expected to have any Liability, contingent or otherwise (as listed on Section 3.18(a) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules, each, a

“**Benefit Plan**”). Each Benefit Plan that is sponsored or maintained by a professional employer organization is separately listed and referred to herein as a “**PEO Plan**.” Each Benefit Plan that is not a PEO Plan is referred to herein as an “**Employer Plan**.” The Company Group has separately identified in Section 3.18(a) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules each PEO Plan and Employer Plan under separate categories.

- (ii) With respect to each Employer Plan, Sellers have made available to Buyer accurate, current and complete copies of each of the following: (i) the plan document together with all amendments; (ii) where the Employer Plan has not been reduced to writing, a written summary of all material plan terms; (iii) where applicable, copies of any trust agreements or other funding arrangements, custodial agreements, insurance policies and contracts, administration agreements and similar agreements, and investment management or investment advisory agreements, now in effect or required in the future as a result of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or otherwise; (iv) copies of any summary plan descriptions and required participant notices and disclosures, summaries of material modifications, summaries of benefits and coverage, employee handbooks and any other material written communications relating to any Employer Plan; (v) in the case of any Employer Plan that is intended to be qualified under Section 401(a) of the Code, a copy of the most recent determination, opinion or advisory letter from the Internal Revenue Service and any legal opinions issued thereafter with respect to such Employer Plan’s continued qualification; (vi) in the case of any Employer Plan for which a Form 5500 must be filed, a copy of the two (2) most recently filed Forms 5500, with all corresponding schedules and financial statements attached; (vii) the most recent nondiscrimination tests performed under the Code; and (viii) copies of material notices, letters or other correspondence from the Internal Revenue Service, Department of Labor, or other Governmental Authority relating to the Employer Plan. Sellers have made available to Buyer accurate and current copies of the summaries or summary plan descriptions of PEO Plans and adoption or participation agreements to the extent provided to Sellers by the PEO or signed by the Sellers or any member of the Company Group.
- (iii) Each Employer Plan and any related trust (other than any multiemployer plan within the meaning of Section 3(37) of ERISA (each a “**Multiemployer Plan**”)) has been established, administered and maintained in accordance with its terms and in material compliance with all applicable Laws (including ERISA/the Code). Each Employer Plan that is intended to be qualified within the meaning of Section 401(a) of the Code (a “**Qualified Benefit Plan**”) is so qualified and received a favorable determination letter from the Internal Revenue, or with respect to a prototype or volume submitter plan, can rely on an opinion letter from the Internal Revenue Service to the prototype plan or volume submitter plan sponsor, to the effect that such Qualified Benefit Plan is so qualified and that the plan and the trust related thereto are exempt from federal income taxes under Sections 401(a) and 501(a), respectively, of the Code, and, to the Seller’s Knowledge, nothing has occurred that could reasonably be expected to adversely affect the qualified status of any Qualified Benefit Plan. Nothing has occurred with respect to any Employer Plan that has subjected or could reasonably be expected to subject the Company Group or any of its ERISA Affiliates or, with respect to any period on or after the

Closing Date, Buyer or any of its Affiliates, to a penalty under Section 502 of ERISA or to tax or penalty under Sections 4975 or 4980H of the Code.

- (iv) All benefits, contributions and premiums required to have been made by applicable Law or the terms of any Benefit Plan have been timely paid, accrued or otherwise adequately reserved to the extent required by, and in accordance with, GAAP. Each Employer Plan that is subject to Section 409A of the Code has been administered in compliance with its terms and the operational and documentary requirements of Section 409A of the Code and all applicable regulatory guidance (including notices, rulings and proposed and final regulations) thereunder. The Company Group does not have any obligation to gross up, indemnify or otherwise reimburse any individual for any excise taxes, interest, or penalties incurred pursuant to Section 409A of the Code.
- (v) With respect to each Benefit Plan (i) no such plan is a Multiemployer Plan; (ii) no such plan is a “multiple employer plan” within the meaning of Section 413(c) of the Code; (iii) no such plan is a “multiple employer welfare arrangement” (as defined in Section 3(40) of ERISA) other than a PEO Plan; (iv) no Action has been initiated by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation to terminate any such plan or to appoint a trustee for any such plan; (v) no such plan or the plan of any ERISA Affiliate maintained or contributed to within the last six (6) years is a Single Employer Plan subject to Title IV of ERISA; and (vi) no “reportable event,” as defined in Section 4043 of ERISA, with respect to which the reporting requirement has not been waived, has occurred with respect to any such plan.
- (vi) Each Employer Plan, and each PEO Plan, can be amended, terminated, or otherwise discontinued after the Closing in accordance with its terms, without material liabilities to Buyer, the Company Group or any of their Affiliates other than ordinary administrative expenses typically incurred in a termination event. None of the Sellers, the Company Group nor any of their Affiliates has any commitment or obligation and has made no representations to any employee, officer, manager, managing member, independent contractor, or consultant, whether or not legally binding to adopt, amend, modify, or terminate any Benefit Plan, or any change in employee participation or coverage thereunder in connection with the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or otherwise.
- (vii) The Company Group has complied with the provisions of Section 601 et seq. of ERISA and Section 4980B of the Code. None of the Benefit Plans provide post-termination or retiree health or life insurance benefits, except as may be required by Section 4980B of the Code and Section 601 of ERISA, or any other applicable Law.
- (viii) The Company Group and each Employer Plan that is a “group health plan” as defined in Section 733(a)(1) of ERISA (each, a “**Health Plan**”) is and has been for the past six (6) years in compliance, in all material respects, with the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 (“**PPACA**”), and to the Sellers’ Knowledge, no event has occurred, and no condition or circumstance exists, that would subject the Company Group or any Health

Plan to any material Liability for penalties or excise Taxes under Sections 4980D or 4980H of the Code.

- (ix) There is no pending or, to the Sellers' Knowledge, threatened Action relating to an Employer Plan or the Company Group's participation in a PEO Plan (other than routine claims for benefits), and no Employer Plan has and, to the Sellers' Knowledge, no PEO Plan has within the three (3) years prior to the date hereof been the subject of an examination or audit by a Governmental Authority or the subject of an application or filing under or is a participant in, an amnesty, voluntary compliance, self-correction or similar program sponsored by any Governmental Authority.
- (x) Each individual who is classified by the Company Group as an independent contractor has been properly classified for purposes of participation and benefit accrual under each Benefit Plan.
- (xi) Except as set forth in Section 3.18(k) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules, neither the execution of this Agreement nor any of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement will (either alone or upon the occurrence of any additional or subsequent events): (i) entitle any current or former manager, managing member, officer, employee, independent contractor or consultant of a member of the Company Group to severance pay or any other payment; (ii) accelerate the time of payment, funding or vesting, or increase the amount of compensation (including stock-based compensation) due to any such individual; (iii) limit or restrict the right of any member of the Company Group to merge, amend or terminate any Benefit Plan; or (iv) increase the amount payable under or result in any other material obligation pursuant to any Benefit Plan.

Section 1.s Employment Matters.

- (i) Sellers have provided a list of all persons who are employees, independent contractors or consultants of the Company Group as of the date hereof, including any employee who is on a leave of absence of any nature, paid or unpaid, authorized or unauthorized, and sets forth for each such individual the following: (i) name; (ii) title or position (including whether full-time or part-time); (iii) hire or retention date; (iv) current and as of December 31, 2021, (if employed or contracted at that date) annual base compensation rate or contract fee; and (v) current and as of December 31, 2021, (if employed or contracted at that date) amount of commission, bonus and other incentive-based compensation for the year ended 2021; and (vi) a description of material fringe benefits, if any, to be provided to each such individual as of the date hereof that are not provided to employees generally. As of the date hereof, all compensation, including wages, commissions, bonuses, fees and other compensation, heretofore due and payable to all employees, independent contractors or consultants of the Company Group for services performed on or prior to the date hereof have been paid in full (or accrued in full on the audited balance sheet contained in the Closing Working Capital Statement).
- (ii) No member of the Company Group is, and has not been for the past three (3) years, a party to, bound by, or negotiating any collective bargaining agreement or other Contract with a union, works council or labor organization (collectively, "**Union**"), and there is not, and has not been for

the past three (3) years, any Union representing or, to the Sellers' Knowledge, purporting to represent any employee of the Company Group or its Subsidiaries, and to the Sellers' Knowledge, no Union or group of employees of the Company Group is seeking or has sought to organize employees for the purpose of collective bargaining. In the past three (3) years, there has not been, nor to the Seller's Knowledge, has there been any threat of, any strike, slowdown, work stoppage, lockout, or concerted refusal to work overtime affecting the Company Group, their Subsidiaries or any of their employees. None of the Company Group has a current duty to bargain with any Union.

- (iii) The Company Group is and has been in the last three (3) years in compliance in all material respects with all applicable Laws pertaining to employment and employment practices to the extent they relate to employees, volunteers, interns, consultants and independent contractors, including all Laws relating to labor relations, equal employment opportunities, fair employment practices, employment discrimination, harassment, retaliation, reasonable accommodation, disability rights or benefits, immigration, wages, hours, overtime compensation, child labor, hiring, promotion and termination of employees, working conditions, meal and break periods, privacy, health and safety, workers' compensation, leaves of absence, paid sick leave and unemployment insurance, except for failures to comply that were not and could not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect on any member of the Company Group. All individuals characterized and treated by any member of the Company Group as independent contractors, or consultants are properly treated as independent contractors under all applicable Laws, except for any failures to do so that were not and could not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect on any member of the Company Group. All employees of the Company Group classified as exempt under the Fair Labor Standards Act and state and local wage and hour laws are properly classified, except for any failures to do so that were not and could not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect on any member of the Company Group. The Company Group are in compliance with and have during the last three (3) years complied with all immigration laws, including Form I-9 requirements and any applicable mandatory E-Verify obligations, except for any failures to comply that were not and could not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect on any member of the Company Group. There are no Actions against any member of the Company Group, or to the Sellers' Knowledge, threatened to be brought or filed, by or with any Governmental Authority or arbitrator in connection with the employment of any current or former applicant, employee, consultant, volunteer, intern or independent contractor of any member of the Company Group, including, without limitation, any charge, investigation, claim relating to unfair labor practices, equal employment opportunities, fair employment practices, employment discrimination, harassment, retaliation, reasonable accommodation, disability rights or benefits, immigration, wages, hours, overtime compensation, employee classification, child labor, hiring, promotion and termination of employees, working conditions, meal and break periods, privacy, health and safety, workers compensation, leaves of

absence, paid sick leave, unemployment insurance or any other employment related matter arising under applicable Laws.

- (iv) In the last three (3) years, the Company Group has complied in all material respects with the WARN Act and it has no plans to undertake any action before the Closing Date that would trigger the WARN Act.

Section 1.t Taxes.

- (i) All material Tax Returns required to be filed on or before the Closing Date by the Company Group have been, or will be, timely filed. Such Tax Returns are, or will be, true, complete and correct in all material respects. All material Taxes due and owing by the Company Group (whether or not shown on any Tax Return) have been, or will be, timely paid or otherwise contested in good faith through appropriate means.
- (ii) All members of the Company Group have withheld and paid each material Tax required to have been withheld and paid in connection with amounts paid or owing to any employee, independent contractor, creditor, customer, member or other party of the Company Group, and materially complied with all information reporting and backup withholding provisions of applicable Law.
- (iii) Within the past six (6) years, no written claim has been made by any taxing authority in any jurisdiction where a member of the Company Group does not file Tax Returns that it is, or may be, subject to material Tax by that jurisdiction.
- (iv) No extensions or waivers of statutes of limitations have been given or requested with respect to any material Taxes of the Company Group.
- (v) The amount of the Liability of the Company Group for unpaid Taxes for all periods ending on or before September 30, 2022, does not, in the aggregate, materially exceed the amount of accruals for Taxes (excluding reserves for deferred Taxes) reflected on the Financial Statements. The amount of the Liability of the Company Group for unpaid Taxes for all periods following the end of the recent period covered by the Financial Statements shall not, in the aggregate, materially exceed the amount of accruals for Taxes (excluding reserves for deferred Taxes) as adjusted for the passage of time in accordance with the past custom and practice of the members of the Company Group (and which accruals shall not materially exceed comparable amounts incurred in similar periods in prior years.)
- (vi) Section 3.20(f) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules sets forth:
 - (1) the taxable years of the Company Group as to which the applicable statutes of limitations on the assessment and collection of Taxes have not expired;
 - (2) those years for which examinations by the taxing authorities have been completed; and
 - (3) those taxable years for which examinations made in writing by taxing authorities are presently being conducted.

- (vii) Except as set forth in Section 3.20(g) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules, all deficiencies asserted, or assessments made in writing, against of the Company Group as a result of any written examinations by any taxing authority have been fully paid.
- (viii) None of the members of the Company Group are parties to any written Action by any taxing authority. There are no pending or, to Sellers' Knowledge, threatened Actions made in writing by any taxing authority.
- (ix) Sellers have delivered or otherwise made available to Buyer copies of all federal, state, local, and foreign income, franchise and similar Tax Returns, which have been filed, examination reports, and statements of deficiencies assessed against, or agreed to by, the Company Group for all Tax periods ending after December 31, 2017.
- (x) There are no Encumbrances for Taxes (other than Permitted Encumbrances) upon the assets of the Company Group.
- (xi) None of the members of the Company Group are parties to, or bound by, any material Tax indemnity, Tax sharing or Tax allocation agreement, other than agreements entered in the ordinary course of business the primary purposes of which was not Tax.
- (xii) No private letter rulings, technical advice memoranda or similar agreement or rulings have been requested, entered into, or issued by any taxing authority with respect to any member of the Company Group.
- (xiii) The Company Group are members of an affiliated, combined, consolidated or unitary Tax group for Tax purposes. No member of the Company Group has any Liability for Taxes of any Person (other than a member of the Company Group) under Treasury Regulations Section 1.1502-6 (or any corresponding provision of state, local or foreign Law), as transferee or successor, by contract or otherwise.
- (xiv) No Seller is a "foreign person" as that term is used in Treasury Regulations Section 1.1445-2.
- (xv) None of the members of the Company Group is, and has been, a party to, or a promoter of, a "reportable transaction" within the meaning of Section 6707A(c)(1) of the Code and Treasury Regulations Section 1.6011-4(b).

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement: (i) the representations and warranties set forth in this Section 3.20 and Section 3.18 constitute the sole and exclusive representations and warranties regarding Taxes, Tax Returns and other matters relating to Taxes and (ii) nothing in this Agreement (including this Section 3.20 and Section 3.18) shall be construed as providing a representation or warranty with respect to (A) the existence, amount, expiration date or limitations on (or availability of) in a taxable period (or portion thereof) beginning after the Closing Date of any tax attribute (including net operating loss, cap loss, Tax credit carryover or other Tax asset) of the Company Group generated or arising in or in respect of a Post-Closing Tax Period or (B) any Tax position that the Buyer or its Affiliates (including the Company Group) may take in respect of a Post-Closing Tax Period.

Section 1.u Books and Records. The Books and Records of the Company Group accurately and fairly, in reasonable detail, reflect the transactions and dispositions of assets of

and the providing of services by the Company Group in all material respects. The Books and Records of the Company Group have been maintained, in all material respects in accordance with reasonable business practices. “**Books and Records**” means all books and records, ledgers, employee records, customer lists, files, correspondence, and other records of every kind (whether written, electronic, or otherwise embodied) owned or controlled by a Person in which a Person’s assets, its business or its transactions are otherwise reflected, other than stock books. At the Closing, all of those Books and Records will be in the possession of relevant member of the Company Group.

Section 1.v Brokers. No broker, finder or investment banker is entitled to any brokerage, finder’s or other fee or commission in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or any Ancillary Document based upon arrangements made by or on behalf of the Company Group or Sellers.

Section 1.w Full Disclosure. No representation or warranty by Sellers in this Agreement and no statement contained in the Confidential Disclosure Schedules to this Agreement contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact necessary to make the statements contained therein, in light of the circumstances in which they are made, not misleading.

Section 1.x Sophisticated Investors; Due Diligence. Each Seller has such knowledge and experience in financial and business matters that it is capable of evaluating the merits of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. Each Seller is an “accredited investor” as defined by applicable federal and state securities laws and regulations. Each Seller acknowledges that it has had the opportunity to conduct due diligence and investigation with respect to Buyer and has been afforded (a) the opportunity to ask such questions of as they deemed necessary, and to receive answers from, representatives of such Seller and Company concerning any matter; (b) access to information about Buyer and its financial condition, results of operations, business, properties, management and prospects sufficient to enable Sellers to evaluate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement; and (c) the opportunity to obtain such additional information that Buyer possesses or can acquire without unreasonable effort or expense that is necessary to make an informed decision with respect to transactions contemplated by this Agreement. Each Seller has sought such accounting, legal and tax advice as each considered necessary to make an informed decision with respect to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

Section 1.y Related Parties. Except as set forth on Section 3.25 of the Confidential Disclosure Schedule, none of the Sellers, nor any Related Person of the Sellers, (a) is party to any Contract with any member of the Company Group (each, a “**Related Party Contract**”), (b) has any direct or indirect interest in (i) any asset owned or leased by any member of the Company Group or used in its business or (ii) any consultant, service provider, supplier, customer, landlord, tenant, creditor or debtor of any member of the Company Group, or (c) has any loan outstanding from, or is otherwise a debtor of, or has any loan outstanding to, or is otherwise a creditor of, and member of the Company Group. Each Related Party Contract is valid and binding on the Person that is a party thereto in accordance with its terms and is in full force and effect. No member of the Company Group or any other party thereto is in breach of or default under (or has received written notice alleging that a member of the Company Group is in breach of or default under) or has provided or received any written notice of any intention to terminate, any Related Party Contract. No event or circumstance has occurred that, with notice or lapse of time or both, would constitute an event of default under any Related Party Contract or result in a termination thereof or would cause or permit the acceleration or other changes of any right or obligation or the loss of any benefit thereunder. The performance of each Related Party Contract has not violated or breached any Law or caused or resulted in the violation or breach of any Contract to which any member of the Company Group is a party. Complete and correct copies of each written Related Party Contract or in the case of any oral Related Party Contracts, a

complete and correct written description of material terms (including all modifications, amendments, and supplements thereto and waivers thereunder) have been made available to Buyer.

Section 1.z Exclusivity of Representations and Warranties. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this ARTICLE III (as modified by the Confidential Disclosure Schedules), the Sellers and the Company Group hereby expressly disclaim and negate, any other express or implied representation or warranty whatsoever (whether at Law or in equity) with respect to the Company Group, its affiliates, and any matter relating to any of them, including their affairs, the condition, value or quality of the assets, liabilities, financial condition or results of operations, or with respect to the accuracy or completeness of any other information made available to Buyer, its affiliates or any of their respective Representatives by, or on behalf of, the Company Group, and any such representations or warranties are expressly disclaimed. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, except as expressly set forth in this Agreement (as modified by the Confidential Disclosure Schedules), none of the Company Group nor any other person on behalf of the Company Group has made or makes, any representation or warranty, whether express or implied, with respect to any projections, forecasts, estimates or budgets made available to Buyer, its affiliates or any of their respective Representatives of future revenues, future results of operations (or any component thereof), future cash flows or future financial condition (or any component thereof) of the Company Group (including the reasonableness of the assumptions underlying any of the foregoing), whether or not included in any management presentation or in any other information made available to Buyer, its affiliates or any of their respective Representatives or any other Person, and any such representations or warranties are expressly disclaimed.

ARTICLE 4

REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF BUYER

Except as set forth in (i) the correspondingly numbered Section of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules or (ii) filings made by Buyer with the SEC under the Securities Act or the Securities Exchange Act, Buyer represents and warrants to Sellers that the statements contained in this ARTICLE IV are true and correct as of the date hereof.

Section 1.0a Organization and Authority of Buyer. Buyer is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the Laws of the State of Nevada. Buyer has full corporate power and authority to (i) enter into this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents to which Buyer is a party, to carry out its obligations hereunder and thereunder and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, and (ii) own or to lease its assets and properties and to operate its business as it is now being conducted. The execution and delivery by Buyer of this Agreement and any Ancillary Document to which Buyer is a party, the performance by Buyer of its obligations hereunder and thereunder and the consummation by Buyer of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby have been duly authorized by all requisite corporate action on the part of Buyer. This Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by Buyer, and (assuming due authorization, execution, and delivery by Sellers) this Agreement constitutes a legal, valid, and binding obligation of Buyer enforceable against Buyer in accordance with its terms. When each Ancillary Document to which Buyer is or will be a party has been duly executed and delivered by Buyer (assuming due authorization, execution and delivery by each other party thereto), such Ancillary Document will constitute a legal and binding obligation of Buyer enforceable against it in accordance with its terms.

Section 1.0b No Conflicts; Consents. The execution, delivery and performance by Buyer of this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents to which it is a party, and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, do not and will not: (a)

conflict with or result in a violation or breach of, or default under, any provision of the Organizational Documents of Buyer; (b) conflict with or result in a violation or breach of any provision of any Law or Governmental Order applicable to Buyer; or (c) conflict with or result in a violation or breach of, or default under any provision of, or require the consent, notice or other action by any Person under any Contract to which Buyer is a party. No consent, approval, Permit, Governmental Order, declaration or filing with, or notice to, any Governmental Authority is required by or with respect to Buyer in connection with the execution and delivery of this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, except for such filings and approval required by FINRA, the SEC, or under the HSR Act.

Section 1.0c Investment Purpose. Buyer is acquiring the Class A Units solely for its own account for investment purposes and not with a view to, or for offer or sale in connection with, any distribution thereof. Buyer acknowledges that the Class A Units are not registered under the Securities Act, or any state securities laws, and that the Class A Units may not be transferred or sold except pursuant to the registration provisions of the Securities Act or pursuant to an applicable exemption therefrom and subject to state securities laws and regulations, as applicable.

Section 1.0d Brokers. Except for Prime Executions, Inc. dba Freedom Capital Markets, no broker, finder or investment banker is entitled to any brokerage, finder's or other fee or commission in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or any Ancillary Document based upon arrangements made by or on behalf of Buyer.

Section 1.0e Sufficiency of Funds. Buyer has sufficient cash on hand or other sources of immediately available funds to enable it to make payment of the cash portion of the Purchase Price and Retention Payments and sufficient number of authorized but unissued shares of Buyer's common stock to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

Section 1.0f Regulatory Reports; Internal Controls.

- (i) Since December 31, 2020, Buyer has filed all reports, schedules, forms, statements, notices, declarations, certifications, applications, registrations, amendments and other documents required to be filed by Buyer, on a timely basis (including prior to the expiration of any valid extension of time of filing), as required by any Governmental Authority, including but not limited to as required under the Securities Act and the Securities Exchange Act, including pursuant to Section 13(a), 14(a) or 15(d) thereof (collectively, the "**Regulatory Reports**"), other than the Buyer's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022, which was not filed on a timely basis. As of their respective dates, the Regulatory Reports complied in all material respects with the requirements of applicable Law, and none of the Regulatory Reports filed with the SEC, when filed, contained any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. Except as set forth in Section 4.06(a) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules, as of the date hereof, to Buyer's Knowledge, none of the Regulatory Reports is the subject of any ongoing review by any Governmental Authority, nor are there any outstanding comments from the SEC or any other Governmental Authority to the Regulatory Reports. As of the date hereof, there are no events or occurrences that require Buyer to file a Current Report on Form 8-K with the SEC.

- (ii) As required by the rules, regulations and guidance of the SEC, Buyer and its Subsidiaries have established and maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act). Such disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that material information relating to Buyer, including its consolidated Subsidiaries, is timely made known to Buyer's principal executive officer and its principal financial officer by others within those entities, particularly during the periods in which the periodic reports required under the Securities Exchange Act are being prepared, and to ensure such material information be included in Buyer's periodic and current reports required under the Securities Exchange Act.
- (iii) As required by the rules, regulations and guidance of the SEC, Buyer and its Subsidiaries have established and maintain a system of internal controls. Such internal controls are sufficient to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of Buyer's financial reporting and the preparation of Buyer's financial statements for external purposes in accordance with GAAP. Buyer's principal executive officer and principal financial officer have disclosed, based on their most recent evaluation of the internal controls prior to the date of this Agreement, to Buyer's auditors and the audit committee of the board of directors of Buyer (x) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls which are reasonably likely to adversely affect Buyer's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information and (y) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in internal controls.
- (iv) Since December 31, 2020, each of the principal executive officer and principal financial officer of Buyer (or each former principal executive officer and principal financial officer of Buyer, as applicable) has made all certifications required by Rule 13a-14 and 15d-14 under the Securities Exchange Act and Sections 302 and 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and any related rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC and Nasdaq, as applicable, and the statements contained in any such certifications were true and complete when made.

Section 1.0g Capitalization.

- (i) The authorized capital stock of Buyer consists of 500,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value per share, of which, on a fully diluted basis, 59,542,212 shares were issued and outstanding as of the date hereof (the "**Buyer Capitalization Date**") and 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$.001 par value per share, of which no shares are issued or outstanding as of the date hereof. All of the issued and outstanding shares of capital stock of Buyer have been duly authorized and validly issued, are fully paid and non-assessable, and are free of preemptive rights.
- (ii) All of such shares were issued in compliance in all respects with all applicable Laws and contractual obligations binding on Buyer. None were issued in violation of any contract to which Buyer is a party or in violation of any preemptive or similar rights of any Person.
- (iii) Except as set forth in Section 4.07(c) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules, as of Buyer Capitalization Date, no bonds, debentures, notes or

other Indebtedness of Buyer have the right to vote on any matters on which stockholders of Buyer may vote and no trust preferred or subordinated debt securities of Buyer were issued or outstanding. Other than awards granted pursuant to the Freedom Holding Corp. 2019 Equity Incentive Plan there are no outstanding subscriptions, options, warrants, puts, calls, rights, exchangeable or convertible securities or other commitments or agreements obligating Buyer to issue, transfer, sell, purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire any Buyer Shares.

- (iv) There are no voting trusts, stockholder agreements or other agreements in effect pursuant to which Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries has a contractual or other obligation with respect to the voting or transfer of Buyer Shares or other equity interests of Buyer.
- (v) Buyer Shares, when issued in accordance with ARTICLE II of this Agreement, (i) will be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable, and (ii) will be free and clear of any Liens other than as a result of any action by Sellers or their Affiliates; provided, however, that Buyer Shares are subject to restrictions on transfer under applicable securities laws and this Agreement. The issuance of Buyer Shares is not subject to any preemptive rights or rights of first refusal or similar rights applicable to Buyer.

Section 1.0h Legal Proceedings.

- (i) Except as set forth in Section 4.08 of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules, there are no Actions pending or, to Buyer's Knowledge, threatened against or by Buyer or any Affiliate of Buyer that challenge or seek to prevent, enjoin or otherwise delay the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. No event has occurred, or circumstances exist that may give rise or serve as a basis for any such Action.
- (ii) There are no outstanding United States or non-United States Governmental Orders and no material unsatisfied judgments, penalties or awards against or affecting Buyer, its Subsidiaries or any of its or their properties or assets. Buyer and each of its Subsidiaries is in material compliance with the terms of each United States or non-United States Governmental Order set forth in Section 4.08 of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules. No event has occurred, or circumstances exist that may constitute or result in (with or without notice or lapse of time) a violation of any such Governmental Order.

Section 1.0i Financial Statements.

- (i) The audited consolidated financial statements and unaudited consolidated interim financial statements of Buyer included or incorporated by reference in the Regulatory Reports filed with the SEC since December 31, 2020 present fairly in all material respects, in conformity with GAAP applied on a consistent basis during the periods involved (except as may be indicated in the notes thereto), the consolidated financial position of Buyer and its Subsidiaries as of the dates thereof and their consolidated results of operations and cash flows for the periods then ended (subject to normal, recurring and immaterial year-end audit adjustments in the case of any unaudited interim financial statements). Such consolidated financial

statements have been prepared from, and are in accordance with, the books and records of Buyer and its Subsidiaries.

- (ii) Except as set forth in Section 4.06(a) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules, since December 31, 2020 Buyer has not received written notice from the SEC or any other Governmental Authority indicating that any of its accounting policies or practices are or may be the subject of any review, inquiry, investigation or challenge by the SEC or any other Governmental Authority.

Section 1.j Undisclosed Liabilities. Buyer has no Liabilities, except (a) those which are adequately reflected or reserved against in the consolidated balance sheet of Buyer and its Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2021, and the footnotes to such consolidated balance sheet, in each case set forth in Buyer's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2022, and (b) those which have been incurred in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice since September 30, 2022 and which are not, individually or in the aggregate, material in amount.

Section 1.k Absence of Certain Changes. Since September 30, 2022, (i) the business of Buyer and its Subsidiaries has been conducted in all material respects in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice and (ii) there has not been any event, change, effect, development or occurrence that has had or would reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect on Buyer.

Section 1.l Compliance with Laws; Permits.

- (i) Buyer and each of its Subsidiaries has complied, and is now complying, in all material respects with all Laws applicable to it or its business, properties or assets.
- (ii) To Buyer's Knowledge, no representative or agent of Buyer has used any funds of Buyer for: (i) unlawful contributions, gifts, entertainment or other unlawful expenses relating to political activity in violation of applicable Law; (ii) any payment in violation of applicable Law to any foreign or domestic government official or employee or to any foreign or domestic political party or campaign or violated any provision of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, as amended; or (iii) any other payment in violation of applicable Laws.
- (iii) The operations of Buyer and its Subsidiaries are and have been conducted at all times in material compliance, as applicable, with the Bank Secrecy Act and the Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001 (USA Patriot Act) and money laundering statutes in all applicable jurisdictions and no action involving Buyer or its Subsidiaries with respect to the foregoing is pending or, to Buyer's Knowledge, threatened.
- (iv) All material Permits required for Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries to conduct its business have been obtained by it and are valid and in full force and effect. To Buyer's Knowledge, no event has occurred that, with or without notice or lapse of time or both, would reasonably be expected to result in the revocation, suspension, lapse or limitation of any material Permit.

Section 1.m Debarment. Buyer is not, nor is any of its Affiliates, presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, subject to a show cause notice from an agency suspension and debarment official or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Governmental Authority.

Section 1.n OFAC; Ownership.

- (i) Buyer and its Subsidiaries, Affiliates, directors, officers, and employees are, and for the past five (5) years have been, in compliance with Trade Control Laws in all material respects. There have been no claims, complaints, charges, investigations, voluntary or directed disclosures, enforcement actions, or other proceedings under Trade Control Laws involving Buyer, there are no pending or to the Knowledge of Buyer, threatened claims or investigations involving suspected or confirmed violations thereof.
- (ii) Neither Buyer, nor any of its Subsidiaries, Affiliates, directors, officers, or employees, or, to Buyer's Knowledge, any agents acting on Buyer's behalf, is, or in the last five (5) years has been (i) a Sanctioned Person or (ii) conducted business with, or engaged in any transaction with, a Sanctioned Person.
- (iii) No foreign Governmental Authority, agency of a foreign Governmental Authority, or representative of a foreign Governmental Authority, no business enterprise or other Person organized, chartered or incorporated under the Laws of any country other than the United States or its territories, nor any Person who is not a citizen or national of the United States, (i) owns a voting interest in Buyer sufficient to elect, or is otherwise entitled to representation on, Buyer's governing board; (ii) has or will have the ability to access classified information in the possession of any cleared facility of any Subsidiary of Buyer; or (iii) has the power, direct or indirect, whether or not exercised, and whether or not exercisable through the ownership of Buyer's securities, by contractual arrangements or other means, to direct or decide matters affecting the management or operations of Buyer (the affiliations described in clauses (i), (ii) or (iii), "**Foreign Interests**") in a manner that may result in unauthorized access to classified information or may adversely affect the performance of classified contracts. To Buyer's Knowledge, no fact or circumstance related to Buyer or its ownership would preclude or delay national security classification clearance approval sufficient to perform its obligations under this Agreement.
- (iv) Neither Buyer nor any of its Affiliates has any direct or indirect Foreign Interests.
- (v) Buyer is not a "foreign person" or a "foreign entity," as defined in Section 721 of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, including all implementing regulations thereof; is not under foreign ownership, control or influence as defined in the National Industrial Security Program Operating Manual; and is not a "foreign person" within the meaning of the International Traffic in Arms Regulations.

Section 1.o Sophisticated Investor; Due Diligence. Buyer has such knowledge and experience in financial and business matters that it is capable of evaluating the merits of the

transactions contemplated by this Agreement. Buyer is an “accredited investor” as defined by applicable federal and state securities laws and regulations, including in Rule 501 of Regulation D of the Securities Act. Buyer acknowledges that it has had the opportunity to conduct due diligence and investigation with respect to Sellers and has been afforded (a) the opportunity to ask such questions as it has deemed necessary of, and to receive answers from, representatives of Sellers and the Company Group concerning any matter; (b) access to information about Sellers and their financial condition, results of operations, business, properties, management and prospects sufficient to enable it to evaluate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement; and (c) the opportunity to obtain such additional information that Sellers possess or can acquire without unreasonable effort or expense that is necessary to make an informed decision with respect to transactions contemplated by this Agreement. Buyer has sought such accounting, legal and tax advice as it considered necessary to make an informed decision with respect to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

Section 1.p Full Disclosure. No representation or warranty by Buyer in this Agreement and no statement contained in the Confidential Disclosure Schedules to this Agreement contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact necessary to make the statements contained therein, in light of the circumstances in which they are made, not misleading.

Section 1.q Taxes.

- (i) All material Tax Returns required to be filed on or before the Closing Date by the Buyer and its Subsidiaries have been, or will be, timely filed. Such Tax Returns are, or will be, true, complete and correct in all material respects. All material Taxes due and owing by the Buyer (whether or not shown on any Tax Return) have been, or will be, timely paid or otherwise contested in good faith through appropriate means.
- (ii) Buyer and its Subsidiaries have withheld and paid each material Tax required to have been withheld and paid in connection with amounts paid or owing to any employee, independent contractor, creditor, customer, member or other party of the Buyer and its Subsidiaries, and materially complied with all information reporting and backup withholding provisions of applicable Law.
- (iii) Within the past six (6) years, no written claim has been made by any taxing authority in any jurisdiction where the Buyer and its Subsidiaries does not file Tax Returns that it is, or may be, subject to material Tax by that jurisdiction.
- (iv) No extensions or waivers of statutes of limitations have been given or requested with respect to any material Taxes of the Buyer or its Subsidiaries.
- (v) The amount of the Liability of the Buyer and its Subsidiaries for unpaid Taxes for all periods ending on or before September 30, 2022, does not, in the aggregate, materially exceed the amount of accruals for Taxes (excluding reserves for deferred Taxes) reflected on the Financial Statements. The amount of the Liability of the Buyer and its Subsidiaries for unpaid Taxes for all periods following the end of the recent period covered by the Financial Statements shall not, in the aggregate, materially exceed the amount of accruals for Taxes (excluding reserves for deferred Taxes) as adjusted for the passage of time in accordance with the past

custom and practice of the members of the Buyer and its Subsidiaries (and which accruals shall not materially exceed comparable amounts incurred in similar periods in prior years).

- (vi) Section 4.17(f) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules sets forth:
 - (1) the taxable years of the Buyer and its Subsidiaries as to which the applicable statutes of limitations on the assessment and collection of Taxes have not expired;
 - (2) those years for which examinations by the taxing authorities have been completed; and
 - (3) those taxable years for which examinations made in writing by taxing authorities are presently being conducted.
- (vii) Except as set forth in Section 4.17(g) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules, all deficiencies asserted, or assessments made in writing, against of the Buyer and its Subsidiaries as a result of any written examinations by any taxing authority have been fully paid.
- (viii) None of the Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries are parties to any written Action by any taxing authority. There are no pending or, to Buyer's Knowledge, threatened Actions made in writing by any taxing authority.
- (ix) Buyer has delivered or otherwise made available to Sellers copies of all federal, state, local, and foreign income, franchise and similar Tax Returns, which have been filed, examination reports, and statements of deficiencies assessed against, or agreed to by, the Buyer and its Subsidiaries for all Tax periods ending after December 31, 2017.
- (x) There are no Encumbrances for Taxes (other than Permitted Encumbrances) upon the assets of the Buyer and its Subsidiaries.
- (xi) None of the Buyer or its Subsidiaries are parties to, or bound by, any Tax indemnity, Tax sharing or Tax allocation agreement, other than agreements entered in the ordinary course of business the primary purposes of which was not Tax.
- (xii) No private letter rulings, technical advice memoranda or similar agreement or rulings have been requested, entered into, or issued by any taxing authority with respect to the Buyer or its Subsidiaries.
- (xiii) The Buyer and its Subsidiaries are members of an affiliated, combined, consolidated or unitary Tax group for Tax purposes. The Buyer has no Liability for Taxes of any Person (other than a member of the Company Group) under Treasury Regulations Section 1.1502-6 (or any corresponding provision of state, local or foreign Law), as transferee or successor, by contract or otherwise.
- (xiv) The Buyer is not a "foreign person" as that term is used in Treasury Regulations Section 1.1445-2.

- (xv) None of the Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries is, and has been, a party to, or a promoter of, a “reportable transaction” within the meaning of Section 6707A(c)(1) of the Code and Treasury Regulations Section 1.6011-4(b).

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement: (i) the representations and warranties set forth in this Section 4.17 constitute the sole and exclusive representations and warranties of the Buyer regarding Taxes, Tax Returns and other matters relating to Taxes and (ii) nothing in this Agreement (including this Section 4.17) shall be construed as providing a representation or warranty with respect to any Tax position that the Sellers may take in respect of a Post-Closing Tax Period.

Section 1.r Exclusivity of Representations and Warranties. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this ARTICLE IV (as modified by the Confidential Disclosure Schedules), Buyer hereby expressly disclaim and negate, any other express or implied representation or warranty whatsoever (whether at Law or in equity) with respect to Buyer, its affiliates, and any matter relating to any of them, including their affairs, the condition, value or quality of the assets, liabilities, financial condition or results of operations, or with respect to the accuracy or completeness of any other information made available to Sellers, their affiliates or any of their respective Representatives by, or on behalf of, Buyer, and any such representations or warranties are expressly disclaimed. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, except as expressly set forth in this Agreement (as modified by the Confidential Disclosure Schedules), none of Buyer nor any other Person on behalf of Buyer has made or makes, any representation or warranty, whether express or implied, with respect to any projections, forecasts, estimates or budgets made available to Sellers, their affiliates or any of their respective Representatives of future revenues, future results of operations (or any component thereof), future cash flows or future financial condition (or any component thereof) of Buyer (including the reasonableness of the assumptions underlying any of the foregoing), whether or not included in any management presentation or in any other information made available to Sellers, their affiliates or any of their respective Representatives or any other Person, and any such representations or warranties are expressly disclaimed.

ARTICLE 5

COVENANTS

Section 1.0a Conduct of Business Prior to the Closing. From the date hereof until the Closing, except as otherwise provided in this Agreement or consented to in writing by Buyer (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed), Sellers shall, and shall cause the Company Group to, (x) conduct their business in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice; and (y) use reasonable best efforts to maintain and preserve intact the current organization, business and franchise of the Company Group and to preserve the rights, franchises, goodwill and relationships of its employees, officers, managers, managing members, independent contractors, consultants, customers, lenders, suppliers, regulators and others having business relationships with the Company Group. Without limiting the foregoing, from the date hereof until the Closing Date, Sellers shall cause each member of the Company Group to:

- (i) preserve and maintain all of its Permits;
- (ii) cause Maxim to apply for and prosecute, a Continuing Membership Application with FINRA, as well as any required filings with the SEC or applicable state securities regulatory agencies;

- (iii) pay its debts, Taxes and other obligations when due, other than any such debts, Taxes or other obligations that are disputed by Sellers or the Company Group in good faith pursuant to appropriate proceedings, provided that Buyer has, to the extent practicable, prior notice of any such proceeding;
- (iv) preserve and maintain the Net Capital Cash;
- (v) maintain the properties and assets owned, operated or used by it in the same condition as they were on the date of this Agreement, subject to reasonable wear and tear;
- (vi) continue in full force and effect without modification all Insurance Policies, except as required by applicable Law or in connection with renewal thereof;
- (vii) exercise commercially reasonable efforts to defend and protect its material properties and material assets from infringement or usurpation;
- (viii) perform all of its material obligations under all Material Contracts relating to or affecting its properties, assets or business;
- (ix) maintain its books and records in accordance with past practice;
- (x) comply in all material respects with all applicable Laws; and
- (xi) not to take or permit any action that would cause any of the changes, events, or conditions described in Section 3.08 to occur (for the avoidance of doubt, other than in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice).

Section 1.0b Access to Information. From the date hereof until the Closing, Sellers shall, and shall cause the Company Group to, subject to applicable Law, (a) afford Buyer and its Representatives access to and the right to inspect all of the properties, assets, premises, books and records, Contracts and other documents and data related to the Company Group; (b) afford Buyer and its Representative reasonable access to the Company Group employees; (c) furnish Buyer and its Representatives with such financial, operating and other data and information related to the Company Group as Buyer or any of its Representatives may reasonably request, including but not limited to all data and information that is required for the preparation of historical and pro forma financial statements as may be necessary for the Buyer to comply with its reporting obligations with the SEC; and (d) instruct the Representatives of Sellers and the Company Group to cooperate with Buyer in its investigation of the Company Group. Any investigation pursuant to this Section 5.02 shall be upon reasonable prior notice, during normal business hours, and conducted in such manner as not to interfere unreasonably with the conduct of the business of Sellers or the Company Group. No investigation by Buyer or other information received by Buyer shall operate as a waiver or otherwise affect any representation, warranty, or agreement given or made by Sellers in this Agreement.

Section 1.0c No Solicitation of Other Bids.

- (i) Sellers shall not, and shall not authorize or permit any of their Affiliates (including the Company Group) or any of its or their Representatives to, directly or indirectly, (i) encourage, solicit, initiate, facilitate or continue inquiries regarding a Seller Acquisition Proposal; (ii) enter into

discussions or negotiations with, or provide any information to, any Person concerning a possible Seller Acquisition Proposal; or (iii) enter into any agreements or other instruments (whether or not binding) regarding an Acquisition Proposal. Sellers shall immediately cease and cause to be terminated and shall cause its Affiliates (including the Company Group) and all of its and their Representatives to immediately cease and cause to be terminated, all existing discussions or negotiations with any Persons conducted heretofore with respect to, or that could lead to, a Seller Acquisition Proposal. For purposes hereof, “**Seller Acquisition Proposal**” shall mean any inquiry, proposal or offer from any Person (other than Buyer or any of its Affiliates) concerning (i) a merger, consolidation, liquidation, recapitalization or other business combination transaction involving the Company Group; (ii) the issuance or acquisition of membership interests in the Company Group; or (iii) the sale, lease, exchange or other disposition of any significant portion of the Company Group’s properties or assets.

- (ii) From the date of this Agreement to the first anniversary of the Closing Date, Buyer shall not, and shall not authorize or permit any of their Affiliates or any of its Representatives to, directly or indirectly (unless consented to in writing by the Sellers’ Representative), (i) encourage, solicit, initiate, facilitate or continue inquiries regarding the acquisition of the equity interests of a Direct Competitor through a merger, consolidation, liquidation, recapitalization or other business combination transaction, or of a significant portion of the assets of business of a Director Competitor (a “**Buyer Acquisition Proposal**”); (ii) enter into discussions or negotiations with, or provide any information to, any Person concerning a possible Buyer Acquisition Proposal; or (iii) enter into any agreements or other instruments (whether or not binding) regarding a Buyer Acquisition Proposal. Buyer shall immediately cease and cause to be terminated and shall cause its Affiliates and all of its and their Representatives to immediately cease and cause to be terminated, all existing discussions or negotiations with any Persons conducted heretofore with respect to, or that could lead to, a Buyer Acquisition Proposal.
- (iii) In addition to the other obligations under this Section 5.03, each of Sellers and Buyer shall promptly (and in any event within three (3) Business Days after receipt thereof by such Party) advise the other Party orally and in writing of any Seller Acquisition Proposal or Buyer Acquisition Proposal, as applicable, any request for information with respect to any Seller Acquisition Proposal or Buyer Acquisition Proposal, as applicable, or any inquiry with respect to or which could reasonably be expected to result in a Seller Acquisition Proposal or Buyer Acquisition Proposal, as applicable, the material terms and conditions of such request, Seller Acquisition Proposal or Buyer Acquisition Proposal, as applicable, or inquiry, and the identity of the Person making the same.
- (iv) Each Party agrees that the rights and remedies for noncompliance with this Section 5.03 shall include having such provision specifically enforced by any court having equity jurisdiction, it being acknowledged and agreed that any such breach or threatened breach shall cause irreparable injury to such Party and that money damages would not provide an adequate remedy to such Party.

Section 1.0d Notice of Certain Events.

- (i) From the date hereof until the Closing, Sellers on the one hand and Buyer on the other hand shall promptly notify the other Party in writing of:
 - (1) any fact, circumstance, event or action the existence, occurrence or taking of which (A) has had, or could reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect on the Company Group or Buyer, as applicable (B) has resulted in, or could reasonably be expected to result in, any representation or warranty made by Sellers or Buyer hereunder not being true and correct or (C) has resulted in, or could reasonably be expected to result in, the failure of any of the conditions set forth in Section 7.02 to be satisfied;
 - (2) any notice or other communication from any Person alleging that the consent of such Person is or may be required in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement;
 - (3) any notice or other communication from any Governmental Authority in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement; and
 - (4) any Actions commenced or, to Sellers' Knowledge or Buyer's Knowledge, threatened against, relating to or involving or otherwise affecting Sellers or the Company Group on the one hand, or Buyer, on the other hand, that, if pending on the date of this Agreement, would have been required to have been disclosed pursuant to Section 3.15 or Section 4.08, as applicable, or that relates to the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.
- (ii) From the date hereof until the Closing, Buyer shall promptly notify Sellers in writing of any fact, circumstance, event or action the existence, occurrence or taking of which (A) has had, or could reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect on Buyer, (B) has resulted in, or could reasonably be expected to result in, any representation or warranty made by Buyer hereunder not being true and correct or (C) has resulted in, or could reasonably be expected to result in, the failure of any of the conditions set forth in Section 7.03 to be satisfied.
- (iii) A Party's receipt of information pursuant to this Section 5.04 shall not operate as a waiver or otherwise affect any representation, warranty or agreement given or made by the other Party in this Agreement (including Section 8.03, Section 9.01(b) and Section 9.01(c)) and shall not be deemed to amend or supplement the Confidential Disclosure Schedules.

Section 1.0e Resignations. Sellers shall deliver to Buyer written resignations, effective as of the Closing Date, of the officers and managers of the Company Group requested by Buyer at least five (5) Business Days prior to the Closing.

Section 1.0f Confidentiality. From and after the Closing, Sellers shall, and shall cause their Affiliates to, hold, and shall use its reasonable best efforts to cause its or their respective

Representatives to hold, in confidence any and all information, whether written or oral, concerning the Company Group, except to the extent that Sellers can show that such information (a) is generally available to and known by the public through no fault of Sellers, any of their Affiliates or their respective Representatives; or (b) is lawfully acquired by Sellers, any of their Affiliates or their respective Representatives from and after the Closing from sources which are not prohibited from disclosing such information by a legal, contractual or fiduciary obligation; provided that Sellers shall not be restricted from disclosing any information as required by applicable Law, including pursuant to a request from a Governmental Authority. If Sellers or any of their Affiliates or their respective Representatives are compelled to disclose any information by judicial or administrative process or by other requirements of Law, Sellers shall promptly notify Buyer in writing and shall disclose only that portion of such information which Sellers are advised by its counsel in writing is legally required to be disclosed, provided that Sellers shall use reasonable best efforts to obtain an appropriate protective order or other reasonable assurance that confidential treatment will be accorded such information.

Section 1.0g Non-Competition; Non-Solicitation.

- (i) For the period beginning on the Closing Date and ending on the date that is up to thirty-six (36) months after the Closing Date (the “**Restricted Period**”), other than in Buyer or its Affiliates, no Seller shall, directly or indirectly, (i) engage in or assist others in engaging in the Restricted Business in the Territory; (ii) have an interest in any Person that engages directly or indirectly in the Restricted Business in the Territory in any capacity, including as a partner, shareholder, member, employee, principal, agent, trustee or consultant; or (iii) intentionally interfere in any material respect with the business relationships (whether formed prior to or after the date of this Agreement) between the Company Group and its customers or suppliers. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Seller may own, directly or indirectly, solely as an investment, securities of any Person traded on any national securities exchange if such Seller is not a controlling Person of, or a member of a group which controls, such Person and does not, directly or indirectly, own two percent (2%) or more of any class of securities of such Person. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this Agreement shall restrict the ownership by the Sellers of any securities in Buyer or any of its Affiliates.
- (ii) During the Restricted Period, no Seller shall, and no Seller shall permit any of its Affiliates to, directly or indirectly, hire or solicit any employee of the Company Group or encourage any such employee to leave such employment or hire any such employee who has left such employment, except pursuant to a general solicitation which is not directed specifically to any such employees; provided, that nothing in this Section 5.07(b) shall prevent a Seller or any of its Affiliates from hiring (i) any employee whose employment has been terminated by the Company Group, their Subsidiaries, Buyer or its Affiliates or (ii) after one hundred eighty (180) days from the date of termination of employment, any employee whose employment has been terminated by the employee.
- (iii) During the Restricted Period, no Seller shall, and no Seller shall permit any of its Affiliates to, directly or indirectly, solicit or entice, or attempt to solicit or entice, any clients or customers of the Company Group for purposes of diverting their business or services from the Company Group.

- (iv) Each Seller acknowledges that a breach or threatened breach of this Section 5.07 would give rise to irreparable harm to Buyer, for which monetary damages would not be an adequate remedy, and hereby agrees that in the event of a breach or a threatened breach by such Seller of any such obligations, Buyer shall, in addition to any and all other rights and remedies that may be available to it in respect of such breach, be entitled to equitable relief, including a temporary restraining order, an injunction, specific performance and any other relief that may be available from a court of competent jurisdiction (without any requirement to post bond).
- (v) Each Seller acknowledges that the restrictions contained in this Section 5.07 are reasonable and necessary to protect the legitimate interests of Buyer and constitute a material inducement to Buyer to enter into this Agreement and consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. In the event that any covenant contained in this Section 5.07 should ever be adjudicated to exceed the time, geographic, product or service, or other limitations permitted by applicable Law in any jurisdiction, then any court is expressly empowered to reform such covenant, and such covenant shall be deemed reformed, in such jurisdiction to the maximum time, geographic, product or service, or other limitations permitted by applicable Law. The covenants contained in this Section 5.07 and each provision hereof are severable and distinct covenants and provisions. The invalidity or unenforceability of any such covenant or provision as written shall not invalidate or render unenforceable the remaining covenants or provisions hereof, and any such invalidity or unenforceability in any jurisdiction shall not invalidate or render unenforceable such covenant or provision in any other jurisdiction.

Section 1.0h Governmental Approvals and Consents.

- (i) Each Party hereto shall cooperate with the other Party to, as promptly as possible, (i) make, or cause or be made, all filings and submissions (including, but not limited to, the SEC, FINRA, NASDAQ, the HSR Act and applicable state securities regulatory agencies) required under any Law applicable to such Party or any of its Affiliates; and (ii) use reasonable best efforts to obtain, or cause to be obtained, all Permits, consents, authorizations, orders and approvals from all Governmental Authorities that may be or become necessary for its execution and delivery of this Agreement and the performance of its obligations pursuant to this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents. Each Party shall cooperate fully with the other Party and its Affiliates in promptly seeking to obtain all other Permits, consents, authorizations, orders, and approvals. The Parties hereto shall not willfully take any action that will have the effect of delaying, impairing or impeding the receipt of any required consents, authorizations, orders and approvals.
- (ii) Sellers and Buyer shall use reasonable best efforts to give all notices to, and obtain all consents from, all third parties that are described in Section 3.05 and Section 4.02 of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules.
- (iii) Without limiting the generality of the Parties' undertakings pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) above, each of the Parties hereto shall use all reasonable best efforts to:

- (1) respond to any inquiries by any Governmental Authority regarding antitrust or other matters with respect to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or any Ancillary Document;
 - (2) avoid the imposition of any order or the taking of any action that would restrain, alter or enjoin the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or any Ancillary Document; and
 - (3) in the event any Governmental Order adversely affecting the ability of the Parties to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or any Ancillary Document has been issued, to have such Governmental Order vacated or lifted.
- (iv) Except for the Related Party Contracts, all Contracts of the Company Group as of the Closing shall remain in effect. If any consent, approval, or authorization necessary to preserve any right or benefit under any Contract to which a member of the Company Group is a party is not obtained prior to the Closing, Sellers shall, subsequent to the Closing, cooperate with Buyer and the applicable member of the Company Group in attempting to obtain such consent, approval or authorization as promptly thereafter as practicable. Except as identified by Buyer in writing prior to the Closing, each and every Related Party Contract will be cancelled and terminated in full on or prior to the Closing, with no further liability or obligation to any member of the Company Group.
- (v) Subject to any restrictions under applicable Law, all analyses, appearances, meetings, discussions, presentations, memoranda, briefs, filings, arguments, and proposals made by or on behalf of either Party before any Governmental Authority or the staff or regulators of any Governmental Authority, in connection with the transactions contemplated hereunder (but, for the avoidance of doubt, not including any interactions between Sellers or the Company Group with Governmental Authorities in the ordinary course of business, any disclosure which is not permitted by Law or any disclosure containing confidential information) shall be disclosed to the other Party hereunder in advance of any filing, submission or attendance, it being the intent that the Parties will consult and cooperate with one another, and consider in good faith the views of one another, in connection with any such analyses, appearances, meetings, discussions, presentations, memoranda, briefs, filings, arguments, and proposals. Each Party shall give notice to the other Party with respect to any meeting, discussion, appearance or contact with any Governmental Authority or the staff or regulators of any Governmental Authority, with such notice being sufficient to provide the other Party with the opportunity to attend and participate in such meeting, discussion, appearance or contact.
- (vi) Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in this Section 5.08 shall require, or be construed to require, Buyer, Sellers, the Company Group or any of their Affiliates to agree to (i) sell, hold, divest, discontinue or limit, before or after the Closing Date, any assets, businesses or interests of such party or any of their respective Affiliates; (ii) any conditions relating to, or changes or restrictions in, the operations of any such assets, businesses or interests which, in either case, could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect on any Party other than itself or materially and adversely impact the economic or business benefits to the Parties of the

transactions contemplated by this Agreement; or (iii) any material modification or waiver of the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

Section 1.0i Books and Records.

- (i) In order to facilitate the resolution of any claims made against or incurred by Sellers prior to the Closing, or for any other reasonable purpose, for a period of seven (7) years after the Closing, Buyer shall:
 - (1) retain the books and records (including personnel files) of the Company Group relating to periods prior to the Closing in a manner reasonably consistent with the prior practices of the Company Group; and
 - (2) upon reasonable notice, afford the Representatives of Sellers reasonable access (including the right to make, at Sellers' expense, photocopies), during normal business hours, to such books and records, provided, however, that any books and records related to Tax matters shall be retained pursuant to the periods set forth in ARTICLE VI.
- (ii) In order to facilitate the resolution of any claims made by or against or incurred by Buyer or the Company Group after Closing, or for any other reasonable purpose, for a period of three (3) years following the Closing, Sellers shall:
 - (1) retain the books and records (including personnel files) of Sellers which relate to the Company Group and its operations for periods prior to the Closing; and
 - (2) upon reasonable notice, afford the Representatives of Buyer or the Company Group reasonable access (including the right to make, at Buyer's expense, photocopies), during normal business hours, to such books and records; provided, however, that any books and records related to Tax matters shall be retained pursuant to the periods set forth in ARTICLE VI.
- (iii) Neither Buyer nor Sellers shall be obligated to provide the other Party with access to any books or records (including personnel files) pursuant to this Section 5.09 where such access would violate any Law.

Section 1.j Certain Actions of Buyer. From the date hereof until the Closing, Buyer (a) shall operate its business in compliance in all material respects with applicable Laws and (b) shall not (except as otherwise expressly permitted by this Agreement or as the Sellers shall otherwise consent in writing prior thereto) amend its Organizational Documents in a manner that would have a Material Adverse Effect on Sellers' rights under this Agreement in respect of the Purchase Price.

Section 1.k Closing Conditions. From the date hereof until the Closing, each Party hereto shall, and Sellers shall cause the Company Group to, use reasonable best efforts to take such actions as are necessary to expeditiously satisfy the closing conditions set forth in ARTICLE VII hereof and consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

Section 1.1 Public Announcements. Unless otherwise required by applicable Law or stock exchange requirements (based upon the reasonable advice of counsel), no Party to this Agreement shall make any public announcements in respect of this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby or otherwise communicate with any news media without the prior written consent of the other Party(ies) (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed), and the Parties shall cooperate as to the timing and contents of any such announcement.

Section 1.m Employee Covenants.

- (i) As of the Closing Date, and for a period of twelve (12) months thereafter (or until termination of employment, if earlier), Buyer shall provide, or shall cause the Company Group or Buyers' respective Affiliates to provide, to each employee of the Company Group as of the Closing Date who continues employment with the Company Group immediately following the Closing, including any such Person who is on an approved leave of absence (each, a "**Continuing Employee**") with (i) an annual base salary or an hourly wage rate, as applicable, that is not less than that provided to such Continuing Employee by the Company Group immediately prior to the Closing, (ii) paid time off that is substantially comparable to that provided to such Continuing Employee by the Company Group immediately prior to the Closing, and (iii) employee benefits (other than equity compensation, defined benefit pension benefits, and retiree health and life insurance benefits) that are substantially comparable, in the aggregate, to those provided to such Continuing Employee by the Company Group as of the date hereof. Notwithstanding the foregoing, except as otherwise provided in writing by Buyer, no Individual Holder shall be deemed a Continuing Employee under this Agreement or be entitled to the benefits of any provision of this Agreement applicable to a Continuing Employee.
- (ii) Buyer shall, or shall cause the Company Group or Buyer's respective Affiliates to, credit Continuing Employees for service earned or credited on and prior to the Closing Date with the Company Group, or any of their respective predecessors, in addition to service earned with Buyer and its respective Affiliates on or after the Closing Date, (i) to the extent that such service was recognized under the analogous Benefit Plan and such service is relevant for purposes of eligibility, vesting, or the calculation of vacation, sick days, severance, layoff and similar benefits (but not for purposes of defined benefit plan benefit accruals) under any retirement or other employee benefit plan, program, or arrangement of Buyer and its Affiliates (the "**Buyer's Plans**"); provided, that, nothing herein shall result in a duplication of benefits or coverage with respect to the Continuing Employees.
- (iii) Buyer shall use commercially reasonable efforts to cause: (i) each Continuing Employee to be immediately eligible to participate, without any waiting time, in any Buyer's Plans to the extent such Buyer's Plan is an "employee welfare benefit" plan within the meaning of Section 3(1) of ERISA and coverage under such Buyer's Plan replaces coverage under a comparable Company Plan in which such Continuing Employee participated immediately before the replacement; and (ii) for purposes of each Buyer's Plan providing medical, dental, pharmaceutical or vision benefits to any Continuing Employee, (A) all pre-existing condition

exclusions and actively-at-work requirements of such Buyer's Plan to be waived for such Continuing Employee and his or her covered dependents to the extent waived or, satisfied, or not included under the analogous Benefit Plan and (B) any eligible expenses incurred by such Continuing Employee and his or her covered dependents under any Benefit Plan during the portion of the plan year prior to the Closing Date to be taken into account under such Buyer's Plan for purposes of satisfying all deductible, co-insurance, co-payment, and maximum out-of-pocket requirements applicable to such Continuing Employee and his or her covered dependents for the applicable plan year as if such amounts had been paid in accordance with such Buyer's Plan.

- (iv) Notwithstanding anything in this Section 5.13 to the contrary, this Section 5.13 shall not operate to (i) require Buyer, the Company Group, or any of their Subsidiaries or Affiliates to maintain any employee benefit plan in effect following the Closing Date for their employees, including the Continuing Employees, (ii) be construed to mean the employment of any employee of the Company Group or any of their Subsidiaries or Affiliates, including any Continuing Employees, is not terminable by the Company Group or any of their Subsidiaries or Affiliates at will at any time, with or without cause, for any reason or no reason, (iii) establish, amend or modify any Benefit Plan, Buyer's Plan, or other benefit plan, program, agreement or arrangement, (iv) alter or limit the ability of the Company Group, Buyer, or any of their respective Subsidiaries or Affiliates to amend, modify or terminate any benefit plan, program, agreement or arrangement at any time assumed, established, sponsored or maintained by any of them; or (v) create any third party rights of causes of action for any person not a party to this Agreement.

Section 1.n Further Assurances. Following the Closing, each of the Parties hereto shall, and shall cause their respective Affiliates to, execute and deliver such additional documents, instruments, conveyances and assurances and take such further actions as may be reasonably required to carry out the provisions hereof and give effect to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

ARTICLE 6

TAX MATTERS

Section 1.0a Tax Covenants.

- (i) Without the prior written consent of Buyer, Sellers (and, prior to the Closing, the Company, its Affiliates and their respective Representatives) shall not, to the extent it may affect, or relate to, the Company, make, change or rescind any material Tax election, amend any material Tax Return or take any material position on any Tax Return, take any action, omit to take any material action or enter into any other material transaction that would have the effect of materially increasing the Tax liability or materially reducing any Tax asset of Buyer or the Company in respect of any Post-Closing Tax Period.
- (ii) All transfer, documentary, sales, use, stamp, registration, value added and other such Taxes and fees (including any penalties and interest) incurred in connection with this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents (including

any real property transfer Tax and any other similar Tax) (“**Transfer Taxes**”) shall be borne and paid equally by Sellers and Buyer when due. The Party required to do so by applicable Law shall, at its own expense, timely file any Tax Return or other document with respect to such Taxes or fees (and the other Party shall cooperate with respect thereto as necessary).

- (iii) Sellers’ Representative shall prepare, or cause to be prepared (at the Company’s expense), all Tax Returns required to be filed by any member of the Company Group after the Closing Date with respect to a Pre-Closing Tax Period or Straddle Period. Any such Tax Return shall be prepared in a manner consistent with past practice (unless otherwise required by Law) and without a change of any election or any accounting method and shall be submitted by Sellers’ Representative to Buyer (together with schedules, statements and, to the extent requested by Seller, supporting documentation) at least forty-five (45) days prior to the due date (including extensions) of such Tax Return. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth herein, unless otherwise required by Law, any deduction related to the accrual of Transaction Expenses shall be reflected on the applicable Tax Return for the Pre-Closing Tax Period (including any applicable deductions under IRS Rev. Proc. 2011-29) and shall be for the use and benefit of the Sellers. If, within the forty-five (45) day objection period, Buyer has not objected, the applicable Tax Return shall be deemed to be complete and final. If Buyer objects to any item on any such Tax Return, Buyer shall, within ten (10) days after delivery of such Tax Return, notify Sellers’ Representative in writing that it so objects, specifying with particularity any such item and stating the specific factual or legal basis for any such objection. If a notice of objection shall be duly delivered, Buyer and Sellers’ Representative shall negotiate in good faith and use their reasonable best efforts to resolve such items. If Buyer and Sellers’ Representative are unable to reach such agreement within ten (10) days after receipt by Buyer of such notice, the disputed items shall be resolved by the Independent Accountant and any determination by the Independent Accountant shall be final. The Independent Accountant shall resolve any disputed items within fifteen (15) days of having the item referred to it pursuant to such procedures as it may require. The costs, fees and expenses of the Independent Accountant shall be borne equally by Buyer and Sellers. Any entity level Taxes reflected due with respect to, or reflected on the Tax Returns for, the Pre-Closing Tax Period and the Straddle Period shall be paid by the Company. On behalf of the Company Group, the Sellers shall timely file all such Tax Returns for the Pre-Closing Tax Period and the Straddle. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that the Independent Accountant has not resolved the dispute by an applicable due date, the Sellers shall file or cause to be filed, the applicable Tax Return in such manner as the Sellers’ Representative reasonably determines under applicable Law, and the Parties shall amend such Tax Returns to the extent necessary to conform to the Independent Accountant’s final determination. The preparation and filing of any Tax Return of the Company that does not relate to a Pre-Closing Tax Period or Straddle Period shall be subject to the provisions of the Amended Operating Agreement.
- (iv) Unless required by applicable Law, Buyer shall not, and shall not permit any of its Affiliates (including after the Closing, for the avoidance of

doubt, the Company Group) to, (i) file, re-file, supplement, or amend any Tax Return of any member of the Company Group for any Pre-Closing Tax Period or Straddle Period, including in any jurisdiction where Tax Returns have not been historically filed, (ii) make, revoke or amend any election relating to Taxes, including making any election made pursuant to Treasury Regulations Section 301.7701-3; (iii) apply any Tax attribute arising in a Pre-Closing Tax Period to any Post-Closing Tax Period; (iv) make or change any election or change any method of accounting or adopt any convention with respect to Taxes that shifts taxable income from a Post-Closing Tax Period to a Pre-Closing Tax Period or shifts deduction or losses from a Pre-Closing Tax Period to a Post-Closing Tax Period; (v) voluntarily approach, or initiate discussions or examination with, any Governmental Authority (including with respect to voluntary disclosure, Tax amnesty or similar filings involving Taxes or Tax Returns) regarding any Taxes or Tax Returns of the Company that relate to or could impact a Pre-Closing Tax Period, (vi) extend or waive, or cause to be extended or waived, any statute of limitations or other period for the assessment of any Tax or deficiency that relate to, or could relate to or could affect, a Pre-Closing Tax Period; (vii) enter into any closing or similar agreement; (viii) settle or compromise any Tax Claim; (ix) surrender any right to claim a refund of Taxes; or (x) except as specifically contemplated by this ARTICLE VI, take any other action after the Closing (other than any action after the Closing on the Closing Date that is in the ordinary course of business) that could create a Tax liability on or before the Closing Date or reduce a Tax refund or credit. To the extent that Buyer reasonably believes that under applicable Law it is required to make or undertake any action described in this Section 6.01(d), Buyer must give Sellers' Representative prior written notice at least ten (10) Business Days prior to such action and in such notice must identify with reasonable specificity the action proposed and the basis under applicable Law for such proposed action. The Buyer and Sellers shall reasonably cooperate, as applicable, to address any such issues with respect to applicable Law or the action provided in such notice.

- (v) Any refund, credit or similar benefit (including any interest paid or credited by a Governmental Entity with respect thereto) of Taxes paid by or with respect to the Company Group with respect to any Pre-Closing Tax Period or the pre-Closing portion of any Straddle Period, shall be solely the property of Sellers and any such amounts payable to Sellers pursuant to this Section 6.01(e) shall be paid by the Buyer to Sellers (and any material correspondence related thereto shall be provided), within thirty (30) days after receipt. For purposes of this Section 6.01(e), any member of the Company Group shall be deemed to have received a refund or credit of Taxes to the extent that that any member of the Company Group elects to apply such refund or credit, which it would otherwise would have been entitled to receive, to offset or reduce Taxes relating to any Post-Closing Tax Period (or portion of any Straddle Period, determined in accordance with the principles of Section 6.04) beginning after the Closing Date. Buyer shall cause the Company Group to file for, obtain and reasonably expedite the receipt of, any refund, credit, or similar benefit to which Sellers (including through amendment of applicable Tax Returns) are entitled under this Section 6.01(e).

Section 1.0b Termination of Existing Tax Sharing Agreements. Any and all existing Tax sharing agreements (whether written or not) binding upon the Company Group which were entered into outside of the ordinary course of business (and for the avoidance of doubt, other than any such agreements entered into in the ordinary course of business with unaffiliated third parties), the primary purpose of such was Tax, shall be terminated as of the Closing Date. After such date none of the Company Group, Sellers nor any of their Affiliates and their respective Representatives shall have any further rights or liabilities thereunder.

Section 1.0c Tax Indemnification.

- (i) With the exception of: (A) any and all Taxes to the extent included or reflected in the calculation of Closing Working Capital, Indebtedness, Tax Reserves or Transaction Expenses, (B) any and all Transfer Taxes to be borne, and paid, by Buyer pursuant to Section 6.01(b), and (C) any and all Taxes imposed on the Company Group or the Sellers as a result of (I) any action taken by Buyer, the Company Group or any of their respective Affiliates after the Closing that is not in the ordinary course of business or (II) any breach of any of Buyer's obligations pursuant to this Agreement (including any Loss attributable to any breach or violation by the Buyer of, or failure to fully perform, any covenant, agreement, undertaking or obligation with respect to Taxes in this ARTICLE VI) (the items in clauses (A) through (C), collectively, "**Excluded Taxes**"), each Seller, up to the amount of its Sellers Percentage, shall, without duplication, indemnify the Company, Buyer, and each Buyer Indemnitee and hold them harmless from and against: (i) any Loss attributable to any breach of or inaccuracy in any representation or warranty made in Section 3.20; (ii) any Loss attributable to any breach or violation by the Sellers of, or failure to fully perform, any covenant, agreement, undertaking or obligation with respect to Taxes in this ARTICLE VI; (iii) all Taxes of the Company or relating to the business of the Company for all Pre-Closing Tax Periods; and (iv) any and all Taxes of any person imposed on the Company arising under the principles of transferee or successor liability or by contract, relating to an event or transaction occurring before the Closing Date. In each of the above cases, together with any reasonable and documented out-of-pocket fees and expenses (including attorneys' and accountants' fees) incurred in connection therewith. Each Seller, up to the amount of its Sellers Percentage, shall reimburse Buyer for any Losses of the Company that are the responsibility of Sellers pursuant to this Section 6.03(a) within thirty (30) Business Days after payment of such Taxes by Buyer, the Company or its Subsidiaries.
- (ii) Buyer shall without duplication indemnify the Seller Indemnitees (and their members, owner and interest holders) and hold them harmless from and against: (i) all Excluded Taxes and (ii) any and all Losses attributable to any breach of or inaccuracy in any representation or warranty made in Section 4.17. In each of the above cases, together with any reasonably and documented out-of-pocket fees and expenses (including attorneys' and accountants' fees) incurred in connection therewith. Buyer shall reimburse Sellers for any Losses or Taxes described in this Section 6.03(b) within thirty (30) Business Days.

Section 1.0d Straddle Period. In the case of Taxes that are payable with respect to a taxable period that begins before and ends after the Closing Date (each such period, a "**Straddle**

Period”), the portion of any such Taxes that are treated as Pre-Closing Taxes or Post-Closing Taxes for purposes of this Agreement shall be:

- (i) Taxes (A) based on the income or receipts of the Company Group for a Straddle Period, (B) imposed in connection with any sale or other transfer or assignment of property (including sales, use and transfer Taxes), other than Transfer Taxes described in Section 6.01(b), for a Straddle Period, or (C) withholding Taxes, the determination of the Taxes of the Company Group for the portion of the Straddle Period ending on and including, and the portion of the Straddle Period beginning and ending after, the Closing Date shall be calculated by assuming that the Straddle Period consisted of two (2) taxable periods, one which ended at the close of the Closing Date and the other which began at the beginning of the day following the Closing Date and items of income, gain, deduction, loss or credit of the Company Group for the Straddle Period shall be allocated between such two (2) taxable years or periods on a “closing of the books basis” by assuming that the books of the Company Group were closed at the close of the Closing Date, provided, however, that exemptions, allowances or deductions that are calculated on an annual basis, such as the deduction for amortization and depreciation, shall be apportioned between such two (2) taxable years or periods on a daily basis (notwithstanding that such exemptions, allowances or deductions may under applicable Law be determined solely at the end of the taxable period; and
- (ii) Taxes of the Company Group not described in Section 6.04(a) for a Straddle Period (e.g., such as real property or other ad valorem Taxes), the determination of the Taxes of the Company Group for the portion of the Straddle Period ending on and including, and the portion of the Straddle Period beginning and ending after, the Closing Date shall be calculated by allocating to the periods before and after the Closing Date pro rata, based on the number of days of the Straddle Period in the period before and ending on the Closing Date, on the one hand, and the number of days in the Straddle Period in the period after the Closing Date, on the other hand, provided that the Transfer Taxes shall be allocated between the Parties as described in Section 6.01(b).

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement, all transactions that occur on the Closing Date but after the Closing and that are not in the ordinary course of business of the Company Group (or contemplated by this Agreement) shall be considered to be attributable to the period that commences on the day following the Closing Date. In determining Sellers’ liability for Taxes pursuant to this Agreement (to the extent applicable), Sellers shall be credited with the amount of estimated Taxes paid by or on behalf of each of the Company Group on or prior to the Closing Date. To the extent that the amount of Sellers’ liability for Taxes for a taxable year or period is less than the amount of estimated Taxes previously paid by or on behalf of the Company Group (as the case may be) with respect to all or a portion of such taxable year or period, the Buyer shall pay to Sellers the difference no later than two (2) days prior to the Due Date of the Tax Returns relating to such Taxes.

Section 1.0e Contests. After the Closing, Buyer agrees to give written notice to Sellers’ Representative of the receipt of any written notice to any member of the Company Group. Buyer or any of Buyer’s Affiliates which involves the assertion of any claim, or the commencement of any Action which is related or attributable to Taxes or Tax Returns (a “**Tax Claim**”); provided, that failure to comply with this provision shall not be deemed to be a breach under this Section 6.05 unless such failure prejudices Sellers’ rights hereunder. To the extent that a Tax Claim

relates in whole or in part to a Pre-Closing Tax Period, Sellers shall manage, control and defend (at its sole expense) such audit or inquiry; provided however, that if any such audit or inquiry could have an adverse and material effect on the Company Group for a Post-Closing Period, Sellers may not settle such matter without the consent of Buyer, which shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed before entering into any settlement of a claim or ceasing to defend such claim. To the extent that a Tax Claim relates in whole to a Post-Closing Tax Period, Buyer shall manage, control and defend (at its sole expense) such audit or inquiry; provided however, that Buyer may not settle such matter without the consent of Sellers, which shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed before entering into any settlement of a claim or ceasing to defend such claim and, provided further that Sellers shall be entitled to participate in the defense of such Tax claim and to each employ counsel of its or their choice for such purpose, the fees and expenses of such separate counsel shall be borne by Sellers solely.

Section 1.0f Cooperation and Exchange of Information. Sellers' Representative and Buyer shall provide each other with such cooperation and information as each of them reasonably may request of the other in filing any Tax Return pursuant to this ARTICLE VI or in connection with any audit or other proceeding (including a Tax Claim) in respect of Taxes of the Company Group. Such cooperation and information shall include providing copies of relevant Tax Returns or portions thereof, together with accompanying schedules, related work papers and documents relating to rulings or other determinations by tax authorities. Each of Sellers, the Company Group and Buyer shall retain all Tax Returns, schedules and work papers, records and other documents in its possession relating to Tax matters of the Company Group for any taxable period beginning before the Closing Date until the later of (a) the expiration of the statute of limitations of the taxable periods to which such Tax Returns and other documents relate, (including with respect to extensions) or (b) six (6) years following the Closing Date. Prior to transferring, destroying or discarding any Tax Returns, schedules and work papers, records and other documents in its possession relating to Tax matters of the Company Group for any taxable period beginning before the Closing Date, Sellers or Buyer (as the case may be) shall provide the other Party or Parties with reasonable written notice and offer the other Party or Parties (as the case may be) the opportunity to take custody of such materials. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement, none of the Buyer or any of its Affiliates (including the Company Group) shall have the right to receive or obtain any information relating to Taxes or Tax Returns of the Sellers or any of its Affiliates, members, partners or owners (or any of its predecessors) other than information relating solely to the Company Group.

Section 1.0g Allocation of Purchase Price. Buyer and Sellers agree to allocate the Purchase Price (together with any other amounts required to be taken into account under Subchapter K of the Code) ("**Allocable Amount**") to the extent necessary under, and according to the principles of, Sections 743, 751 and 755 of the Code. Within one hundred eighty (180) days after the Closing Date, Sellers' Representative shall prepare a schedule of its proposed allocations of the Allocable Amount among the pro rata share of the assets of Company represented by the Company membership interests being purchased from Sellers (the "**Draft Allocation Schedule**") under this Agreement and shall deliver such Draft Allocation Schedule to Buyer for its review and approval. Buyer shall have thirty (30) days to object in writing to the Draft Allocation Schedule. If, within the thirty (30) day objection period, Buyer has not objected to the Draft Allocation Schedule, the Draft Allocation Schedule shall become the Allocation (as defined below). Sellers shall consider all reasonable objections or comments submitted by Buyer in good faith, and shall negotiate to resolve any disputes. If, within thirty (30) days of Sellers' Representative receipt of Buyer's objections, the Parties have failed to reach agreement on a final Allocation, any disputed aspects of such allocation shall be resolved by the Independent Accountant. The allocation of the Allocable Amount, as agreed upon by Buyer and Sellers' Representative (as a result of either Buyer's failure to object to the Draft Allocation Schedule or of good faith negotiations between Buyer and Sellers' Representative) or determined by the Independent under this Section 6.07 (the "**Allocation**"), shall be final and binding upon the

parties. Each of Buyer, on the one hand, and Sellers, on the other hand, shall bear their own fees and costs incurred by them in connection with the determination of the Allocation, and the fees and expenses of the Independent Accountant be borne fifty percent (50%) by Buyer and fifty percent (50%) by Sellers. Buyer and Sellers each agree that: (i) they shall file (or shall cause to be filed) all Tax Returns and forms consistent with the Allocation; (ii) in the event that any Governmental Authority disputes the Allocation, Sellers or Buyer, as the case may be, shall promptly notify the other party of the nature of such dispute, and shall cooperate in good faith to preserve the effectiveness of the Allocation, to the extent consistent with the law and final decisions of such Governmental Authority; (iii) any subsequent adjustments to the Purchase Price shall be treated in a manner consistent with the Allocation (and the parties shall notify each other and cooperate in reflecting such adjustment) and (iv) Buyer and Sellers and their respective representatives (including Sellers' Representative) and Affiliates shall cooperate with each other in preparing any Tax filings or other forms required to be filed in connection with the transactions hereunder. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement or any other agreement, the Parties acknowledge and agree that the assets of MFA have nominal value.

Section 1.0h Intended Tax Treatment. The Parties hereto intend that for U.S. federal, state, local and, to the extent applicable, non-U.S. income Tax purposes, the transactions contemplated by this Agreement (including the Pre-Closing Restructuring) shall be treated as follows: (a) the distribution of amounts of any cash from MFA to the Sellers shall be treated as a distribution made pursuant to Section 731(a) and Section 731(b) of the Code; (b) the contribution of all of the membership interests of Maxim and MFA to the Company shall be treated as a merger or consolidation of partnerships pursuant to Section 708(a) of the Code and Treasury Regulation Section 1.708-1(c)(1) effectuated in the "assets-over form" as described in Treasury Regulation Section 1.708-1(c)(3)(i) with Maxim treated as the resulting and continuing partnership and MFA and the Company treated as terminated pursuant to Treasury Regulations Section 1.708-1(c)(1); (c) the acquisition of membership interests of the Company by Buyer as described in this Agreement shall be treated as a sale or exchange of partnership interests in Maxim by Sellers to Buyer as described in Section 741 and Section 1060(d) of the Code, with an effective election under Section 754 of the Code for Company and related adjustments under Section 743 of the Code for Buyer; and (iv) the exchange of historic membership interests in the Company by the Sellers for Class B Units, contemporaneous with the sale described in Section 6.07(c), as a nonrecognition transaction in which there is an exchange of partnership interests in Maxim (the "**Intended Tax Treatment**"). The Parties hereto (x) shall not (and shall cause their respective Affiliates not to) take any action that would reasonably be expected to prevent the Intended Tax Treatment from so qualifying and (y) shall not take any position inconsistent with the Intended Tax Treatment unless required to do so by applicable Law.

Section 1.0i Pre-Closing Restructuring. As promptly as practicable, and in no event later than 11:59 p.m. Eastern Standard Time or Eastern Daylight Time, fourteen (14) Days prior to the Closing Date, Sellers shall effect (or cause to be effected) the steps of the Pre-Closing Restructuring in the manner and on the timeline as set forth in Schedule A and shall keep Buyer apprised of the status thereof and promptly notify Buyer of any material development relating thereto. Sellers shall timely and properly make an election under Section 754 of the Code (and in the Sellers' sole and exclusive good faith discretion, an election made pursuant to Treasury Regulations Section 1.708-1(c)(4)) with respect to the Group Companies. Sellers, the Company Group, Buyer and their respective Affiliates agree to report (and agree to cause each other Group Company to report) the Pre-Closing Restructuring for all U.S. federal (and, as applicable, state and local) Tax purposes in accordance with the Intended Tax Treatment, and not to take any position contrary with the Intended Tax Treatment, except to the extent otherwise required by applicable Law. None of Sellers or the Company Group shall (or shall permit any Group Company to) make any changes in the Pre-Closing Restructuring without Buyer's prior written consent (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed).

Section 1.j Tax Treatment of Indemnification Payments. Any indemnification payments made under this Agreement shall be treated as an adjustment to the Purchase Price by the Parties for Tax purposes, unless otherwise required by Law.

Section 1.k Payments to Sellers. Any amounts payable pursuant to this ARTICLE VI shall be reduced by any Tax Benefits as described in Section 8.04(c) and, with respect to the Sellers, subject to the final paragraph of Section 8.02 and the Cap in Section 8.04(b) and shall not be subject to the Basket described in Section 8.04(b).

Section 1.l Survival. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, the provisions of Section 3.20, Section 4.17 and this ARTICLE VI shall survive for the full period of all applicable statutes of limitations (giving effect to any waiver, mitigation or extension thereof) plus sixty (60) days.

Section 1.m Overlap. Other than as described in this ARTICLE VI, to the extent that any obligation or responsibility pursuant to ARTICLE VIII may overlap with an obligation or responsibility pursuant to this ARTICLE VI, the provisions of this ARTICLE VI shall govern.

ARTICLE 7

CONDITIONS TO CLOSING

Section 1.0a Conditions to Obligations of All Parties. The obligations of each Party to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement shall be subject to the fulfillment, at or prior to the Closing, of each of the following conditions:

- (i) Buyer and Sellers shall have received approval from FINRA, the SEC and each applicable state securities regulatory agency to effect the change of ownership of the Company Group from Sellers to Buyer.
- (ii) The filings of Buyer and Sellers pursuant to the HSR Act, if any, shall have been made and the applicable waiting period and any extensions thereof shall have expired or been terminated.
- (iii) No injunction or restraining order shall have been issued by any Governmental Authority, and be in effect, which restrains or prohibits any material transaction contemplated hereby.
- (iv) No Governmental Authority shall have enacted, issued, promulgated, enforced or entered any Governmental Order which is in effect and has the effect of making the transactions contemplated by this Agreement illegal, otherwise restraining or prohibiting consummation of such transactions or causing any of the transactions contemplated hereunder to be rescinded following completion thereof.
- (v) No Action shall have been commenced against Buyer, Sellers, any member of the Company Group, which would prevent the Closing.

Section 1.0b Conditions to Obligations of Buyer. The obligations of Buyer to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement shall be subject to the fulfillment or Buyer's waiver, at or prior to the Closing, of each of the following conditions:

- (i) Other than the representations and warranties of Sellers contained in Section 3.01, Section 3.02, Section 3.03, Section 3.04 and Section 3.22,

the representations and warranties of Sellers contained in ARTICLE III of this Agreement shall be true and correct in all respects (in the case of any representation or warranty qualified by materiality or Material Adverse Effect) or in all material respects (in the case of any representation or warranty not qualified by materiality or Material Adverse Effect) on and as of the date hereof and on and as of the Closing Date with the same effect as though made at and as of such date (except those representations and warranties that address matters only as of a specified date, the accuracy of which shall be determined as of that specified date in all respects). The representations and warranties of Sellers contained in Section 3.01, Section 3.02, Section 3.03, Section 3.04 and Section 3.22, shall be true and correct in all respects on and as of the date hereof and on and as of the Closing Date with the same effect as though made at and as of such date (except those representations and warranties that address matters only as of a specified date, the accuracy of which shall be determined as of that specified date in all respects).

- (ii) Sellers shall have duly performed and complied in all material respects with all agreements and covenants required by this Agreement and each of the Ancillary Documents to be performed or complied with by it prior to or on the Closing Date.
- (iii) All approvals, consents and waivers that are listed on Section 3.05 of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules (including but not limited to approval of Seller's Continuing Membership Application by FINRA authorizing the acquisition of Maxim by Buyer), shall have been received and executed counterparts thereof shall have been delivered to Buyer at or prior to the Closing.
- (iv) There shall not have occurred any Material Adverse Effect on the Company Group that is continuing.
- (v) The Pre-Closing Restructuring shall have been completed in accordance with Schedule A.
- (vi) Sellers shall have duly executed and delivered the Class A Units Assignment to Buyer.
- (vii) The other Ancillary Documents shall have been executed and delivered by the parties thereto and true and complete copies thereof shall have been delivered to Buyer.
- (viii) Each Related Party Contract set forth on Section 7.02(h) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules shall have been terminated by the parties thereto.
- (ix) At least three (3) Business Days before Closing, Sellers shall have delivered to Buyer the Closing Indebtedness Certificate and the Closing Transaction Expenses Certificate signed by Maxim's Chief Financial Officer.
- (x) Sellers shall have delivered to Buyer the Estimated Closing Working Capital Statement contemplated in Section 2.05(a)(ii).

- (xi) At least three (3) Business Days before Closing, Sellers shall have delivered to Buyer a Net Capital Cash Certificate signed by Maxim's Chief Financial Officer verifying the Net Capital Cash on the Closing Date.
- (xii) The Company Group shall have Net Capital Cash as of the Closing in an amount to be determined by the Parties in good faith prior to the Closing.
- (xiii) At least three (3) Business Days before Closing, Sellers shall have delivered to Buyer a Clearing Deposit Balance Certificate signed by Maxim's Chief Financial Officer verifying the Clearing Deposit balance on the Closing Date.
- (xiv) The Company Group shall have \$500,000 in Clearing Deposit as of the Closing.
- (xv) Buyer shall have received a certificate, dated the Closing Date and signed by the Sellers' Representative that each of the conditions set forth in Section 7.02(a) and Section 7.02(b) have been satisfied.
- (xvi) Buyer shall have received a certificate of the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary (or equivalent officer) of each member of the Company Group certifying that attached thereto are true and complete copies of all resolutions adopted in compliance with such Company Group member's Organizational Documents and applicable Law, authorizing the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents to which it is a party and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, and that all such resolutions are in full force and effect and are all the resolutions adopted in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby.
- (xvii) Buyer shall have received a certificate of the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary (or equivalent officer) of the Sellers certifying the names and signatures of the officers of the Sellers authorized to sign this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents and the other documents to be delivered hereunder and thereunder.
- (xviii) Buyer shall have received resignations of the managers and officers of the Company Group pursuant to Section 5.05.
- (xix) Sellers shall have delivered to Buyer good standing certificates (or their equivalent) for the Company Group from the secretary of state or similar Governmental Authority of the jurisdiction under the Laws in which each member of the Company Group is organized.
- (xx) Sellers shall have delivered to Buyer such other documents or instruments as Buyer reasonably requests and are reasonably necessary to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.
- (xxi) Sellers shall have delivered to Buyer a termination of the agreements listed on Section 7.02(h) of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules and such other documents or instruments as Buyer requests related to any agreements or arrangements between Sellers and the Company Group.

- (xxii) Buyer shall have received executed copies of the Executive Employment Agreement and the Employee Non-Compete Agreements and the Letter of Continuing Employment and Employee Non-Compete Agreements for each Retention Participant receiving a Retention Payment in excess of \$100,000 in cash as of the First Retention Payment Date .
- (xxiii) Buyer shall have received from each Individual Holder an executed copy of an agreement pursuant to which the Individual Holder agrees during the Restricted Period to be bound by substantially the same covenants and agreements as to non-competition and non-solicitation as are set forth in Section 5.07 of this Agreement.
- (xxiv) Buyer has received a properly completed and executed copy of an Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 from each Seller.

Section 1.0c Conditions to Obligations of Sellers. The obligations of Sellers to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement shall be subject to the fulfillment or Sellers' waiver, at or prior to the Closing, of each of the following conditions:

- (i) Other than the representations and warranties of Buyer contained in Section 4.01, Section 4.02, Section 4.04 and Section 4.07, the representations and warranties of Buyer contained in this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents and any certificate or other writing delivered by Buyer pursuant hereto shall be true and correct in all respects (in the case of any representation or warranty qualified by materiality or Material Adverse Effect) or in all material respects (in the case of any representation or warranty not qualified by materiality or Material Adverse Effect) on and as of the date hereof and on and as of the Closing Date with the same effect as though made at and as of such date (except those representations and warranties that address matters only as of a specified date, the accuracy of which shall be determined as of that specified date in all respects). The representations and warranties of Buyer contained in Section 4.01, Section 4.02, Section 4.04 and Section 4.07 shall be true and correct in all respects on and as of the date hereof and on and as of the Closing Date with the same effect as though made at and as of such date.
- (ii) Buyer shall have duly performed and complied in all material respects with all agreements and covenants required by this Agreement to be performed or complied with by it prior to or on the Closing Date; provided, that, with respect to agreements and covenants that are qualified by materiality, Buyer shall have performed such agreements and covenants, as so qualified, in all respects.
- (iii) From the date of this Agreement, there shall not have occurred any Material Adverse Effect on Buyer that is continuing.
- (iv) The Ancillary Documents shall have been executed and delivered by the parties thereto and true and complete copies thereof shall have been delivered to Sellers.
- (v) Sellers shall have received a certificate, dated the Closing Date and signed by a duly authorized officer of Buyer, that each of the conditions set forth in Section 7.03(a), Section 7.03(b) and Section 7.03(d) have been satisfied.

- (vi) Sellers shall have received a certificate of the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary (or equivalent officer) of Buyer certifying that attached thereto are true and complete copies of all resolutions adopted by the board of directors of Buyer authorizing the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement and the Ancillary Documents and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, and that all such resolutions are in full force and effect and are all the resolutions adopted in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby.
- (vii) Sellers shall have received a certificate of the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary (or equivalent officer) of Buyer certifying the names and signatures of the officers of Buyer authorized to sign this Agreement, the Ancillary Documents and the other documents to be delivered hereunder and thereunder.
- (viii) Buyer shall have delivered to Sellers cash in an amount equal to the Closing Date Payment, by wire transfer in immediately available funds, to an account or accounts designated at least five (5) Business Days prior to the Closing Date by Sellers in a written notice to Buyer.
- (ix) Buyer shall have delivered to third parties by wire transfer of immediately available funds that amount of money due and owing from Sellers to such third parties as unpaid or unaccrued Transaction Expenses as set forth on the Closing Transaction Expenses Certificate.
- (x) Buyer shall have delivered to holders of outstanding Indebtedness, if any, by wire transfer of immediately available funds that amount of money due and owing from the Company Group to such holder of outstanding indebtedness as set forth on the Closing Indebtedness Certificate.
- (xi) Buyer shall have delivered to Sellers a good standing certificate (or its equivalent) for Buyer from the secretary of state or similar Governmental Authority of the jurisdiction under the Laws in which Buyer is organized.
- (xii) All approvals, consents and waivers that are listed on Section 4.02 of the Confidential Disclosure Schedules, shall have been received and executed counterparts thereof shall have been delivered to Sellers at or prior to the Closing.
- (xiii) Buyer shall have delivered to Sellers such other documents or instruments as Sellers reasonably request and are reasonably necessary to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

ARTICLE 8

INDEMNIFICATION

Section 1.0a Survival. Subject to the limitations and other provisions of this Agreement, the representations and warranties contained herein (other than any representations or warranties contained in Section 3.20 and Section 4.17 which are subject to ARTICLE VI) shall survive the Closing and shall remain in full force and effect until the date that is two (2) years from the Closing Date; provided, that (i) the representations and warranties in Section 3.01 (Organization and Authority of Sellers), Section 3.02 (Organization and Authority of the Company), Section 3.03 (Capitalization), Section 3.04 (Subsidiaries), Section 3.22 (Brokers),

Section 4.01 (Organization and Authority of Buyer), Section 4.02 (No Conflicts; Consents), and Section 4.04 (Brokers), and Section 4.07 (Capitalization) shall survive sixty (60) days after the expiration of the applicable statute of limitations. Each covenant and agreement contained in this Agreement (other than any covenants or agreements contained in ARTICLE VI which are subject to ARTICLE VI) that is required to be performed at or prior to the Closing shall survive the Closing and continue in full force and effect until the date that is two years from the Closing Date, and each covenant and agreement contained in this Agreement that requires performance after the Closing shall survive the Closing in accordance with its terms. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any claims asserted in good faith with reasonable specificity (to the extent known at such time) and in writing by notice from the non-breaching Party to the breaching Party prior to the expiration date of the applicable survival period shall not thereafter be barred by the expiration of the relevant representation or warranty and such claims shall survive until finally resolved.

Section 1.0b Indemnification by Sellers. Subject to the other terms and conditions of this ARTICLE VIII, each Seller, up to the amount of its Sellers Percentage, shall indemnify and defend each of Buyer and its Affiliates (including the members of the Company Group) and their respective Representatives (collectively, the “**Buyer Indemnitees**”) against, and shall hold each of them harmless from and against, and shall pay and reimburse each of them for, any and all Losses incurred or sustained by, or imposed upon, the Buyer Indemnitees based upon, arising out of, with respect to or by reason of:

- (i) any inaccuracy in or breach of any of the representations or warranties of Sellers contained in this Agreement or in any certificate or instrument delivered by or on behalf of Sellers pursuant to this Agreement (other than in respect of Section 3.20, it being understood that the sole remedy for any such inaccuracy in or breach thereof shall be pursuant to ARTICLE VI), as of the date such representation or warranty was made or as if such representation or warranty was made on and as of the Closing Date (except for representations and warranties that expressly relate to a specified date, the inaccuracy in or breach of which will be determined with reference to such specified date);
- (ii) any breach or non-fulfillment of any covenant, agreement or obligation to be performed by Sellers pursuant to this Agreement (other than any breach, violation, non-fulfillment or failure to fully perform any covenant, agreement, undertaking or obligation in ARTICLE VI, it being understood that the sole remedy for any such breach, violation or failure shall be pursuant to ARTICLE VI);
- (iii) any Transaction Expenses or Indebtedness of the Company Group outstanding as of the Closing to the extent not deducted from the Purchase Price in the determination of the Closing Date Payment pursuant to Section 2.05(a)(i);
- (iv) any Losses arising under or related to the performance of any Related Party Contract;
- (v) any act of fraud with respect to the representations of the Sellers contained in this Agreement or in any certificate or instrument delivered by or on behalf of Sellers pursuant to this Agreement; or
- (vi) any Losses arising under or related to the matters set forth in Schedule C annexed hereto.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, the Parties expressly acknowledge and agree that any payment due from Sellers in respect of an indemnification claim by any Buyer Indemnitee hereunder shall solely be satisfied by forfeiture, cancellation or non-payment of any Buyer Shares and/or cash that may be issued or paid in connection with the Deferred Payments, up to an amount not to exceed the Cap, in the following order: first, from the Buyer Shares issued as Deferred Payments and second, from the cash payable as Deferred Payments. In the event that at the time of issuance of any Buyer Shares or Class B Units exchangeable into Buyer Shares shall be issuable to the Sellers, a claim that has been timely asserted by the Buyer Indemnitees remain unresolved pursuant to the provisions of this ARTICLE VIII, Buyer shall issue all Buyer Shares valued in excess of the amount of the unresolved claim and shall withhold the issuance of the remaining shares until the claim has been resolved.

Section 1.0c Indemnification By Buyer. Subject to the other terms and conditions of this ARTICLE VIII, Buyer shall indemnify and defend Sellers and their respective Affiliates and their respective Representatives (collectively, the “**Seller Indemnitees**”) against, and shall hold each of them harmless from and against, and shall pay and reimburse each of them for, any and all Losses incurred or sustained by, or imposed upon, the Seller Indemnitees based upon, arising out of, with respect to or by reason of:

(a) any inaccuracy in or breach of any of the representations or warranties of Buyer contained in this Agreement or in any certificate or instrument delivered by or on behalf of Buyer pursuant to this Agreement (other than in respect of Section 4.17 or any certificate or instrument in respect of Taxes, it being understood that the sole remedy for any such inaccuracy in or breach thereof shall be pursuant to ARTICLE VI), as of the date such representation or warranty was made or as if such representation or warranty was made on and as of the Closing Date (except for representations and warranties that expressly relate to a specified date, the inaccuracy in or breach of which will be determined with reference to such specified date); or

(b) any breach or non-fulfillment of any covenant, agreement or obligation to be performed by Buyer (other than any breach, violation, non-fulfillment or failure to fully perform any covenant, agreement, undertaking or obligation in ARTICLE VI, it being understood that the sole remedy for any such breach, violation or failure shall be pursuant to ARTICLE VI) pursuant to this Agreement.

Section 1.0d Certain Limitations. The indemnification provided for in Section 8.02 and Section 8.03 shall be subject to the following limitations:

- (i) Sellers shall not be liable to the Buyer Indemnitees for indemnification under Section 8.02 until the aggregate amount of all Losses in respect of indemnification under Section 8.02 exceeds \$100,000 (the “**Basket**”), in which event Sellers shall be required to pay or be liable for all such Losses from the first dollar. The aggregate amount of all Losses for which Sellers may be liable pursuant to Section 8.02 shall not exceed \$32,000,000 (the “**Cap**”).
- (ii) Buyer shall not be liable to the Seller Indemnitees for indemnification under Section 8.03 until the aggregate amount of all Losses in respect of indemnification under Section 8.03 exceeds the Basket, in which event Buyer shall be required to pay or be liable for all such Losses from the first dollar. The aggregate amount of all Losses for which Buyer may be liable pursuant to Section 8.03 shall not exceed the Cap.

- (iii) The amount of any and all Losses shall be determined net of any Tax Benefit realized with respect to such Losses by a Buyer Indemnitee or a Seller Indemnitee during the taxable period in which such Losses were incurred. “**Tax Benefit**” shall mean any refund of Taxes paid or reduction in the amount of Taxes that otherwise would have been paid. Additionally, the amount of any and all Losses shall be determined net of any recovery realized with respect to such Losses by a Buyer Indemnitee or a Seller Indemnitee, including but not limited to any insurance recovery or recovery from third parties.
- (iv) An Indemnified Party shall use its commercially reasonable efforts to mitigate any Loss for which it is entitled to indemnification pursuant to this ARTICLE VIII. the general obligation to mitigate Loss shall include using commercially reasonable efforts to seek recovery under all (i) applicable insurance policies and (ii) indemnity, contribution and similar agreements.

Section 1.0e Indemnification Procedures. The Party making a claim under this ARTICLE VIII is referred to as the “**Indemnified Party,**” and the Party against whom such claims are asserted under this ARTICLE VIII is referred to as the “**Indemnifying Party.**”

- (i) Direct Claims. Any Action by an Indemnified Party on account of a Loss (a “**Direct Claim**”) shall be asserted by the Indemnified Party giving the Indemnifying Party reasonably prompt written notice thereof, but in any event not later than thirty (30) days after the Indemnified Party becomes aware of such Direct Claim. The failure to give such prompt written notice shall not, however, relieve the Indemnifying Party of its indemnification obligations, except and only to the extent that the Indemnifying Party forfeits rights or defenses by reason of such failure. Such notice by the Indemnified Party shall describe the Direct Claim in reasonable detail, shall include copies of all material written evidence thereof and shall indicate the estimated amount, if reasonably practicable, of the Loss that has been or may be sustained by the Indemnified Party. The Indemnifying Party shall have thirty (30) days after its receipt of such notice to respond in writing to such Direct Claim. The Indemnified Party shall allow the Indemnifying Party and its professional advisors to investigate the matter or circumstance alleged to give rise to the Direct Claim, and whether and to what extent any amount is payable in respect of the Direct Claim and the Indemnified Party shall assist the Indemnifying Party’s investigation by giving such information and assistance (including access to the Company’s premises and personnel and the right to examine and copy any accounts, documents or records) as the Indemnifying Party or any of its professional advisors may reasonably request. If the Indemnifying Party does not so respond within such thirty (30)-day period, the Indemnifying Party shall be deemed to have rejected such claim, in which case the Indemnified Party shall be free to pursue such remedies as may be available to the Indemnified Party on the terms and subject to the provisions of this Agreement.
- (ii) Tax Claims. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the control of any claim, assertion, event or proceeding in respect of Taxes of the Company Group (including, but not limited to, any such claim in respect of a breach of the representations and warranties in Section 3.20 or Section 4.17 hereof or any breach or violation of or failure to fully

perform any covenant, agreement, undertaking or obligation in ARTICLE VI or any Tax Claim) shall be governed exclusively by ARTICLE VI hereof.

(iii) Third Party Claims.

- (1) If any Indemnified Party receives notice of the assertion or commencement of any Action made or brought by any Person who is not a party to this Agreement or an Affiliate of a party to this Agreement or a Representative of the foregoing (a “**Third Party Claim**”) against such Indemnified Party with respect to which the Indemnifying Party is obligated to provide indemnification under this Agreement, the Indemnified Party shall give the Indemnifying Party reasonably prompt written notice thereof, but in any event not later than thirty (30) calendar days after receipt of such notice of such Third Party Claim. The failure to give such prompt written notice shall not, however, relieve the Indemnifying Party of its indemnification obligations, except and only to the extent that the Indemnifying Party forfeits rights or defenses by reason of such failure. Such notice by the Indemnified Party shall describe the Third Party Claim in reasonable detail, shall include copies of all material written evidence thereof and shall indicate the estimated amount, if reasonably practicable, of the Loss that has been or may be sustained by the Indemnified Party. The Indemnifying Party shall have the right to participate in, or by giving written notice to the Indemnified Party, to assume the defense of any Third Party Claim at the Indemnifying Party’s expense and by the Indemnifying Party’s own counsel, and the Indemnified Party shall cooperate in good faith in such defense; provided, that if the Indemnifying Party is a Seller, such Indemnifying Party shall not have the right to assume the defense of any such Third Party Claim that (x) is asserted directly by or on behalf of a Person that is a supplier or customer of the Company, or (y) seeks an injunction or other equitable relief against the Indemnified Party; and provided further, that if the Indemnifying Party is Buyer, such Indemnifying Party shall not have the right to assume the defense of any such Third Party Claim that (x) seeks an injunction or other equitable relief against the Indemnified Party. In the event that the Indemnifying Party assumes the defense of any Third Party Claim, subject to this Section 8.05(c), it shall have the right to take such action as it deems necessary to avoid, dispute, defend, appeal or make counterclaims pertaining to any such Third Party Claim in the name and on behalf of the Indemnified Party. The Indemnified Party shall have the right to participate in the defense of any Third Party Claim with counsel selected by it subject to the Indemnifying Party’s right to assume the defense thereof. The fees and disbursements of such counsel shall be at the expense of the Indemnified Party, provided, that if in the reasonable opinion of counsel to the Indemnified Party, an Indemnified Party is a named defendant and (A) there are legal defenses available to such Indemnified Party that are different from or additional to those available to the Indemnifying Party; or (B) there exists a conflict of interest between the Indemnifying Party and the Indemnified Party that cannot be waived. If the Indemnifying Party elects not to

defend such Third Party Claim, or fails to diligently prosecute the defense of such Third Party Claim, the Indemnified Party may, subject to Section 8.05(c)(i), pay, compromise, and/or defend such Third Party Claim and seek indemnification for any and all Losses based upon, arising from or relating to such Third Party Claim. Sellers and Buyer shall cooperate with each other in all reasonable respects in connection with the defense of any Third Party Claim, including making available (subject to the provisions of Section 5.06) records relating to such Third Party Claim and furnishing, without expense (other than reimbursement of actual out-of-pocket expenses) to the defending party, management employees of the non-defending party as may be reasonably necessary for the preparation of the defense of such Third Party Claim.

- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the Indemnifying Party shall not enter into settlement of any Third Party Claim without the prior written consent of the Indemnified Party, except as provided in this Section 8.05(c)(ii). If a firm offer is made to settle a Third Party Claim without leading to liability or the creation of a financial or other obligation on the part of the Indemnified Party and provides, in customary form, for the unconditional release of each Indemnified Party from all liabilities and obligations in connection with such Third Party Claim and the Indemnifying Party desires to accept and agree to such offer, the Indemnifying Party shall give written notice to that effect to the Indemnified Party. If the Indemnified Party fails to consent to such firm offer within ten (10) days after its receipt of such notice, the Indemnified Party may continue to contest or defend such Third Party Claim and, in such event, the maximum liability of the Indemnifying Party as to such Third Party Claim shall not exceed the amount of such settlement offer. If the Indemnified Party fails to consent to such firm offer and also fails to assume defense of such Third Party Claim, the Indemnifying Party may settle the Third Party Claim upon the terms set forth in such firm offer to settle such Third Party Claim. If the Indemnified Party has assumed the defense pursuant to Section 8.05(c), it shall not agree to any settlement without the written consent of the Indemnifying Party (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed).

Section 1.0f Payments. Once a Loss is agreed to by the Indemnifying Party or finally adjudicated to be payable pursuant to this ARTICLE VIII, the Indemnifying Party shall satisfy its obligations within fifteen (15) Business Days of such final, non-appealable adjudication by wire transfer of immediately available funds.

Section 1.0g Tax Treatment of Indemnification Payments. All indemnification payments made under this Agreement shall be treated by the Parties as an adjustment to the Purchase Price for Tax purposes, net of any Tax Benefit and insurance recovery, unless otherwise required by Law.

Section 1.0h Effect of Investigation. No Party shall be liable under this Agreement for any Losses suffered, sustained, paid or incurred by any other Party that result from any inaccuracy in or breach of any representation or warranty in this Agreement if the Party seeking indemnification knew that any such representation or warranty is or was inaccurate or by reason

of the Indemnified Party's waiver of any condition set forth in Section 7.02 or Section 7.03, as the case may be.

Section 1.0i Exclusive Remedies. Subject to Section 2.05(c), Section 5.07 and Section 10.11, the Parties acknowledge and agree that their sole and exclusive remedy with respect to any and all claims (other than claims arising from fraud, criminal activity or willful misconduct on the part of a Party hereto in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement) for any breach of any representation, warranty, covenant, agreement or obligation set forth herein or otherwise relating to the subject matter of this Agreement, shall be pursuant to the indemnification provisions set forth in ARTICLE VI and this ARTICLE VIII. In furtherance of the foregoing, each Party hereby waives, to the fullest extent permitted under Law, any and all rights, claims and causes of action for any breach of any representation, warranty, covenant, agreement or obligation set forth herein or otherwise relating to the subject matter of this Agreement it may have against the other Parties hereto and their Affiliates and each of their respective Representatives arising under or based upon any Law, except pursuant to the indemnification provisions set forth in ARTICLE VI and this ARTICLE VIII. Nothing in this Section 8.09 shall limit any Person's right to seek and obtain any equitable relief to which any Person shall be entitled or to seek any remedy on account of any Party's fraudulent, criminal or intentional misconduct.

ARTICLE 9

TERMINATION

Section 1.0a Termination. This Agreement may be terminated at any time prior to the Closing:

- (i) by the mutual written consent of Sellers and Buyer;
- (ii) by Buyer written notice to Sellers if:
 - (1) Buyer is not then in material breach of any provision of this Agreement and there has been a material breach, inaccuracy in or failure to perform any representation, warranty, covenant or agreement made by Sellers pursuant to this Agreement that would give rise to the failure of any of the conditions specified in ARTICLE VII and such breach, inaccuracy or failure has not been cured by Sellers within twenty (20) days of Sellers' receipt of written notice of such breach from Buyer; or
 - (2) any of the conditions set forth in Section 7.01 or Section 7.02 shall not have been fulfilled by December 31, 2023, unless such failure shall be due to the failure of Buyer to perform or comply with any of the covenants, agreements or conditions hereof to be performed or complied with by it prior to the Closing;
- (iii) by Sellers by written notice to Buyer if:
 - (1) Sellers are not then in material breach of any provision of this Agreement and there has been a breach, inaccuracy in or failure to perform any representation, warranty, covenant or agreement made by Buyer pursuant to this Agreement that would give rise to the failure of any of the conditions specified in ARTICLE VII and such breach, inaccuracy or failure has not been cured by Buyer

within twenty (20) days of Buyer's receipt of written notice of such breach from Sellers; or

- (2) any of the conditions set forth in Section 7.01 or Section 7.03 shall not have been fulfilled by December 31, 2023, unless such failure shall be due to the failure of Sellers to perform or comply with any of the covenants, agreements or conditions hereof to be performed or complied with by it prior to the Closing; or
- (iv) by Buyer or Sellers in the event that (i) there shall be any Law that makes consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement illegal or otherwise prohibited or (ii) any Governmental Authority shall have issued a Governmental Order restraining or enjoining the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, and such Governmental Order shall have become final and non-appealable.

Section 1.0b Termination Fee. In the event this Agreement is terminated by Buyer under Section 9.01(b)(i) or Sellers under Section 9.01(c)(i), such terminating party shall pay to the non-terminating party an amount equal to \$5,000,000 (the "**Termination Fee**"). The Parties agree that the Termination Fee is not intended to be a penalty and is solely intended to compensate for damages that are not which amount would otherwise be impossible to calculate with precision. The Termination Fee shall be payable in immediately available funds by wire transfer no later than five (5) Business Days after termination of the Agreement.

Section 1.0c Effect of Termination. In the event of the termination of this Agreement in accordance with this ARTICLE IX, this Agreement shall forthwith become void and there shall be no liability on the part of any Party hereto except as set forth in this ARTICLE IX, Section 5.06 and ARTICLE X hereof.

ARTICLE 10

MISCELLANEOUS

Section 1.0a Expenses. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, all costs and expenses, including, without limitation, fees and disbursements of counsel, financial advisors and accountants, incurred in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby and filing and other similar fees payable in connection with any filings or submissions related to a Continuing Membership Application to be filed with FINRA in connection with a change in control of the Company Group, as well as any filings or submissions to the SEC and any applicable state securities regulatory agency shall be paid by the party incurring such costs and expenses, whether or not the Closing shall have occurred.

Section 1.0b Notices. All notices, requests, consents, claims, demands, waivers and other communications hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been given (a) when delivered by hand (with written confirmation of receipt); (b) when received by the addressee if sent by a nationally recognized overnight courier (receipt requested); (c) on the date sent by facsimile or e-mail of a PDF document (with confirmation of transmission) if sent during normal business hours of the recipient, and on the next Business Day if sent after normal business hours of the recipient or (d) on the third (3rd) day after the date mailed, by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid. Such communications must be sent to the respective parties at the following addresses (or at such other address for a party as shall be specified in a notice given in accordance with this Section 10.02):

If to Sellers: Maxim Partners LLC
300 Park Ave, 16th Floor
New York, NY 10022
Email: jsiegel@maximgrp.com
Attention: James Siegel, Esq.

MJR Holdings, Inc.
300 Park Ave, 16th Floor
New York, NY 10022
Email: jsiegel@maximgrp.com
Attention: James Siegel, Esq.

with a copy to: Loeb & Loeb LLP
345 Park Avenue
New York, NY 10154
Email: mnussbaum@loeb.com
Attention: Mitchell Nussbaum, Esq.

If to Buyer: FREEDOM HOLDING CORP.
“Esentai Tower” BC, Floor 7
77/7 Al Farabi Ave
Almaty, Kazakhstan 050040
Email: timur.turlov@ffin.kz
Attention: Timur Turlov, Chief Executive Officer

with a copy to: Ellenoff Grossman & Schole LLP
1345 Avenue of the Americas
New York, NY 10105
Email: bigrossman@egsllp.com
Attention: Barry I. Grossman, Esq.

Section 1.0c Interpretation. For purposes of this Agreement, (a) the words “include,” “includes” and “including” shall be deemed to be followed by the words “without limitation”; (b) the word “or” is not exclusive; and (c) the words “herein,” “hereof,” “hereby,” “hereto” and “hereunder” refer to this Agreement as a whole. Unless the context otherwise requires, references herein: (x) to Articles, Sections, Confidential Disclosure Schedules and Exhibits mean the Articles and Sections of, and Confidential Disclosure Schedules and Exhibits attached to, this Agreement; (y) to an agreement, instrument or other document means such agreement, instrument or other document as amended, supplemented and modified from time to time to the extent permitted by the provisions thereof and (z) to a statute means such statute as amended from time to time and includes any successor legislation thereto and any regulations promulgated thereunder. This Agreement shall be construed without regard to any presumption or rule requiring construction or interpretation against the party drafting an instrument or causing any instrument to be drafted. The Confidential Disclosure Schedules and Exhibits referred to herein shall be construed with, and as an integral part of, this Agreement to the same extent as if they were set forth verbatim herein.

Section 1.0d Headings. The headings in this Agreement are for reference only and shall not affect the interpretation of this Agreement.

Section 1.0e Severability. If any term or provision of this Agreement is invalid, illegal, or unenforceable in any jurisdiction, such invalidity, illegality or unenforceability shall not affect any other term or provision of this Agreement or invalidate or render unenforceable such term or provision in any other jurisdiction. Except as provided in Section 5.07(e), upon such

determination that any term or other provision is invalid, illegal or unenforceable, the Parties hereto shall negotiate in good faith to modify this Agreement so as to effect the original intent of the Parties as closely as possible in a mutually acceptable manner in order that the transactions contemplated hereby be consummated as originally contemplated to the greatest extent possible.

Section 1.0f Entire Agreement. This Agreement and the Ancillary Documents constitute the sole and entire agreement of the Parties to this Agreement with respect to the subject matter contained herein and therein, and supersede all prior and contemporaneous understandings and agreements, both written and oral, with respect to such subject matter. In the event of any inconsistency between the statements in the body of this Agreement and those in the Ancillary Documents, the Exhibits and Confidential Disclosure Schedules (other than an exception expressly set forth as such in the Confidential Disclosure Schedules), the statements in the body of this Agreement will control.

Section 1.0g Successors and Assigns. This Agreement shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the Parties hereto and their respective successors and permitted assigns. No Party may assign its rights or obligations hereunder without the prior written consent of the other Party(ies), which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed; provided, however, that prior to the Closing Date, Buyer may, without the prior written consent of Seller, assign all or any portion of its rights under this Agreement to one or more of its direct or indirect wholly owned subsidiaries. No assignment shall relieve the assigning Party of any of its obligations hereunder.

Section 1.0h No Third-Party Beneficiaries. Except as provided in ARTICLE VIII, this Agreement is for the sole benefit of the Parties hereto and their respective successors and permitted assigns and nothing herein, express or implied, is intended to or shall confer upon any other Person or entity any legal or equitable right, benefit or remedy of any nature whatsoever under or by reason of this Agreement.

Section 1.0i Amendment and Modification; Waiver. This Agreement may only be amended, modified, or supplemented by an agreement in writing signed by each Party hereto. No waiver by any Party of any of the provisions hereof shall be effective unless explicitly set forth in writing and signed by the Party so waiving. No waiver by any Party shall operate or be construed as a waiver in respect of any failure, breach or default not expressly identified by such written waiver, whether of a similar or different character, and whether occurring before or after that waiver. No failure to exercise, or delay in exercising, any right, remedy, power or privilege arising from this Agreement shall operate or be construed as a waiver thereof; nor shall any single or partial exercise of any right, remedy, power, or privilege hereunder preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right, remedy, power, or privilege.

Section 1.j Governing Law; Submission to Jurisdiction; Waiver of Jury Trial.

- (i) This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the internal laws of the State of New York without giving effect to any choice or conflict of law provision or rule (whether of the State of New York or any other jurisdiction).
- (ii) ANY LEGAL SUIT, ACTION OR PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR BASED UPON THIS AGREEMENT, THE ANCILLARY DOCUMENTS OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY OR THEREBY MAY BE INSTITUTED IN THE FEDERAL COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA OR THE COURTS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK IN EACH CASE SITTING IN THE BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN, AND EACH PARTY IRREVOCABLY

SUBMITS TO THE EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION OF SUCH COURTS IN ANY SUCH SUIT, ACTION OR PROCEEDING. SERVICE OF PROCESS, SUMMONS, NOTICE OR OTHER DOCUMENT BY MAIL TO SUCH PARTY'S ADDRESS SET FORTH HEREIN SHALL BE EFFECTIVE SERVICE OF PROCESS FOR ANY SUIT, ACTION OR OTHER PROCEEDING BROUGHT IN ANY SUCH COURT. THE PARTIES IRREVOCABLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY WAIVE ANY OBJECTION TO THE LAYING OF VENUE OF ANY SUIT, ACTION OR ANY PROCEEDING IN SUCH COURTS AND IRREVOCABLY WAIVE AND AGREE NOT TO PLEAD OR CLAIM IN ANY SUCH COURT THAT ANY SUCH SUIT, ACTION OR PROCEEDING BROUGHT IN ANY SUCH COURT HAS BEEN BROUGHT IN AN INCONVENIENT FORUM.

- (iii) EACH PARTY ACKNOWLEDGES AND AGREES THAT ANY CONTROVERSY WHICH MAY ARISE UNDER THIS AGREEMENT OR THE ANCILLARY DOCUMENTS IS LIKELY TO INVOLVE COMPLICATED AND DIFFICULT ISSUES AND, THEREFORE, EACH SUCH PARTY IRREVOCABLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY WAIVES ANY RIGHT IT MAY HAVE TO A TRIAL BY JURY IN RESPECT OF ANY LEGAL ACTION ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT, THE OTHER ANCILLARY DOCUMENTS OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY OR THEREBY. EACH PARTY TO THIS AGREEMENT CERTIFIES AND ACKNOWLEDGES THAT (A) NO REPRESENTATIVE OF ANY OTHER PARTY HAS REPRESENTED, EXPRESSLY OR OTHERWISE, THAT SUCH OTHER PARTY WOULD NOT SEEK TO ENFORCE THE FOREGOING WAIVER IN THE EVENT OF A LEGAL ACTION, (B) SUCH PARTY HAS CONSIDERED THE IMPLICATIONS OF THIS WAIVER, (C) SUCH PARTY MAKES THIS WAIVER VOLUNTARILY, AND (D) SUCH PARTY HAS BEEN INDUCED TO ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT BY, AMONG OTHER THINGS, THE MUTUAL WAIVERS AND CERTIFICATIONS IN THIS SECTION 10.10(c).

Section 1.k Specific Performance. The Parties agree that irreparable damage would occur if any provision of this Agreement were not performed in accordance with the terms hereof and that the Parties shall be entitled to specific performance of the terms hereof, in addition to any other remedy to which they are entitled at law or in equity.

Section 1.l Non-recourse. This Agreement may only be enforced against, and any claim, action, suit or other proceeding based upon, arising out of, or related to this Agreement, or the negotiation, execution, or performance of this Agreement, may only be brought against the entities that are expressly named as parties hereto and then only with respect to the specific obligations set forth herein with respect to such party. No past, present, or future director, officer, employee, incorporator, manager, member, partner, stockholder, Affiliate, agent, attorney, or other Representative of any party hereto or of any Affiliate of any party hereto, or any of their successors or permitted assigns, shall have any liability for any obligations or liabilities of any party hereto under this Agreement or for any claim, action, suit, or other legal proceeding based on, in respect of, or by reason of the transactions contemplated hereby.

Section 1.m Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall be deemed to be one and the same agreement. A signed copy of this Agreement delivered by facsimile, e-mail or other means

of electronic transmission shall be deemed to have the same legal effect as delivery of an original signed copy of this Agreement.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed as of the date first written above by their respective officers thereunto duly authorized.

Sellers:

Maxim Partners LLC

By: MJR Holdings, LLC, its Manager

By: _____
Name: Michael Rabinowitz
Title: Managing Member

MJR Holdings, Inc.

By: _____
Name: Michael Rabinowitz
Title:

The Company:

Wallace LLC

By: Maxim Partners LLC, its Sole Member

By: MJR Holdings LLC, its Manager

By: _____
Name: Michael Rabinowitz
Title: Managing Member

Sellers' Representative:

By: _____
Name: Michael Rabinowitz

[Signature page to the Membership Interest Purchase Agreement]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed as of the date first written above by their respective officers thereunto duly authorized.

Freedom Holding Corp.

By: _____
Name:
Title:

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SCHEDULE A

Pre-Closing Restructuring

The following steps shall be completed, and all related documentation effectuating such steps executed, at least fourteen (14) days prior to the Closing Date, with each step occurring immediately after the preceding step except as otherwise indicated. The amounts in cash to be transferred or distributed pursuant to steps 1 and 2 below shall be determined by Sellers in good faith with Buyer's consent (not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed) following Buyer's receipt of Seller's proposed amounts in writing, together with reasonably supporting documentation.

1. MFA distributes excess cash of MFA that shall be determined as of immediately before the capital contributions to the Company described in step 2 below, to the Sellers in accordance with the Operating Agreement of Maxim Financial Advisors LLC, made and entered into as of December 22, 2005, by and among MFA, Partners, MJR Corp. and the persons listed on Schedules A, B, or C thereto.
2. Partners and MJR Corp. each contribute all of the membership interests of MFA and Maxim to the Company.

SCHEDULE B

| Name | Number of Class A Units |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| Maxim Partners LLC | 100 |

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SCHEDULE C

Gaynor v. Miller Energy, et al., No. 2015-CV-34, 545 *et al.* (E.D. Tenn. filed Nov. 9, 2015)

Dagan Investments LLC v. First High-School Education Group Co., Ltd., et al., No. 22-cv-3831 (S.D.N.Y. filed May 11, 2022)

FINRA Matter No. 20210693596

FINRA Matter No. 20200678438

FINRA Matter No. 20210693595

SEC Enforcement Action: *In re Maxim Group LLC*, No. NY-10161

NYSE Regulation Matter No. 2021-08-16-00027

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Exhibit A
Amended Operating Agreement
(Attached.)

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Exhibit B
Registration Rights Agreements
(Attached.)

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Exhibit C
Lock Up Agreements
(Attached.)

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Exhibit D
Form of Employment Letter and Non-Compete Agreement
(Attached.)

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EXHIBIT 21.01

LIST OF SUBSIDIARIES

Listed below are our subsidiaries, our percentage ownership in each subsidiary and the total number of subsidiaries directly or indirectly owned by each of our subsidiaries.

| Subsidiary Name and Jurisdiction of Formation | Our % Ownership | U.S. Subsidiaries of our Subsidiaries | Non-U.S. Subsidiaries of our Subsidiaries |
|--|--------------------|--|--|
| Freedom Finance JSC, Kazakhstan | 100% | - | 3 |
| Bank Freedom Finance Kazakhstan JSC, Kazakhstan ⁽¹⁾ | 100% | - | - |
| Life Insurance Company Freedom Finance Life JSC ⁽¹⁾ | 100% | - | - |
| Insurance Company Freedom Finance Insurance JSC ⁽¹⁾ | 100% | - | - |
| Freedom Finance Europe Limited, Cyprus | 100% | - | 1 |
| Freedom Finance Germany GmbH, Germany ⁽²⁾ | 100% | - | - |
| Freedom Finance Technologies Ltd, Cyprus | 100% | - | - |
| UK Prime Limited, United Kingdom | 100% | - | - |
| Freedom Finance Ukraine LLC, Ukraine ⁽³⁾ | 9% | - | - |
| Freedom Finance Uzbekistan LLC, Uzbekistan | 100% | - | - |
| Freedom Finance Azerbaijan LLC, Azerbaijan | 100% | - | - |
| Freedom Finance Armenia LLC, Armenia | 100% | - | - |
| Freedom Finance Ltd., United Arab Emirates | 100% | - | - |
| Freedom Finance Global PLC, Astana International Financial Centre | 100% | - | - |
| Freedom Finance Special Purpose Company LTD, Kazakhstan | 100% | - | - |
| Freedom Kazakhstan PC Ltd, Kazakhstan | 100% | - | 2 |
| Ticketon Events LLP, Kazakhstan ⁽⁴⁾ | 100% | - | - |
| Paybox Technologies LLP, Kazakhstan ⁽⁴⁾ | 100% | - | 5 |
| Freedom U.S. Market LLC, New York, USA | 100% | 1 | - |
| LD Micro, New York, USA ⁽⁵⁾ | 100% | - | - |
| Freedom Finance Turkey LLC, Kazakhstan | 100% | - | - |
| ITS Tech Limited, Kazakhstan | 100% | - | - |
| Freedom Finance Commercial LLP, Kazakhstan | 100% | - | - |
| Prime Executions, Inc., New York, USA | 100% | - | - |
| FFIN Securities, Inc., Nevada, USA* | 100% | - | - |

⁽¹⁾ Freedom Finance JSC owns a 100% interest in each of: Bank Freedom Finance Kazakhstan JSC; Life Insurance Company Freedom Finance Life JSC; and Insurance Company Freedom Finance Insurance JSC.

⁽²⁾ Freedom Finance Europe Limited owns a 100% interest in Freedom Finance Germany GmbH.

⁽³⁾ Askar Tashtitov, the President and a director of the Freedom Holding Corp, owns the remaining 91% interest in Freedom Finance Ukraine. As a result of a series of contractual relationships between the Freedom Holding Corp and Freedom Finance Ukraine, it is accounted for as a variable interest entity and its financial results are consolidated into the financial statements of Freedom Holding Corp.

⁽⁴⁾ Freedom Kazakhstan PC Ltd owns a 100% interest in each of: Ticketon Events LLP; and Paybox Technologies LLP.

⁽⁵⁾ Freedom U.S. Market LLC owns a 100% interest in LD Micro.

* Indicates entities that are not currently engaged in active operations.

EXHIBIT 23.01

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Shareholders and Board of Directors
Freedom Holding Corp.
Las Vegas, Nevada

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statement No. 333-234446 on Form S-8 of Freedom Holding Corp. of our report dated May 31, 2022 (except for Note 30 to the consolidated financial statements, as to which the date is April 26, 2023), relating to the consolidated financial statements of Freedom Holding Corp. which is included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2023.

/s/ WSRP LLC
Salt Lake City, Utah
August 3, 2023

EXHIBIT 23.02

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the incorporation by reference in Registration Statement No. 333-234446 on Form S-8 of our reports dated August 4, 2023 relating to the consolidated financial statements of Freedom Holding Corp. and the effectiveness of Freedom Holding Corp.'s internal control over financial reporting, appearing in the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Freedom Holding Cop. for the year ended March 31, 2023.

/s/ Deloitte LLP

Almaty, Kazakhstan
August 4, 2023

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER
Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Timur Turlov, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Freedom Holding Corp.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 4, 2023

By: /s/ Timur Turlov
Timur Turlov
Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER
Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Evgeniy Ler, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Freedom Holding Corp.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 4, 2023

By: /s/ Evgeniy Ler
Evgeniy Ler
Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Freedom Holding Corp. (the "Company") for the year ended March 31, 2023, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), the undersigned hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of his knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13 (a) or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: August 4, 2023

By: /s/ Timur Turlov
Timur Turlov
Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 4, 2023

By: /s/ Evgeniy Ler
Evgeniy Ler
Chief Financial Officer